

## **EL7-EC Series AC Servo Drive**

## **User Manual**





## **Foreword**

Thank you for purchasing Leadshine EL7-EC series AC Servo drives. This manual will provide information on the EL7-EC series servo products regarding product safety & specifications, installations & wiring, tuning & problem diagnostics.

Please contact us at tech@leadshine.com if you need further technical support.

Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- We won't undertake any responsibility with any customer's modification of product and the warranty of product will be canceled at the same time.

#### Safety Precautions

Please read the safety instructions carefully before using the products and pay attention to the safety signs.

Danger	Might incur death or serious injury
Caution	Might cause injury to operating personals or damage to equipment
Warning	Might cause damage to equipment
4	High voltage. Might cause electrocution to personals in contact
<u> </u>	Hot surface. Do not touch
	Protective Earth

#### Safety instructions



- The design of the product is not to be used in mechanical system which may incur health hazard.
- ✓ Users should be aware of the product safety precautions during design and
  installations of the equipment to prevent any unwanted accident.

#### Upon receiving



- ✓ The use of damaged or faulty product(s) is prohibited.
- Please refer to item checklist. If the labels don't match, please do not install.

1



#### **Transportation**



- ✓ Please provide storage and transportation under protected conditions.
- ✓ Do not stack the products too high up to prevent toppling.
- ✓ The product should be packaged properly during transportation,
- ✓ Do not hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- ✓ The product should be protected from external forces and shock.

#### Installation



#### Servo drive and Motor:

- ✓ Do not install around combustibles to prevent fire hazard.
- ✓ Avoid vibration and impact.
- ✓ Do not install products that are damaged or incomplete.

#### Servo drive:

- ✓ Please install in electrical cabinet with sufficient protection from outside elements.
- ✓ Reserve sufficient gap as per the installation guide.
- ✓ Make sure to have good heat sinking.
- ✓ Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conductive object or fluid and combustibles.

#### Servo Motor:

- ✓ Make sure installation is tight to prevent it from loosening.
- ✓ Prevent fluid from leaking into motor and encoder.
- ✓ Protect motor from impact to avoid damaging encoder.
- Motor shaft should not bear the load beyond the limits as specified.

#### Wiring



- ✓ Participate installation personals should have sufficient training in product installation safety.
- ✓ Please power off and wait for 10 minutes to make sure a full discharge of electricity.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor must be connected to ground.
- ✓ Connect the cables only after servo drive motor installed correctly
- ✓ Make sure the wires are properly managed and insulation layer is not torn to prevent electrocution.



- ✓ Wiring must be correctly connected to prevent damage to product(s)
- ✓ Servo motor U, V, W terminal should be connected correctly and NOT connected directly to an AC power supply.
- ✓ Capacitor, inductor or filter shouldn't be installed between servo motor and servo drive.
- Connecting wires or any non-heat resistant components should be put near to heat sink of the servo drive or motor.
- ✓ The flyback diode which is connected in parallel to output signal DC relay must not be connected in reverse.



#### Tuning and running



- ✓ Make sure the wirings of servo drive and servo motor are installed and fixed properly before powering on.
- ✓ On the first time tuning of the product, it is recommended to run unloaded until all the parameter settings are confirmed to prevent any damage to the product or machine.

#### Usage



- ✓ Please install an emergency stop button on machine to stop operation immediately if there is an accident.
- ✓ Please make sure machine is stopped before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.
- ✓ Frequent restart of the servo system might incur damage to the product.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor will be hot to touch shortly after power off. Please be careful.
- ✓ Modification(s) to servo system is prohibited.

#### **Error Handling**



- ✓ Please wait for 5 minutes after powering off for the electricity to be fully discharged before uninstalling the cables.
- ✓ Participate maintenance personals should have sufficient training in maintenance and operation of this product series.



- ✓ Please handle the error before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Keep away from machine after a restart upon alarm. Mechanical axis might suddenly move. Such hazard should be prevented during the utilization of the product.

#### **Model Selection**



- Rated torque of the servo motor should be higher than continuous designated torque when fully loaded.
- ✓ Load inertia ratio of the motor should be lower or equals to recommended value for specified models
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.



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## List of abbreviations used in this manual

Abbreviation	Full Form	
Bit/S	Bit Per Second	
CoE	CANopen Over EtherCAT	
IP	Init To Pre-Operation	
PI	Pre-Operational To Init	
PS	Pre-Operational To Safe-Operational	
SP	Safe-Operational To Pre-Operational	
S0	Safe-Operational To Operational	
0S	Operational To Safe-Operational	
01	Operational To Init	
SI	Safe-Operational To Init	
VS	Versus	
PD0	Process Data Objects	
SD0	Service Data Objects	
SM	Synchronization Manager	
FMMU	Fieldbus Memory Management Unit	
h	Hex	
U8	Unsigned Char	
U16	Unsigned Short	
U32	Unsigned Long	
18	signed Char	
l16	signed Short	
132	signed Long	
RW	Read Write	
RO	Read Only	
W0	Write Only	
Var.	Variable	
ETG	EtherCAT Technology Group	
ESC	EtherCAT Slave Controller	
ESM	EtherCAT State Machine	
DI	Digital Input	
DO AL	Digital Output	
AI	Analog Input	
A0 PP	Analog Output	
PV	Profile Position Mode	
PV PT	Profile Velocity Mode	
HM	Profile Torque Mode Homing Mode	
CSP	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode	
CSV	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode  Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode	
CST	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode	
Uint		
Uint/S		
Uint/S <sup>2</sup>		
P	Pulse	
S	Second	
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute	
KEM	Nevolutions Fel Millule	



## **Chapter 1 Introduction**

#### 1.1 Product Introduction

EL7-EC Series AC servo products are high performance AC digital servo which is designed for position/velocity/torque high accurate control with power rating ranging up to 2kW which provides a perfect solution for different applications with easy tuning process. Based on the ETG COE + CANopen DSP402 protocol, it can be seamlessly connected to controllers/drives that support this standard protocol.

EL7-EC series AC servo drives are using the latest Digital Signal Processing (DSP) chip and Intelligent Power Module (IPM) with compact components integration and great reliability. Using the best PID calculation for Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) control, our EL7-EC series products are the one to beat in this product category.

In comparison to conventional pulse controlled servo drives, our EL7-EC provides advantages as listed below.

Lengthen communication range and lower electromagnetic interference Due to the reliance of pulse command, pulse controlled servo drives could be easily disrupted by electromagnetic interferences. EtherCAT communication protocol provides fault detections limitations and error handling that makes communication more reliable over long distances.

#### Greater motion control

Trajectory generation can be done within the driver under non-cyclic synchronous mode. Controller only needs to deliver target position, velocity and acceleration commands to the driver. Drivers can then achieve greater control by applying feedforward to the commands.

#### > Simplify complex wiring work

Using EtherCAT communication protocols, the connections between master device and slave stations can be realized using only LAN cables.

# Reduce cost by lowering the requirement for more ports Multiple axes control can be realized without requirement for more ports or pulse module on the master device/controller. Only a network port is peeded to chain the

module on the master device/controller. Only a network port is needed to chain the axis controller (drivers) together in series.



## 1.2 Model Number Structure

### Servo Drive

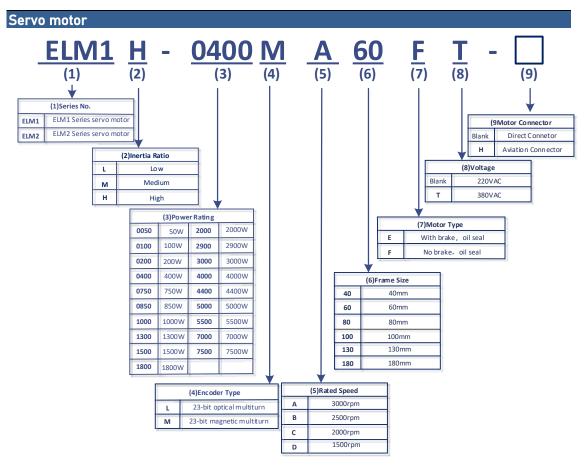
## EL7-EC 750 F T

1 2 3 4 5

No.	Description						
1	Series No.	EL7: Servo drive series					
2	Command source RS: Pulse + direction/Modbus RTU/Analogue EC: EtherCAT						
3	Power rating	400: 400W 750: 750W 1000:1000W 1500: 1500W 2000: 2000W 3000:3000W 4400:4400W 5500:5500W 7500:7500W					
4	Туре	F: Full functions					
5	Main power input:	Blank: 220VAC(1 or 3-phase) T: 380VAC(3-phase)					







## 1.3 Matching servo drive to servo motor

The table below is the recommended servo motor matching to driver in term of power rating. The power rating of the motor should be kept below that of the servo drive.

Power ra	ating(W)	50	100	200	400	750	850	1000	1300	1500	1800	2000
Connector	Direct											
Connector	Aviation											
	40											
Frame	60											
size (mm)	80											
	130											
Rotational speed (rpm)	1500											
	2500											
	3000											

<sup>\*</sup>All motor models come with optional holding brake.

<sup>\*\*</sup>All matching motors for EL7 220V series are with high inertia and 23-bit optical encoder.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Motor models with 23-bit magnetic encoder coming soon.



## 1.4 Driver Technical Specification

## EL7-EC 220V Models

EL7-ECF series	EL7-EC400F	EL7-EC750F	EL7-EC1000F	EL7-EC1500F	EL7-EC2000F		
Rated power (W) 400		750	100	1500	2000		
Rated Current (Arms)	3.5	5.5	7	9.5	12		
Peak Current (Arms)	9.2	16.6	18.7	31.1	36		
Size (mm)	40*175*156	50*175	5*156	80*175*179			
Main Power Supply		Single phase AC 220V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz					
<b>Control Circuit Power S</b>	upply	Single phase AC 22	UV, -15%~+1U%, 5	1U/0UHZ			

#### EL7-EC 380V Models

EL7-ECF	T series	EL7-EC750	EL7-EC1000	EL7-EC1500	EL7-EC2000	EL7-EC3000	EL7-EC4400	EL7-EC5500	EL7-EC7500
Rated Po	wer(W)	750	1000	1500	2000	3000	4400	5500	7500
Rated (Arms)	Current	2.7	3.5	5.4	8.4	11.9	16.5	20.8	25.7
Peak (Arms)	Current	8.6	10.6	14.9	24.8	33.2	38.9	51.6	33.6
Size (mn	1)		55*175*179		80*17	′5*179		89*250*230	
Main Pov	Main Power Supply Three phase AC 380V~440V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz								
Control (	Control Circuit Power Supply Single phase AC 380V~440V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz								

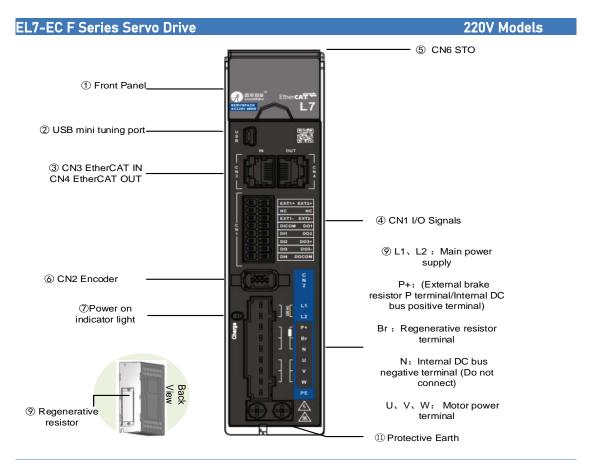
Drive mode			IGBT PWM sinusoidal wave drive			
			Profile Position Mode (PP)			
		Position	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode (CSP)			
			Homing Mode (HM)			
Control mode		Volocity	Profile Velocity Mode (PV)			
		Velocity	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mo	de (CSV)		
		Torque	Profile Torque Mode (PT)			
		Torque	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mod	le (CST)		
Encoder Feedba	rk		RS485 protocol:			
Ziiloudi i dadba	ı		23-bit multiturn absolute magne			
			4 Digital Inputs (Supports NPN	•		
	Digital Input		Configurable input signals under EtherCAT mode:	1. Clear Alarm (A-CLR) 2. Positive limit switch (POT) 3. Negative limit switch (NOT) 4. Homing switch (HOME-SWITCH) 5. Emergency stop (E-Stop)		
	Digital Output		3 Digital Outputs (2 single-ended, 1 differential)			
1/0			Configurable output signals under EtherCAT mode:	1. Alarm (ALM) 2. Servo ready (SRDY) 3. External brake off (BRK-OFF) 4. Positioning completed (INP) 5. Velocity at arrival (AT-SPEED) 6. Torque limiting command (TLC) 7. Zero speed position (ZSP) 8. Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) 9. Position command (P-CMD) 10. Velocity limit (V-LIMIT) 11. Velocity command (V-CMD) 12. Servo enabled (SRV-ST) 13. Homing done (HOME-OK)		

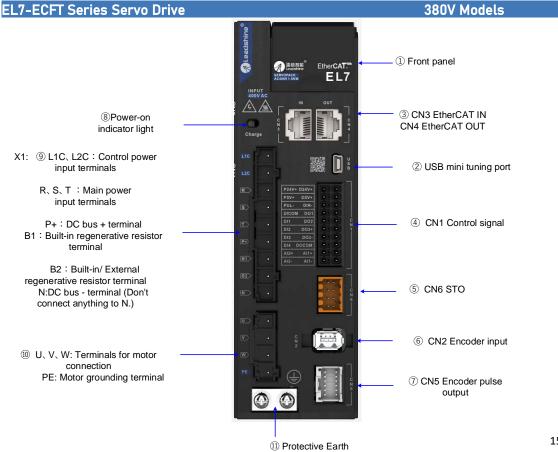


	Encoder Output	Encoder ABZ differential pulse output			
	Probe Input	2 high speed probe inputs: EXT1+/EXT1-, EXT2+/EXT2-			
Communication	USB mini	Modbus USB2.0 (No need to connect driver to power supply)			
Port	EtherCAT	EtherCAT, Communication up to 128 axes to a host			
Software		Driver tuning through <b>Motion Studio</b> Ver. 1.4.x. Parameters tuning in current loop, position loop, velocity loop; Modify I/O signal and motor parameters; Variables(velocity, position deviation, etc.) monitoring using step diagrams			
<b>Driver Front Pan</b>	el	5 push buttons and 8-segments display			
Holding brake		Built-in (Supports external brake)			
Safety Protection	ı	Overcurrent. Overvoltage. Undervoltage. Overheat. Overload. Overtravel. Single-Phasing. Regenerative resistor error. Position deviation error. Encoder feedback error. Excessive braking rate. EEPROM error			
Safe Torque Off (	STO) function	Available for all EL7EC-F series products			
	T	Storage: -20-80℃ (Condensation free);			
	Temperature	Installation: 0-55°C (Not frozen)			
Environment Humidity		Under 90%RH (Condensation free)			
Environment	Altitude	Up to 1000m above sea level			
	Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s2) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)			
	IP ratings	IP20			



## 1.5 Driver ports and connectors





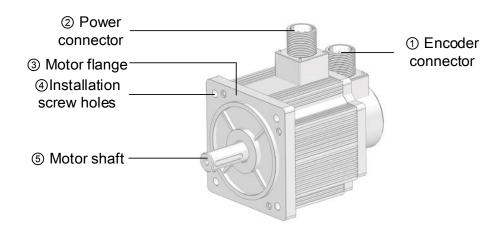


**Parts & Connectors Description** No. Including a LED display and 5 buttons. LED display is used to display servo drive status and parameter settings. 5 buttons: : To switch between different modes and parameters (1)Front Panel 4 : Switch between value : Switch between sub-menus/Increase : Switch between sub-menus/Decrease S : Enter Connect to computer for tuning of servo drive. Parameters of the (2) USB mini tuning port servo drive can be modified without connecting to main power supply. (3) CN1 I/O signal Probe input signal & other I/O signals terminals CN3 EtherCAT IN/ **(4)** Connect to master device or next/previous slave station CN4 EtherCAT OUT **(5)** CN6 STO Safe Torque Off (STO) port (6) CN2 Encoder Connect to motor encoder Lights up when servo drive is connected to main power supply. Power-on indicator light Please do not touch the power terminal immediately after power off as the capacitor might require some time to discharge. EL7-EC 220V models L1, L2 Main power supply 220VAC P+, Br Connect to regenerative resistor P+, N Common DC bus terminals for multiple drivers (9)Motor connector: Connect to U,V,W power terminals on servo U, V, W PΕ PE motor earth terminal: Connect to motor PE terminal EL7-EC 380V models L1C, L2C Control circuit power supply input - 1ph 380VAC R, S, T Main power supply input - 3ph 380VAC P+ DC bus positive terminal. Connect to regenerative resistor Please short connect B1 and B2 when using internal (9) regenerative resistor. If external regenerative resistor is B1, B2 required, remove the short connector between B1 and B2, (10) connect the external regenerative resistor to P+ and B2. DC bus negative terminal. Do not connect. Ν N1 and N2 are short connected. Connect N1 and N2 after N1. N2 removing short connector to a DC reactor to suppress electrical (4.4/5.5/7.5kW models)current high harmonics. (11)Protective Earth PE Connect to PE of main power supply. For grounding

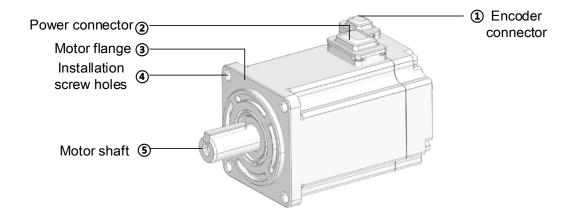


## 1.6 Motor ports and connectors

## Motors with aviation connectors



#### Motors with direct connectors





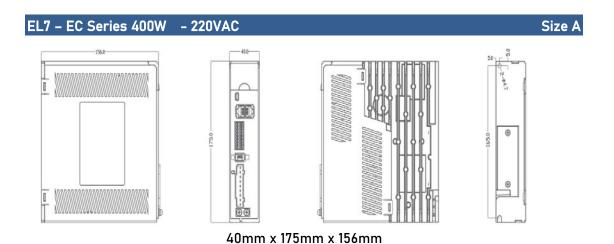
## **Chapter 2 Installation & Wiring**

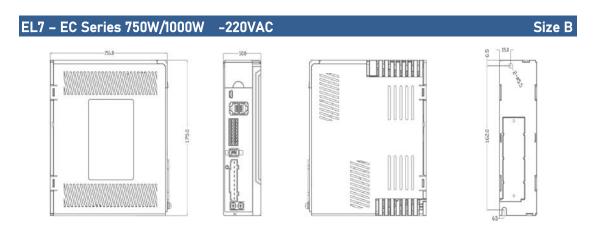
## 2.1 Servo Drive Installation

### 2.1.1 Servo drive installation environment

Temperature	Storage: -20-80°C (Condensation free); Installation: 0-55°C (Not frozen)
Humidity	Under 90%RH (Condensation free)
Altitude	Up to 1000m above sea level
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s2) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)
Atmospheric No corrosive gas, combustibles, dirt or dust.	
IP ratings	IP20

## 2.1.2 Servo Drive Dimension



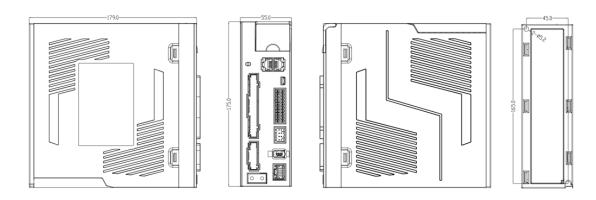


50mm x 175mm x 156mm



#### EL7-EC Series 750W/1000W/1500W -380VAC

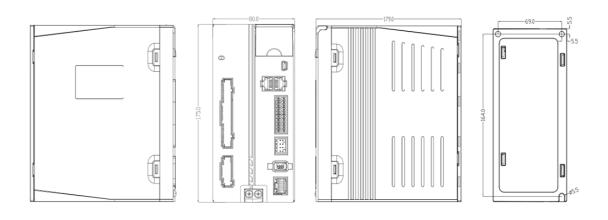
Size C



55mm×175mm×179mm

### EL7-EC Series 2000W/3000W -380VAC

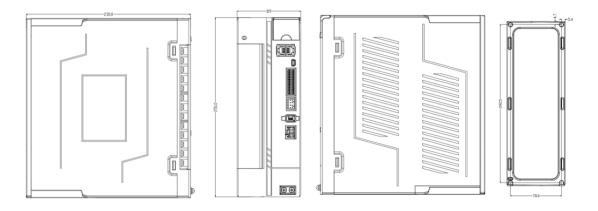
Size D



80mm×175mm×179mm

## EL7-EC Series 4400W/5500W/7500W -380VAC

Size E

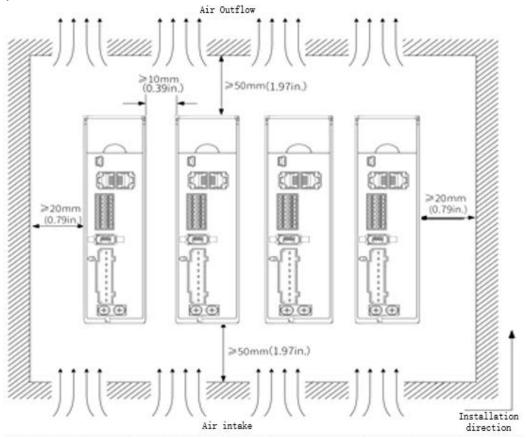


89mm×250mm×230mm



### Space requirement for installation

In order to ensure efficient heat dissipation, please leave at least 10mm installation space in between drivers. If drivers need to be mounted compactly, please leave at 1mm of installation space. Please keep in mind that under such conditions, the drivers can only run at 75% of actual load rate.



#### ✓ Installation method

Please install the driver vertical to ground facing forward for better heat dissipation. Always install in rows and use heat insulation board to separate between rows. Cooling fans are recommended for drivers to achieve optimal performance.

#### ✓ Grounding

PE terminals must be grounded to prevent electrocution hazard or electromagnetic interference.

#### ✓ Wiring

Please ensure there is no liquid around the wiring and connectors as liquid leakage may cause serious damage to the driver(s).



#### 2.2 Servo Motor Installation

#### 2.2.1 Installation conditions

Installation conditions may affect the lifespan of a motor

- Please keep away from corrosive fluid and combustibles.
- > If dusty working environment is unavoidable, please use motors with oil seal.
- Please keep away from heat source.
- If motor is used in enclosed environment without heat dissipation, motor lifespan will be short.
- Please check and clean the installation spot before installation.

### 2.2.2 Precautions during installation

#### Installation method

Install horizontal to ground

Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.

Install vertical to ground

Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.

#### Oil- and waterproofing

- Do not submerge motor/cable under oil/water
- Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.
- If there is an unavoidable fluid leakage near the motor, please use motor with better IP ratings.
- Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.
- Avoid the usage of motor in water/oil leaking prone environment.

#### Cable under stress

- Do not the bend the cable especially at each ends of the connectors.
- Make sure to not let the cables be too tight and under tremendous stress especially thinner cables such as signal cables.

#### **Connectors**

- Please to remove any conductive foreign objects from the connectors before installation
- The connectors are made of resin. May not withstand impact.
- Please hold the driver during transportation, not the cables.



Leave enough "bend" on the connector cables to ensure less stress upon installation.

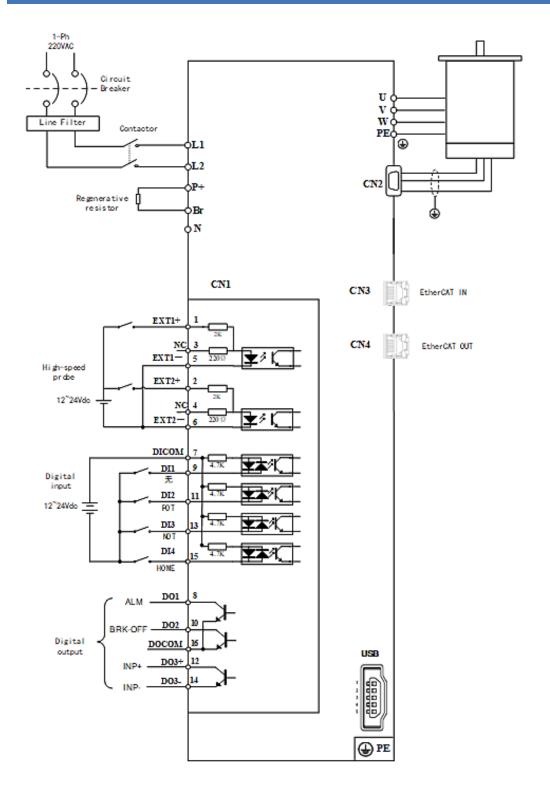
### Encoder & coupling

- > During installation or removal of coupling, please do not hit the motor shaft with a hammer as it would cause damage to internal encoder.
- Please make sure to centralize the motor shaft and coupling, it might cause damage to motor or encoder due to vibration.
- Please make sure axial and radial load is within the limits specified as it might affect the lifespan of the motor or cause damage to it.



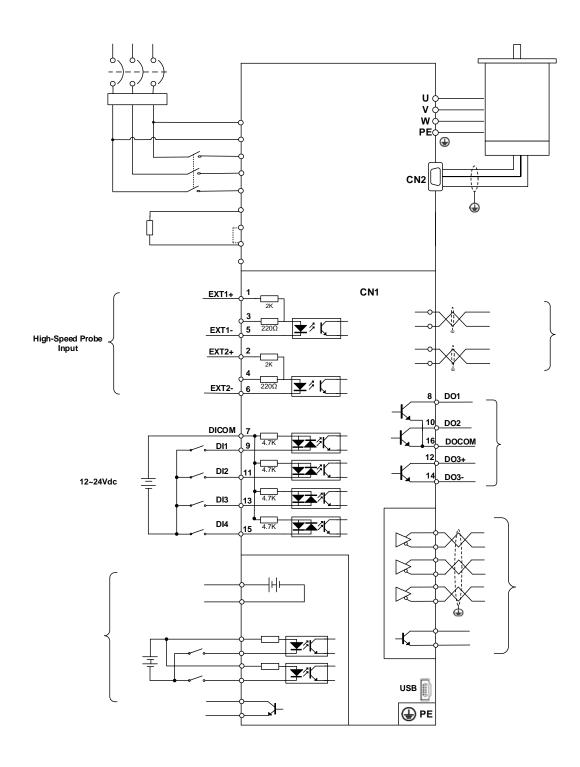
## 2.3 EL7-EC Wiring Diagram

### EL7-EC Series – 220V Models



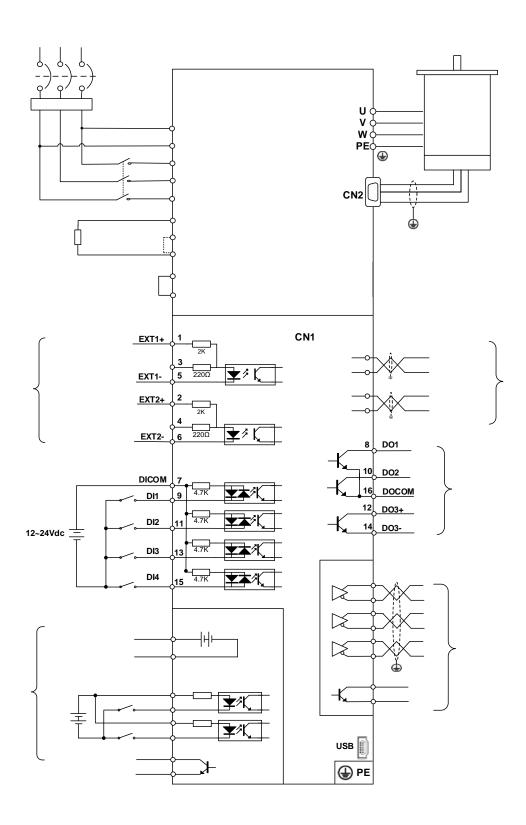


## EL7-EC Series 750W/1000W/1500W/2000W/3000W - 380V Models





## EL7-EC Series 4400W/5500W/7500W - 380V Models





## 2.4 Servo Drive Ports

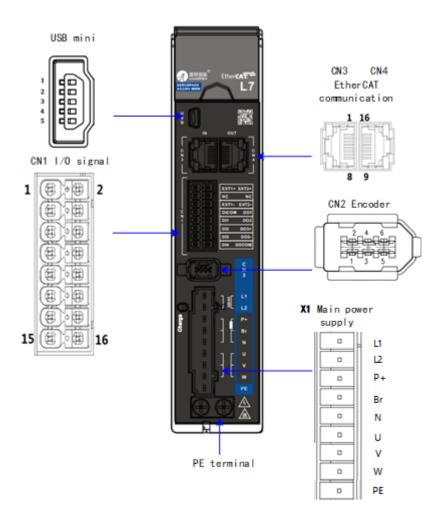


Table 2-1 Functions of driver port

Port	Function
CN1	I/O Signal Port
CN2	Encoder port
USB	USB mini Port
CN3	EtherCAT IN Communication Port
CN4	EtherCAT OUT Communication Port
CN6	Safe Torque Off (STO) Port
X1	Main Power Supply



## 2.4.1 X1 Main power supply

## EL7-EC Series - 220V Models

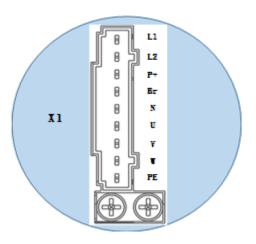
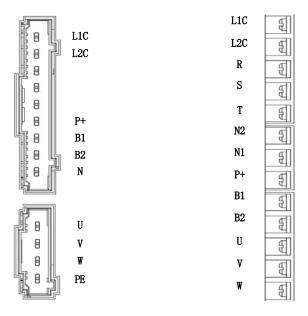


Table 2-2 X1 port descriptions

Table 2-2 At port descriptions					
Port	Pin	Functions	Remarks		
	L1	Single phase 220VAC,	<ol> <li>Optional isolation transformer</li> <li>Do not connect to 380VAC directly to prevent damage to driver.</li> <li>In case of serious interference, it is recommended to connect a line filter to main power supply;</li> <li>It is recommended to install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.</li> </ol>		
	L2	+10 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz			
X1	P +	<ol> <li>Internal DC bus positive terminal</li> <li>External regenerative resistor P terminal</li> </ol>	Please refer to 2.4.1 Regenerative resistor selection and connections		
	Br	External regenerative resistor terminal			
	N		Please do not connect		
	U	Motor U terminal			
	٧	Motor V terminal	Please ensure proper wire connection on motor.		
	W	Motor W terminal			
	PE	Motor Protective Earth	Please ground PE of driver and motor together		



## EL7-EC Series – 380V Models



Port	Pin	Functions	Remarks			
	L1C	Control circuit: Single phase 380VAC,	① Optional isolation transformer			
	L2C	+10 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz	2 In case of serious interference, it is recommended to connect a line filter to			
	R	Main Power Supply: Three phase 380VAC,	main power supply;			
	S		It is recommended to install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the			
	Т	+10 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz	driver fails.			
Χ1	P +	<ul> <li>Internal DC bus positive terminal</li> <li>External regenerative resistor P terminal</li> <li>External regenerative</li> </ul>	If an external regenerative resistor is required, please disconnect B1 and B2. Connect the external regenerative resistor to terminal P+ and B2.			
	B1/B2	resistor terminal				
	N		Please do not connect			
	N1	Internal DC bus negative terminal	N1 and N2 are connected under normal circumstances. To suppress power supply high			
	N2	3	harmonics, please disconnected N1 and N Connect a DC reactor between N1 and N2.			
	U	Motor U terminal				
	V	Motor V terminal	Please ensure proper wire connection on motor.			
	W	Motor W terminal				
	PE	Motor Protective Earth	Please ground PE of driver and motor together			



### 2.4.2 Regenerative resistor selection and connections

#### The use of regenerative resistor

When the motor opposes the direction of rotation as in deceleration or vertical axis escalation, part of the regenerative energy will be delivered back to the driver. This energy will first be stored in internal capacitors of the driver. When the energy stored in the capacitors reach the maximum capacity, a regenerative resistor is required the excessive energy to prevent over-voltage.

#### Selection of regenerative resistor

Table 2-3 Recommended selection of regenerative resistor

Model no.	Internal	Internal resistor	Minimum	Minimum power
	resistance (Ω)	power rating (W)	resistance (Ω)	rating (W)
EL7-EC400F	100	50	50	50
EL7-EC750F	50	75	40	50
EL7 -EC1000F	50	100	30	100
EL7-EC750FT	100	100	100	100
EL7-EC1000FT	100	100	100	100
EL7-EC1500FT	100	100	100	100
EL7-EC2000FT	50	100	40	100
EL7-EC3000FT	50	100	40	100
EL7-EC4400FT	35	100	35	100
EL7-EC5500FT	35	100	25	100
EL7-EC7500FT	35	100	25	100

#### Calculation of regenerative resistance under normal operation

#### Steps:

- 1. Determine if driver comes with a regenerative resistor. If not, please prepare a regenerative resistor with resistance value higher than might be required.
- 2. Monitor the load rate of the regenerative resistor using front panel (d14). Set the driver on high velocity back and forth motions with high acceleration/deceleration.
- 3.Please make sure to obtain the value under following conditions: Driver temperature <  $60^{\circ}$ C, d14<80(Won't trigger alarm), Regenerative resistor is not fuming, No overvoltage alarm(Err120).

Pb(Regenerative power rating) = Resistor power rating x Regenerative load rate (%)

Please choose a regenerative resistor with power rating Pr about **2-4 times the value of Pb** in considered of harsh working conditions and some 'headroom'.

If the calculated Pr value is less than internal resistor power rating, external resistor is not required.



#### R(Max. required regenerative resistance) = (380° - 370°)/Pr

Problem diagnostics related to regenerative resistor:

- If driver temperature is high, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor.
- If regenerative resistor is fuming, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If d14 is overly large or increasing too fast, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If driver overvoltage alarm (Er120) occurs, please use an external regenerative resistor with lower resistance or connect another resistor in parallel.

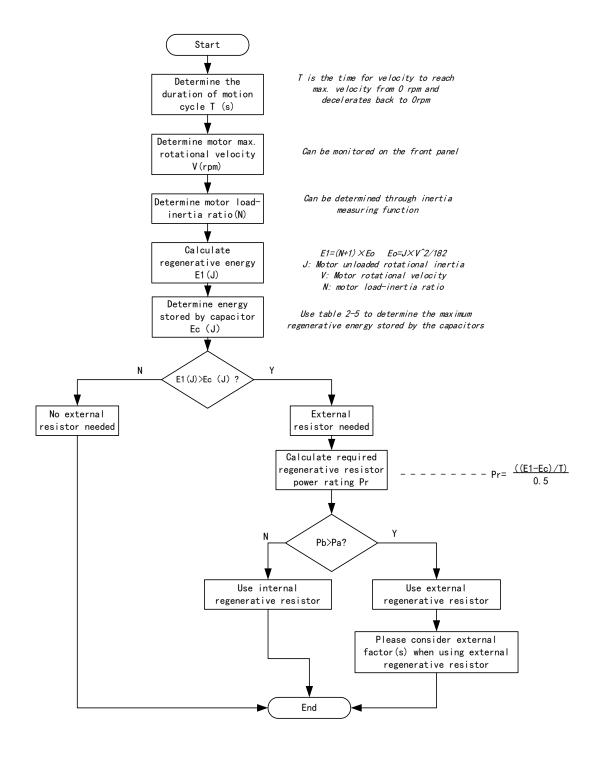
Please take following precautions before installing an external regenerative resistor.

- 1. Please set the correct resistance value in Pr0.16 and resistor power rating Pr0.17 for the external regenerative resistor.
- 2. Please ensure the resistance value is higher or equals to the recommended values in table 2-3. Regenerative resistors are generally connected in series but they can also be connected in parallel to lower the total resistance.
- 3. Please provided enough cooling for the regenerative resistor as it can reach above 100  $^\circ\!\! C$  under continuous working conditions.
- 4. The min. resistance of the regenerative resistor is dependent on the IGBT of the holding brake. Please refer to table

#### Theoretical selection of regenerative resistor

Without external loading torque, the need for an external regenerative resistor can be determined as the flow chart below







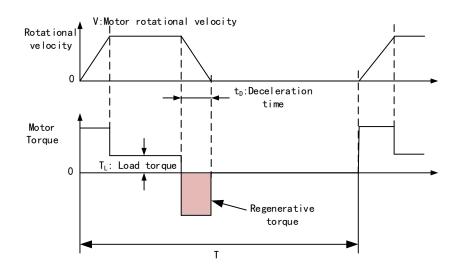


Table 2-4 Steps to calculate capacity of regenerative resistor

Table 2-4 Steps to catculate capacity of regenerative resistor				
Steps	Calculation	Symbol	Formula	
1	Servo system regenerative energy	E1	E1=(N+1)×J×V <sup>2</sup> /182	
2	Depleted energy from loss of load system during acceleration	EL	$E_L = (\pi/60) \text{ V} \times T_L \times \text{tD}$ If loss is not determined, please assume $E_L = 0$	
3	Depleted energy due to motor coil resistance.	Ем	$E_M = (U^2/R) \times tD$ R= coil resistance, U = operating voltage If R is not determined, please assume $E_M = 0$ .	
4	Energy stored by internal DC capacitors	Ec	Please refer to table 2-5	
5	Depleted energy due to regenerative resistance	Eκ	E <sub>K</sub> =E1-(EL+EM+EC), If loss is ignored, EK=E1-EC	
6	Required power rating of regenerative resistor	Pr	Pr=E <sub>K</sub> /(0.5×T)	

### Internal capacitor capacity and rotor inertia

EL7-EC Drivers	Servo motor	Rotor Inertia (× 10 <sup>-4</sup> kg.m²)	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor Ec(J)
400W	ELM2H-0400LA60	0.58	13.47
750W	ELM2H-0750LA80	1.66	22.85
1000W	ELM2M-1000LB80	1.79	27.74
100000	ELM2M-1000LB130	8.5	21.14

There are motors with low, medium and high inertia. Different motor models have different rotor inertia. Please refer to servo product catalogue for more information on rotor inertia.



#### Calculation examples:

Servo drive: EL7-EC750F, Servo Motor: ELM2H-0750LA80. When T = 2s, rotational velocity = 3000rpm, load inertia is 5 times of motor inertia.

EL7-EC Drivers	EL7-EC Drivers Servo motor		Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor Ec(J)
750W ELM2H-0750LA80		1.66	22.85

Regenerative energy produced:

E1 = 
$$\frac{(N+1) \times J \times V^2}{182}$$
 =  $\frac{(5+1) \times 1.66 \times 3000^2}{182}$  = 49.3J

If E1<Ec, internal capacitors can't take in excessive regenerative energy, regenerative resistor is required.

Required regenerative resistor power rating Pr:

$$Pr = \frac{(E1 - Ec)}{0.5T} = \frac{49.3 - 22.85}{0.5 \times 2} = 26.45W$$

Hence, with the internal regenerative resistor Pa = 75W, Pr<Pa, no external regenerative resistor is required.

Let's assume if the load inertia is 15 times of motor inertia, Pr = 108.6W, Pr>Pa, external regenerative resistor is required. And to consider for harsh working environment,

When selecting the resistance of the regenerative resistor, please be higher than the minimum value recommended in table 2-3 but lower than Rmax

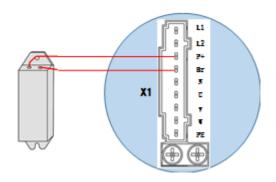
Rmax =
$$(380^2-370^2)/Pr=7500/108.6=69\Omega$$

In conclusion, a regenerative resistor with resistance  $40\Omega$  -  $70\Omega$  and power rating 110W to 180W can be chosen.

Please take note that theoretical calculations of the regenerative resistance is not as accurate as calculations done under normal operation.



#### Connection of a regenerative resistor



## 2.4.2 Wire Gauge for Main Power Supply

Table 2-6 Main power supply wire gauge

Table 2-0 Main power supply wire gauge					
Driver	Wire diameter (mm²/AWG)				
Driver	L1 L2/R S T	P+ BR	UVW	PE	
EL7-EC400F	0.81/AWG18	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	
EL7-EC750F	0.81/AWG18	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	
EL7-EC1000F	0.81/AWG18	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	
EL7-EC750FT	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	
EL7-EC1000FT	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	
EL7-EC1500FT	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	
EL7-EC2000FT	2*0.75/AWG18	1.5/AWG16	3*1.5/AWG16	1.5/AWG16	
EL7-EC3000FT	2*0.75/AWG16	1.5/AWG16	3*1.5/AWG16	1.5/AWG16	
EL7-EC4400FT	2*0.75/AWG16	4.0/AWG12	3*4.0/AWG12	4.0/AWG12	
EL7-EC5500FT	2*0.75/AWG14	4.0/AWG12	3*4.0/AWG12	4.0/AWG12	
EL7-EC7500FT	2*0.75/AWG12	4.0/AWG12	3*4.0/AWG12	4.0/AWG12	

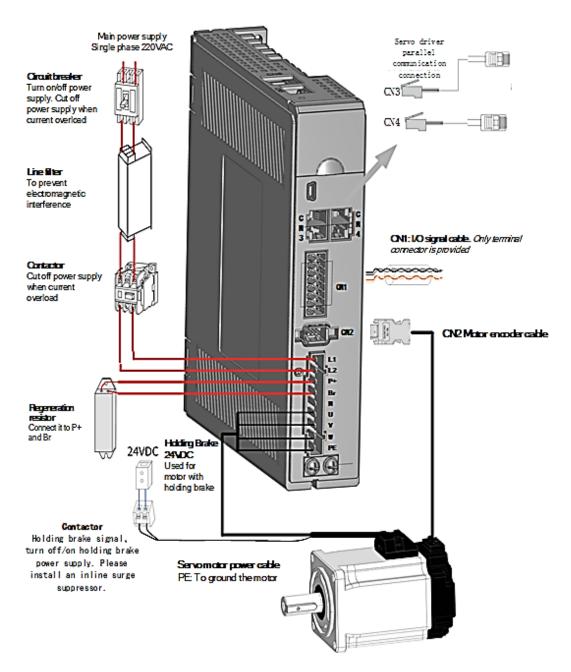
 $<sup>\</sup>succ$  Grounding: Grounding wire should be thicker. Ground PE terminal of servo drive and servo motor together with resistance <100  $\Omega$ .

- > A 3-phase isolation transformer is recommended to lessen the risk of electrocution
- Connect a line filter to power supply to reduce electromagnetic interference.
- Please install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.



## 2.4.3 Wiring connections for EL7-EC series servo drives

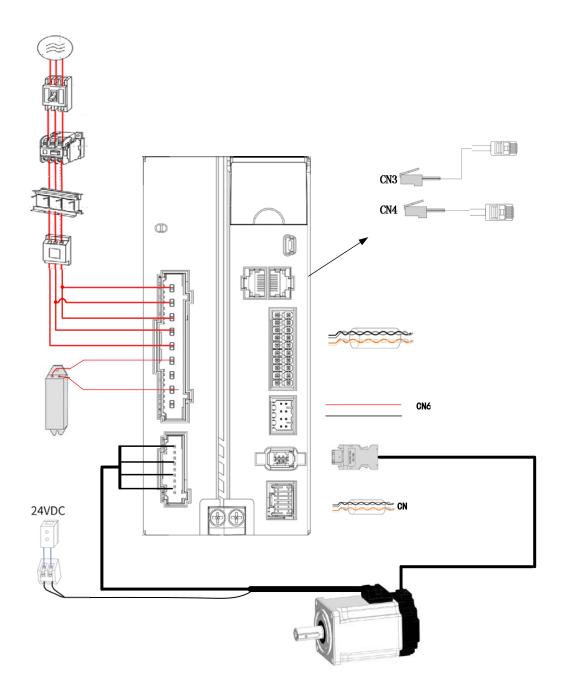
#### EL7-EC Series - 220VAC



> EL7-EC series servo drive 220VAC models support single phase and three phase 220VAC. Only driver with power rating above 1500W supports three phase 220VAC.



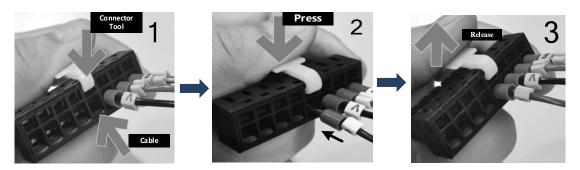
### EL7-EC Series - 380VAC



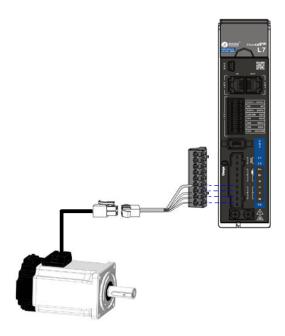
- Please use a circuit breaker for the main power supply to prevent damage to the product or machine.
- Please do not use a contactor in connection to servo motor as it may not withstand a sudden surge of operating voltage.
- Please take note of the capacity when connect to a 24VDC switching power supply, especially if power supply is shared between multiple components. Insufficient supply current will cause failure in holding brake functions.



#### To fix wire cables into connector



## 2.4.4 Connecting motor power cable to servo drive



Example: Connecting a motor with electrical connectors

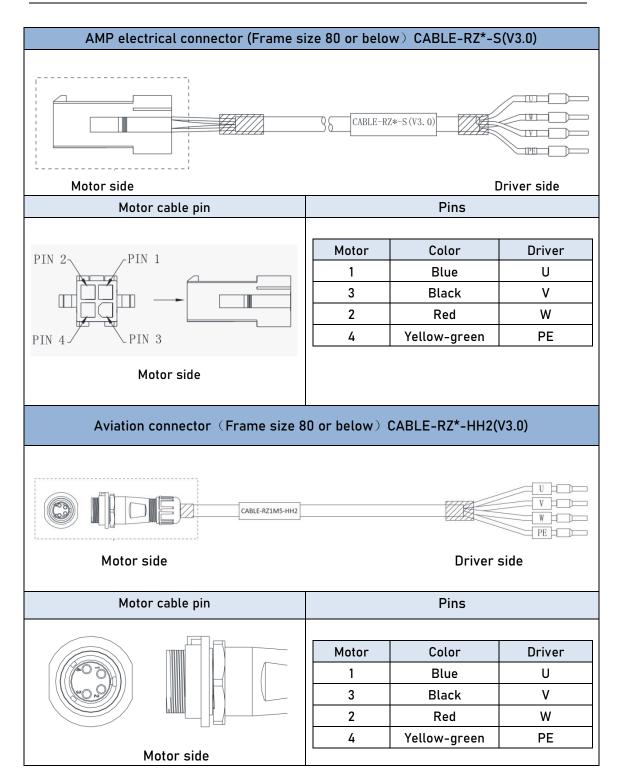
The power cable from the driver is labeled with U, V, W, PE. Please connect the wires accordingly to the power cable extending from the servo motor.

#### Motor power cable selection

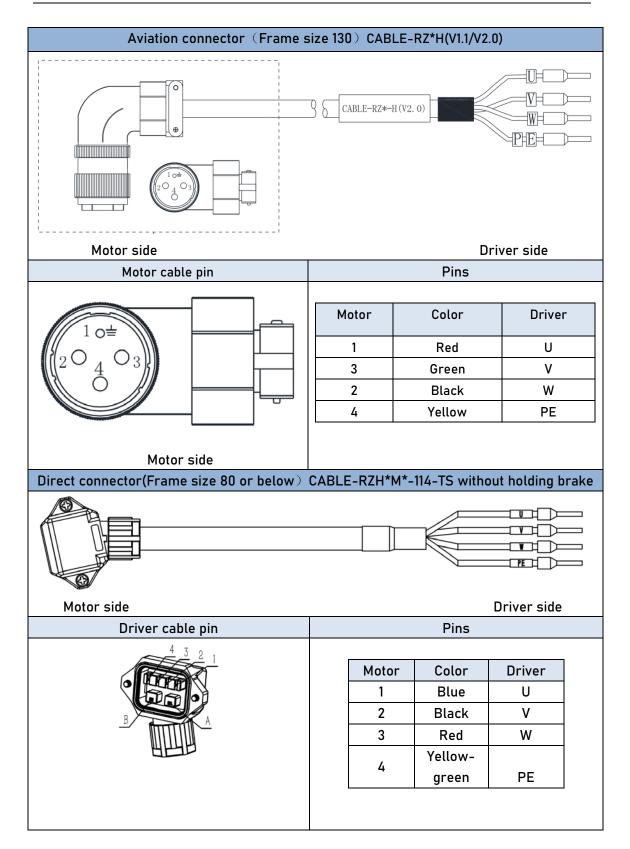
#### Motor winding power cable

- Wire length available: 1.5m, 3m and 5m
- Connectors type available: AMP electrical connectors, aviation connectors, direct connectors (recommended)
- Please contact Leadshine sales team or any Leadshine certified local retailers for any customized needs.





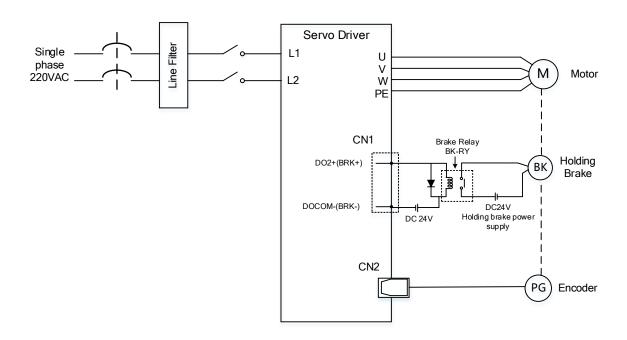


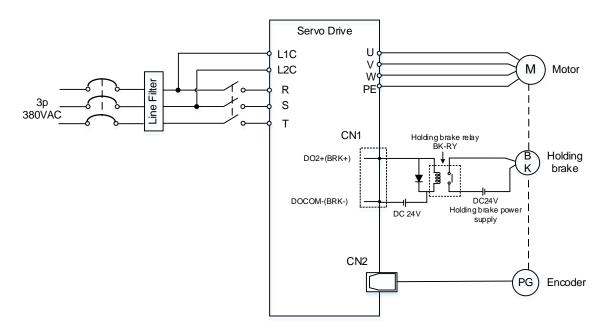




# 2.5 Holding brake connection

Holding brake is activated when servo drive is not powered on to prevent axis from moving due to gravitational pull or other external forces by locking the motor in place. Usually used on axis mounted vertically to the ground so that the load would not drop under gravitational force when the driver is powered off or when alarm occurs.

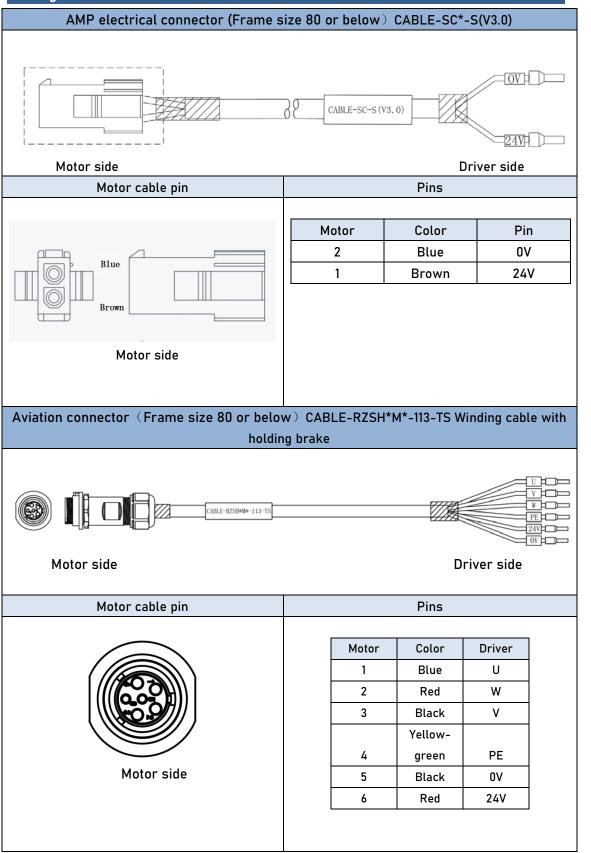




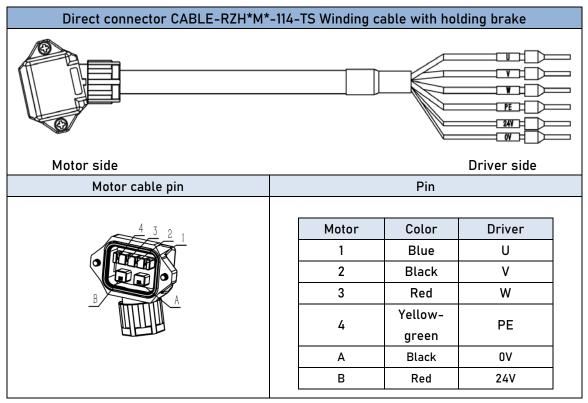
Holding brake wiring diagram



## Holding Brake cable and connectors







- Mechanical noise might exist when motor with holding brake is in operation but it doesn't affect the functionality of the motor.
- When the holding brake circuit is closed (holding brake deactivated), there might be magnetic flux leakage. Please be aware to not use magnetic sensor around motor with holding brake.
- 24V operating voltage for the holding brake has to be ensured to maintain the functionality of the holding brake. Please consider the voltage dropped over lengthy motor cables due to increase in cable resistance.
- It is recommended to have an isolated switching power supply for the holding brake to prevent malfunctioning of the holding brake in case of voltage drop.
- If the motor is using a magnetic encoder, holding brake wires need to be differentiated between positive and negative terminal to prevent interference to the magnetic encoder due to wrong polarity. It might cause alarm, loss in encoder accuracy or abnormal vibration, etc.

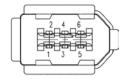
Motor with optical encoder has no such problem, so holding brake circuit can be connected in anyway.

Table 2-7 Holding brake terminal pins in color codes

Motor flance	Color	Brown	Blue	Red	Black
Motor flange 80 or below	Terminal	24V	0V	24V	0V
	Pin	1	2	6	5
Motor flange 130 or above	Color	or Red		Black	
	Terminal	24V		0V	
	Pin	2		1	



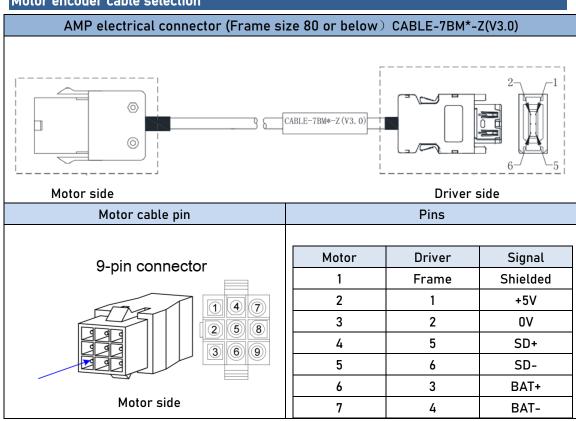
## 2.6 CN2 Encoder



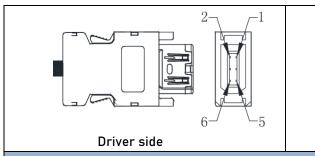
Connector	Pin	Signal	Description		
	1	VCC5V	Power supply 5V		
	2	GND	Power supply ground		
	3	BAT+	Battery positive terminal		
CN2	4	BAT-	Battery negative terminal		
	5	SD+	SSI Data+		
	6 SE		SSI Data-		
	Frame	PE	Shield grounding		

- > Please ground both driver and motor PE terminals to avoid any servo alarms.
- It is recommended to use a shielded twisted pair cable not longer than 20m.
- Please leave a space of min. 30cm between motor power cable and encoder to avoid interference.









## Aviation connector (Frame size 80 or below) CABLE-7BM\*-HH2



Motor side Driver side

|--|

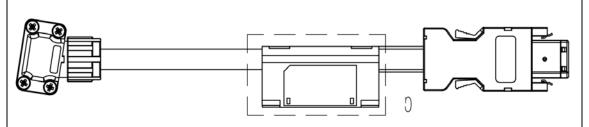
Motor side

Motor cable pin

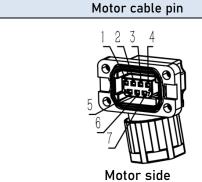
Motor	Driver	Signal
1	Frame	Shielded
2	1	+5V
3	2	0V
4	5	SD+
5	6	SD-
6	3	BAT+
7	4	BAT-

Pin

Direct connector(Frame size 80 or below) CABLE-BMAH\*M\*-124-TS Absolute encoder



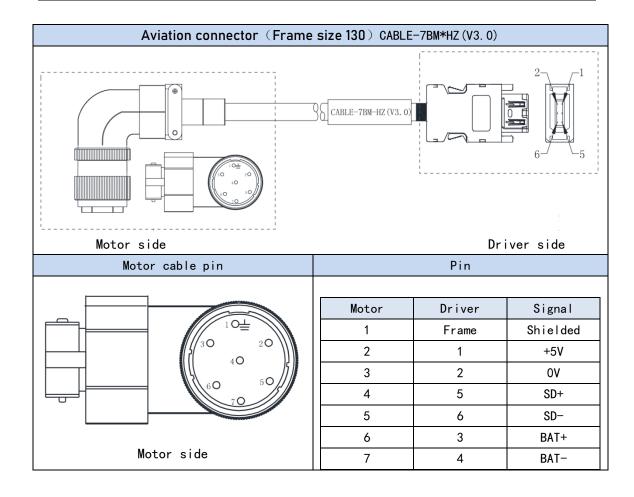
Motor side Driver side



Motor	Driver	Signal
1	Frame	Shielded
2	1	+5V
3	2	0V
4	5	SD+
5	6	SD-
6	3	BAT+
7	4	BAT-

Pin





## 2.7 USB mini Communication Port

EL7-EC series servo drives can be connected to a PC using the USB mini communication port for data monitoring and parameters setting on Motion Studio. Can be done without connecting a power cable to the driver. If users are having problem connecting to PC, please try using a magnetic ring.

Connector	Port	Pin	Signal	Description
1 2		1	VCC5V	Power supply 5V
		2	D+	USB data positive terminal
		3	D-	USB data negative terminal
USB mini	3 4 5	4		
		5	GND	Power supply ground
		_	USB_GN	Current thursty have sites
		Frame	D	Ground through capacitor

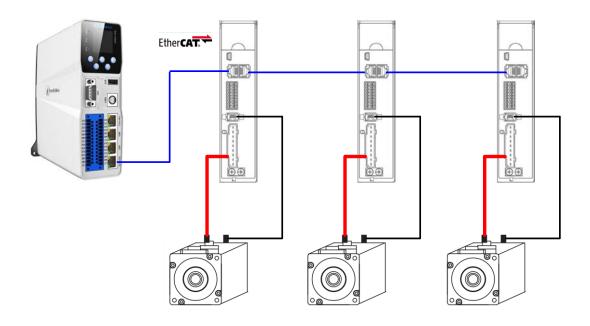


# 2.8 CN3/CN4 EtherCAT Communication Port

CN3 and CN4 are communication ports for EtherCAT protocol. LAN cable from master device will be connected to CN3 (IN) and CN4 (OUT) will be connected to the next slave device.

Port	Pin	Signal	Description
	1, 9	E_TX+	EtherCAT Data sending
	1, 7	E_IX*	positive terminal
	2, 10	E_TX-	EtherCAT Data sending
	2, 10	E_1X-	negative terminal
1 16	3, 11	E_RX+	EtherCAT Data receiving
	3, 11	L_RX+	positive terminal
	4, 12		
	5, 13	-	
8 9	, 1,	E_RX-	EtherCAT Data receiving
	6, 14		negative terminal
	7, 15		
	8, 16		
	Frame	PE	Shielded ground

Example of EtherCAT communication cable connections between master and slave devices





# 2.9 CN6 Safe Torque Off (STO) Port

Port	Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
	1	24V	24v power supply	Connect to SF1 and SF2
	2	0V	Reference ground	when not in use. Do not use to supply power.
1 8 8 2	3	SF1+	Control signal 1 positive input	
	4	SF1-	Control signal 1 negative input	When SF1 = OFF or SF2 =
7 8 8 8	5	SF2+	Control signal 2 positive input	OFF,STO is enabled.
	6	SF2-	Control signal 2 negative input	
	7	EDM+	External monitoring	When SF1 = OFF or SF2 =
	8	EDM-	device (EDM) with differential double ended output	OFF,EDM = ON

#### Introduction to Safe Torque Off (STO)

Function: Cut off motor current supply physically (through mechanical means)

STO module (CN6 connector) consists of 2 input channels. It cuts off the motor current supply by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module. When the motor current is cut off, the motor will still move under inertia and stops gradually.

The STO function is set up ready to be used by factory default. Please remove STO connector if it is not needed.

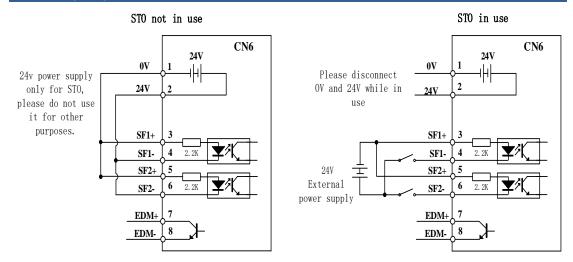
#### STO functional principle

STO module cuts off the motor current supply and stops motor gradually by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module through 2 isolated circuits. When a STO error occurs, the actual status of STO can be determined by the EDM status feedback.

SF1 Input Status	SF2 Input Status	EDM Output Status	DM Output Status PWM control signal	
ON	ON	OFF	Normal	ı
ON	OFF	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c2
OFF	ON	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c1
OFF	OFF	ON	Blocked	Er 1c0



## STO wiring diagram



- Please take precautions when enabling STO functions as servo drive will lose control over the motion of the motor. Motor might dropped under gravitational pull (vertically mounted load) or moved when external forces are applied to it. Alternatively, motor with holding brake can be chosen.
- > STO is not meant to cut off the power supply of the servo drivers and motors completely. Please power off and wait for a few minutes before starting maintenance work.
- It is recommended to use an isolated power supply for STO signal input as any current leakage might cause STO malfunction.



# 2.10 CN1 I/O Signal Port

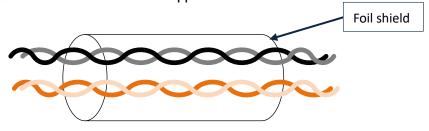
CN1 connector is a 16-pin spring loaded connector.

Port	Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
	1	EXT1+	Probe 1 positive terminal	
	2	EXT2+	Probe 2 positive terminal	
	3	NC	Reserved	2 high speed probe
	4	NC	Reserved	inputs function
	5	EXT1 -	Probe 1 negative terminal	
1 2	6	EXT2 -	Probe 2 negative terminal	
	7	DICOM	Common DI	
	<b>≓</b>	DI1	Reserved	Double-ended common DI
		DI2	POT: Positive limit switch	Configurable Recommended voltage:
	13	DI3	NOT: Negative limit switch	12VDC - 24VDC
	15	DI4	HOME: Homing done	
15 16	8	D01	ALM: Alarm	D01,D02: Single-ended
	10	D02	BRK-OFF: Holding brake activated	D03: Double-ended
	12	D03+	IND Decitioning consulated	Configurable Recommended voltage:
	14	D03-	INP: Positioning completed	12Vdc – 24Vdc, max 30V
	16	росом	Common DO	Recommended current: 10mA, max 50mA

## 2.10.1 Selection of I/O signal cable

## I/O signal cable

To ensure I/O signal to not be affected by electromagnetic interference, a **shielded twisted pair cable** is recommended for this application.



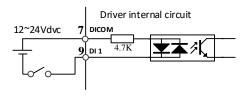
- $\triangleright$  Wire diameter  $\ge 0.14$ mm<sup>2</sup>, foil shielded should be connected to PE terminal.
- Wire length should be as short as possible, not more than 3m.
- Install a surge suppressor in feedback circuit; flyback diode inversely connected in parallel in DC coil and capacitor connected in parallel in AC coil.



- Recommended wire gauge: 24 26AWG
- > I/O signal included DI, DO and relay output signal
- Please keep 30cm away from main power supply cable or motor power cable to avoid electromagnetic interference.

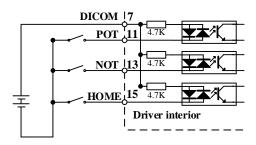
## 2.10.2 Common input circuit

The internal circuit of common input is a bidirectional optocoupler which supports common anode and common cathode configurations. There are 2 types of outputs from master device: Relay output and Open Collector output as shown below.

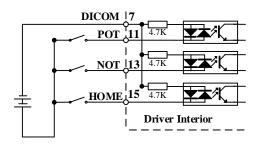


#### ① Output from master device: Relay

#### Common anode:

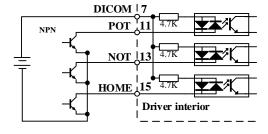


#### Common cathode:

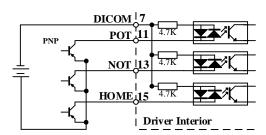


## ② Output from master device: Open Collector

#### NPN configuration:



#### PNP configuration:



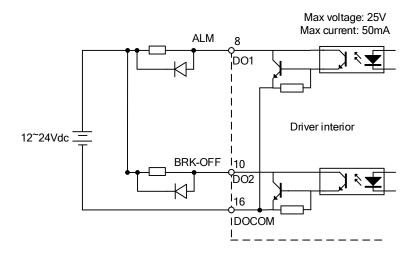
Please prepare switching power supply with output of 12-24VDC, current ≥ 100mA;



## 2.10.3 Common output circuit

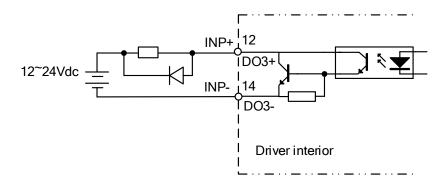
There are 3 common outputs: D01 and D02 are single-ended, sharing a common power supply ground terminal; D03+/D03- is double-ended, having an isolated 24v power supply.

## Single-ended D01 & D02



Please install flyback diodes (as shown in diagram above) if the output is through a relay or other inductive load to prevent damage to DO ports.

#### Double-ended D03+ & D03-

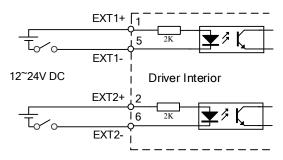


- Power supply is provided by user. Please be aware that reversed power supply polarity might cause damage to the driver.
- When it is an open collector output, max current: 50mA, max supplying voltage: 25V. Please ensure the switching power supply fulfills the conditions.
- > If the load is an inductive load such as a relay, please connect a flyback diode in parallel in reverse. A wrong installation of the flyback diode might cause damage to the driver.



## 2.10.4 Probe input circuit

The internal circuit of probe input is a unidirectional optocoupler. Please be aware of the polarity of the terminal when connecting the cables.



## 2.10.5 DI signal function configuration

Table 2-8 Default DI signal functions

CN1 Pin	Signal	Parameter	Default function	F Set Value	actory default Polarity	Status
9	DI1	Pr4.00	User defined function	0x0	NO	OFF
11	DI2	Pr4.01	Positive limit switch (POT)	0x1	NO	OFF
13	DI3	Pr4.02	Negative limit switch (NOT)	0x2	NO	OFF
15	DI4	Pr4.03	Home switch (HOME)	0x16	NO	OFF

<sup>\*\*</sup>NO: Normally Open

When limit switch or emergency stop is used, POT, NOT and E-STOP signal will be normally close (NC) by default. Please make sure there is no safety concern if these signals need to be set to normally open (NO).

#### Relevant parameters

	Name	Input select	ion DI1		Mode			F
Pr4.00	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x0	Index	2400h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Name	Input select	ion DI2		Mode			F
Pr4.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x1	Index	2401h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Name	Input select	ion DI3		Mode			F
Pr4.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x2	Index	2402h
	Activation	Immediate			·	·		



 Pr4.03
 Name
 Input selection DI4
 Mode
 F

 Range
 0x0~0xFF
 Unit
 —
 Default
 0x16
 Index
 2403h

 Activation
 Immediate

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

		Set v	/alue	
Input	Symbol	Normally	Normally	0x60FD(bit)
		open	close	
Invalid	_	0h	-	×
Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0
Servo on	SRV-0N	3h	83h	×
Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	-	×
Control mode switching	C-MODE	5h	85h	×
Gain switching	GAIN	6h	86h	×
Clear deviation counter	CL	7h	-	×
Command pulse inhibition	INH	8h	88h	×
Torque limit switching	TL-SEL	9h	89h	×
Command pulse divider/multiplier switching	DIV1	Ch	8ch	×
Speed 1 of internal velocity command	INTSPD1	Eh	8Eh	×
Speed 2 of internal velocity command	INTSPD2	Fh	8Fh	×
Speed 3 of internal velocity command	INTSPD3	10h	90h	×
Zero speed clamp	ZEROSPD	11h	91h	×
Velocity command sign	VC-SIGN	12h	92h	×
Torque command sign	TC-SIGN	13h	93h	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	×
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

- · Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.
- Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- · Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.00 Pr4.03 corresponds to DI1 DI4. External sensors can be connected if the parameters are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 - 7 to get DI1 - DI4 actual status.



# 2.10.6 DO signal function configuration

Table 2-9 DO signal functions by default

CNII Din	Signal	Parameter	Defecult franction	Fac	ctory default	
CN1 Pin	Civi Fili Signat Farameter Delautt function		Default function	Set Value	Polarity	Status
8	D01	Pr4.10	Alarm (ALM)	0x01	NO	OFF
10	D02	Pr4.11	External brake released (BRK-OFF)	0x03	NO	OFF
12/14	D03	Pr4.12	Positioning complete (INP)	0x04	NO	OFF

<sup>\*\*</sup> NO: Normally Open

## Relevant parameters

	Label	Output sele	ction DC	)1	Mode			F						
Pr4.10	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x1	Index	2410h						
	Activation	Immediate					<u>.</u>							
	Label	Output sele	ction DC	)2	Mode			F						
Pr4.11	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x3	Index	2411h						
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate											
	Label	Output sele	ction DC	)3	Mode			F						
Pr4.12	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x4	Index	2412h						
	Activation	Immediate												

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

Output	Symbol	Set	value
		Normally open	Normally close
Master device control	_	00h	-
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h
External brake released	BRK-OFF	03h	83h
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h
Positive limit	POT-OUT	15h	95h
Negative limit	NOT-OUT	16h	96h
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h

<sup>·</sup> Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.



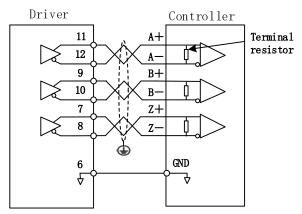
- Normally open: Active lowNormally close: Active high
- · Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.10 Pr4.12 corresponds to D01 D03. If all parameters are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to D01-D03.

## 2.11 CN5 Frequency divider pulse output port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Label
		11	A+	Motor encoder phase A frequency divider output
	11 12	12	A-	Notor encoder phase A frequency divider output
	11 12	9	Motor ancoder phase D frequency divider output	
		10	B-	Motor encoder phase B frequency divider output
		7	Z+	Mater anader phase 7 frequency divider output
CN5		8	Z-	Motor encoder phase Z frequency divider output
CINS		5	OCZ	Motor encoder Z-signal OC output
		6	GND	Motor encoder Z-signal OF output reference ground
		3	/	/
	1 2	4	/	/
	1 2	1	PE	Shield grounding
		2	/	/

<sup>\*</sup>Please use stranded shielded cable  $\geq 0.14$ mm<sup>2</sup> with shield foil grounded to PE terminal.

Encoder signal after frequency divider circuit is output as differential signal. It provides feedback signal for controller using position control mode. Please use differential or optocoupler receiving circuit for controller. A terminal resistor needs to be installed in the differential signal input circuit. Resistance of the terminal resistor is as accordance to actual use.



If controller input circuit is not an optocoupler input circuit but a differential receiving circuit, please connect CN5 pin 6 (OC reference ground) to GND of controller differential receiving circuit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Keep it shorter than 3 meters and away from any power cables.



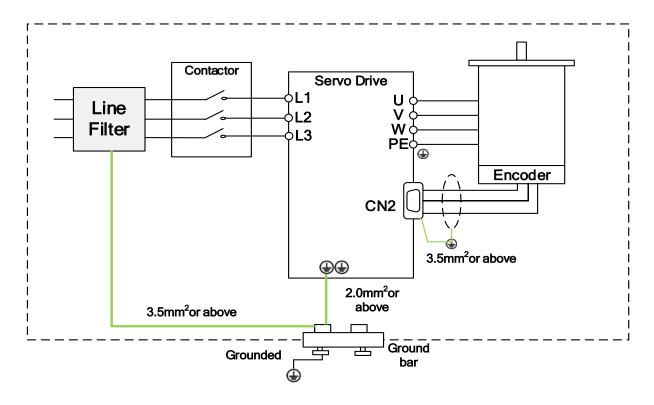
## 2.12 Measures against electromagnetic interference

To reduce interference, please take the following measures:

- I/O signal cable > 3m; Encoder cable > 20m
- Use cable with larger diameter for grounding
  - ①Grounding resistance >  $100\Omega$
  - ②When there are multiple drivers connected in parallel, PE terminal of the main power supply and ground terminal of servo drives must be connected to copper ground bar in the electrical cabinet and the copper ground bar needs to be connected to the metal frame of the cabinet.
- Please install a line filter on main power supply cable to prevent interference from radio frequency.
- In order to prevent malfunctions caused by electromagnetic interference, please take following measures:
  - (1) Install master device and line filter close to the servo drive
  - (2) Install surge suppressor for relay and contactor
  - ③ Please separate signal/encoder cable from power cable with a space of at least 30cm
  - (4) Install a line filter for the main power supply if a device with high frequency generation such as a welding machine exists nearby



# 2.12.1 Grounding connection and other anti-interference wiring connections

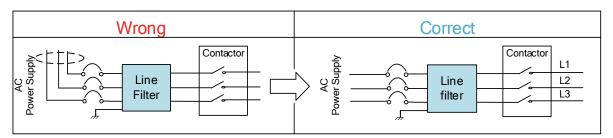


- > Servo motor frame should be grounded. Please connect the PE terminal of servo motor and servo drive and ground them together to reduce interference.
- > Ground both ends of the foil shield of encoder cable.

# 2.12.2 Using line filter

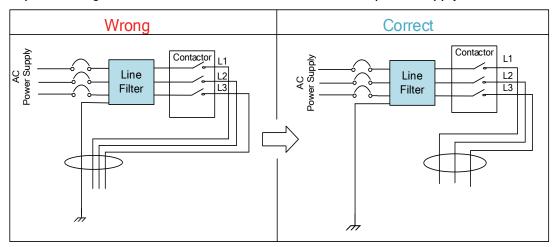
To reduce interference from main power supply cable and to prevent from affecting other sensitive components around the servo drive, please choose a line filter based on actual supply current. Please do be aware of the following mistake when installing a line filter.

Do not band the main power supply cable together.

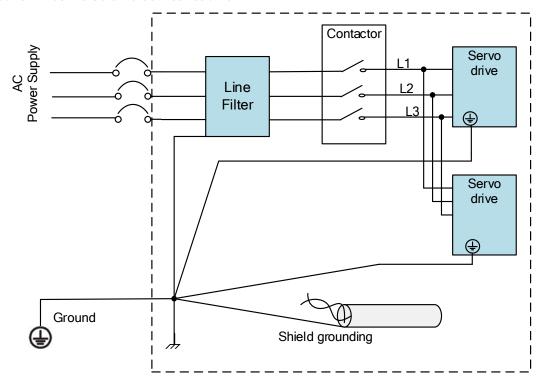




## Separate the ground wire from the line filter and the main power supply cable.



## Ground wires inside an electrical cabinet





# **Chapter 3 Parameter**

## 3.1 Parameter List

Panel Display as follows:



Parameter Valid mode Description

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode

CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Valid in homing mode

PP: Valid in profile position mode PV: Valid in profile velocity mode PT: Valid in profile torque mode

F: Valid in all modes

## 3.1.1 Servo drive parameters

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode						
	Model-following bandwidth	2000h	PR_000	Immediate							F
	Control Mode Settings	2001h	PR_001	After restart							F
	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	2002h	PR_002	Immediate							F
ttings	Real time auto stiffness adjusting	2003h	PR_003	Immediate							F
sel	Inertia ratio	2004h	PR_004	Immediate							F
Basic settings	Command polarity inversion	2006h	PR_006	After restart							F
[Class 0]	Probe signal polarity settings/Command pulse input mode settings	2007h	PR_007	After restart							F
	Command pulse counts per revolution	2008h	PR_008	After restart	PP	PV		H M	CSP	CSV	
	Encoder pulse output per revolution	2011	PR_011	After restart							F
	Pulse output logic	2012	PR_012	After restart							F



Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode						
	inversion										
	1st Torque Limit	2013h	PR_013	Immediate							F
	Excessive Position	001/1	DD 01/		-			Н	000		
	Deviation Settings	2014h	PR_014	Immediate	PP			М	CSP		
	Absolute Encoder settings	2015h	PR_015	After restart							F
	Regenerative resistance	2016h	PR_016	Immediate							F
	Regenerative resistor power rating	2017h	PR_017	Immediate							F
	Friction compensation setting	2019h	PR_019	Immediate							F
	EtherCAT slave ID	2023h	PR_023	After restart							F
	Source of slave ID	2024h	PR_024	After restart							F
	Synchronous compensation time 1	2025h	PR_025	After restart					CSP		
	Synchronous compensation time 2	2026h	PR_026	After restart					CSP		
	Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts	2027h	PR_027	After restart					CSP		
	CSP mode safe self-running position setting	2028h	PR_028	Immediate					CSP		
	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain	2100h	PR_100	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
	1st velocity loop gain	2101h	PR_101	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2102h	PR_102	Immediate							F
	1st velocity detection filter	2103h	PR_103	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant	2104h	PR_104	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Position Loop Gain	2105h	PR_105	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain	2106h	PR_106	Immediate							F
nts	2 <sup>nd</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2107h	PR_107	Immediate							F
stme	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter	2108h	PR_108	Immediate							F
adius	2 <sup>nd</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant	2109h	PR_109	Immediate							F
ain a	Velocity feed forward gain	2110h	PR_110	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
Class 1  Gain adiustments	Velocity feed forward filter time constant	2111h	PR_111	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
Clas	Torque feed forward gain	2112h	PR_112	Immediate	PP	PV		H M	CSP	CSV	
=	Torque feed forward filter time constant	2113h	PR_113	Immediate	PP	PV		H M	CSP	CSV	
	Position control gain	2115h	PR_115	Immediate							F



Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation			٧	alid M	ode		
	switching mode										
	Position control gain										
	switching level	2117h	PR_117	Immediate							F
	Hysteresis at position										
	control switching	2118h	PR_118	Immediate							F
	Position gain switching										
	time	2119h	PR_119	Immediate							F
	Position command pulse										
	filter time	2135h	PR_135	Immediate							F
	Adaptive filtering mode	2200h	PR_200	Immediate							F
	settings										
	1st notch frequency	2201h	PR_201	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> notch bandwidth	22021-	DD 202	luono e di ete							F
	selection	2202h	PR_202	Immediate							F
	1st notch depth selection	2203h	PR_203	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch frequency	2204h	PR_204	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch bandwidth										
	selection	2205h	PR_205	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch depth selection	2206h	PR_206	Immediate							F
c	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch frequency	2207h	PR_207	Immediate							F
sio	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch bandwidth	-									
res	selection	2208h	PR_208	Immediate							F
ration suppression	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch depth selection	2209h	PR_209	Immediate							F
ns	1st damping frequency	2214h	PR_214	Immediate							F
ion	2 <sup>nd</sup> damping frequency	2216h	PR_216	Immediate							F
rati	Position command	221011	11(_210	IIIIIIediate							'
	smoothing filter	2222h	PR_222	Keep stop							F
2 \	Position command FIR							Н			
SS	filter	2223h	PR_223	Disable	PP			М	CSP		
[Class 2] Vib	5 <sup>th</sup> resonant frequency	2231h	PR_231	Immediate	PP			Н	CSP		
	5 <sup>th</sup> resonant Q value	2232h	PR_232	Immediate				М			F
	5 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant										
	frequency	2233h	PR_233	Immediate							F
	5th anti-resonant Q value	2234h	PR_234	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> resonant frequency 6 <sup>th</sup> resonant Q value	2235h	PR_235	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant	2236h	PR_236	Immediate							
	frequency	2237h	PR_237	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant Q value	2238h	PR_238	Immediate							F
	Internal/External										
	settings of velocity	2300h	PR_300	Immediate							F
	settings										
	Velocity command	2301h	PR_301	Immediate		PV				CSV	



Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation			٧	/alid M	lode		
	rotational direction selection										
	Velocity command input	2302h	PR_302	Immediate		PV				CSV	
	Velocity command input inversion	2303h	PR_303	Immediate		PV				CSV	
	1 <sup>st</sup> speed of velocity setting	2304h	PR_304	Immediate		PV				CSV	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> speed of velocity setting	2305h	PR_305	Immediate		PV				CSV	
	3 <sup>rd</sup> speed of velocity setting	2306h	PR_306	Immediate							F
	4 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2307h	PR_307	Immediate							F
	5 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2308h	PR_308	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2309h	PR_309	Immediate							F
	7 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2310h	PR_310	Immediate							F
ontro	8 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2311h	PR_311	Immediate							F
rque c	Acceleration time settings	2312h	PR_312	Immediate							F
ity/ Torque control	Deceleration time settings	2313h	PR_313	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
[Class 3] Veloci	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleratio n settings	2314h	PR_314	Disable	PP			H M	CSP		
Class	Zero speed clamp function selection	2315h	PR_315	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
	Zero speed clamp level	2316h	PR_316	Immediate							F
	Internal/External settings of torque	2317h	PR_317	Immediate		PV				CSV	
	Torque command direction	2318h	PR_318	Immediate		PV				CSV	
	Velocity limit value in torque mode	2321h	PR_321	Immediate							F
	Torque limit value in torque mode	2322h	PR_322	Immediate							F
	Zero speed clamp static time	2323h	PR_323	Immediate							F



Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation		Valid M	lode	
	Maximum motor rotational velocity	2324h	PR_324	Immediate				F
	Input selection DI1	2400h	PR_400	Immediate				F
	Input selection DI2	2401h	PR_401	Immediate				F
	Input selection DI3	2402h	PR_402	Immediate				F
	Input selection DI4	2403h	PR_403	Immediate		_		F
	Output selection D01	2410h	PR_410	Immediate				F
	Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3	2411h 2412h	PR_411 PR_412	Immediate Immediate				F
	Positioning complete range	2431h	PR_431	Immediate				F
[Class 4] I/0 interface	Positioning complete output setting	2432h	PR_432	Immediate	PP	H M	CSP	
I/0 int	INP positioning delay time	2433h	PR_433	Immediate				F
[7	Zero speed	2434h	PR_434	Immediate				F
lass	Velocity coincidence range	2435h	PR_435	Immediate				F
<u> </u>	Arrival velocity	2436h	PR_436	Immediate				F
	Motor power-off delay	2437h	PR_437	Immediate				F
	Delay time for holding brake release	2438h	PR_438	Immediate				F
	Holding brake activation speed	2439h	PR_439	Immediate				F
	Emergency stop function	2443h	PR_443	Immediate	PP	H M	CSP	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse count per revolution	2500h	PR_500	After restart	PP	H M	CSP	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Command frequency divider/multiplier numerator	2501h	PR_501	After restart	PP	H M	CSP	
sbu	2 <sup>nd</sup> Command frequency divider/multiplier denominator	2502h	PR_502	After restart				F
n settir	Driver prohibition input settings	2504h	PR_504	Immediate				F
sio	Servo-off mode	2506h	PR_506	After restart				F
Exten	Main power-off detection time	2509h	PR_509	Immediate				F
[Class 5] Extension settings	Servo-off due to alarm	2510h	PR_510	After restart				F
10]	Servo braking torque setting	2511h	PR_511	Immediate				F



Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation		Valid Mode					
	Overload level setting	2512h	PR_512	Immediate							F
	Overspeed level settings	2513h	PR_513	Immediate							F
	I/O digital filter	2515h	PR_515	Immediate							F
	Counter clearing input mode	2517h	PR_514	Immediate							F
	Position unit settings	2520h	PR_520	Disable							F
	Torque limit selection	2521h	PR_521	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque limit	2522h	PR_522	Immediate							F
	Positive torque warning threshold	2523h	PR_523	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
	Negative torque warning threshold	2524h	PR_524	Immediate							F
	LED initial status	2528h	PR_528	After restart							F
	Max. command pulse input frequency	2532h	PR_532	Immediate							F
	Encoder zero position compensation	2601h	PR_601	After restart							F
	JOG trial run velocity command	2604h	PR_604	Immediate							F
	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain valid time	2605h	PR_605	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain scale factor	2606h	PR_606	Immediate	PP			H M	CSP		
	Torque command additional value	2607h	PR_607	Immediate							F
	Positive direction torque compensation value	2608h	PR_608	Immediate							F
<u>s</u>	Negative direction torque compensation value	2609h	PR_609	Immediate							F
setting	Current response settings	2611h	PR_611	Immediate							F
[Class 6] Other settings	Max. time to stop after disabling	2614h	PR_614	Immediate							F
[9 s	Trial run distance	2620h	PR_620	Immediate							F
las	Trial run waiting time	2621h	PR_621	Immediate							F
<u>5</u>	No. of trial run cycles	2622h	PR_622	Immediate							F
	Trial run acceleration	2625h	PR_625	Immediate							F
	Velocity observer gain	2628h	PR_628	Immediate							F
	Velocity observer bandwidth	2629h	PR_629	Immediate							F
	Frame error window time	2634h	PR_634	Immediate							F
	Frame error window	2635h	PR_635	Immediate							F



Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode						
	Absolute value rotation mode denominator setting	2654h	PR_654	After restart	PP			H M	CSP		
	Blocked rotor alarm torque threshold	2656h	PR_656	Immediate							F
	Blocked rotor alarm delay time	2657h	PR_657	Immediate							F
	Homing mode position threshold	2659h	PR_659	Immediate							F
	Z signal holding time	2661h	PR_661	Immediate							F
	Absolute multiturn data upper limit	2663h	PR_663	After restart							F

# 3.1.2 Manufacturer parameters

Index	Sub index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max	Details
	01	RPDO length		8	0	64	
	02	TPD0 length		17	0	64	
	03	The number of RPDO		1	0	4	
	04	The number of TPDO		1	0	2	
	05	Sync0 Watchdog counter		0	0	65535	
	06	Reserved			0	65535	
	07	Sync0 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535	73B alarm threshold value. Set = 0 to deactivate limit
	08	Sync0 Drift watchdog counter		0	0	65535	
5004	09	Sync0 Drift watchdog limit		4	0	65535	73C alarm threshold value. Set = 0 to deactivate limit
	0A	SM2 watchdog counter		0	0	65535	
	0B	SM2 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535	73A alarm threshold value. Set = 0 to deactivate limit
	0C	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog counter		0			
	0D	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog limit		4			
	0E	Reserved			0	500	
	0F	Time interval between SM2 and Sync0	ns	0	0	100000 0000	832h Alarm detection
5006	00	Synchronous alarm setting		0xFFF F	0	0xFFF F	Bit0:818h Alarm enable switch Bit1: 819h



						1		Bit2	81Ah					
									824h					
								Bit4:	825h					
								Bit5:	Reserved	l				
								Bit6:	Reserved	I				
								Bit7:	82Ch					
								Bit8:	82Dh					
								Bit9:	832h					
								Bit10	~15: Rese	rved				
								Notes: 0 invalid; 1 valid						
		PD0 watchdog	ms	0	0	600	000	0: invalid:						
		overtime							valid;					
5010	00							Unit	ms;					
								Such	as RPD0	timeout alarm				
								818h	, TPD0 tim	neout alarm 819h				
		Homing setting	-	5	Bit0: A	bnor	mal s		protection					
								1: val						
										final stop				
								1: val		•				
					Bit2/Bit	3:								
					Bit2	Bit3	Pos	itive	Negativ	Feedback after				
							limi	t	e limit	the homing proces				
							posi	ition	positio	J .				
									n .					
					0	0	6071	D-02	607D-0	6064 = 607C				
5012	04						+ 60	7C	1+					
									607C					
					0	1	6071	D-02	607D-0	6064 = -607C				
							- 60	7C	1 - 607C					
					1	_	6071	D-02	607D-0	6064 = 0				
									1					
					Bit4: De	al wi	th Ov	ertrav	el betwee	n the high				
										ing process				
					0: Hon	ning p	roce	ss err	or (set 60	41h bit13=1);				
					1: As n	orma	l, cor	ntinue	homing p	rocess				
		Set												
5400	01	synchronization		250	125	10	00							
5400	UI	cycle minimum	us	250	125	10	UU							
		value												
		Set												
E/00	02	synchronization		10000	/000	20	000							
5400	02	cycle maximum	us	10000	4000	20	000							
		value												
	01	Absolute encoder						-						
	01	multiturn number	r	-	-		-							
		Encoder single	Б.					-						
	02	turn position	Pulse	-	-		-							
		Encoder feedback	Б.			1		-						
	03	position 32 bit low	Pulse	-	-		-							
		Encoder feedback				1		_						
5500	04	position 32 bit	Pulse	_	_		_							
	54	high	. 4.50			_								
		The actual				+		_						
	05	mechanical	Unit	_	_		_							
	0.0	position 32 bit low	Jill	_	_	-								
		The actual				+		<del> </del>						
	06	mechanical	Unit	-	-		-	-						
		mechallicat		]	L			1						



		position 32 bit high					
		Number of					-
	07	encoder communication exceptions		-	-	-	
	01	Motor Speed	r/min	-	-	-	-
	02	Speed of position command	r/min	_	-	-	-
	03	Speed command	r/min	-	-	-	-
	04	Actual torque	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	05	Torque command	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	06	Relative position error	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	07	Internal position command	Pulse	-	-	-	-
5501	08	Overload ratio	0.1%	-	-	-	-
5501	09	Discharge load rate	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0A	Inertia ratio	%	-	-	-	-
	0B	Actual positive torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0C	Actual negative torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0D	U phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0E	W phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	01	DI input signal	-	-	-	-	-
	02	S0 output signal	-	-	-	-	-
	03	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-
5502	04	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-
	05	Bus voltage	V	-	-	-	-
	06	Temperature	$^{\circ}$	-	-	-	-
	07	Power on time	S	-	-	-	-

# 3.1.3 Motion parameters starting with object dictionary 6000

Index	Sub-index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max	Mode
603F	0	Error code	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
6040	0	Control word	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
6041	0	Status word	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
605A	0	Quick stop option code	-	2	0	7	F
605B	0	Motor deceleration-stopping mode selection	-	0	0	1	F
605C	0	Axis disabled-stopping mode selection	-	0	0	1	F
605D	0	Pause-stopping mode selection	-	1	1	3	F



		Alarm - stopping mode	-				
605E	0	selection		0	0	2	F
6060	0	Operation mode selection	-	8	1	11	F
6061	0	Operation mode display	-	0	0	10	F
6062	0	Position command	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P/HM
6063	0	Actual internal position	Encoder unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	F
6064	0	Actual position feedback	Command unit	ı	-214748 3648	2147483 647	F
6065	0	Position deviation window	Command unit	30000	0	2147483 647	PP/CS P/HM
6066	0	Position deviation detection time	ms	10	0	65535	PP/CS P/HM
6067	0	Position window	Command unit/s	0	0	2147483 647	PP/CS P/HM
6068	0	Position window time	ms	0	0	65535	PP/CS P/HM
606B	0	Internal command velocity	Command unit/s	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSV/P V
606C	0	Velocity feedback	Command unit/s	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	PP/CS P/HM
606D	0	Velocity window	Command unit /s	10	0	65535	PV/CS V
606E	0	Velocity window time	ms	0	0	65535	PV/CS V
606F	0	Zero-speed threshold	Command unit/s	10	0	65535	PV/CS V
6071	0	Target torque	0.001	0	-32768	32767	CST/PT
6072	0	Maximum torque	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
6073	0	Maximum current	0.001	3000	-	65535	F
6074	0	Internal command torque	0.001	0	-32768	32767	F
6075	0	Motor current rating	mA	3000	0	2147483 647	F
6077	0	Actual torque	0.1%	0	-32768	32767	F
6079	0	DC bus voltage	mV	0	0	2147483 647	F
607A	0	Target position	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P
607C	0	Homing position offset	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	НМ
607D	1	Min. software limit	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P
0070	2	Max. software limit	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P
607E	0	Motor rotational direction	-	0x0	0x0	0xFF	F
607F	0	Maximum protocol velocity	Command unit /s	214748 3647	0	2147483 647	PP/HM /PV/CS T
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	r/min	6000	0	2147483 647	F
6081	0	Protocol velocity	Command unit /s	10000	0	2147483 647	PP



(000		D	Command	10000	1	2147483	DD /D\//
6083	0	Protocol acceleration	unit /s²	10000	1	647	PP/PV/
6084	0	Protocol deceleration	Command unit /s²	10000	1	2147483 647	PP/PV
/00F	0	Emergency stop	Command	100000	1	2147483	CSP/C
6085	U	deceleration	unit /s²	00	ı	647	SV/PP/ PV/HM
6087	0	Torque slope	0.001/s	5000	1	2147483 647	PT
608F	1	Encoder resolution	Encoder unit	0	0	2147483 647	F
	1	Electronic gear ratio numerator	r	1	1	2147483 647	F
6091	2	Electronic gear ratio denominator	r	1	1	2147483 647	F
6092	1	Number of pulses per rotation	Command unit/r	10000	1	2147483 647	F
6098	0	Homing method	-	19	-6	37	НМ
6099	1	High velocity homing	Command unit /s	10000	0	2147483 647	НМ
	2	Low velocity homing	Command unit /s	5000	0	2147483 647	НМ
609A	0	Homing acceleration /deceleration	Command unit /s²	50000 0	1	2147483 647	НМ
60B0	0	Position feedforward	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP
60B1	0	Velocity feedforward	Command unit /s	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/C SV/PP/ PV/HM
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	0.001	0	-32768	32767	F
60B8	0	Probe function	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
60B9	0	Probe status	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
60BA	0	Probe 1 rising edge	Command	0	-214748	2147483	F
002/1		captured position	unit		3648	647	
60BB	0	Probe 1 falling edge	Command	0	-214748	2147483	F
		captured position	unit		3648	647	
60BC	0	Probe 2 rising edge captured position	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	F
60BD	0	Probe 2 falling edge captured position	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	F
		Protocol maximum	Command	100000		2147483	
60C5	0	acceleration	unit /s²	000	1	647	F
/00/	0	Protocol maximum	Command	100000	1	2147483	F
60C6	0	deceleration	unit /s²	000	1	647	F
60D5	0	Probe 1 rising edge	_	0	0	65535	F
5003		captured count(s)	_			55555	'
60D6	0	Probe 1 falling edge	_	0	0	65535	F
		captured count(s)		-	-		-



60D7	0	Probe 2 rising edge captured count(s)	-	0	0	65535	F
60D8	0	Probe 2 falling edge captured count(s)	-	0	0	65535	F
60E0	0	Max. torque in positive direction	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
60E1	0	Max. torque in negative direction	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
60F4	0	Actual following error	Command unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P/HM
60FA	0	Position loop velocity output	Command unit /s	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P/HM
60FC	0	Internal command position	Encoder unit	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSP/P P/HM
60FD	0	Input status	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F
60FE	1	Output valid	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F
	2	Output enabled	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F
60FF	0	Target velocity	Command unit /s	0	-214748 3648	2147483 647	CSV/P V
6502	0	Supported operation modes	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F

## 3.2 Parameter Function

Panel Display as follows:



- Parameter valid under following modes
  - CSP: Cyclic synchronous position mode

CSV: Cyclic synchronous velocity mode

CST: Cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Homing mode

PP: Profile position mode

PV: Profile velocity mode PT: Profile torque mode

F: All modes



# 3.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Settings

	Label	Model-follow	ing bar	ndwidth	Valid Mode					F
Pr0.00	Range	0~5000	0~5000 Unit 0.1H		Default	1	Index		2000h	1
	Activation	Immediate								

Model-following bandwidth, also known as model-following control (MFC), is used to control the position loop to improve the responsiveness to commands, speed up positioning time and reduce following error. The effect is obvious especially in low and medium mechanical stiffness.

Value	Explanation
0	Disable the function.
1	Enable the function to set bandwidth automatically, recommended for most applications. Pr0.00=Pr1.01
2	Reserved
3-9	Invalid

Pr0.00>9: Model-following bandwidth value set by Pr0.00.

10<Pr0.00<5000: Specifies the bandwidth.

\*Recommended settings for belt application: 30<Pr0.00<100.

	Label	Control Mo	Control Mode Settings							F
Pr0.01	Range	0~9 Unit —		Default	9	Index		2001h		
	Activation	After restar	rt .							

## Set value to use following control modes:

Value	Content	Details
0-8	Reserved	Reserved
9	EtherCAT mode	PP/PV/PT/HM/CSP/CSV/CST

Pr0.02	Label	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting			Valid Mode						F
P10.02	Range	0x0~0xFFF Unit —		_	Default	0x00	)1	Index		2002h	1
	Activation	Immediate									

Set up the mode of the real time auto gain adjusting.

Data bits	Category	Settings	Application						
0x00_	Motion setting mode	motion character recommended to special requires	tion setting mode, which can be selected according to the eristics or setting requirements. Generally, it is to select mode 1 with good generality when there is no ment, mode 2 when rapid positioning is needed If mode 1 mot meet the requirements, please choose mode 0.  Pr0.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.  Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.						
		2:Positioning	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitabl for applications requiring quick positioning. Not						



			recommended for load mounted vertical to ground, or please compensate for the load using Pr6.07				
	Load type setting	Used to select the load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and mechanical structure.					
0x0_0		0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.				
		1:High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.				
		2: Flexible structure	This mode prioritizes system stability. Use this mode when there is low rigidity structure with high load inertia. Typical applications included belts and chains.				
0x_00	reserved						

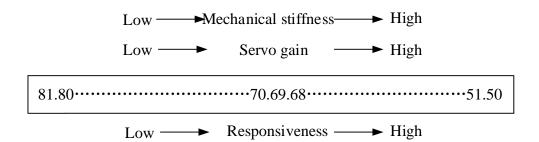
The setting type combination is a hexadecimal standard, as follows:

Setting type	Application type
combination	
0X000	Rigid structure Manual
0X001	Rigid structure +Standard
0X002	Rigid structure +Positioning
0X010	High inertia + Manual
0X011	High inertia + Standard
0X012	High inertia + Positioning
0X020	Flexible structure + Manual
0X021	Flexible structure
	+Standard
0X022	Flexible structure
	+Positioning



	Pr0.03	Label	Real time a adjusting	Mode					F	
		Range	50 ~ 81	Unit	1	Default	70	Index		2003h
	Activation	Immediate								

Valid when Pr0.03 = 1,2



Lower values ensure better system responsiveness and mechanical stiffness but machine vibration might occur, please set accordingly.

	Label	Inertia ratio			Mode							F	
Pr0.04	Range	0~20000	Unit	%	Default	250		Index			2004h		
	Activation	Immediate											

#### Pr0.04=( load inertia/motor rotational inertia)×100%

#### Notice:

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.



Pr0.06	Label	Command polarity inversion			Mode							F
	Range	0 ~ 1	Unit	_	Default	0		Index			2006h	)
	Activation	After resta	After restart									

Used to change the rotational direction of the motor.

Set value	Details
	Polarity of the command is not inversed. The direction of rotation is
0	consistent with the polarity of command.
1	Polarity of command is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposite
I	to the polarity of command.

Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, Pr0.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when Pr0.06 = 0.

Pr0.07	Label	Probe signa settings/Co input mode	mmand p		Mode					F
	Range	0 ~ 3	0 ~ 3 Unit —		Default	3	Index		2007h	
	Activation	After restar								

Probe signal polarity settings take effect when Pr0.01 = 9

Set value	Details
0	Probe 1 & 2 polarity inversion
1	Probe 2 polarity inversion
2	Probe 1 polarity inversion
3	No polarity inversion for probe 1 & 2

### If $Pr0.01 \neq 9$ , Pr0.07 = Command pulse input mode settings.

### Command pulse input

Command Polarity inversion (Pr0.06)	Command pulse input mode settings (Pr0.07)	Command Pulse Mode	Positive signal	Negative signal
[0]	0 <i>or</i> 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse ( Phase A+ Phase B)	A	tl tl
	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence	t2 t2	12 12



	[3]	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol	t4 t5 t4 t5 t6 t6 t6	
	0 <i>or</i> 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse (Phase A+Phase B)	A	
1	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence	t2 t2	
	□3	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol	14 t5 t6 t6 t6 t6	

### Command pulse input signal max. frequency and min. duration needed

Command mul	Command pulse input interface			Min. duration needed (µ□s)							
Command put	se input interrace	Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6			
Pulse	Differential drive	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1			
sequence interface	Open collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5			

Please set >0.1 $\mu$ s for the duration between rising and falling edge of command pulse input signal.

1 revolution with 2500 pulses 2-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=0 or 2, Pr0.08 = 10000;

1 revolution with 10000 pulses 1-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=1 or 3, Pr0.08 = 10000

	Label	Command p		ounts	Mode						F	
Pr0.08	Range	0~838860 8	Uni t	P-	Default	0 Index				2008h		
	Activation	After restart										
	Pulses per rev higher priority.		set us	sing objec	ct dictionary 60	8F, 609	91, 6092. H	oweve	r, Pr	0.08 h	as	

Pr0.11	Label	Encoder pulse output per revolution			Mode						F
	Range	0~65535	Uni t	P/r	Default	2500	Index	Index		2011	
	Activation	After restart							•		

Including rising and falling edge of phase A and B, so encoder actual differential output pulse count =  $Pr0.011 \times 4$ 

Please make sure: Motor rotational speed x Pr0.11 x 4≤1MHz. If exceeds, alarm Er280 might



Pr0.12	Label	Pulse outpu	t logic		Mode						H.
Pr0.12	Range	0~1	Uni t	-	Default	0		Index		2012	
	Activation	After restar	t				•				

To set phase B logic and output source from encoder pulse output.

### Pulse output logic inversion

Pr0.12	Phase B logic	CW direction	CCW direction
[0]	Not inverted	A-phase B-phase	A-phase B-phase
[1]	Inverted	A-phase B-phase	A-phase B-phase

Pr0.13	Label	1st Torque	Limit		Mode					F
Pr0.13	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	Index		2013h	
	Activation	Immedia	te							
1st targue limit is not according to ratio percentage of mater rated current. Do not exceed may										

1<sup>st</sup> torque limit is set according to ratio percentage of motor rated current. Do not exceed max driver output current.

Actual torque limit is the smaller value of Pr0.13 and object dictionary 6072

Pr0.14	Label	Excessive Deviation			Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr0.14	Range	0~500	Unit	0.1rev	Default	30	Index	(		2014h	
	Activation	Immediat	е								

Please set threshold value for position deviation accordingly. Default factory setting = 30, Er180 will be triggered if positive deviation is in excess of 3 revolutions.

D=0.15	Label	Absolute Encoder settings		settings	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr0.15	Range	0~32767	Unit	-	Default	0	Ind	lex		2015h	
	Activation	Immediat	e								

### 0: Incremental mode:

Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance.

### 1: Multiturn linear mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

### 2: Multiturn rotary mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(Pr6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

### 3: Single turn absolute mode:

Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.



- 5: Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.
- 9: Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.

	Label	Regenera	tive resis	tance	Mode				F				
Pr0.16	Range	40~500	500 Unit Ohm Default 100 Index 2016h										
	Activation	Immediate											
To set resistance value of regenerative resistor													

	D=0.17	Label	Regenera power rat		tor	Mode						F
Pr0		Range	20~5000	Unit	W	Default	50	Ind	ex	;	2017h	
		Activation	Immediate	е								

To set power rating of regenerative resistor.

Pr0.16 and Pr0.17 determines the threshold value of Er 120. Please set accordingly or it might trigger false alarm or damage to servo driver.

Note: If external regenerative resistor is used, please set according to its labeled power rating.

	Label	Friction co setting	mpensati	on	Mode							F
-	Range	0~1000	Unit	-	Default	0		Index			2019h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	Friction compensation setting = 0, default = 1;											

Friction compensation setting = x, indicating x+1/10000 of friction compensation runway;

	Label	EtherCAT	slave ID		Mode			F						
Pr0.23	Range	0~32767	Unit	_	Default	2	Index	2023h						
	Activation	After res	tart											
Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode														
	Label Source of slave ID Mode F													
Pr0.24	Range	ange 0~1 Unit — Default 1 Index 2024h												
	Activation After restart													
	0. Maatamalassiaa						·	·						

0: Master device automatically assigns a slave address.

1: The slave ID = Pr0.23

Pr0.25	Label	Synchron compens		<u>+</u> 1	Mode					CS P		
	Range	1~100	Unit	0.1us	Default	10		Index			2025h	
	Activation	After restart										

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.



Pr0.26	Label	Synchron compens		e 2	Mode				CS P		
Pru.26	Range	1~2000	Unit	0.1us	Default	50	Inde	ex		2026h	
	Activation	After restart									

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.

Pr0.27	Label	Synchroni command counts			Mode			CS P		
	Range	1~50	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2027h	
	Activation	After rest	tart							

Driver delays N position loop cycle counts to receive position command from master device. To solve motor jitter caused by master device with poor synchronization.

Pr0.28	Label	CSP mode self-runni setting		in	Mode			CS P		
	Range	0~10000	Unit	-	Default	10	Index	2	2028h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.

### 3.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjustments

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> positio	n loop ga	in	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr1.00	Range	0~3000 0	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320	Index	x		2100h	
	Activation	Immediat	е								

Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time.

Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel. As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.

Recommended range:  $1.2 \le Pr1.00/Pr1.01 \le 1.8$ 



	-	Label	1st velocity	y loop gai	n	Mode					F
		Range	1~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180	Index		2101h	
		Activation	Immediat	е							

To determine the responsiveness of the velocity loop. If inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is uniform with actual inertia ratio, velocity loop responsiveness = Pr1.01.

To increase position loop gain and improve responsiveness of the whole system, velocity loop gain must be set at higher value. Please notice that if the velocity loop gain is too high, it might cause vibration.

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Integra of Velocity		nstant	Mode				F
Pr1.02	Range	1~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	310	Index	2102h	
	Activation	Immediate	е						

If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, Pr1.02 is activated.

The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur.

Set 10000 to deactivate Pr1.02.

Recommended range: 50000≤PA1.01xPA1.02≤150000

For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of velocity loop should be  $100(0.1ms) \le Pr1.02 \le 300(0.1ms)$ 

	Label	1st velocity	y detectio	n filter	Mode					F
Pr1.03	Range	0~10000	Unit	_	Default	15	Index		2103h	
	Activation	Immediat	e							

This filter is a low pass filter. It blocks high frequencies which cause system instability from velocity feedback data. The higher the set value, lower frequencies will be blocked and velocity responsiveness will also be lowered. Pr1.03 needs to match velocity loop gain. Please refer to the following table.

Set Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	Set Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)
0	2500	16	750
1	2250	17	700
2	2100	18	650
3	2000	19	600
4	1800	20	550
5	1600	21	500
6	1500	22	450
7	1400	23	400
8	1300	24	350
9	1200	25	300
10	1100	26	250
11	1000	27	200
12	950	28	175
13	900	29	150
14	850	30	125
15	800	31	100



	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Tord	jue Filte t	r Time	Mode					F
Pr1.04	Range	0~250 0	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index		2104h	
	Activation	Immedia	ate							

To set torque command low-pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command.

Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. Pr1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Recommended range: 1,000,000/( $2\pi \times Pr1.04$ )  $\geq Pr1.01 \times 4$ 

For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be  $Pr1.01 \le 221(0.01ms)$ 

If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting Pr1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop.

With higher Pr1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce Pr1.04 value;

With lower Pr1.01 value settings, increase Pr1.04 value to lower motor noise.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Positio	on Loop	Gain	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr1.05	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	380	Index			2105h	
	Activation	Immediat	е								
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> veloci	ty loop	gain	Mode						F
Pr1.06	Range	1~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180	Index			2106h	
	Activation	Immediat	e								
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Integr Constant Loop			Mode						ш
Pr1.07	Range	1~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	10000	Index			2107h	
	Activation	Immedia	te			·	•				
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> velo	city d	etection	Mode		_				F
Pr1.08	Range	0~31	Unit	_	Default	15	Index			2108h	
	Activation	Immedia	te								
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Torqu Constant		Time	Mode						F
Pr1.09	Range	0~2500	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index			2109h	
	Activation	Immedia	te								



Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter eachhave 2 pairs of gain or time constant (1st and 2nd).

	Label	Velocity gain	feed	forward	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr1.10	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.10%	Default	300	Index	X		2110h	
	Activation	Immediat	e								

Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.

	Label	Velocity filter time			Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr1.11	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50	Index	(		2111h	
	Activation	Immediat	e								

Set velocity feed forward low pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain.

Please to refer to the equation below.

Position deviation [Uint] = 
$$\frac{Set\ velocity[\frac{Uint}{s}]}{Position\ loop\ gain[Hz]}\ x\ \frac{100-Velocity\ feed\ foward\ gain[\%]}{100}$$

	Label	Torque gain	feed	forward	Mode	PP	PV	НМ	CS P	C: V	S		
Pr1.12	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1%	Default	0		Index			211	2h	
	Activation	Immedia	te										

Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.

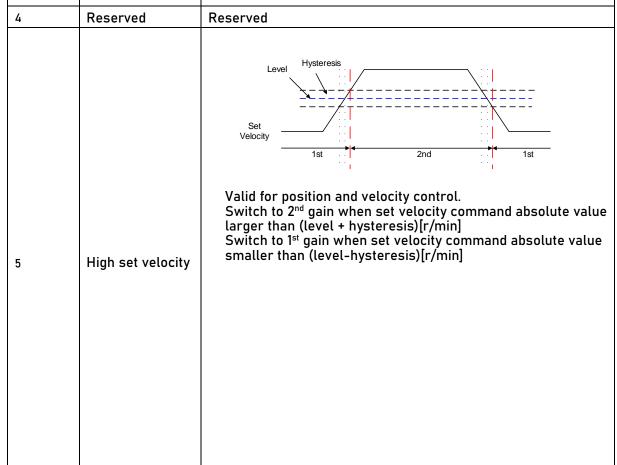
	Label	Torque filter tim		forward ant	Mode	PP	PV	НМ	CS P	CS V		
Pr1.13	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0		Index			2113h	
	Activation	Immedia	te									

Low pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision.

Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.



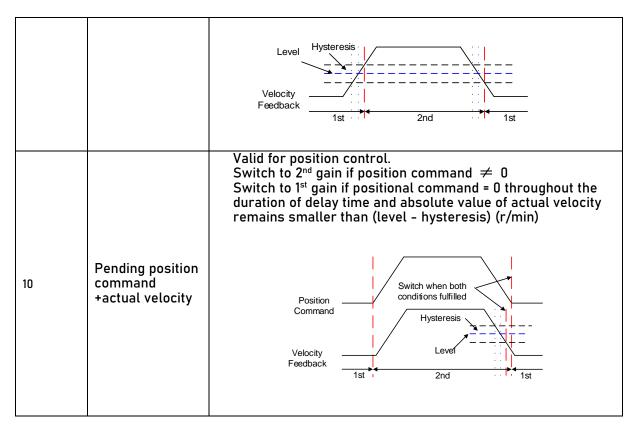
	Labe	l		on control hing mode	-	Mode				
Pr1.15	Rang	е	0~11	Unit	_	Default	0	In	dex	2115h
	Activ	ation	Imme	diate						
	et alue	Condition		Gain swit	tching co	ndition				
0		1st gain fixe	·d		•	gain(Pr1.00-	•			
1		2 <sup>nd</sup> gain fix	ed	Fixed on	using 2 <sup>nd</sup>	gain (Pr1.05	-Pr1.09)			
2		Reserved								
3		High set to	rque	larger Switch	than (le <sup>,</sup> 1 to 1 <sup>st</sup> ga		sis)[%] torque co ·esis)[%]	Deceleratio	l absolu	
		Reserved		Reserved	.1					





6	Large position deviation	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[pulse]  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[pulse]
7	Pending position command	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain if position command ≠ 0  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the duration of delay time.
8	Not yet in position	Valid for position control. Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain if position command is not completed. Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain if position command <b>remains uncompleted</b> throughout the duration of delay time.
9	High actual velocity	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min]  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]





For position control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,6,9,10; For velocity control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,9;

\*\* Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to Pr1.17 Position control gain switching level and Pr1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.

	Label	Position of switching		gain	Mode					F
Pr1.17	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	50	Ind	ex	2117h	
	Activation	Immediat	e							

Set threshold value for gain switching to occur.

Unit is mode dependent.

Switching condition	Unit
Position	Encoder pulse count
Velocity	RPM
Torque	%

Please set level ≥ hysteresis

Pr1.18	Label	Hysteres control s	•	Mode					F	
	Range	0~2000	Mode		Default	33	Index		2118h	

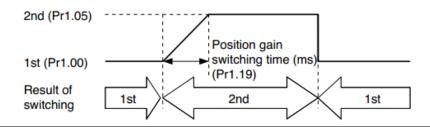


	0					
Activation	Immediat	е				
To eliminate the If level< hysteres	-	•	•		h Pr1.17 using the	e same unit.

Dr1 10	Label	Position of time	gain swi	tching	Mode					F
Pr1.19	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	33	Index		2119h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							

During position control, to ease torque changes and vibration due to rapid changes in position loop gain, set suitable Pr1.19 value

For example: 1st (pr1.00) <-> 2nd (Pr1.05)



Dr1 35	Label	Position co	ommand p	ulse	Mode					F
Pr1.35	r1.35 Range		Unit	20ns	Default	20	Index		2135h	
	Activation	Immediate	9							

To eliminate interfering narrow band pulse train from position command pulse. If value set is too high, it might interfere high frequency position command pulse receiving and causes large delays.

Pr1.35 calculation formula:

$$Filter\ frequency = \frac{1}{2\ x\ Pr1.35\ x0.05\mu s}\ x\ 1\ 000\ 000Hz$$



# 3.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression

	Label	Adaptive settings	e filterin	g mode	Mode					F
Pr2.00	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	:	2200h	
	Activation	Immedia	ate							

Set value		Explanation
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> notch filter remain unchanged
1	Adaptive filter: 1 filter valid for once.	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters updated accordingly. Pr2.00 switches automatically to 0 once updated.
2	Adaptive filter: 1 filter remains valid	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters will keep updating accordingly.
3-4	Reserved	-

	Label	1st notch	n frequen	су	Mode					F	
Pr2.01	Range	50~40 00	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	ס	Index		2201h	
	Activation	Immedi	ate								
	Set center freque Set Pr2.01 to 400				notch filter.						

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> no selection		ndwidth	Mode					F
Pr2.02	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index		2202h	
	Activation	Immedi	ate							

Set notch bandwidth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.03, Pr2.02 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> notch	depth sel	ection	Mode					F
Pr2.03	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2203h	
	Activation	Immedia	te							



Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.02, Pr2.03 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch f	requenc	су	Mode					F
Pr2.04	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Ind	ex	2204h	
	Activation	Immediate	)							
	<u> </u>	5 Ond								

Set center frequency of  $2^{nd}$  torque command notch filter.

Set Pr2.04 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

Pr2.05	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> no selection		ndwidth	Mode					F
	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Inde	<	2205h	I
	Activation	Immedia	te							

Set notch bandwidth for 2<sup>nd</sup> resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.06, Pr2.05 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch	depth se	lection	Mode					E
Pr2.06	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2206h	
	Activation	Immedia	te							

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

When Pr2.06 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, incombination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.05, Pr2.06 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch f	frequenc	су	Mode						F
Pr2.07	Range	50~400 0	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	)	Index		2207h	
	Activation	Immediate	е								

Set center frequency of 3<sup>rd</sup> torque command notch filter.

Set Pr2.07 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

Pr2.08	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> note selection	ch ba	ındwidth	Mode					F
	Range	0~20	Unit	Default	4	Index		2287h	I	



,	Activation	Immediate
		idth for 3 <sup>rd</sup> resonant notch filter. rcumstances, please use factory default settings.

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch	depth se	lection	Mode							F	
- 12.07	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0		Index			2206h		
- 12.07	Activation	Immedia	te										
	Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.												
	When Pr2.09 val	value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces.											

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> dampi	ng freque	ency	Mode					F		
Pr2.14	Range	0~2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	0	Index		2214h	l		
	Activation											
	0: Deactivate	1										
	To suppress wo deceleration up Pr2.15 to wobble Motion Studio)	on stoppin	g. Especi	ally effec	tive for wobl	ble with fr	requencies (	under 10	00Hz. S	et		

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> damp	ing frequ	ency	Mode					F
Pr2.16	Range	0~2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	0	Index		2216h	
	Activation	Immedia	te							

0: Deactivate

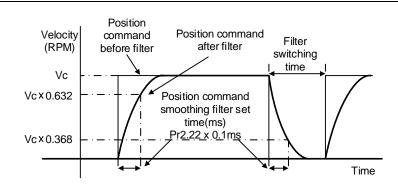
To suppress wobble at load end. Often used when wobble of flexible structure due to high deceleration upon stopping. Especially effective for wobble with frequencies under 100Hz. Set Pr2.15 to wobble frequency (wobble frequency can be determined using tracing function of Motion Studio)

	Label	Position co		d	Mode	PP HM CS P				
Pr2.22	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index	2222h		
	Activation	Stop axis								

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity Vc square wave command as show below.

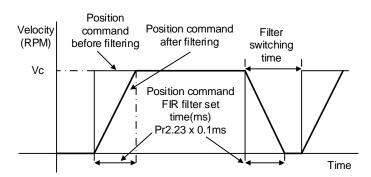




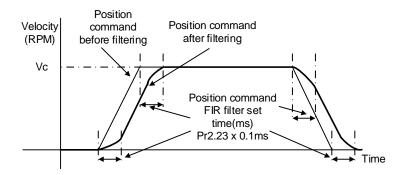
Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

	Label	Position filter	comman	d FIR	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
_	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index			2223h	
	Activation	Disable axis									

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or



undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

\*\*Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify Pr2.23. Filter switching time = (Pr2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)

	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> resona	nt freque	ency	Mode					F
Pr2.31	Range	50~400 0	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index		2231h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of  $5^{th}$  resonant notch filter. Pr2.31 corresponds to machine specific resonant frequency.

Notch filter deactivated if Pr2.31 is set to any value.

		Label	5 <sup>th</sup> resona	nt Q valu	е	Mode						F	
	Pr2.32	Range	0~10000	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index	Index				
		Activation Immediate											
To set notch Q value of 5 <sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter													

	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> frequency	anti-r	esonant	Mode							F
Pr2.33	Range	50~4000 0	Unit	Hz	Default	400	0	Index	22		2233h	
	Activation	Immediate					•			•		

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of  $5^{th}$  resonant notch filter. Pr2.31 corresponds to machine-specific anti-resonant frequency.

	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> anti-res	onant Q	value	Mode							F
Pr2.34	Range	0~9900 Unit Hz			Default	0		Index			2234h	ı
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate									

To set resonant Q value of 5th resonant notch filter



	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> resona	nt freque	ency	Mode							F	
Pr2.35	Range	50~400 0	Unit	Hz	Default	400	0	Index			2235h		
	Activation	Immediate											
	To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 6th resonant notch filter. Pr2.35 corresponds to												

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 6<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter. Pr2.35 corresponds to machine-specific resonant frequency.

Notch filter deactivated if Pr2.31 is set to any value.

	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> resona	nt Q valu	ie	Mode						F		
Pr2.36	Range	0~10000	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index			2236h			
	Activation	Immediate											
To set notch Q value of 6 <sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter													

	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> frequency	anti-resonant		Mode						F
Pr2.37	Range	50~4000 0	Unit	Hz	Default	400	0	Index		2237h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of  $6^{th}$  resonant notch filter. Pr2.37 corresponds to machine-specific anti-resonant frequency.

	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-res	onant Q	value	Mode					F
Pr2.38	Range	0~9900	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index		2238h	1
	Activation	Immediate								
	•									

To set resonant Q value of 6th resonant notch filter

# 3.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control

	Label	-	Internal/External settings of velocity settings							F
Pr3.00	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default	1	Inde	X	2	300h
	Activation	Immediate								
	Internal velocity s	ettings can b	e achie	ved by co	nnecting to d	river's in	put interfa	ace.		
	Set value			Velocity	/ settings					
	0	Analog veloc	city comr	nand (SPR	2)					
	[1]	Internal velo	city com	mand: 1 <sup>st</sup> t	o 4 <sup>th</sup> speed (Pr3	3.04 to Pr	3.07)			
	2	Internal velo	city com	mand 1st to	o 3 <sup>rd</sup> speed (Pr3	.04 to Pr3	.06),			

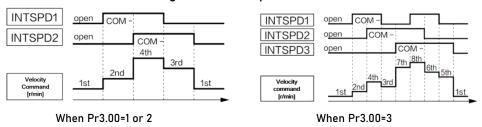


	Analog velocity command (SPR)
3	Internal velocity command 1st to 8th speed (Pr3.00 to Pr3.11)

Table below shows relationship between Pr3.00 and internal velocity command

Set value	Selection 1 of internal velocity command (INTSPD1)	Selection 2 of internal velocity command (INTSPD2)	Selection 3 of internal velocity command (INTSPD3)	Selection of velocity command
	0FF	0FF		1 <sup>st</sup> speed
1	ON	0FF	No effect	2 <sup>nd</sup> speed
	0FF	ON	No chect	3 <sup>rd</sup> speed
	ON	ON		4 <sup>th</sup> speed
	0FF	0FF		1 <sup>st</sup> speed
	ON	0FF		2 <sup>nd</sup> speed
2	0FF	ON	No effect	3r⁴speed
	ON	ON		Analog speed command
	ON	ON	0FF	1 <sup>st</sup> to 4 <sup>th</sup> speed
	OFF	OFF	ON	5 <sup>th</sup> speed
3	ON	0FF	ON	6 <sup>th</sup> speed
	0FF	ON	ON	7 <sup>th</sup> speed
	ON	ON	ON	8 <sup>th</sup> speed

Please refer to diagrams below change internal speed command one-by-one. Changing more than 1 at the same time might incur unexpected circumstances.



Pr3.01	Label	Velocity con rotational d selection		Mode					F	
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2301h	
	Activation	Immediate								

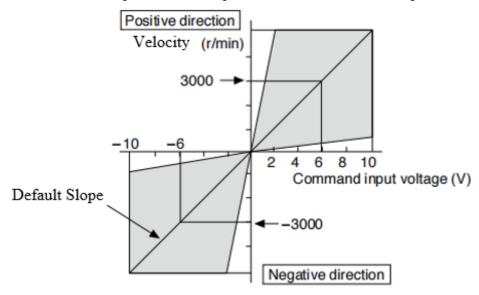
Set value	Velocity command sign(1 <sup>st</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup> speed)	Velocity command direction(VC-SIGN)	Position command direction
	+	No effect	Positive direction
0	_	No effect	Negative
	_	No effect	direction
	Sign has no effect.	OFF	Positive direction
1	Cian has no offeet	ON	Negative
	Sign has no effect	ON	direction



Pr3 02	Label	Velocity c	omman	d input	Mode					F
Pr3.02	Range	10~2000	Unit	(r/min)/V	Default	500	Index		2302h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							

Set conversion gain from voltage applied to the analog velocity command (SPR) to motor velocity command.

- Use Pr3.02 to set the slope for relation between command input voltage and rotational velocity.
- Default is set to Pr3.02=500 [r/min] hence input of 6V is 3000 r/min.
- 1. Do not apply more than  $\pm 10~V$  to analog velocity command (SPR).
- 2. While in velocity control mode in combination with driver external position loop, position gain of the driver will have changes. Vibration might occur if Pr3.02 is set too large.



Pr3 03	Label	Velocity co	mmano	l input	Mode					F
Pr3.03	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2303h	
	Activation	Immediate								

Specify the polarity of the voltage applied to the analog velocity command (SPR).

Set value	Мс	otor rotational direction
0	Non-reversa	"+Voltage" → "Positive direction"
U	l	"-Voltage" →"Negative direction"
1	Reversal	"+Voltage" → "Negative direction"
'	Reversal	"-Voltage" → "Positive direction"

While servo driver is set on simulated velocity control and in combination with external positioning device, motor might undergo abnormal behavior when velocity command signal polarity from external positioning device doesn't match the polarity set in Pr3.03



	Label	1st speed of velo	city se	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.04	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2304h
	Activation	Immediate			L			1
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> speed of vel	ocity s	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.05	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2305h
	Activation	Immediate						·
	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> speed of vel	ocity s	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.06	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2306h
	Activation	Immediate						·
	Label	4 <sup>th</sup> speed of vel	ocity s	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.07	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2307h
	Activation	Immediate						·
	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> speed of vel	ocity s	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.08	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2308h
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate					·
	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> speed of vel	ocity se	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.09	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2309h
	Activation	Immediate					•	·
	Label	7 <sup>th</sup> speed of vel	ocity se	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.10	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2310h
	Activation	Immediate					·	·
	Label	8 <sup>th</sup> speed of vel	ocity s	etting	Mode			F
Pr3.11	Range	-10000~10000	Uni t	r/min	Default	0	Index	2311h
	Activation	Immediate						·
	Set internal velo	city commands, 1	st to 8th	speed				
	Label	Acceleration ti			Mode		PV	CSV
Pr3.12	Range	0~10000 Un	it (10	ms/ 00RPM)	Default	0	Index	2312h
	Activation	Immediate		<u> </u>		•	•	<u>.</u>
Pr3.13	Label	Deceleration ti	me se	ttings	Mode		PV	CS V



Range	0~10000	Unit	ms/ (1000RPM)	Default	0	Index	2313h
Activation	Immediate						

Set max acceleration/deceleration for velocity command.

If target velocity = x [rpm], max acceleration = a [unit: rpm/ms], acceleration time = t [ms]

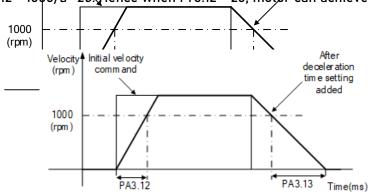
With added

Pr3.12 = 1000/a

Pr3.13 = 1000/a a = x/t

Velocity Initial acceleration acceleration deceleration

For example: If mintor is to achieve 1500rpm in 00s eta 00/30=50r pm/ms Pr3.12 = 1000/a=20. Hence when Pr3.12 = 20, motor can achieve 1500rpm in 30s.

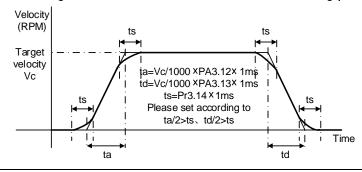


Usually used when there is rapid acceleration or trapezoidal wave velocity command due to many different internal speed segments under velocity control mode which causes instable while motor in motion.

Under velocity control mode, 6083 and 6084 is limited by Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 correspondingly.

Pr3.14	Label	Sigmoid acceleration settings	n/deceler	Mode		PV				CSV		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	ms	Default	0	Inde	ex			2314h	
	Activation	Axis disable	Axis disable									

To set sigmoid acceleration and deceleration turning point in accordance to Pr3.12 and Pr3.13.





	Label	Zero speed clamp function selection			Mode						F
Pr3.15	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default 0			Index		2315h	
_	Activation	Immediate									

Set value	Zero speed clamp function
0	Invalid: zero speed clamp deactivated
1	Velocity command is forced to 0 when the zero speed clamp (ZEROSPD) input signal is valid.
2	Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than Pr3.16.
3	Includes conditions from 1 and 2

	Label	Zero speed	clamp le	vel	Mode		PV				CSV	
Pr3.16	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	30		Index			2316h	
	Activation	Immediate										
Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than Pr3.16 and after static time set												

Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than Pr3.16 and after static time set in Pr3.23

	Label	Internal/Ex of torque	ternal s	ettings	Mode							F
Pr3.17	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default	0		Index			2317h	
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate									

Set value	Torque command input	Velocity limit input
0	Analog input 3 (AI3)	Parameter value (Pr3.21)
1	Analog input 3 (AI3)	Analog input 1 (AI1)
2	Parameter value (Pr3.22)	Parameter value (Pr3.21)
3	Analog 1 is set by 485	Analog 3 is set by 485

	Label	Torque com	nmand d	lirection	Mode		PT	CS T			
	Range	0~1	Unit	1	Default	0	Index	2318h			
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate								



Set value	Direction
0	Direction as indicator by +/- of torque command input. +input→positive, -input→negative ON/OFF of TC-SIGN has no effect on direction of motion.
1	Direction as indicator by TC-SIGN. OFF: Positive direction, ON: Negative direction +/- torque command input has no effect on direction of motion.

Pr3.21 R	Label	Velocity limit value in torque mode			Mode			РТ			CST
Pr3.21	Range	0~5000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	In	dex			2321h
	Activation	Immediate									
	Only effective wh	nen Pr3.17 = 0	r3.17 = 0 or 2								
	Velocity limit wo	uld not excee	d value s	set in Pr3	3.21 under torg	ue cont	rol n	node.			

	Label	Torque limit	value in t	torque	Mode		PT	CST				
Pr3.22	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2322h				
	Activation	Immediate										
Only effective when Pr3.17 = 0 or 2												

	Label	Zero speed time	clamp st	Mode		PV			CSV		
Pr3.23	Range	0~32767	Unit	ms	Default	0		Index		2323h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set delay time for zero speed clamp.

To prevent creeping at low speed, velocity command forced to 0 when velocity goes under Pr3.16 after time set in Pr3.23

	Label	Maximum m	notor rot	ational	Mode					F
Pr3.24	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index		2324h	1
	Activation	Immediate								
Maximum motor rotational as accordance to technical specification if set to 0										



# 3.2.5 【Class 4】 I/O Interface Setting

	Label	Input select	ion DI1		Mode				F
Pr4.00	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x0	Inde	X	2400h
	Activation	Immediate							
	Label	Input select	ion DI2		Mode				F
Pr4.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x1	Inde	X	2401h
	Activation	Immediate							
	Label	Input select	ion DI3		Mode				F
Pr4.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x2	Inde	X	2402h
	Activation	Immediate							
	Label	Input select	ion DI4		Mode				F
Pr4.03	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x16	Inde	X	2403h
	Activation	Immediate							

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

		Set v	/alue	
Input	Symbol	Normally	Normally	0x60FD(bit)
		open	close	
Invalid	_	0h	-	×
Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0
Servo on	SRV-ON	3h	83h	×
Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	-	×
Control mode switching	C-MODE	5h	85h	×
Gain switching	GAIN	6h	86h	×
Clear deviation counter	CL	7h	•	×
Command pulse inhibition	INH	8h	88h	×
Torque limit switching	TL-SEL	9h	89h	×
Command pulse divider/multiplier switching	DIV1	Ch	8ch	×
Speed 1 of internal velocity command	INTSPD1	Eh	8Eh	×
Speed 2 of internal velocity command	INTSPD2	Fh	8Fh	×
Speed 3 of internal velocity command	INTSPD3	10h	90h	×
Zero speed clamp	ZEROSPD	11h	91h	×
Velocity command sign	VC-SIGN	12h	92h	×
Torque command sign	TC-SIGN	13h	93h	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	×
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.



- · Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- · Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- · Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.00 Pr4.03 corresponds to DI1 DI4. External sensors can be connected if the parameters are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 - 7 to get DI1 - DI4 actual status.

	Label	Output sele	ction DC	)1	Mode			F				
Pr4.10	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x1	Index	2410h				
	Activation	Immediate					<u> </u>					
	Label	Output sele	Output selection DO2 Mode					F				
Pr4.11	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x3	Index	2411h				
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate									
	Label	Output sele	ction DC	)3	Mode			F				
Pr4.12	Range 0x0~0xF		Unit	_	Default	0x4	Index	2412h				
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate									

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

Output	Symbol	Set	value
		Normally open	Normally close
Master device control	_	00h	-
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h
External brake released	BRK-0FF	03h	83h
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h
Positive limit	POT-OUT	15h	95h
Negative limit	NOT-OUT	16h	96h
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h

- · Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.
- Normally open: Active low
- Normally close: Active high
- Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.10 Pr4.12 corresponds to D01 D03. If all parameters are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to D01-D03.



	Label	Positionir range	ıg	complete	Mode	PP		НМ	cs	Р		
Pr4.31	Range	0~10000	Unit	Command unit	Default	20	Inde	x		24311	1	
	Activation	Immediate										
To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.												

	Label	Mode	PP	PP		НМ	M CS						
Pr4.32	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	1		Index			243	32h	
	Activation	Immediate											

Output conditions of INP1 positioning completed output signal

Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Signal valid when the position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
1	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
2	Signal valid when there is no position command, zero-speed clamp detection (ZSP) signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
3	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in Pr4.33 otherwise OFF.
4	When there is no command, position detection starts after the delay time set in Pr4.33. Signal valid when there is no position command and positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31.

	Label	INP positioning delay time			Mode	PP		НМ	CS	Р	
Pr4.33	Range	0~15000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index			2433h	ı
	Activation	Immediate									

To set delay time when Pr 4.32 = 3

Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command
1-15000	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position command.

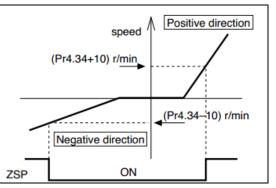
	Label	Zero spe	ed		Mode			ı	F
Pr4.34	Range	1~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50	Index	2434h	
	Activation	Immedia	te						



To set threshold value for zero speed clamp detection.

Zero speed clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid when motor speed goes under the value set in Pr4.34

- Disregard the direction of rotation, valid for both directions.
- Hysteresis of 10RPM. Please refer to diagram on the right side.

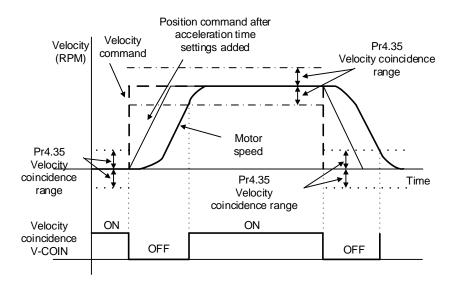


	Label	Velocity range	coinc	idence	Mode		PV			CSV	
Pr4.35	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50		Index		2435h	
	Activation	Immediate									

If the difference between velocity command and motor actual speed is below Pr4.35, Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) output signal valid.

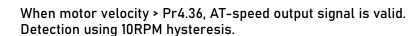
### Due to 10RPM hysteresis:

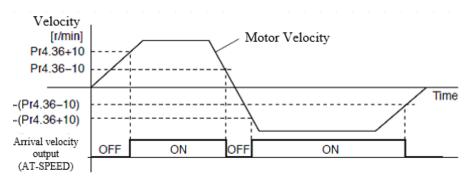
Velocity coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min Velocity coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min



	Label	Arrival velo (AT-speed)	city		Mode		PV			CSV	
Pr4.36	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	1000		Index		2436h	
	Activation	Immediate									



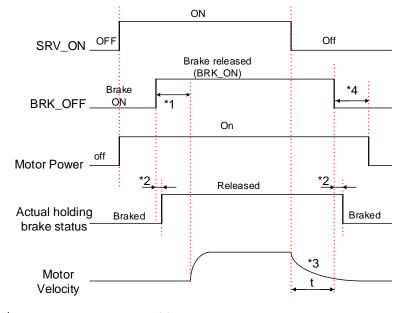




	Labal	Matanaaa	aff dala		Mada							_
	Label	Motor power	-orr deta	y time	Mode					<u> </u>		Г
Pr4.37	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	100	I	ndex		2	2437h	
	Activation	Immediate	nediate									
	To set dela	ay time for hol	me for holding brake to be activated after motor power off to prevent axis									
	from slidir	ng.										
	Label	Delay time for holding brake  release							F			

	Label	Delay time fo release	r holding	j brake	Mode					F
Pr4.38	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index	2	438h	
	Activation	Immediate			·					

To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.



\*1: Delay time set in Pr4.38



\*2: Delay time from the moment BRK\_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK\_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.

\*3: Deceleration time is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first. BRK\_OFF given after deceleration time.

Delay time from the moment SRV\_ON is given until BRK\_OFF switch to BRK\_ON, is less than 500ms.

	Label	Holding brak	e activa	tion speed	Mode				F
Pr4.39	Range	30~3000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index		2439h
	Activation	Immediate							

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When SRV-OFF signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below Pr4.39 and Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_OFF is given.

BRK\_OFF signal is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

### Application:

- 1. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.
- 2. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.

	Label	Emergency s	stop func	tion	Mode			F
Pr4.43	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2443h
	Activation	Immediate						

- 0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs.
- 1: Emergency stop is invalid, servo driver will not be forced to STOP.

### 3.2.6 【Class 5】 Extension settings

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse courevolution	ınt per		Mode						F
Pr5.00	Range	0~8388608	Unit	Р	Default	1000	0	Index		2500h	
	Activation	After restart									

To set command pulse count per revolution for second motor.

Switch with Pr0.08 by using I/O interface frequency divider/multiplier switching input signal DIV1

- 1. When Pr5.00  $\neq$  0: Motor revolution = Pulse count input / Pr5.00
- 2. When Pr5.00 = 0: Actual position pulse count is limited by Pr5.01 and Pr 5.02.

<sup>\*4:</sup> Pr4.37 set time value.



Pr5.01	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Command for divider/multipli numerator	•	су	Mode				F
	Range	0~1073741824	Unit	-	Default	1	Index	2501h	
	Activation	After restart							
	To set the nu	merator of comma	and pul	se inp	ut frequency	divider/n	nultiplier.		

Pr5.02	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Command fi divider/multipli denominator	-	су	Mode					F
	Range	0~1073741824	Unit	_	Default	1	Inde	ex	2502h	
	Activation	After restart								
	To set the den	ominator of comr	To set the denominator of command pulse input frequency divider/multiplier.							

	Label	Driver setting	•	on input	Mode						F
Pr5.04	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Defaul t	0	Inc	lex		2504h	
	Activation	Immed	iate								

To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.

Set value	Explanation
0	POT → Positive direction drive prohibited
	NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited
1	POT and NOT invalid
2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260

In homing mode, POT/NOT invalid, please set object dictionary 5012-04 bit0=1

	Label	Servo-off mode			Mode					F
Pr5.06	Range	0~5	Unit	_	Default	0	Index		:	2506h
	Activation	After restart								

To set servo driver disable mode and status.

Cot volue	Expla	nation
Set value	Mode	Status
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run



	Label	Main power-	off detecti	Mode						=	
Pr5.09	Range	50~2000	Unit	ms	Default	50	lr	ndex		2509h	
	Activation	Immediate									
	To set duration time for detection of main power-off or low voltage supply.										

	Label	Servo-c	_	to	Mode						F
Pr5.10	Range	0~2	Unit	-	Default	0	Ir	ndex		251	0h
	Activation	After re	start								

To set servo driver disable mode and status if alarm is triggered.  $% \label{eq:control_eq} % \label{eq:control_eq}$ 

Alarm type 2:

Cat value	Expla	nation
Set value	Mode	Status
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run

Alarm type 1:

Set value	Expla	nation
Set value	Mode	Status
0		
1	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
2		
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run

	Label	Servo b	raking toı	que setting	Mode						F
Pr5.11	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Defaul t	0	Index			251	l1h
	Activation	Immediate									

To set torque limit for servo braking mode.

If Pr5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

Pr5.12	Label	Overloa setting	ad l	evel	Mode						F
	Range	0~115	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	(		2512h	



Activation **Immediate** If Pr5.12 = 0, overload level = 115% Use only when overload level degradation is needed.

	Label	Overspeed	l level se	Mode						F	
Pr5.13	Range	0~10000	Unit	RPM	Defaul t	0	Index	K		2513h	
	Activation	Immediate	mmediate								
	If motor speed exceeds Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur.										

When Pr5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2

	Label	I/O digital f	ilter	Mode						F	
Pr5.15	Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Defaul t	10	Index	(		2515h	
	Activation	Immediate									
		•									

Digital filtering of I/O input. Overly large value set will cause control delay.

	Label	Counter mode	clearing	input	Mode						F
Pr5.17	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Defaul t	3	Index	(		2515h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set the clearing conditions for deviation counter clearing input signal.

Set value	Condition
0/2/4	Invalid
1	Always clear
3	Clear only once

		Label	Position unit	settings	Mode	PP		HM C		P	
Pr	5.20	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Default	2	Ind	Index		2520h
		Activation	Disable								

Set value	Unit
0	Encoder unit
1	Command unit
2	0.0001rev

Command unit: Pulse from host

Encoder unit: Pulse from encoder

Pr5.20 only changes the unit use on host tracing function, has no relation with any position

related parameters.



	Label	Torque limit	selectio	Torque limit selection				НМ	CS	P	
Pr5.21	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Default	2	Index	Index		2521h	
	Activation	Immediate									
	Set value	Positive lim	nit .	Negati	ive limit value						

Set value	Positive limit	Negative limit value
0	7.01.00	D::0.12
U	Pr0.13	Pr0.13
1	Pr0.13	Pr5.22
2	60E0	60E1

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.21, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque limit			Mode				F				
Pr5.22	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	Index		2522h				
	Activation	Immediate											
Limited by motor max. torque.													
	Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.22, actual torque limit will take smaller value.												

Pr5.23	Label	Positive torque warning threshold			Mode							F	
	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0		Index			2523h		
	Activation	Immediate											
	If Pr5.23 = 0, th	reshold value =	nold value = 95%										
	If torque larger	0, threshold value = 95% arger than rated torque, then output = Torque command limit											

Pr5.24	Label	Negative torqu	Mode							F		
	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0	ı	ndex			2524h	l
	Activation	Immediate										
	If Pr5.24 = 0, th	reshold value =	hold value = 95%									
	If torque smaller than rated torque, then output = Torque command limit											

		Label	LED initial status			Mode						F
	Pr5.28	Range	0~42	Unit	_	Default	34		ndex			2528h
		Activation	After restart						I			
Ī	To set content display on front panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.											

Set value	Content	Set value	Content	Set value	Content
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time



2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	/
6	Sum of command pulse	21	Single turn position	36	Synchronous period
7	Maximum torque during motion	22	Multiturn position	37	No. of synchronous loss
8	/	23	Communication axis address	38	Synchronous type
9	Control mode	24	Encoder position deviation	39	Whether DC is running or not
10	I/O signal status	25	Motor electrical angle	40	Acceleration/Deceler ation status
11	/	26	Motor mechanical Angle	41	Sub-index of OD index
12	Error cause and history record	27	Voltage across PN	42	Value of sub-index of OD index
13	Alarm code	28	Software version		
 14	Regenerative load rate	29	/		

	Label	Max. command pulse input frequency			Mode				F			
Pr5.32	Range	0~4000	Unit	kHz	Defaul t	0	Index		2532h			
	Activation	Immediate										
	If command puls	e input freque	ncy excee	eds Pr5.32, Er	1B0 might	occur.						
	Default = 0, 550kHz											

	Label	Front panel l	Mode							F			
Pr5.35	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0		Index			2535h		
	Activation	Immediate											
	Lock operation on the front panel.												
	Set value	Ex	planatio										

Set value	Explanation
0	No limit on the front panel operation
1	Lock operation on the front panel

Pr5.37	Label	Torque limit duration during initialization			Mode					F
	Range	0~5000	Unit	ms	Defaul	500	Index		2537h	



			t		
Activation	Immediate				

To set time threshold for output torque to reach limit under torque initialization mode. Only applicable for torque initialization method -6 to -1

Under torque initialization mode, motor torque reached Pr5.39 and the duration reaches Pr5.37 before moving into next step.

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> torque limit			Mode					F		
Pr5.39	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	80 Index			2539h			
	Activation	Immediate										
To set torque limit during torque initialization												
Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.22, actual torque limit will take smaller value.												

	Pr5.40	Label	D41 set value			Mode						F	
		Range	0x0~0xFFFFF	%	Default	0X30C Index		dex	2540h				
		Activation	Immediate										
Ī	Set object word monitored by D41, index (left 4 bits) + sub-index (right 1 bit), if monitoring											ring	
	0x6092-01, set Pr5.40 to 0x60921.												

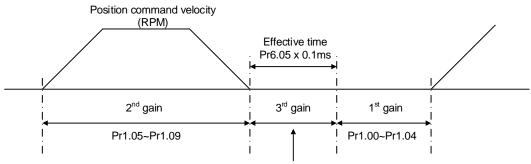
# 3.2.7 【Class 6】 Other settings

	Label	Encoder zero	•	Mode						F		
Pr6.01	Range	0~360	Unit	0	Default	0	Index	ex 2		2601h		
	Activation	After restart										
Angle of the encoder after zero position calibration												

Pr6.04	Label	JOG trial command	run	velocity	Mode				F	
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	400	Index		2604h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To set velocity for JOG trial run command.										



	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> g	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain valid time			PP		НМ	CS P			
Pr6.05	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Inde	<b>(</b>		2605h		
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set time for 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain to be valid When not in use, set Pr6.05=0, Pr6.06=100											
Label Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain scale factor Mode PP HM CS P												
Pr6.06	Range	0~1000	Unit	100%	Default	100 Index 2606h						
	Activation	Immediate										
	Set up the 3 <sup>rd</sup> (	gain by multipl	ying fac	tor of th	e 1 <sup>st</sup> gain							



Position loop gain = Pr1.00 x Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop gain = Pr1.01 x Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1<sup>st</sup> gain

3<sup>rd</sup> gain= 1<sup>st</sup> gain \* Pr6.06/100

Only effective under position control mode, set  $Pr6.05 \neq 0$ ,  $3^{rd}$  gain function activated, set  $3^{rd}$  gain value in Pr6.06. When  $2^{nd}$  gain switches to  $1^{st}$  gain, will go through  $3^{rd}$ , switching time value set in Pr1.19.

Above diagram is illustrated using Pr1.15 = 7.

	Label	Torque comr			Mode			F			
Pr6.07	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2607h			
	Activation	Immediate	•	•							
	Applicable for Application: W	loaded vertica hen load move t particular po	l axis, c along v int with	ompens ertical a motor e	of vertical axis. ate constant to axis, pick any po nabled but not d additional valo	oint fron	. Record outpu	t torque value			
	Label		Positive direction torque Mode compensation value								
Pr6.08	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2608h			
	Activation	Immediate					•	·			



	Label	Negative dire	ection to	rque	Mode					F
		compensatio	n value							
Pr6.09	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2	2609h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.

#### Applications:

1. When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.

Torque value in positive direction = T1;

Torque value in negative direction = T2

$$Pr6.08/Pr6.09 = T_f = \frac{|T1 - T2|}{2}$$

	Label	Current resp	onse se	ttings	Mode					F	
Pr6.11	Range			%	Default	100	Index		26111	h	
	Activation	Immediate					·				
	To set driver current loop related effective value ratio										

	Label	Max. time disabling	to stop	after	Mode					F
_	Range	0~3000	Unit	ms	Default	500	Index	2	2614h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set the max. time allowed for the axis to stop on emergency stop or normal axis disabling. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.

BRK\_ON given time is determined by Pr6.14 or when motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

#### Applications:

- 1. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.
- 2. After disabling axis, if motor speed is already lower than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.

	Label	Trial run d	istance		Mode			F					
Pr6.20	Range	0~1200	Unit	0.1rev	Default	10	Index	2620h					
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate										
JOG (Position control) : Distance travel of each motion													



	-					0361 111	anuai Oi i		- 710 301			
	Label	Trial run wa	iting ti	me	Мо	de						F
Pr6.21	Range	0~30000	Unit	ms	Def	ault	300	ı	ndex		2621h	
	Activation	Immediate						•				
	JOG (Position	control) : Waiti	ing time	e after ea	ach n	notion						
		_										
	Label	No. of trial r	un cyc	les	Мо	de		-				F
Pr6.22	Range	0~32767	Unit	PCS	Def	fault	5	I	ndex		2622h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	JOG (Position	control) : No. c	of cycle	S								
							<del>                                     </del>		1 1		1 1	
	Label	Trial run ac				Mode		Ι.				F
Pr6.25	Range		Init m	ns/(1000r	pm)	Default	200		ndex		2625h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set the acc	eleration/dece	leratio	n time fo	r JOG	command	d betwe	en 0	rpm to	1000 rp	m	
					T							-
	Label	Velocity obs		ain	Мо			Τ.			0/001	F
Pr6.28	Range	0~32767	Unit		Det	fault	0		ndex		2628h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	0: Default stal	ole gain; Modifi	cations	are not	recoi	mmended.						
		Velocity		observer								
	Label	bandwidth	`	JDJCI VCI	Мо	de						ш
Pr6.29	Range	0~32767	Unit	ms	Def	fault	0	I	ndex	,	2629h	
	Activation	Immediate			1		I	I				
	0: Default stal	ole bandwidth; I	Modifica	ations ar	e rec	ommende	d.					
	Label	Frame erro	r windo	w time	Мо	de						F
Pr6.34	Range	0~32767	Unit	ms	Def	ault	100	ı	ndex		2634h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set EtherC	AT data frame	error d	etection	wind	ow time						
	Label	Frame erro	r windo	ow T	Мо							F
Pr6.35	Range	0~32767	Unit	-	Def	fault	50	I	ndex		2635h	
	Activation	Immediate										

To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window



	Label	Absolute v		rotation etting	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr6.54	Range	0~32766	Unit	-	Default	0	Inde	×		2654h	
	Activation	After restar	-t								

To set denominator of absolute encoder in rotational mode.

When Pr0.15 = 2 and use in combination with Pr6.54:

Feedback load position  $6064 = \frac{PA6.63}{PA6.54}x$  Electronic gear ratio

	Label	Blocked roto threshold	r alarm	torque	Mode						
_	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	300	Inde	х	:	2656h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set the torque threshold of blocked rotor to trigger alarm. (Alarm triggered if torque output% larger than threshold value & under 10rpm)

If Pr6.56 = 0, blocked rotor alarm deactivated. (This applicable only to 220VAC drivers)

If motor speed is 10rpm or above, Er102 won't be triggered.

	Label	Blocked roto	or alarm	delay	Mode									
Pr6.57	Range	0~1000	0~1000 Unit ms Default 400 Index 2657h											
	Activation	Immediate												
	To set delay time for blocked rotor alarm to trigger													

Pr6.59	Label	Homing thresho	•	oosition	Mode							
	Range	0~100	0~100 Unit 0.00001rev Default 5 Index 2659h									
	Activation	Immediate										
To set position threshold for homing mode.												

	Label	Z signal hol	ding tim	ie	Mode						F
Pr6.61	Range	0~100	Unit	ms	Default	10	Index			2661h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set the holding time for Z signal to maintain active high

Application:

- 1. Z signal for 60FDH;
- 2. Z signal for homing process
- 3. Z-phase frequency output pulse width. Unit = 0.1ms;

Please set Pr6.61≥0.2ms if used for 3 applications as above



Dr.4.43	Label	Absolute mupper limit	ultiturn	data	Mode						F	
Pr6.63	Range	0~32766	Unit	rev	Default	0	Index		2	2663h		
	Activation	After restart										

To set upper limit of multiturn data with absolute encoder set as rotational mode.

When Pr0.15 = 2 and use in combination with Pr6.54:

Feedback load position 
$$6064 = \frac{PA6.63}{PA6.54} \times \text{Electronic gear ratio}$$

#### 3.3 402 Parameters Function

• Panel Display as follows:



Parameter Valid mode Description

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Valid in homing mode

PP: Valid in profile position mode PV: Valid in profile velocity mode PT: Valid in profile torque mode

F: Valid in all modes

Index	Label	Error	code		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	Uint 16
603Fh	Access	RO	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0x0~0 xFFFF	Default	0X0
	Please refe	r to Cha	pter 9 for m	ore deta	ils on error	codes.				

Index	Label	Unit	1	Structure	VAR	Туре	Uint 16			
6040h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	0x0-0 xFFFF	Default	0X0



Bit	Label	Description
0	Start	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
2	Quick stop	0 – valid,1 – invalid
3	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4-6	Running mode related	Related to each servo running mode
7	Fault reset	Reset resettable fault alarm. Rising edge of Bit7 is valid, bit7 remains at 1, and all other instructions are invalid
8	Pause	For more information on how to pause in each mode, refer to Object Dictionary 605Dh
9	No definition	Undefined
10	Reserved	Undefined
11-15	Reserved	Undefined

	Label	Status	word	Unit	•	Structure	VAR	Туре	Uint 16	
Index 6041h	Access	RO	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	ALL	Range	0x0~ 0xFF FF	Default	0x0

Bit	Label	Description
0	Servo ready	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Start	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
2	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
3	Fault	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
5	Quick stop	0- valid, 1 - invalid
6	Servo cannot run	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
7	Warning	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
8	Reserved	Reserved
9	Remote control	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
10	Arrived at position	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
11	Internal limit valid	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
12-13	Mode related	Related to each servo operation mode
14	Reserved	Reserved
15	Origin found	1 - valid, 0 - invalid

Index	Label	Quick	stop option (	code	Unit	1	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT 16
605Ah	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	ALL	Range	0~7	Default	2

Motor stops when quick stop command is given.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.



- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Quick stop
- 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

НМ

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Quick stop
- 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

CST

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1, 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5, 6: Motor decelerates and stops through 6087. Status: Quick stop
- 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Quick stop

Index 605Bh	Label	Motor deceler mode selection	Mode						F	
	Range	RW Unit -			Range	0~1	Defau	lt	1	0

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084

НМ

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A

CST

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087

Index 605Ch	Label	Axis disabled-stopping mode selection			Mode					П
	Range	RW	Unit	-	Range	0~1	Defau	lt	0	

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084

НМ

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)



1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A

**CST** 

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087

Index 605Dh	Label	Pause-stopping mode selection			Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT 16
	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	F	Range	1~3	Default	1

When control word – pause sets decelerating, stopping mode. Also suitable for deceleration mode settings during mode switching

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.

НМ

- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.

CST

- 1, 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6087. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.

Index	Label	Alarm - s selection	topping mod	le	Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT 16
605Eh	Acces s	RW Mapping -		Mode	F	Range	0~2	Default	0	

Select stopping mode when servo alarm (Err 8xx) occurs.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0 : Select motor stopping mode according to alarm properties. Status: Fault, axis disabled.
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Fault, axis disabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Fault, axis disabled.

НМ

- 0 : Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable
- 1 : After the 609A motor is decelerated and stopped,, the fault state and disable
- 2: After the 6085 motor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable

CST

- 0,1: Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable
- 2 : After the 6087 motor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable

When other alarms, i.e. drive-side alarms:

Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable



Index 6060h	Label	Operation mode selection			Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 8
6U6Uh	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~11	Default	8

No.	Mode	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	НМ
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST

Index	Label	Opera	tion mode di	splay	Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 8
6061h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~11	Default	8

No.	Mode	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	НМ
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST

Index	Label	Pos	ition comm	and	Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
6062h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0

Reflects position command when servo driver is enabled.

Indov	Label	Actu	ual int ition	ernal	Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 6063h	Access	R O	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0

Reflects motor absolute position (Encoder unit)



Indov	Label	Acti	ual po dback	sition	Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 6064h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0
	Reflects us	er's r	eal time ab	solute	positio	า				
	6064h*Gea	Gear ratio = 6063h								

Index	Label	Pos win		iation	Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6065h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~2147483 647	Default	0
	To set an a	ccept	able deviat	ion for	request	ed position.				
	When actua	al pos	sition excee	d posit	tion devi	ation windov	w, error migh	t occur.		

Index	Label		ition dev ection time	iation	Unit	ms	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6066h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~65535	Default	0
	To set posi	tion d	leviation de	tection	time					

Index	Label	Pos	ition windo	W	Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6067h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~2147483 647	Default	0
	To set an accentable extent of an				ival nosi	tion				

Index	Label	Pos time		ndow	Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6068h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~65535	Default	0
	To set the t	ime b	etween arı	rival to	the out	out of INP (Ir	n position) sig	nal.		

Index	Label	Internal command velocity			Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32	
606B		Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	ALL	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0

To set the time between arrival to the output of INP (In position) signal.



Index 606Ch	Label	Velocity feedback			Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	CSV/PP	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0

Reflects user's internal command velocity feedback value

Index 606Dh	Label	Velocit	ty window		Unit	Comma nd unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
	Access	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CSV	Range	0~65535	Default	10
							•		•	

Set the range of velocity

Index     Access     R0     Mapping     RPD0     Mode     PV/CS     Range     0~65535     Default     0	Indov	Label	Velocit	ty window tii	me	Unit	ms	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
		Access	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CS V	Range	0~65535	Default	0

To set the time between velocity reached and status word set to TargetReached.

Index	Label	Zero-s	speed thresh	nold	Unit	Comm and unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
606Fh	Access	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CS V	Range	0~65535	Default	10

To set to zero-speed threshold.

6070h	Label	Zero-s time	speed thr	eshold	Unit	ms	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6070h	Access	R0	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PV/CSV	Range	0~65535	Default	100
	To set the t	ime unt	ne until status word – zer		o speed	detection i	s canceled.			

Index	Label	Target	torque		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6071h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PT/CST	Range	-32768~ 32767	Default	0
To set target torque for protocol and cyclic torque mode.										



Index	Label	Maxim	ium torque		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6072h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000
	To set max	. torque	orque for servo driver. Li		nited by	motor ma	x. torque.	•		

Index	Label	Maxim	um current		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6073h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000
	To set max.	curren	t for servo d	river.						

Index	Label	Interna torque		nmand	Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 16
6074h	Access R		Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-32768~ 32767	Default	0
	Internal co	mmand torque								

Index	Label	Motor	current ratii	ng	Unit	mA	Structure	VAR	Type	Int 32
6075h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~21474 83647	Default	3000
	Shows mot	or rated	rated current.							

Index	Label	Actual	torque		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 16
6077h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-32768~ 32767	Default	0
	Shows serv	o drive	driver actual torque feed							

6079h	Label	DC bus	s voltage		Unit	mV	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6079h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~21474 83647	Default	0
	Shows DC	bus volt	s voltage across P, N teri							

Indov	Label	Tar	get positio	n	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 607Ah	Access	R W	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/CSP	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Default	0
	To set the target position under				rotocol	and cyclic posit	ion mode.			



Index	Label	Hor offs	•	sition	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
	Access	R W Mapp						-21474836		
607Ch			Mapping	ng TPDO	Mode	НМ	Range	47~214748	Default	0
		VV						3647		

To set position offset to compensate for the deviation of mechanical origin from motor origin under homing

Index	Label	Min. s	software lii	mit	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
607Dh-01	Access	RW	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Default	0

To set lower limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.

Index	Label	Max.	software li	mit	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
607Dh-0 2	Access	RW	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Default	0

To set upper limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.

Index 607Eh	Label		Motor rotational direction			-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 8
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	0x0 - 0xFF	Default	0x0

Mode	<b>;</b>	Value
Position	PP	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
	НМ	128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
mode	CSP	120: Notate in the opposite un ection to the position command
Velocity	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
mode	CSV	64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
Torque	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
mode	CST	32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
ALL		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
mode		224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command

Sets the input polarity of the command.



Index 607Fh	Label		kimum prot ocity	ocol	Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP/HM/P V/CST	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	21474836 47
	To set max	imun	n allowable	velocity.	Limited	bv 6080.				

Index 6080h	Label		cimum mot	or	Unit	R/min	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
	Access	R				F	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	6000
	To set the r	naxir	num allowa	able mote	or veloci	ty.				

Index	Label	Pro	file velocity	у	Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6081h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	10000
	To set targe	et vel	ocity. Limit	ted by 60	7Fh.	•				

Inday	Label	Pro	file accelei	ation	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 6083h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP/PV	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	10000
	To set moto	or ac	celeration							

Index 6084h	Label	Pro	file decele	ration	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	CSP/CSV/ PP/PV/H M	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	10000000
	To set moto	or de	celeration							

Index 6085h	Label		ergency sto	ор	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32	
	Access	R W	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PP/PV	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	10000	
To set the deceleration during an emergency stop											



	Label	Tord	que slope		Unit	%1/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32	
Index		D	R					1~2147			
6087h	Access	W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PT	Range	48364	Default	5000	
		VV						7			
	To set values for tendency torque command										

to set values for tendency torque command

	Label	End	Encoder resolution			Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index		D						1~2147		
608Fh-01	Access	R	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	F	Range	48364	Default	0
		U						7		
To set encoder resolution										

Index	Label	Electror numera	nic gear ratio	0	Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Туре	Dint 32
6091h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Defaul t	1
	To set ele	ctronic g	ear ratio nur	nerator						
Index	Label	Electror denomin	nic gear ratio	0	Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Туре	Dint 32
6091h-02	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Defaul t	1
	To set ele	ctronic g	ear ratio der	nominate	or					
Index	Label	Number of pulses per rotation		Unit	Comma nd unit/r	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32	
6092h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1~21474 83647	Defaul t	10000

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder resolution / 6092h-01

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01

Index	Label	Homin	g method		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 8
6098h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	-6-3 7	Default	19

The table below describes the velocity, direction and stopping conditions of each homing methods.

Ref no.	Description	on	
	Velocity	Direction	Stop
-6	Low	Negative	When torque reached
-5	Low	Positive	When torque reached
-4	High	Negative	Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone
-3	High	Positive	Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone
-2	High	Negative	Inversed when torque reached, received 1st Z-signal after torque
			is gone



-1	High	Positive	Inversed w	hen torque reached,	received 1st Z-signal after torque				
	Direction	Decelera	tion point	Home	Before Z-signal				
1	Negative	Negative switch		Motor Z-signal	Negative limit switch falling edge				
2	Positive	Positive l	imit switch	Motor Z-signal	Positive limit switch falling edge				
3	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch				
4	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch				
5	Negative	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch				
6	Negative	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch				
7	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch				
8	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch				
9	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch				
10	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch				
11	Negative	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Failling edge on same side of homing switch				
12	Negative	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch				
13	Negative	Homing s		Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch	Rising edge on other side of homing switch				
14	Negative	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch	Falling edge on other side of homing switch				
15		•							
16									
17-32	Similar wi	th 1-14, but	deceleration	on point = homing point					
33				ng point = motor Z-si					
34		Home in positive direction, Homing point = motor Z-signal							
35-37	Set current position as homing point								

Index	Label	High speed homing			Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
6099h-01	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	10000
To set the speed used in homing										



Index	Label	Lov	v speed ho	ming	Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6099h-02	Access	R W	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	НМ	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	5000
	To set the s	speed	l used in h	oming						

Index	Label	acc	ming eleration celeration		Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
609Ah	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	НМ	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	500000
To set acceleration and deceleration used in homing										

Indov	Label	Pos	sition feedf	orward	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32		
Index 60B0h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Default	0		
	To add po	sitio	n deviation	to targe	et positio	on						
Inday	Label	Vel	ocity feedfo	orward	Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32		
Index 60B1h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	CSP/CSV/PP /PV/HM	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Default	0		
	To deviate	e vel	ocity comm	nand								
Indov	Label Torque feedforward				Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 16		
Index 60B2h	Access	R W	Manning   RPDO		Mode	CSP/CSV/PP /PV/HM	Range	0x0~0xFFF F	Default	0x0		
	To add or deviate torque command											



Index	Label	Probe	function		Unit	1	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
60B8h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	0x0-0xFFF F	Default	0x0

Bit	Description	Details
0	Probe 1	0Disable
		1Enable
1		0Single trigger, triggered only when trigger
	Probe 1 trigger mode	signal is valid
		1—Continuous trigger
2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—Probe 1 captured
		1Z signal
3	Reserved	-
4	Probe 1 rising edge enabled	0Disable
		1Enable
5	Drobe 1 falling adds anabled	0Disable
	Probe 1 falling edge enabled	1Enable
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2	0Disable
		1Enable
9		0Single trigger, triggered only when trigger
	Probe 2 trigger mode	signal is valid
		1—Continuous trigger
10	Probe 2 trigger signal	0—Probe 2 captured
	selection	1Z signal
11	Reserved	-
12	Probe 2 rising edge enabled	0—Rising edge not latched
		1—Rising edge latched
13	Drobe 2 falling adds anabled	0—Falling edge not latched
	Probe 2 falling edge enabled	1—Falling edge latched
14-15	Reserved	-



Indov	Label	Probe	status		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16	
Index 60B9h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	F	Range	00x-0xF	Defaul	0x0	
006711	Access	KU	марріпу	1700	Mode	-	Range	FFF	t	UXU	

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1	0Disable 1Enable
1	Probe 1 rising edge latching	0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched
2	Probe 1 falling edge latching	0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched
3-5	-	-
6-7	-	-
8	Probe 2	0Disable 1Enable
9	Probe 2 rising edge latching	0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched
10	Probe 2 falling edge latching	0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched
11-13	-	-
14-15	-	-

Inday	Label		e 1 rising ed ured position	•	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60BAh	Acces s	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Defaul t	0
	Shows	ositio	n feedback a	at risin	g edge o	of probe 1 signal				
la dess	Label		e 1 falling ed ured position	•	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60BBh	Acces	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Defaul t	0
	Shows	ositio	n feedback a	at fallin	ıg edge (	of probe 1 signal	l			
la de la	Label		e 2 rising edured position		Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60BCh	Acces	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-214748364 7~21474836 47	Defaul t	0
	Shows	ositio	n feedback a	at risin	g edge o	of probe 2 signal				
Index	Label		e 2 falling e ured positio	-	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
60BDh	Acces s	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	-214748364 7~21474836	Defaul t	0



								47	
	Shows p	ositio	n feedback a	at fallir	ng edge o	of probe 2 signa	l		

Index	Label		rotocol maximum cceleration		Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
60C5h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~21474836 47	Default	1000000 00
	<b>-</b> .									

To set upper limit of acceleration.

Index	Label		tocol maxi eleration	mum	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
60C6h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~21474836 47	Default	1000000 00
		۷V						47		00

To set lower limit of acceleration.

60D5h	Label		e 1 rising ed ired count(s	•	Unit	1	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	0

Shows the number of times probe 1 rising edge latched.

Index	Label	Probe 1 falling edge captured count(s)			Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
60D6h	OD6h Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	0

Shows the number of times probe 1 falling edge latched.

Index	Label Probe 2 rising edge captured count(s)			Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
60D7h	Access R0 Mapping TPD0		TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	0

Shows the number of times probe 2 rising edge latched.

Index	x Label		Probe 2 falling edge captured count(s)			ı	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
60D8h		R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	0

Shows the number of times probe 2 falling edge latched.



ANFIII	60E0h	direc	ction		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Type	UInt 16
Access RW Mapping RPD0 Mode F Range 0~65535 Default 3		cess RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000

To set the maximum torque of servo driver in positive direction

Index	Label	Max.	torque in n	egative	Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
60E1h	Acces s	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000
	To set t	he ma	ximum torq	ue of ser	vo drive	er in negativ	e direction			
Indov	Label	Actu	al following	error	Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60F4h	Acces	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	CSP/PP/ HM	Range	-21474836 47~214748 3647	Default	0
	Shows	positi	on following	error					<u>'</u>	

	Label	Position loop velocity output		Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32	
Index 60FAh	Access	ΡO			Mode	CSP/PP/	Panga	-21474836	Default	0

НМ

Range

Mode

Shows internal command velocity (Position loop output)

Mapping

Access R0

TPD0

Indov	Label	Inter posit	nal comman	ıd	Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60FCh	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	CSP/PP/ HM	Range	-21474836 47~214748 3647	Default	0

Shows internal command position of servo driver.

	Label	Inpu	t status		Unit	-		St	ructure	VAR	Туре	UINT	32
Index 60FDh	Acces s	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	CSI M	P/PP/H	Ra	ange	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0	
	The bits	of 60	FDh objec	t are func	tionally	defir	ned as fo	llov	v:				
	Bit31	В	it30	Bit29	Bit28		Bit27		Bit26	Bit25	Bit24		
	Z signa	al R	eserve	Reserve	Resei	~ve	Probe 2	2	Probe 1	BRAKE	INP/V-C		
		d		d	d						OIN /TLC		
	Bit23	В	it22	Bit21	Bit20		Bit19		Bit18	Bit17	Bit16		

47~214748

3647

Default 0



E-STOP	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	DI14	DI13
	d	d	d	d	d		
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Reserve	HOME	POT	NOT
				d			

و المراد		Label	Output va	alid		Unit	:  -	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
60F	Eh-01	Access	RW I	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	e F	Range	0x0~0x7FF FFFFF	Default	0x0
		The bits of	bits of 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:								
		Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20		19	18	17	16	15~0
		01h	Reserv ed	D06 valid	D05 v	alid [	004 valid	D03 valid	DO2 valid	D01 valid	Reserve d

Index 60FEh-0	Label	Output enab	ed	Unit	-	Structur e		VAR			UInt 32			
2	Access	R Mappin	g RPDO	Mode	F	Range	Donne		0x0~0x7FFFFF		~0x7FFFFFF Defau		ul 0xFFFF0	
2	ACCESS	W	g KPDO	Mode	Г	Kange	<b>-</b>	F		t	000			
	The bits of a	i 60FEh objec	t are func	tionally d	efine	d as fol	low:					_		
	Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20		19	1	8	17	16	15~0			
	02h	Reserve	D06	D05		D04	D	03	D02	D01	Reserve			
	UZN	d	enabled	enabled	l e	nabled	ena	bled	enabled	enabled	d			

Index	Label	Targ	get velocity		Unit Comman d unit		Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32	
60FFh	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	CSV/PV	Range	-2147483647 ~2147483647	Default	0	
	Shows set target velocity. Limited by 6080h										

Index	Label	Supp	orted opera	tion	Unit -		Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6502h	Acces s	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0x0~0x7FFFF FFF	Defaul t	0x0

Shows the control modes supported by the servo drive.



# **Chapter 4 Servo Drive Operation**

# 4.1 Get Started with Driver Operation

### 4.1.1 Checklist before operation

No.	Description
	Power supply
1	The voltage of main and control circuit power supply is within rated values.
2	Power supply polarity is rightly connected.
	Wiring
1	Power supply input is rightly connected.
2	Driver's power output UVW matches UVW terminals on the main circuit.
3	No short circuit of driver's input and output UVW terminals.
4	Signal cables are correctly and well connected.
5	Drivers and motors are connected to ground
6	All cables under stress within recommended range.
7	No foreign conductive objects inside/outside the driver.
	Mechanical
1	Driver and external holding brake are not place near combustibles.
2	Installations of driver, motor and axis is fastened.
3	Movement of motors and mechanical axes are not obstructed.

#### 4.1.2 Power On

Connect 380V power supply into main power supply R, S, T terminals and 220V power supply into control circuit power supply L1C, L2C. After power on, light indicator will light up and front panel will display **rEAdy**, then LED initial status will be displayed. Driver is ready for operation if no alarm occurs.

#### 4.1.3 Trial Run

Servo drive must be disabled before performing trial run. For safety precautions, please JOG under minimal velocity.

#### **Related Parameters**

No.	Parameters	Label	Set value	Unit
1	PA0.01	Control mode settings	9	/
2	PA6.04	JOG trial run command velocity	User defined	r/min
3	PA6.25	Trial run acc-/deceleration time	User defined	ms/1000rpm



- Please make sure the mechanical axis is within the range of motion and travelled distance should not be too long to avoid collision.
- Set optimal velocity and acceleration for trial run (not too high!)
- Do not modify any gain related parameters during motion to avoid vibration.

Please refer to "AF\_Jog Trial Run" for detailed explanations on how to perform trial run using front panel operation

### 4.1.4 Motor rotational direction settings

Motor rotational direction can be changed through Pr0.06 without changing the polarity of the input command.

D=0.0/	Name	Command polarity inversion			Mode					F
Pr0.06	Range	0 ~ 1	Unit	1	Default	0	Index		2006h	
	Activation	After resta	rt							

Used to change the rotational direction of the motor.

Set value	Details
0	Polarity of the command is not inversed. The direction of rotation is
0	consistent with the polarity of command.
1	Polarity of command is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposite
'	to the polarity of command.

Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, Pr0.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when Pr0.06 = 0.

# 4.1.5 Holding Brake Settings

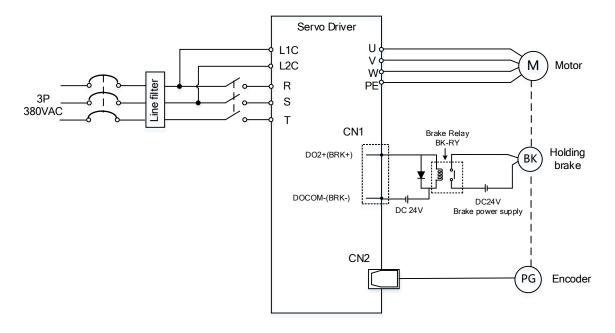
Holding brake is designed to hold the axis in position to prevent it from sliding due to applied external forces when the driver is disabled. Holding brake is optional and depends on the model of motor chosen for the application.

- Please only use holding brake when motor is stopped. No applicable when motor is in motion.
- Holding brake coil has no polarity.
- Motor should be disabled after stopped.
- There is some noise when motors with brake are in motion but that doesn't affect its functionality.
- Magnetic sensors might be affected when the holding brake is on. Please be aware.



#### Holding brake wiring

Holding brake input signal is without polarity. An isolated 24V switching power supply is recommended to prevent abnormal holding brake behavior in case of sudden drop in working current or voltage.



Wiring diagram of motor holding brake

# 4.1.6 Servo Running

#### 1. Enable servo driver

Check if CN3/CN4 is connected properly. Servo driver is in ready mode. Motor is stopped and holding brake is activated. Front panel display shows 402 state machine = Operational, EtherCAT communication status = operational, Running mode = 8, servo is in stop mode.

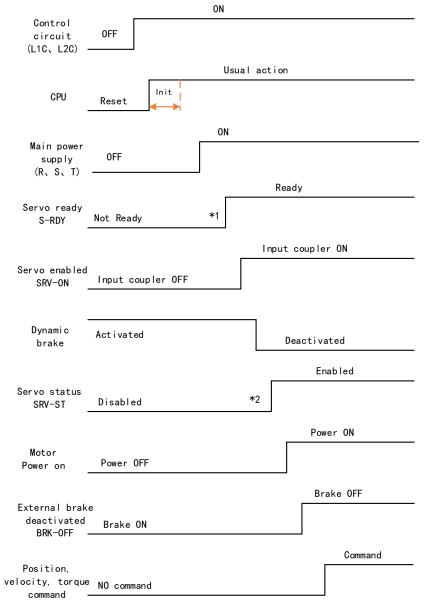


#### 2. Motor starts to move after command input

- i. On first time operation, please use suitable command at low velocity. Confirm if motor is working normally.
- ii. Check if motor rotational direction is correct. If not, please check input command or parameter settings. (Pr0.06).
- iii. If motor is working normally, motion data such as motor rotational velocity "d01SP" and actual torque feedback "d04tr" can be monitored on the front panel or through Motion Studio.



#### 3. Power on sequence diagram



Please enter servo status, position, velocity, torque command as sequence diagram above.

- \*\* 1. S-RDY signal is given after CPU initialization and main power supply powered on.
- 2. SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet.



# 4.1.7 Servo stop

Servo stopping are of 3 different methods: Servo braking method, free stopping method, dynamic braking method.

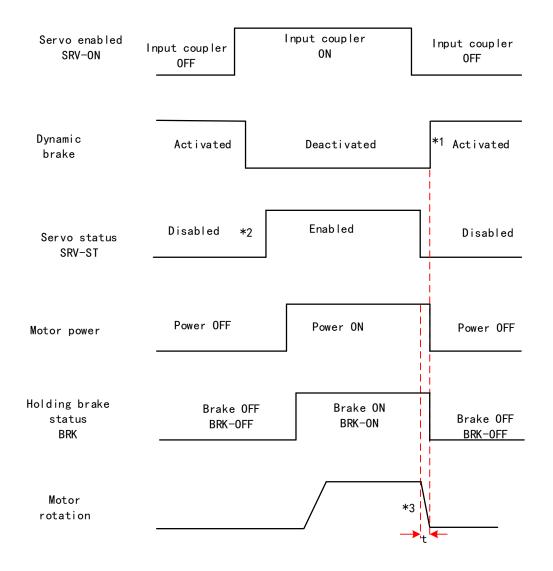
Stopping method	Description	Details
Servo braking	Servo driver delivers braking torque in	Quick stopping but mechanical
	opposite direction	impact might exist
Free stopping	Motor power cut off. Free to move until	Smooth deceleration, low mechanical
	velocity = 0. Affected inertia, friction	impact but slow stopping
	and other factors	
Dynamic braking	Brake activated when in motion	Quick stopping but mechanical
		impact might exist

Stopping status	Status after stopped
Free moving	Motor is powered off, rotor is free to rotate
Dynamic braking	Motor is powered off, rotor is not free to rotate
Holding brake stopping	Motor axis is locked, cannot rotate freely



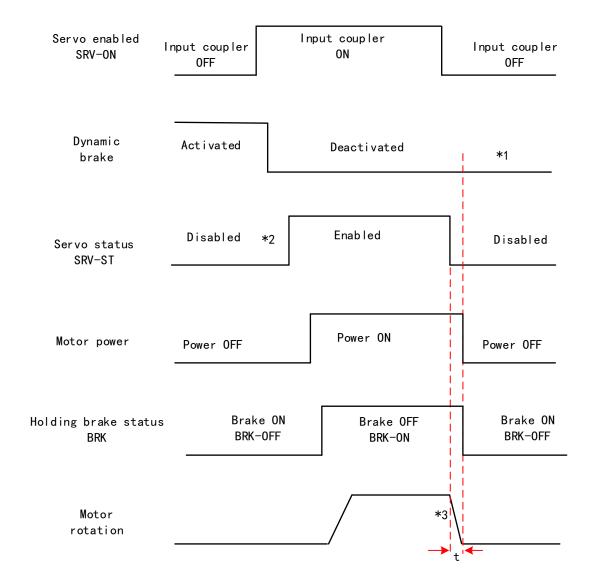
# Motor stopping(Servo disabled)- Sequence Diagram

Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



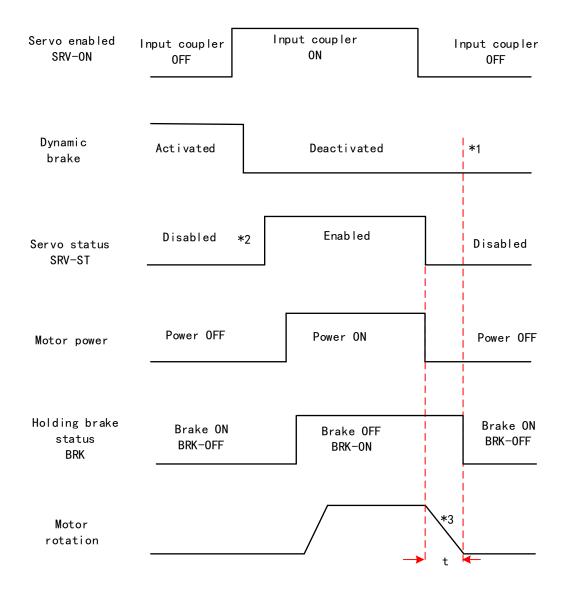


#### Servo stopping method. Status after stopping: free moving



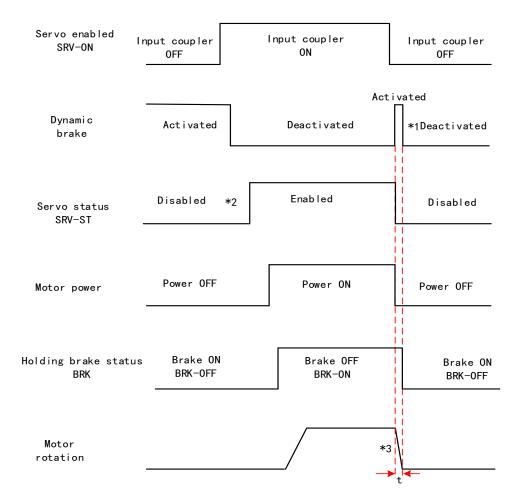


#### Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Free moving





#### Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Free moving

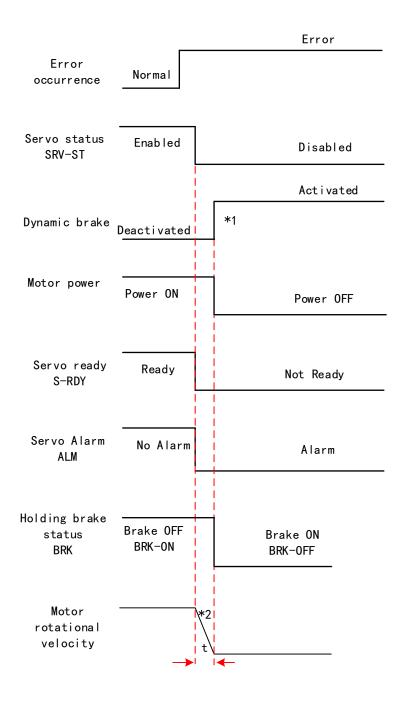


- \*\* 1. Status after stopping is as defined in Pr5.06.
  - 2. SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet.
- 3. Servo stopping method is as defined in Pr5.06; braking torque in opposite direction to decelerate the motor is as defined in Pr5.11. Deceleration time t is determined by whichever comes first between time set in Pr6.14 and time needed for motor to drop below velocity set in Pr4.39. After deceleration time t, dynamic braking will be off and holding brake signal will be set to OFF (Holding brake is activated. Although BRK-OFF signal is valid, actual activation of holding brake is dependent on whether the motor comes with holding brake).
- 4. BRK-ON signal doesn't indicate the activation of holding brake but the validation of the signal. Holding brake is not applied when BRK-ON signal is valid. Same idea goes for BRK-OFF signal.



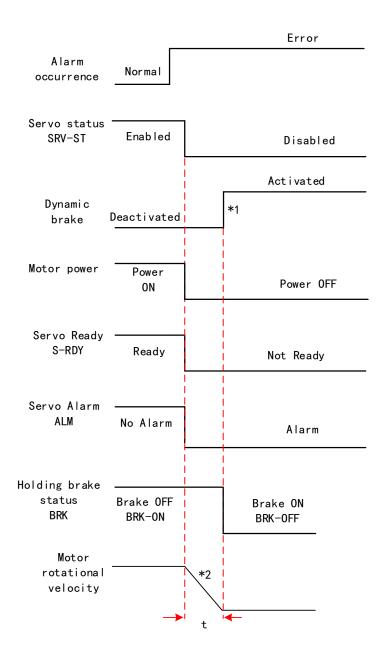
# Stopping when alarm occurs - Sequence Diagram

#### Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



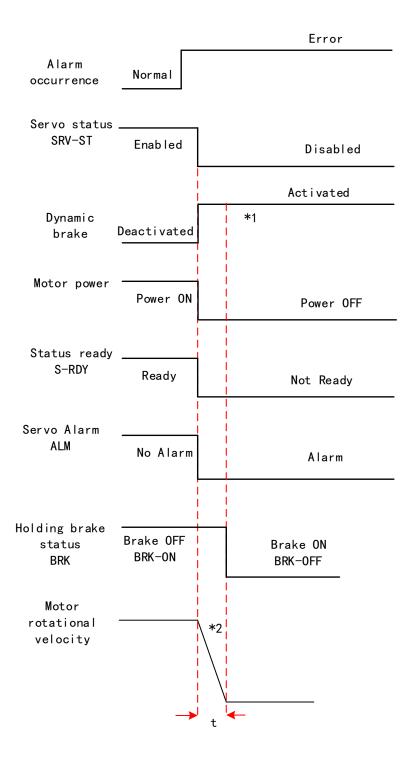


#### Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



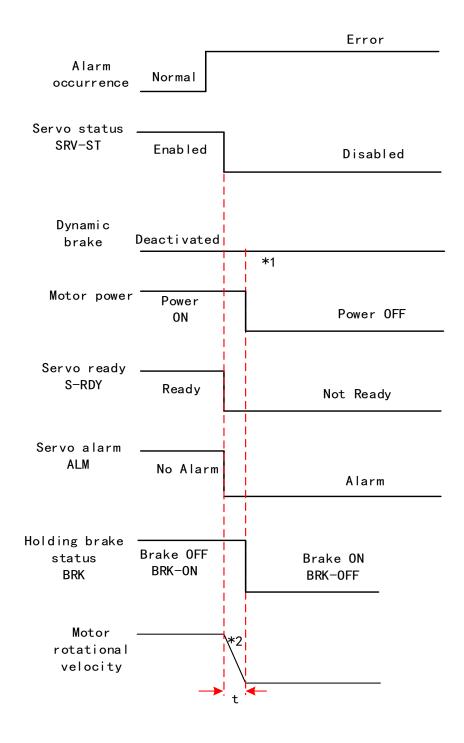


#### Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



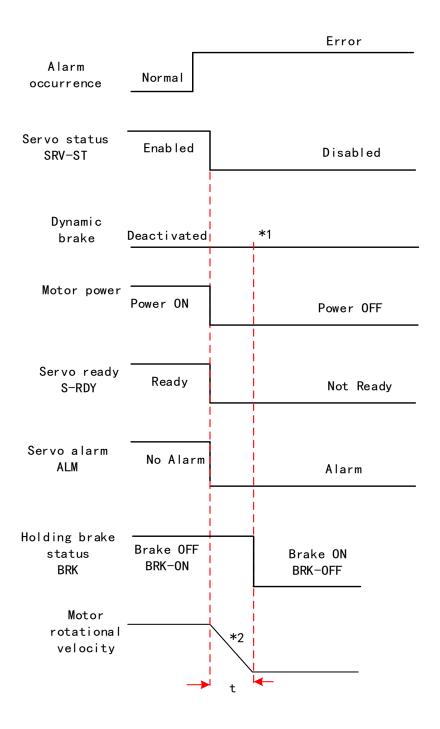


#### Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Free moving



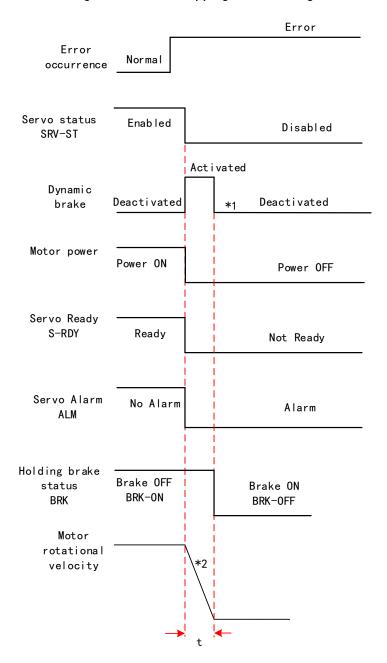


#### Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Free moving





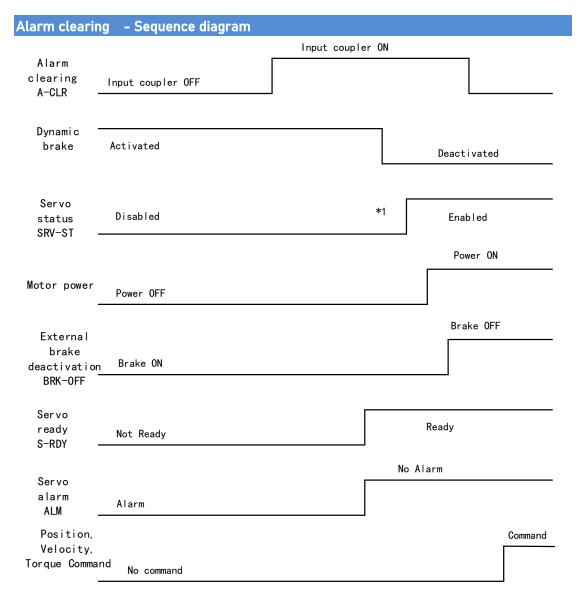
#### Dynamic braking. Status after stopping: Free moving



\*\* 1. Status after stopping is as defined in Pr5.10.

- 2. Servo stopping method is as defined in Pr5.10. Deceleration time t is determined by whichever comes first between time set in Pr6.14 and time needed for motor to drop below velocity set in Pr4.39. After deceleration time t, dynamic braking will be off and holding brake signal will be set to OFF (Holding brake is activated. Although BRK-OFF signal is valid, actual activation of holding brake is dependent on whether the motor comes with holding brake).
- 3. BRK-ON signal doesn't indicate the activation of holding brake but the invalidation of the signal. Holding brake is not applied when BRK-ON signal is valid. Same idea goes for BRK-OFF signal.





<sup>\*\* 1.</sup>SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet

2. BRK-OFF signal doesn't indicate the deactivation of holding brake but the invalidation of the signal. Holding brake is applied when BRK-OFF signal is invalid.



## 4.2 Electronic gear ratio

When loaded axis moved for 1 command unit, it corresponds to motor encoder unit which is converted in more comprehensible physical units such as  $\mu m$ . The use of electronic gear ratio is to turn the movement in physical units to required pulse count equivalency.

$$\label{eq:electronic_gear} \textbf{Electronic gear ratio} = \frac{\text{Rotor movement (Encoder unit)}}{\text{Loaded axis movement (Command unit)}}$$

Rotor might be connected to load through reducer or other mechanical structures. Hence, the gear ratio is closely related to reducer gear ratio, position encoder resolution and mechanical dimensions related parameters.

Electronic gear ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{Loaded axis resolution}}$$

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If Pr0.08  $\neq$  0, Pr0.08 is valid. If Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be  $\geq$  Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

EL7-EC series comes with motors with 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 23-bit encoder  $\geq$  1049.

	Name	Command pulse counts per revolution			Mode					F
Pr0.08	Range	0~838860 Uni 8 t			Default	0	Index 2008h			١
	Activation	After restart								
	Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, Pr0.08 has higher priority.									

	Name	Encoder resolution			Unit	Encod	Encoder unit		Structure V		≀ Ту	pe	Ulnt 32	
Index 608Fh-01	Access	R 0 Ma	apping	TPD0	Mode	e F		Ra	ange	1~21 483 7		fault	0	
	To set encoder resolution													
Index	Name Electronic gear ratio numerator					Unit	r		Structu	re \	/AR	Тур	е	Dint 32
6091h-01	Access	RW	Мар	ping	RPDO	Mode	de F		Range		-21474 33647	Defa t	aul	1
	To set electronic gear ratio numerator													



Index 6091h-02	Name	Electronic gear ratio denominator			Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Туре	Dint 32
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Defaul t	1
	To set ele	ctronic g	ear ratio der	nominate	or					
Index	Name	Number rotation	of pulses p	er	Unit	Comma nd unit/r	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6092h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1~21474 83647	Defaul t	10000

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder resolution / 6092h-01

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01

## 4.3 Front Panel

Servo Driver front panel consists of 5 push buttons and a 8-segments display. Can be used for displaying of status, alarms, functions, parameters setting and auxiliary functions.



Front panel

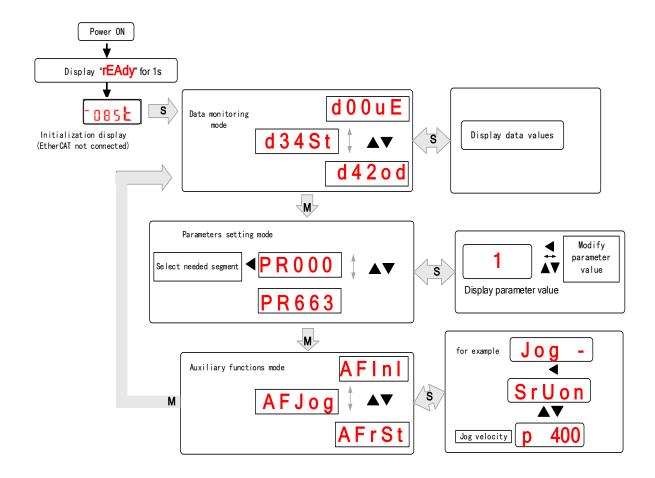
#### **Buttons and functions**

Pariette alla latterio							
Label	Symbol	Function					
Display	/	Consists of 5 push buttons and a 8-segments display					
		To switch between 4 modes:					
Mode		1. Data monitoring mode : To monitor changes of motion data					
	M	values					
Mode		2. Parameters setting mode : To set parameters					
		3. Auxiliary functions mode: To operate common functions, such					
		as trial run, alarm clearing					
Enter	S	To enter or confirm					
Up	<b>A</b>	To switch between sub-menus / Increase					
Down	▼	To switch between sub-menus / Decrease					
Left	◀	To switch between values					



## 4.4 Panel Display and Operation

## 4.4.1 Panel Operation



#### Flow diagram of panel operation

- (1) **rEAdY** will be displayed for about 1 second after driver is powered on. Then, automatically enters data monitoring mode and displays initial data value. Otherwise, alarm code will be displayed if error occurs.
- (2) Press **M** key to switch between modes.

Data monitoring mode  $\rightarrow$  Parameters setting mode  $\rightarrow$  Auxiliary functions mode Alarm code will be displayed regardless of any mode if alarm occurs. Press **M** to switch to other modes.

- (3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select the type of parameters in data monitoring mode. Press S to confirm.



increase/decrease the value of segment. Press  ${\bf S}$  to confirm the modified value(s) and save the parameters.

## 4.4.2 Data Monitoring Mode

EL7 series servo driver offers the function to monitor different types of data in data monitoring mode. After entering this mode, press S to monitor any data that starts with d. Press S again to get back to data monitoring mode and M to switch to any other modes.

Data list in data monitoring mode

No.	Label	Descriptions	Display	Unit	Data Format (x = numerical value)
0	d00uE	Position command deviation	d00uE	pulse	"xxxx"
1	d01SP	Motor velocity	d01SP	r/min	"r xxxx"
2	d02CS	Position control command velocity	d02CS	r/min	"xxxx"
3	d03Cu	Velocity control command velocity	d03Cu	r/min	"xxxx"
4	d04tr	Actual feedback torque	d04tr	%	"xxxx"
5	d05nP	Feedback pulse sum	d05nP	pulse	"xxxx"
6	d06cP	Command pulse sum	d06CP	pulse	"xxxx"
7	d07	Maximum torque during motion	d07	/	"xxxx"
8	d08FP	Internal command position sum	d08FP	pulse	"xxxx"
9	d09cn	Control mode	d09Cn	/	EtherCAT: " <b>CtPoS</b> "
10	d10lo	I/O signal status	d10 lo /		-
11	d11Ai	Internal usage	d11Ai	٧	-
12	d12Er	Error cause and record	d12Er	/	"Er xxx"
13	d13rn	Warning	d13rn	/	"xxx"
14	d14r9	Regeneration load factor	d14r9	%	"xxx"
15	d15oL	Overload factor	d15oL	%	"xxx"
16	d16Jr	Inertia ratio	d16Jr	%	"xxx"
17	d17ch	Motor not running cause	d17Ch	/	"CP xxx"
18	d18ic	No. of changes in I/O signals	d18ic	/	"xxx"
19	d19	No. of times of overcurrent	d19	/	" xxxx"
20	d20Ab	CSP position command sum	d20Ab	pulse	"xxxx"
21	d21AE	Single turn encoder data	d21AE	pulse	" xxxx"
22	d22rE	Multiturn encoder data	d22rE	r	" XXXX"
23	d23 id	Communication axis address	d23id	/	"id xxx" "Fr xxx"
24	d24PE	Position deviation	d24PE	Unit	" xxxx"



25	d25PF	Motor electrical angle	d25PF	pulse	"xxxx"
26	d26hy	Motor mechanical angle	d26hy	pulse	" XXXX"
27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN	d27Pn	٧	" XXXX"
28	d28 no	Software version	d28no	/	"d xxx Servo software"  "F xxx Communication software"  "p xxx Servo power rating"
29	d29AS	Internal usage	d29AS	/	"xxx"
30	d30NS	No. of times of encoder communication error	d30sE	/	"xxx"
31	d31 tE	Accumulated operation time	d31tE	/	" xxxx"
32	d32Au	Automatic motor identification	d32Au	/	"r xxx Motor no." "E xxx Servo no."
33	d33At	Driver temperature	d33At	$^{\circ}$ C	"XXX"
34	d34	Servo status	d34	/	"xxx"
35	d35 SF	Internal usage	d35SF	/	"XXXXXX"
		Following are parameter	s related	to Ether	CAT bus
36	d36	Synchronizing cycle	d36dc	ms	"xxxxxx"
37	d37	No. of times of synchronization loss	d37sc	/	"xxxxxx"
38	d38	Synchronization Type	d38st	freeru n/DC	"xxxxxx"
39	d39	If DC is running	d39dr	/	"xxxxxx"
40	d40	Acceleration and deceleration status	d40sn	/	"xxxxxx"
41	d41	Object dictionary address	d41od	/	"xxxxxx" Index(4 bit)+subindex(2 bit)
42	d42	Object dictionary value	d42od	/	"xxxxxx"  1. If OD does not exist, ODNEXT is displayed. 2. If OD is out of range, ODRNG is displayed.

If EtherCAT is not connected, '-085 t' is displayed after power on.

## Description of data monitoring function

When using the front panel to monitor data, data is divided in low/high bit and positive/negative.

Data is differentiated as below.

. 2.

6 0 8 8 5

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{High bit: } \ 1^{st} \mbox{ and } 2^{nd} \mbox{ values on the right has two decimal points} \\ \mbox{Low bit: } \ 1^{st} \mbox{ and } 2^{nd} \mbox{ values on the right has no decimal point.} \end{array}$ 



. . 5 0

5 0

Positive: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has no decimal point. Negative: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has two decimal points

## 1. d00uE Position command deviation

Shows high bit and low bit of position deviation



Positive: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has no decimal point. Negative: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has two decimal points

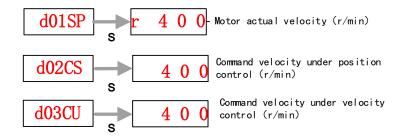
Press ◀ to switch between low and high bit Example: Position command deviation=260885

. 2.

6 0 8 8 5

High bit:  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  values on the right has two decimal points Low bit:  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  values on the right has no decimal point.

## 2. d01SP Motor velocity,d02CS Position control command velocity,d03CU Velocity control command velocity





#### 3. d04tr Actual torque feedback



#### 4. d05nP Feedback pulse sum d06CP Command pulse sum

Feedback pulse sum(Encoder feedback pulse)



Press ◀ to switch between high/low bit Example: Feedback pulse sum=210016



Command pulse sum (Command pulse)



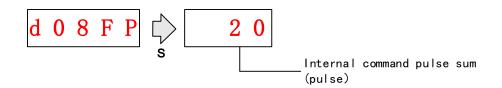
Press ◀ to switch between high/low bit Example: Command pulse sum=210017



## 5. d07 Maximum torque during motion

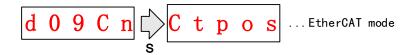


#### 6. d08FP Internal command pulse sum





#### 7. d09Cn Control mode



#### 8. d10lo I/O signal status

When the top half of the digital tube is lighted, the signal is valid; when the bottom half of the digital tube is lighted, the signal is not valid. Decimal points represent I/O status, input when lighted, output when not lighted.

Input: From low to high bit(Right to left) DI1,DI2....DI10. Decimal point is lighted to represent input signals.

In the example below, DI1, DI8 and DI10 input signal is valid; DI2-DI7, DI9 input signal is invalid.

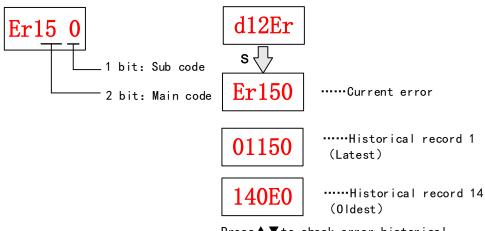


 Output: From low to high bit(Right to left) D01,D02....D010. Decimal point is not lighted to represent output signals.

In the example below, D01 output signal is valid; D02-D010 output signal is invalid.



## 9. d12Er Alarm cause and historical record

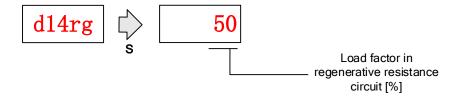


Press▲▼to check error historical record up to 14 records.

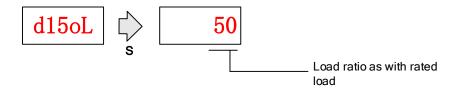


## 10. d14rg Regenerative load factor d15oL Overload factor

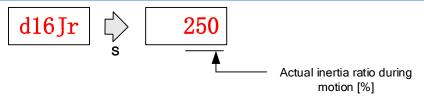
Regenerative load factor (Er120 might occur, if the value increases indefinitely)



Overload factor (Er100 might occur, if the value increases indefinitely)

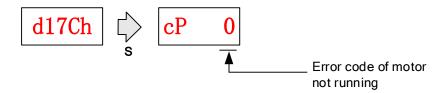


## 11. d16Jr Inertia ratio



Please refer to Inertia Measuring section for detailed explanations.

## 12、d17Ch Motor not running cause

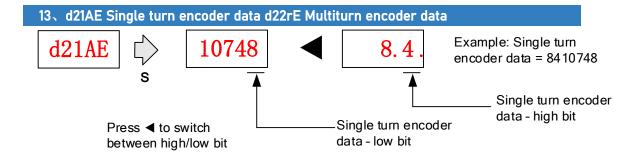


"d17Ch" Motor No Running Cause - Codes & Descriptions

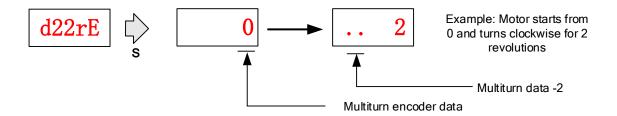
Display Code	Description	Content				
cP 1	DC bus undervoltage	1				
cP 2	No SRV-ON signal	Servo-ON input (SRV-ON) is not connected to COM-				
cP 3	POT/NOT input valid	Pr5.04 = 0, POT is in open circuit, velocity command is in positive direction NOT is in open circuit, velocity command is in negative direction				



сР	4	Driver alarm	1
сP	5	Relay not clicked	/
сP	6	Emergency stop valid	/
сР	7	Position command too low	/
сР	8	Torque limitation	/
cР	9	Zero speed clamp valid	Pr3.15 = 1, Zero speed clamp input is open
сР	10	Velocity mode command velocity too low	In velocity mode, the command velocity is too low
сР	12	Torque mode command torque too low	In torque mode, the torque limit is too low.
сР	13	Velocity limit	Emergency stop command from main bus is valid



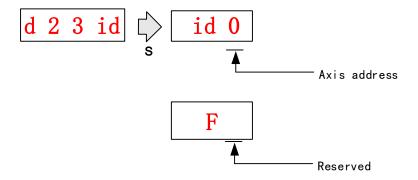
For 23-bit encoder, single turn encoder data = 0~8388607.Each value corresponds to certain position in a single revolution of the rotor, clockwise motion as negative, counter clockwise motion as positive. When counter clockwise single turn data > 8388607, multiturn data +1, clockwise single turn data < 0, multiturn data -1.



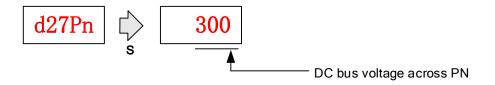
Multiturn encoder data range:-32768 $\sim$ +32767, As no. of revolution goes over range,32767 will jump to -32768 $\sim$  -32767(counter clockwise); -32768 will jump to 32767 $\sim$  32766 (clockwise)



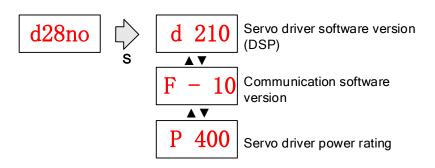
## 14.d23id Communication axis address



#### 15. d27Pn DC bus voltage

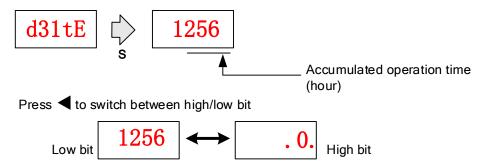


## 16. d28no Software version



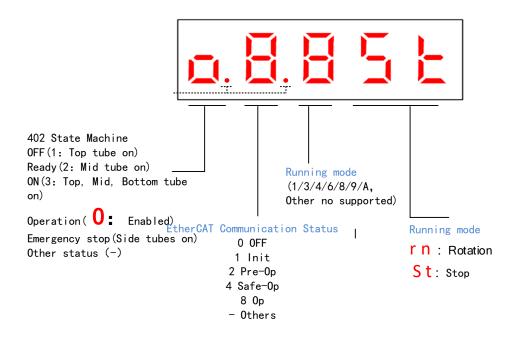


## 17. d31tE Accumulated operation time



#### 18. d34 Servo driver status display

Driver status: 402 state machine, EtherCAT communication, running mode, running





## Display setting at power on

■ Default setting for initialization display settings at power on is d34,if any other display is required, please set on Pr5.28.

Please refer to Pr5.28 for any display content required on the front panel during initialization

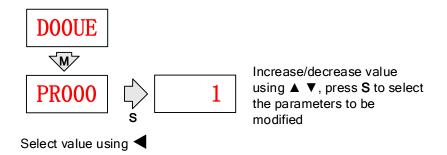
	Name	LED initial sta	LED initial status								F
Pr5.28	Range	0~42	Unit	_	Default	34		Index		2528h	
	Activation	After restart							•		

To set content display on front panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.

Set value	Content	Set value	Content	Set value	Content
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time
2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	/
6	Sum of command pulse	21	Single turn position	36	Synchronous period
7	Maximum torque during motion	22	Multiturn position	37	No. of synchronous loss
8	/	23	Communication axis address	38	Synchronous type
9	Control mode	24	Encoder position deviation	39	Whether DC is running or not
10	I/O signal status	25	Motor electrical angle	40	Acceleration/Deceler ation status
11	/	26	Motor mechanical Angle	41	Sub-index of OD index
12	Error cause and history record	27	Voltage across PN	42	Value of sub-index of OD index
13	Alarm code	28	Software version		
14	Regenerative load rate	29	/		



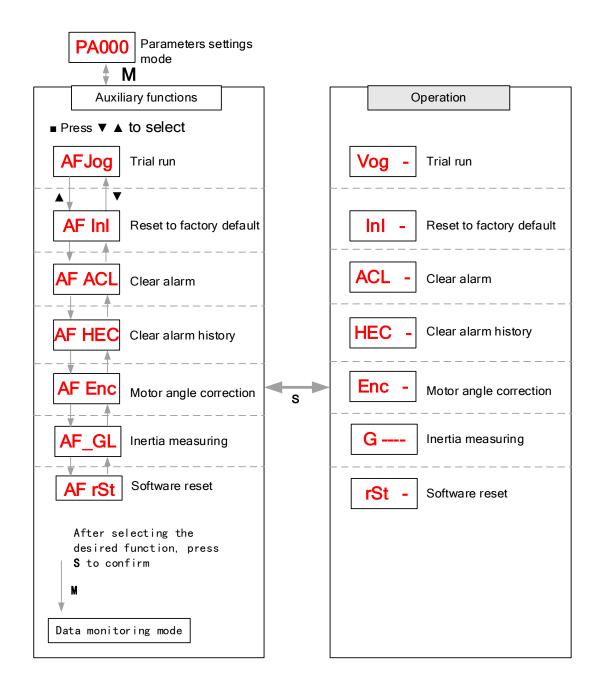
## 4.4 Parameter saving using front panel



After modifying the selected parameter to desired values, press  ${\bf S}$  to confirm and save the changes.



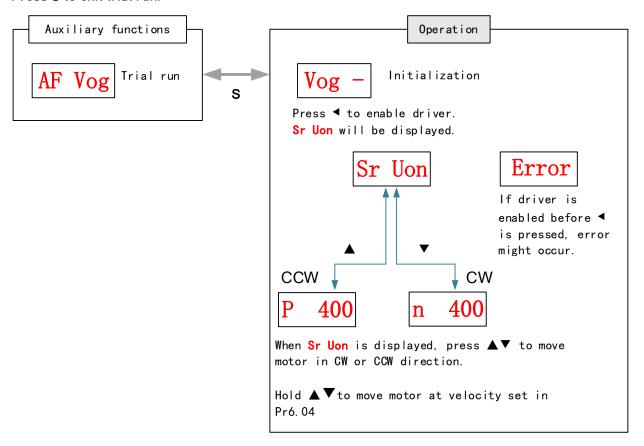
## 4.5 Auxiliary functions





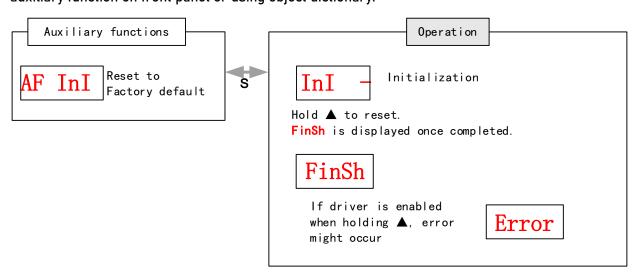
## AF jog Trial run

Please disable servo driver before performing any trial run. Please don't modify gain related parameters during trial run to prevent any occurrence of mechanical vibrations. Press S to exit trial run.



## AF Inl Reset to factory default

To reset parameters settings to factory default. Can be used to reset parameters using auxiliary function on front panel or using object dictionary.

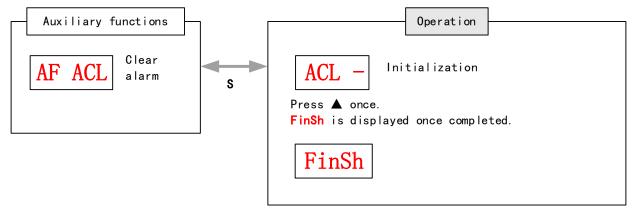




Object dictionary	Parameters to reset	Method
0x1011-01	All parameters	Controller can reset all parameters using 0x1011-01. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-01 as 0x64616f6c, all parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-01=1 after saving.
0x1011-02	Communication parameters	Controller can reset communication parameters using 0x1011-02. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-02 as 0x64616f6c, communication parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-02=1 after saving.
0x1011-03	402 parameters	Controller can reset 402 parameters using 0x1011-03. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-03 as 0x64616f6c, 402 parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-03=1 after saving.
0x1011-04	Drivers' supplier parameters	Controller can reset drivers' supplier parameters using 0x1011-04. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-04 as 0x64616f6c, drivers' supplier parameters will be reset to factory default and 1011-04=1 after saving.

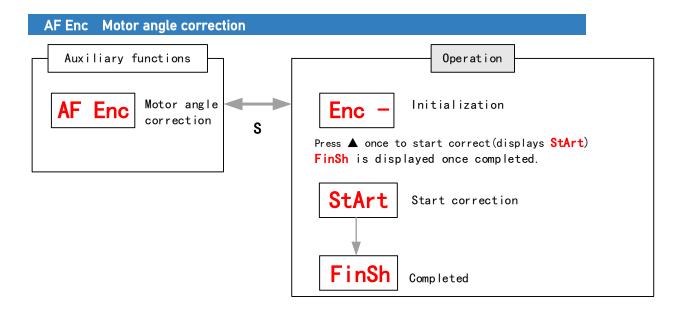
## AF ACL Clear alarm

Alarm can be cleared using this auxiliary function but before that, the error needs to be solved and driver needs to be restarted.



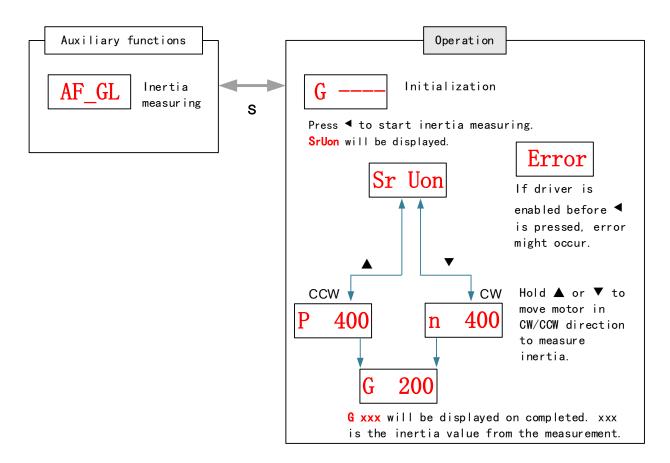
For alarms that can be cleared using this function, please refer to table in Chapter 9.





#### AF\_GL Inertia measuring

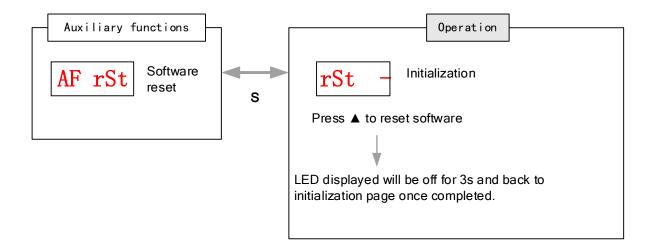
Please make sure to use suitable velocity and acceleration for the measuring process. Press S to exit and disable the driver once completed.





## AF rSt Software reset

Software reset is used mainly on parameters modification that takes effect only after driver restart.





## **Chapter 5 Control Mode**

## 5.1 EL7-EC motion control step-by-step

- A. EtherCAT master device sends "control word (6040h)" to initialize the drive.
  - B. Driver sends feedback "status word (6041h)" to the master device to indicate ready status (status word indication).
- C. Master device sends enable command (control word switch).
- D. The driver enables and sends feedback status to the master device.
- E. The master station sends homing command to home the axis. (Homing parameter and control word switch)
- F. Driver returns to home and sends feedback homed status to master device (status word indication)
  - G. The master station sends the position mode command for position movement (position motion parameters and control word switch) or sends the velocity command for velocity movement (velocity motion parameters and control word switch).
- H. When the drive is finished executing the command (position command), EL7-EC feedbacks the position/velocity to the master device for monitoring during the motion.
- I. The master device sends commands for the next motion.



## 5.2 CiA 402 State Machine

#### State machine switchover diagram Main Enable Control Circuit Power Disable Power on 0 Initialization starts 15 ON Fault OFF Disable Initialization completed 2 7 Ready (Initial parameters done) 3 6 14 Enable (Ready to enable) ON ON Disable 10 12 Quick stop Fault trigger 5 16 8 13 ON ON Enable Running 9 11

Figure 5.1 EL7-EC 402 State Machine switchover diagram



Table 5.1 Status description

Status	Description							
Initialization	Driver powered on, initialization starts; Holding brake activated;							
starts	Axis disabled							
Initialization done	nitialization done; Parameters initialize, faultless; Axis disabled.							
Ready	Parameter initialization done; Axis disabled.							
Enable	Servo driver is ready to be enabled.							
Running	Driver enabled, faultless							
Quick stop	Quick stop activated							
Fault triggered	Alarm not solved yet; Axis disabled.							
Fault	Alarm solved. Waiting to switch from 402 state machine to							
	Initialization starts; Axis disabled.							

402 state machine switching is dependent on master device controlled servo driver control word (6040h)

CiA40	2 status switching	Control word 6040h	Status word 6041h Bit1-Bit9
0	Power on→ Initialization	Transit automatically	0x0000
1	Initialization→ Faultless	Transit automatically,	0x0250
		Enter 13 if fault occurs	
2	Faultless▶ Ready	0x0006	0x0231
3	Servo ready <b>→</b> Waiting to	0x0007	0x0233
	enable		
4	Waiting to enable-► Running	0x000F	0x0237
5	Running→ Waiting to enable	0x0007	0x0233
6	Waiting to enable→ Ready	0x0006	0x0231
7	Ready→ Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
8	Running → Ready	0x0006	0x0231
9	Running- <b>→</b> Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
10	Waiting to enable → Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
11	Running-→ Quick stop	0x0002	0x0217
12	Quick stop→ Faultless	Transit automatically	0x0250
13	Fault stop	Transit automatically	0x021F
14	Fault stop▶ Fault	Transit automatically	0x0218
15	Fault → Faultless	0x80	0x0250
16	Quick stop▶ Running	0x0F	0x0237



## **5.3 Driver Control Mode Setting**

## 5.3.1 Supported control mode (6502h)

EL7-EC supports seven modes, as defined in 6502h.

Bit	31~10		9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Mada	Reserv		CS	CS	CS	Reserve	Н	Reserve	Р	Р	Reserve	Р
Mode	d		Т	٧	Р	d	М	d	Т	٧	d	Р
1:Supporte d	0		1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
				De	scripti	ion		Abbr.				
			Pr	ofile p	ositio	n mode		PP				
		Profile velocity mode						PV				
		Profile Torque mode						PT				
			Homing mode					НМ				
		C	Cyclic synchronous position					CSP				
					mode							
		Cyclic synchronous velocity					/	CSV				
	mode											
	Cyclic synchronous torque						CST					
		mode										

# 5.3.2 Operational mode setting (6060h) and Operational mode display (6061h)

The operation mode of the servo drive is set in 6060h. The operation mode of the servo drive is viewed in 6061h.

Bit	Description	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	Profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	НМ
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST



## 5.4 Common Functions for All Modes

## 5.4.1 Digital input setting and status display

Please refer to chapter 5 for more details on digital I/O input and polarity settings.60FDh object complies with IEC61800-200 standard input I/O status mapping object. 60FDh is set according to function as the table below shows.

Bit31	Bit30	Bit29	Bit28	Bit27	Bit26	Bit25	Bit24
Z	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Touch	Touch	BRAK	INP/V-COI
signal	d	d	d	Probe 2	Probe 1	E	N /TLC
Bit23	Bit22	Bit21	Bit20	Bit19	Bit18	Bit17	Bit16
E-ST0	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	DI14	DI13
Р	d	d	d	d	d		
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Reserve	HOME	P0T	NOT
				d			

## 5.4.2 Digital output setting and control operation method

In addition to the internal operation of the servo system, EL7-EC also provides a function for the master device to operate digital I/O output of the servo driver.

If I/O output function is set up as master device control, master device can control servo driver digital I/O output through 60FEh object

Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15~0	
011-	Reserved	D06	D05	D04	D03	D02	D01		
01h		valid	valid	valid	valid	valid	valid	Decemined	
026	Reserveu	D06	D05	D04	D03	D02	D01	Reserved	
02h		enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled	enabled		

## 5.4.3 Motor Rotational Direction

Rotational direction is defined in 607Eh.

Mode	!	Set value					
Position Mode	PP HM CSP	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command					
Velocity	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command					
Mode	CSV	64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command					
Torque	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command					
Mode CST		32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command					
ALL		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command					
Modes		224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command					



## 5.4.4 Stop Settings

EL7-EC provides quick stop function. Stopping is different under different modes.

Controlled by using object dictionary 605A.

Index	Name Quick stop option code				Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT 16
605Ah	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	ALL	Range	0~7	Default	2

Motor stops when quick stop command is given.

#### PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Quick stop
- 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

#### НМ

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Quick stop
- 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

#### **CST**

- 0: To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1, 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6087. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5, 6: Motor decelerates and stops through 6087. Status: Quick stop
- 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Quick stop

When 402 state machine is disabled, the motor will stop freely.

When bit8(Halt) of 6040h is 1, the motor will stop with deceleration set in 6083h/6084h.

## 5.4.5 Position mode - Electronic Gear

EL7-EC position mode consists of cyclic synchronous position mode (CSP), protocol position mode (PP) and homing mode (HM), only in these three modes is the electronic gear valid.

Electronic gear ratio range is 0.001~8000(23-bit encoder), 0.001~to 125(17 bit encoder), otherwise ErA00 might occur if over range (the warning is not saved, after modification to a reasonable range, alarm on operational panel will automatically disappear, but the 402 state will still be in the "error" state, write 0x80 into 6040h).



#### Method 1:

Electronic gear ratio setting is defined by 608Fh (Position encoder resolution). 6091h (Gear ratio), 6092h (Feed constant) to change the motor position. Only valid under pre-operational mode.

608Fh (Position encoder resolution) is the resolution of the encoder, which is read internally without additional setting. 6092h\_01 represents the number of pulses that can be set for each revolution of the motor. 6091h\_01/6091h\_02 is real-time update effective.

Electronic gear subdivision method can be determined by modifying 6092h\_01 (Feed constant)

- 1. If 6092h\_01 (Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh (Position Encoder resolution), then:

  Electronic gear ratio = encoder resolution / 6092h\_01
- 2. If 6092h\_01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then:

  Electronic gear ratio = 6091\_01/6092h\_01

  Electronic gear ratio range is 0.001~8000(23 bit encoder), 0.001~125(17 bit encoder)

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be  $\geq$  Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

EL7 series comes with motors with 17-bit and 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 17-bit encoder = 131072; for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 17-bit encoder should be  $\geq$  17; for 23-bit encoder  $\geq$  1049.

#### Method 2:

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If Pr0.08  $\neq$  0, Pr0.08 is valid. If Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

Note: when the setting value exceeds this range, the error will be reported and automatically reset to the default value. The default values of 6091\_01, 6091\_02 and 6092\_01 are 1, 1 and 10000.

#### 5.4.6 Position Limits

The hardware limit is valid in all operational modes, and the software limit is valid only in the absolute operational mode of cyclic synchronous position mode (CSP) and profile position mode (PP)

The limit of the software is defined by 607Dh. The maximum position in the negative direction is defined in 607d-01h and the maximum position in the positive direction is defined in 607d-02h, the unit is consistent with the command unit.



The setting of object dictionary 0x5012-04 not only affects the homing offset of 607C, but also affects the software limit, 607D needs to be modified before the operational state

501	2-04	Actual Desirius Desiries Limit	Actual Negative Resition Limit			
Bit2	Bit3	Actual Positive Position Limit	Actual Negative Position Limit			
0	0	607D-02 + 607C	607D-01 + 607C			
0	1	607D-02 - 607C	607D-01 - 607C			
1	Χ	607D-02	607D-01			

EL7-EC Software position limits valid conditions:

- 1. It can only be set in the pre-operational state of ESM. It is recommended to configure it by SDO when the system starts.
- 2. Only in the absolute mode of CSP and PP, in CSP mode, it is recommended to use the software limit function of the master station to achieve the fastest limit performance.
- 3. The incremental encoder motor is not effective until the homing process completed.
- 4. The setting rule is 607d-01h < 607d-02h, that is, the negative position limit value is less than the positive position limit value.

## 5.4.7 Control Word

Bit definition of Control Word 6040h.

Bit	15~11	10~9	8	7	6~4	3	2	1	0
Definitio			Hall	Fault	Related	Operation	Quick	Voltage	Switch
n	_	-	Halt	reset	to modes	enable	stop	output	on

		Bit7 a	and Bit0 to B	it3		6040	402 State
Command	7: Fault reset	3: Operation enable	2: Quick stop	1: Voltage output	0: Start	Value	machine *1)
Power off	0	×	1	1	0	0006h	2;6;8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	3*
Switch on	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	3**
No voltage output	0	×	×	0	×	0000h	7;9;10;12
Quick stop	0	×	0	1	×	0002h	7;10;11
Operation enable	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	5
enable	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	4;16
Fault reset	Rising edge	×	×	×	×	0080h	15

<sup>×</sup> is not affected by this bit state

<sup>\*</sup> indicates that this transition is performed in the device start state



<sup>\*\*</sup> indicates that it has no effect on the start state and remains in the start state

The definition of bit 8 and bit 6~4 in different operation modes are shown in the following table

		Operation Mode										
Bit	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)					
8	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with decelerati on	Stop with deceleration	-	-	-					
6	Absolute/ Increment	-	-	-	-	-	-					
5	Immediatel y trigger	-	-	-	-	-	-					
4	New Position	-	-	Start	-	-	-					

## 5.4.7 Status Word

Bit definition of Status Word 6041h.

Bit	Definition
15~14	Reserved
13~12	Related to modes
11	Position limit valid
10	Position arrival
9	Distance
8	Related to modes
7	Reserved
6	Not switch on
5	Quick stop
4	Voltage output
3	Fault
2	Operation enable
1	Switch on
0	Ready to switch on

Bit 11 is valid when the software or hardware limit is in effect.

The combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0 represents the device state shown in following table

Combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0	Description
****,***,*0**,0000	Not ready to switch on
****,***,*1**,0000	Switch on disabled
××××,×××,×01×,0001	Ready to switch on
××××,×××,×01×,0011	Switch on
***,***,*01*,0111	Operation enabled

<sup>\*1)</sup> The state machine switch corresponds to figure 7.1



××××,××××,×00×,0111	Quick stop active
****,***,*0**,1111	Fault reaction active
****,***,*0**,1000	Fault

<sup>×</sup> is not affected by this bit state

The definition of bit 8 and bit 13~12 in different operation modes are shown in the following table

		Operation Mode						
Bit	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)	
13	Position error is too large	-	-	Homing Process error	-	-	-	
12	-	Velocity is 0	1	Homing Process completed	Following valid	Following valid	Following valid	
8	Abnormal stop	-	-	Abnormal stop	Abnormal stop	-	-	

## 5.4.8 Synchronous cycle time setting

The default synchronous cycle time range of EL7-EC series is 250us – 10ms. Min value: 125us; Max value: 20ms. Please make sure the values set is the multiplier of 250us.

## 5.4.9 Driver Enabling

This section describes how to use control words 6040h/ status word 6041h command switching/status determination forEL7-EC controlled motor.

#### Steps:

- 1: Write 0 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x250 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x250
- 2: Write 6 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x231 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x231
- 3: Write 7 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x233 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x233
- 4: Write 15 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x237 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x237



## 5.5 Position Mode (CSP、PP、HM)

## 5.5.1 Common Functions of Position Mode

Index Sub-		Label A	A	Access BB0		Mode			
inaex	Index	Label	Access	PD0	PP	CSP	НМ		
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes		
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes		
607A	0	Target position	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes	/		
607D	1			Yes	/				
	2	Max. software limit	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes	/		
607F	0	Maximum protocol velocity	protocol		Yes	/	Yes		
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	W RxPDO Yes Yes		Yes	Yes		
6081	0	Profile velocity	RW	RxPD0	Yes	/	/		
6083	0	Profile acceleration	RW	RxPD0	Yes	/	/		
6084	0	Profile deceleration	RW	RxPD0	) Yes / /		/		
60C5	0	Protocol maximum acceleration	rotocol RW RxPDO Yes /		Yes				
60C6	0	Protocol RW RxPDO Yes maximum deceleration		/	Yes				

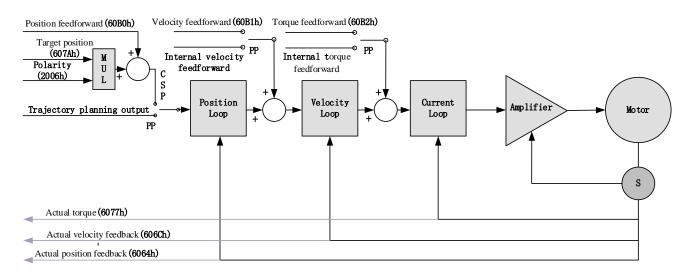
Indov	Sub-	Labal	A	Assess DDO		Mode		
Index	Index	Label	Access	PD0	PP	CSP	НМ	
6041	0	Status word	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6062	0	Position command	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6064	0	Actual position feedback	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes	



6065	0	Position deviation window	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes	/
6066	0	Position deviation detection time	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes	/
606C	0	Velocity feedback	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal command torque	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes
60F4	0	Actual following error	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FA	0	Position loop velocity output	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FC	0	Internal command position	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes	Yes

## 5.5.2 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode (CSP)

## CSP Block Diagram





## **Related Objects**

## Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
	607A-00h	Target position	132	RW	Uint	Required
(RXPD0)	60B0-00h	Position feedforward	132	RW	Uint	Optional
(KAPDO)	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Uint /S	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	116	RW	0.1%	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position	132	RO	Uint	Required
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual feedback velocity	132	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional

## Extended object

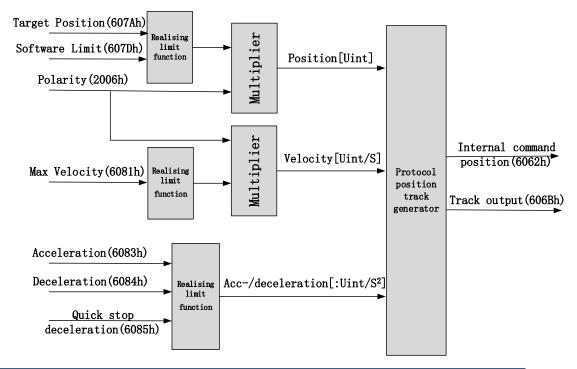
Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	
603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0	_	
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_	
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	R0	_	
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Uint	
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	R0	Uint	
607D-01h	Min. software limit	132	R0	Uint	
607D-02h	Max. software limit 132		R0	Uint	
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	116	RW	_	
6085-00h	Emergency stop	U32	RW	Uint /S	
0003-0011	deceleration	032	I K V V	Ollit /3	
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	R0	Р	
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	R0	_	
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio	U32	RW		
0071-0111	numerator	032	KVV	_	
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio	U32	RW		
0071-0211	denominator	032	17.00	_	
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation U32 RW		RW	_	
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	R0	_	



## 5.5.3 Protocol Position Mode (PP)

Under non-synchronous mode, master device is responsible for only sending parameters and control command; After receiving enable command from master device, servo driver will plan motion route according to parameters. Under non-synchronous mode, motor motion between each axes are asynchronous.

From the perspective of servo driver functions, the difference between PP and CSP mode is that PP mode requires track generator function from L7EC



#### **Related Parameters**

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	1	Required
	607A-00h	Target position	132	RW	Uint	Required
(RXPD0)	6081-00h	Max. velocity	U32	RW	Uint	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	132	RW	Uint	Optional
					/S	
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	1	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0		Optional
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	R0	Uint	Required
(TXPD0)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	100	RO	Uint	Optional
	606C-00N		132		/S	
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	R0	0.1%	Optional



## Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	R0	_
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Uint
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	R0	Uint
607D-01h	Min. software limit	132	R0	Uint
607D-02h	Max. software limit 132		R0	Uint
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	116	RW	_
6085-00h	Emergency stop U32		RW	Uint /S
0003-0011	deceleration	032	I T V V	Unit /3
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	R0	Р
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	R0	_
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio	U32	RW	
0071-0111	numerator	032	KVV	_
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio	U32	RW	
0071-0211	denominator	032	1/ 44	
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	Number of physical axis turns U32 R0		_

## Control and status words under PP mode

## Control word bits 4~6 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
4 (New position)	0>1	Latest target position(607Ah)、Profile velocity (6081h)、Acc-/deceleration(6083h/6084h) Starts
5	0	Trigger new position command once current one is completed.
(Instant trigger)	1	Interrupted current position command and trigger new position command
6(Absolute/	0	Set target position(607Ah)as absolute position
relative)	1	Set target position(607Ah) as relative position



#### 5 motion structures under PP mode

Control words bit 5	0	1
Accelerates/ constant velocity toward target position	$0 \xrightarrow{\text{V}} \text{A} \xrightarrow{\text{B}} \text{C} \xrightarrow{\text{C}} \text{t}$	$0 \xrightarrow{\text{V}} A B C \Rightarrow t$
Decelerates towards target position	$0 \xrightarrow{\overset{V}{\bigwedge}} \overset{{\bigwedge}}{\underset{A}{\bigwedge}} \overset{{\bigvee}}{\underset{B}{\bigvee}} t$	$\begin{bmatrix} v \\ A & B & C \\ \end{bmatrix} t$
Target position in inversed direction	0 A B	

A: Command switching time from master device

B: Arrival time before target position renewal

C: Arrival time after target position renewal

Thick line: Motion before command changed Thin line: Motion after command changed

#### Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
8(Abnormal	0	Normal motion
Stoppage)	1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stopped *1)
10(Arrived at	0	Motion not completed
position)	1	Target position reached
12/No no sition	0	Current motion completed/interruptible, able to execute new position command *2)
12(New position)	1	Current motion not completed/interruptible, unable to execute new position command
1//Mation	0	Motion parameters valid, necessary parameters all not set to 0.
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	1	Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 3 parameters, Profile velocity (6081h), acceleration (6083h) and deceleration (6084h) = 0.
15(Trigger)	0	Current motion incomplete/uninterruptable, new target position cannot be renewed. *3)
is(irigger)	1	Current motion completed/interruptible, new target position can be renewed.



- \*1) Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.
- \*2) Bit 12 under control word(6040h)bit 5 valid and bit 4 invalid, motion interruptible.
- \*3) Bit 15 and bit 12 have inversed logic under PP mode.

Application: Realization of relative position motion

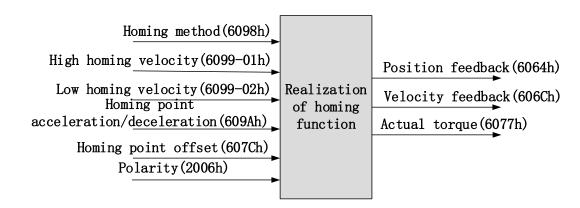
Step 1: 6060h = 1, determine if 6061h =1. Servo driver is now under PP mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target position 607Ah, Profile velocity 6081h, acceleration 6083h, deceleration 6084h

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 6 and 4 to realize relative position motion.

# 5.5.4 Homing mode (HM)

EL7-EC servo system supports every other homing method except for method 36. Output/input parameters of L7EC are as shown below.



#### Related Parameters

#### Basic object

PD0	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
	6098-00h	Homing mode	18	RW	Uint	Optional
(RXPD0)	6099-01h	High homing velocity	U32	RW	Uint/S	Optional
	6099-02h	Law baming valacity	U32	RW	Uint	Optional
	0U77-UZN	Low homing velocity	USZ	IK VV	/S	



	609A-00h	Homing point acceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S²	Optional
	607C-00h	Homing point offset	132	RW	Uint	Optional
	60-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO		Optional
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Uint	Optional
(TXPD0)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional

#### Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	R0	_
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Uint
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	R0	Uint
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	132	R0	Uint
608F-02h	Motor revolution	132	R0	Uint
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	_
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	_
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	R0	_

# Control and status words under HM mode

#### Control word bit 4 definition under HM mode

Bit	Value	Definition				
4(Homing motion starts/stops)	0>1	Homing motion starts				
	1>0	Homing motion stops, motor				
Stat (5/5(0p5)	1 – 70	stops				

# Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definition under PP mode

Bit		Value	Definition
8(Abnormal		0	Normal motion
Stoppage)		1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stops *1)
10(Arrived	at	0	Motion not completed
position)		1	Target position reached



12/11	0	Homing not done
12(Homing done)	1	Homing done, valid after reaching position(bit 10) *2)
	0	Motion parameters valid, necessary parameters all not
	U	set to 0.
14(Motion		Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 4
Parameter = 0)	1	parameters, Homing mode (6098h), high homing
	'	velocity(6099h-01), low homing velocity (6099h-02) and
		homing point acc-/deceleration (609Ah) = 0.
1E/Trigger)	0	Homing triggered/completed *3)
15(Trigger)	1	Homing triggers

<sup>\*1)</sup> Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

# Incorrect position triggering conditions

Triggering condition	Remarks				
Absolute encoder homing	Control words 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1				
2 limit switch signals detected	Positive and negative limit switches detected during homing				
Negative limit valid when positive limit in used	Negative limit valid under 2,7-10,23-26 homing modes				
Positive limit valid when negative limit in used	Positive limit valid under 1,11-14,27-30 homing modes				
Limit switch valid when not in used	Limit switch valid under 3,4,19,20 homing modes				
Limit switch/homing signal valid when	Limit switch and homing sensor valid under				
only z-signal in used	33,34 homing modes				

<sup>\*2)</sup> Determine if homing is done, determine if bit 10/12 is occupied.

<sup>\*3)</sup> Use to indicate if homing is able to trigger or already triggered.



### Homing mode

#### Torque limiting mode

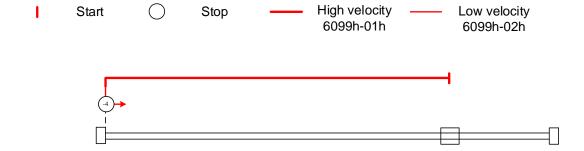
Mode-6: Search for homing point in negative direction at low velocity. Stop after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39 and homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37



**Mode -5:** Search for homing point in **positive direction** at **low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39 and homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

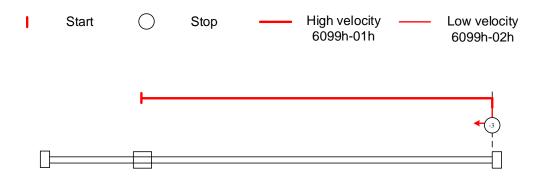


Mode -4: Search for homing point in negative direction at high velocity. Move in positive direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37





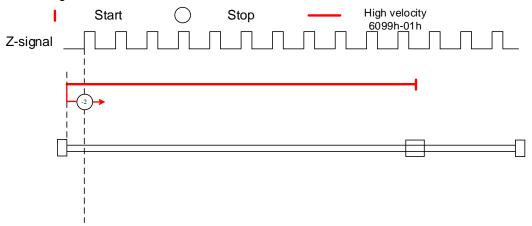
Mode -3: Search for homing point in positive direction at high velocity. Move in negative direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37



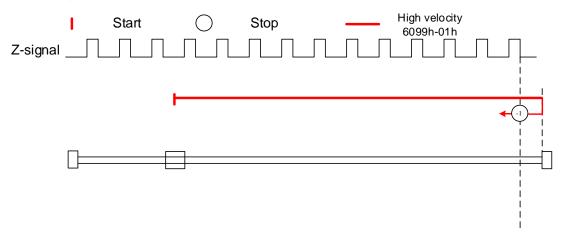


#### Torque limiting + Z-signal mode

Mode -2: Search for homing point in negative direction at high velocity. Move in positive direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the first Z-signal.



**Mode -1:** Search for homing point in **positive direction** at **high velocity**. Move in **negative direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the **first Z-signal**.



#### Limit switch signal + Z-signal mode

#### Mode 1:

Diagram A: Negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after negative limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

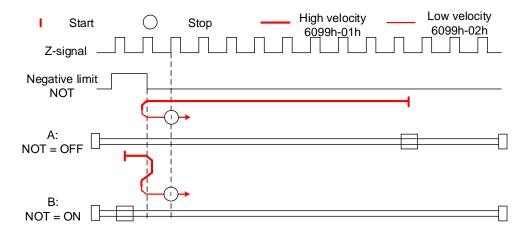
Diagram B: Negative limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **negative limit switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch invalid**.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.



# 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after negative limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive limit signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



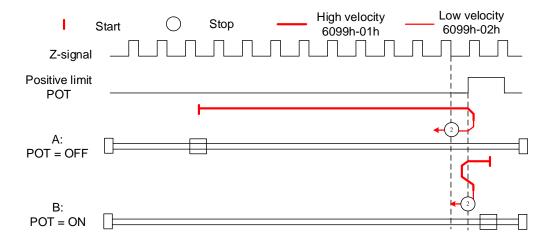
#### Mode 2:

Diagram A: Positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Positive limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **positive limit switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch invalid**.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





#### Homing switch signal + Z-signal mode

#### Mode 3:

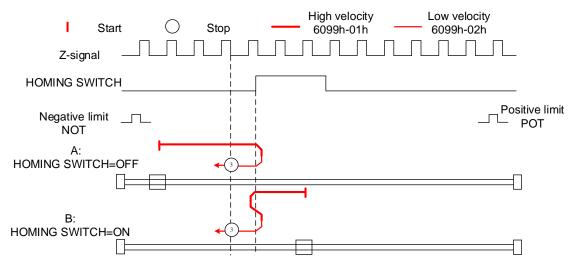
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 4:

Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

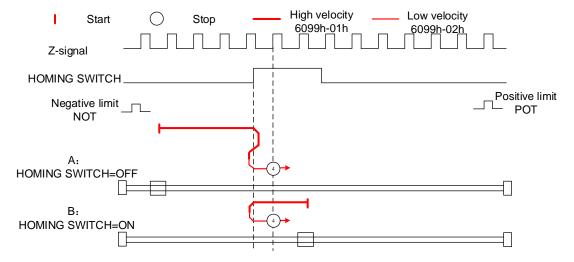
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status



word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



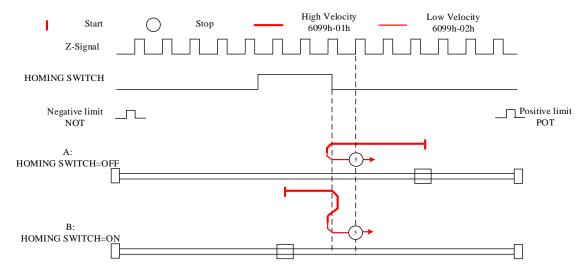
#### Mode 5:

Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





#### Mode 6:

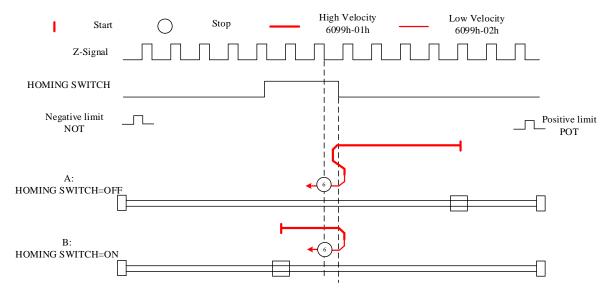
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Limit switch signal + homing switch signal + Z-signal mode

#### Mode 7

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first

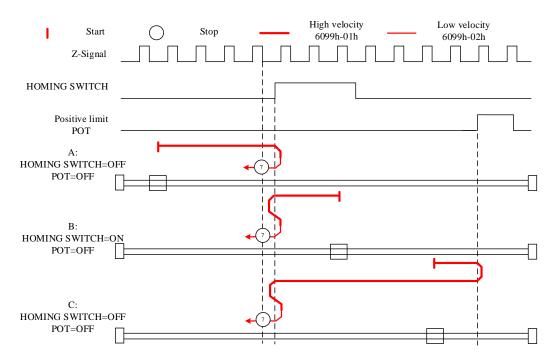


#### encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 8

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

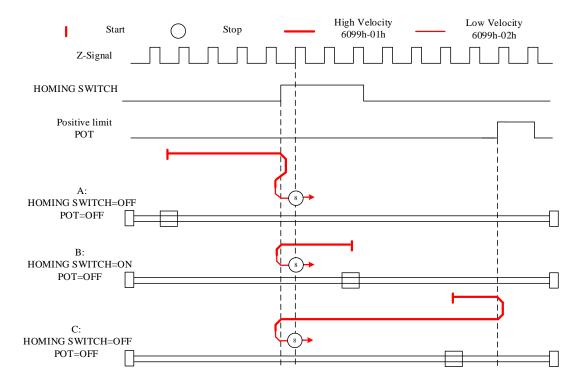
Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.



- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 9

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

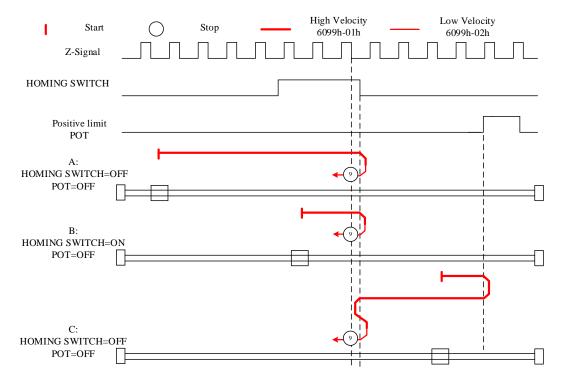
Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first



#### encoder Z signal valid

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 10

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

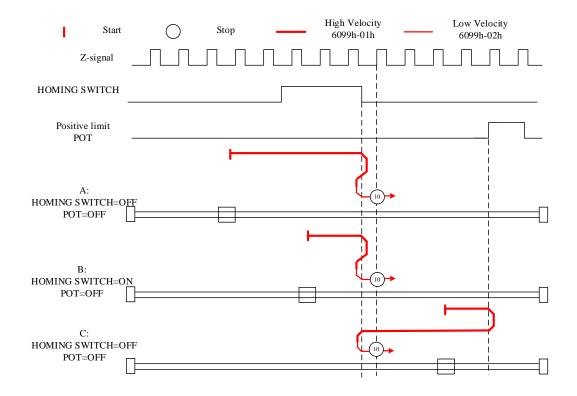
- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**



If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 11

Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

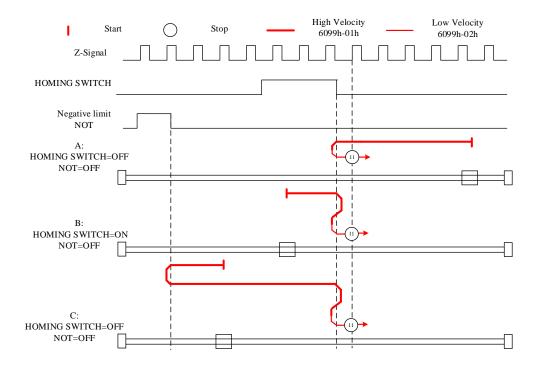
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until the negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**





#### Mode 12

Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

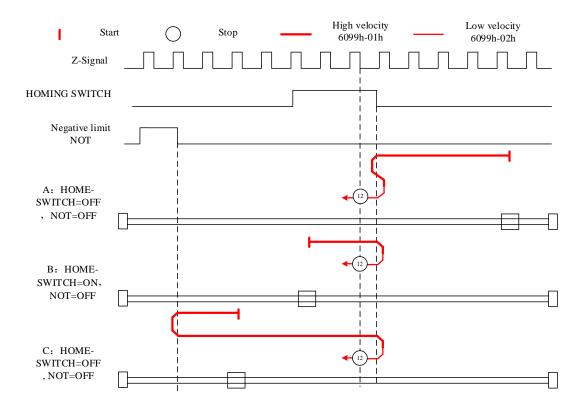
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.





#### Mode 13

Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

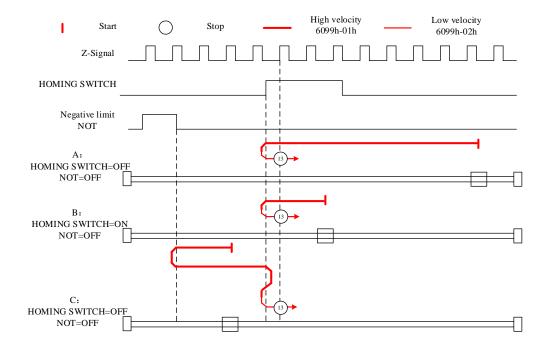
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch valid**.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.





#### Mode 14

Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

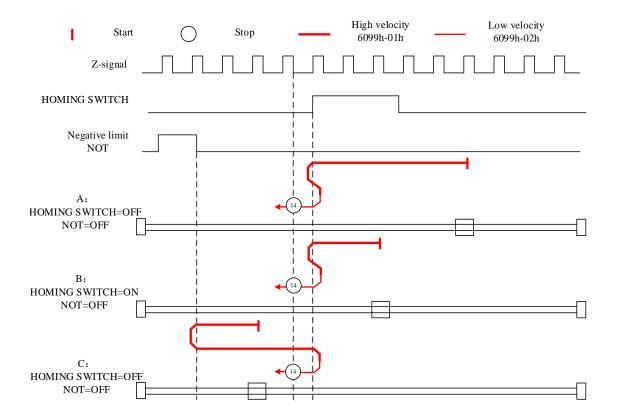
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 2. Move in positive direction until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid.**

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

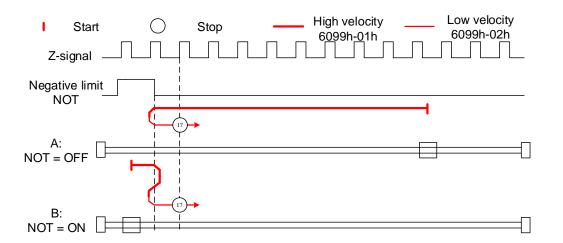




# Limit switch signal triggering detection mode

# Mode 17:

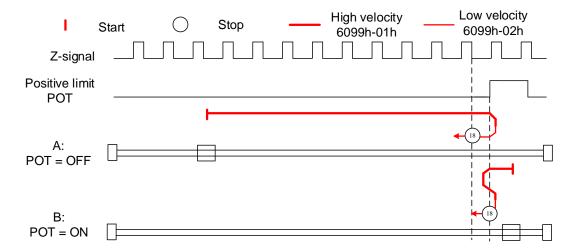
This mode is similar to mode 1. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of negative limit switch signal





#### **Mode 18:**

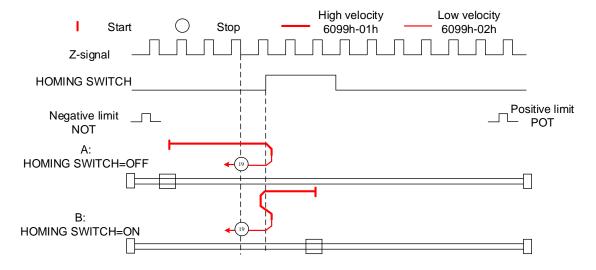
This mode is similar to mode 2. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through switching of positive limit switch signal



# Homing switch signal triggering detection mode

#### **Mode 19:**

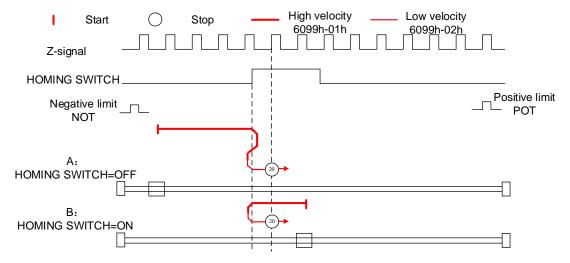
This mode is similar to mode 3. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





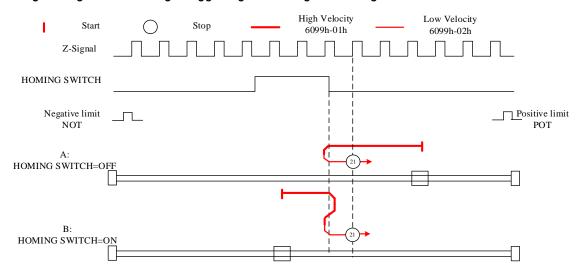
#### Mode 20:

This mode is similar to mode 4. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



#### Mode 21:

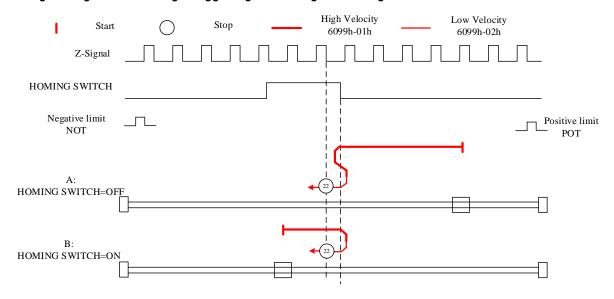
This mode is similar to mode 5. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.





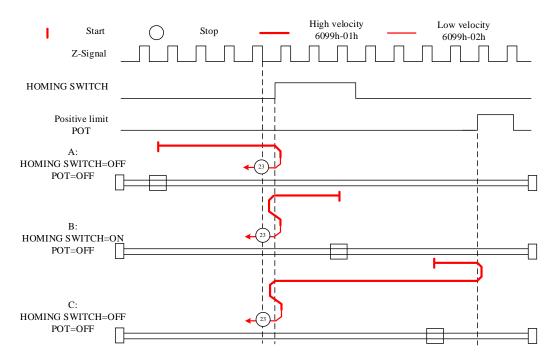
#### Mode 22:

This mode is similar to mode 6. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



#### Mode 23:

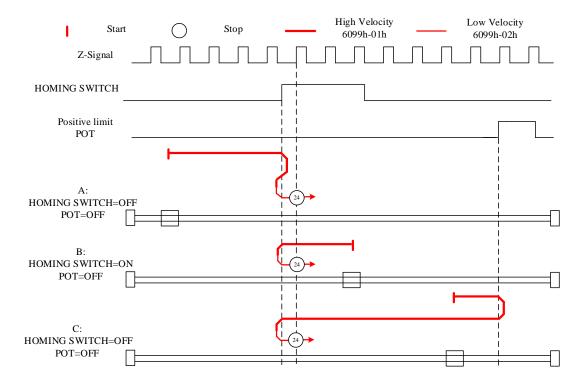
This mode is similar to mode 7. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.





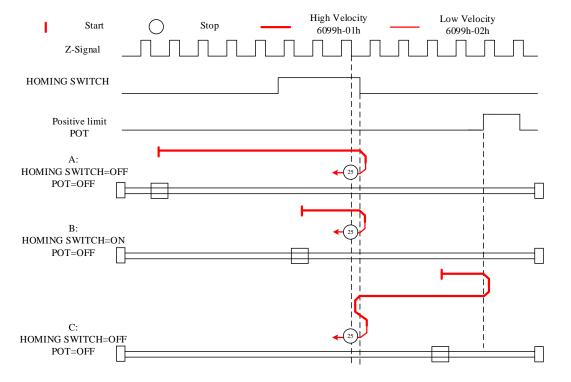
#### Mode 24:

This mode is similar to mode 8. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



#### Mode 25:

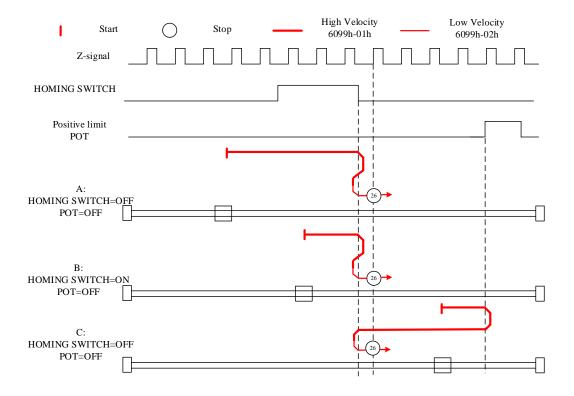
This mode is similar to mode 9. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





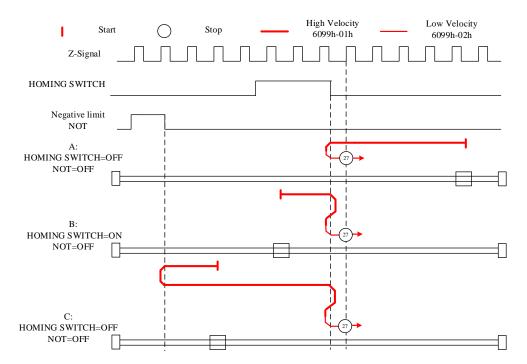
#### Mode 26:

This mode is similar to mode 10. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



#### Mode 27:

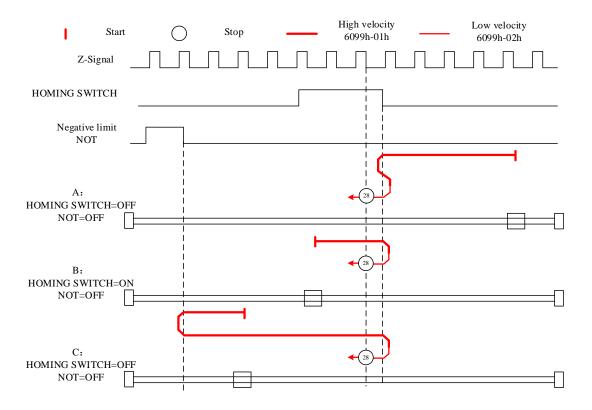
This mode is similar to mode 11. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





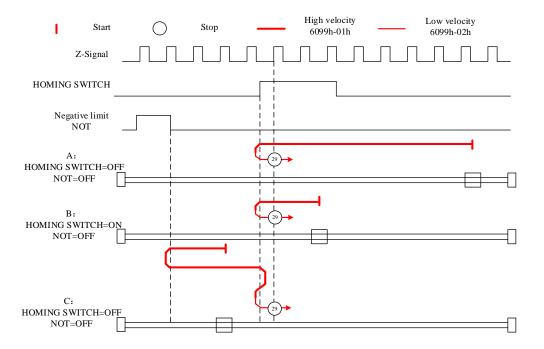
#### Mode 28:

This mode is similar to mode 12. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



# Mode 29:

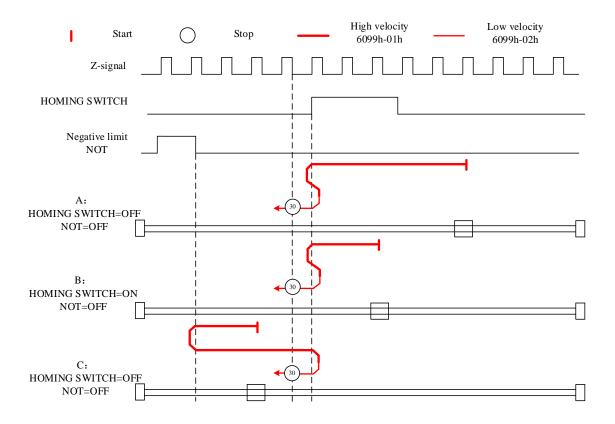
This mode is similar to mode 13. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





#### Mode 30:

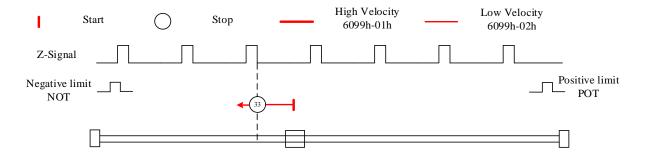
This mode is similar to mode 14. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



#### Other modes

#### Mode 33:

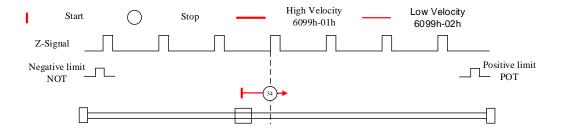
The motor starts to move in **negative direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**. If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.





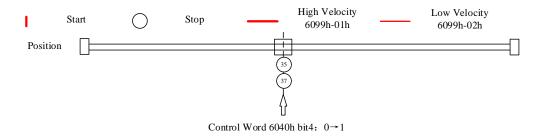
#### Mode 34:

The motor starts to move in **positive direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**. If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 35/37:

Set the current position as homing point. Using this mode, motor doesn't have to be enabled. Set control word 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1.



#### Application: Realization of homing motion

Step 1: 6060h = 6, determine if 6061h = 6. Servo driver is now under HM mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Homing method 6098h, Homing velocity

6099h-01/6099h-02 and acceleration/deceleration 609Ah.

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 4 from 0 to 1 to start homing motion.

# 5.6 Velocity Control Mode (CSV、PV)

# 5.6.1 Common Functions of Velocity Control

lm d ave	Sub	Nome	A	DDO	Mode	
Index	Index	Name	Access	PD0	CSV	PV
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
60B1	0	Velocity feedforward (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes



60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
60FF	0	Target velocity (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes

Index	Index Sub	Name	A	DDO	Mode	
index	Index	Name	Access	PD0	csv	PV
6041	0	Status word	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
606B	0	Internal command velocity	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes

# 5.6.2 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode (CSV)

#### CSV Block Diagram CSV Velocity feedforward (60B1h) Torque feedforward (60B2h) Target velocity (60FFh) Internal torque feeforward Polarity С (2060h+2062h) S Velocity Torque Trajectory planning output Amplifer Motor loop loop S Actual torque (6077h) Actual velocity feedback(606Ch) Actual position feedback(6064h)



# **Related Objects**

#### Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPD0)	60FF-00h	Target velocity	132	RW	Uint	Required
(KXPDU)	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Uint /S	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	116	RW	0.1%	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	_	Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	R0	Uint	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual speed feedback	132	R0	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional

#### Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
606B-00h	Internal command velocity	132	RO	Uint
605A-00h	Quick stop option	116	RW	_
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S

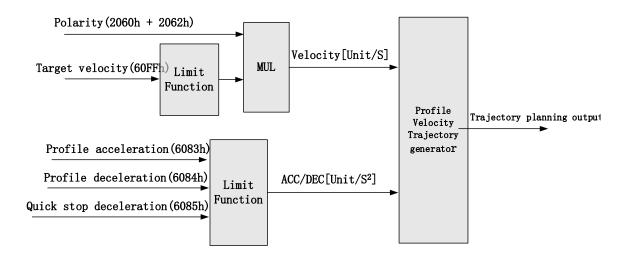
# 5.6.3 Profile Velocity Mode (PV)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands.EL7-EC servo drive will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion parameters sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes is asynchronous.

#### PV Block Diagram

The difference between PV and CSV mode is that PV needs EL7-EC to have the function of trajectory generator. The input and output structure of the trajectory generator is shown in figure 7.8





# **Related Objects**

#### Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPD0)	60FF-00h	Target velocity	132	RW	Uint	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	132	RW	Uint /S	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	_	Required
	6064-00h	Position feedback	132	R0	Uint	Optional
(TVDDO)	606C-00h	Velocity feedback	132	R0	Uint /S	Optional
(TXPD0)	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	l16	R0	0.1%	Optional

### Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
605A-00h	Quick stop option	116	RW	_
6084-00h	Deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S



#### Control Word and Status Word for Profile Velocity Mode

The bit6~4 of control words (6040h) associated with the control mode in PV mode are invalid. The motion in PV mode can be triggered as long as the motion parameters (target velocity (60FFh) ACC/DEC (6083h/6084h)) are given after the axis is enabled.

Table7. Bit15~12、10、8 of Status word (6041h) for Profile Velocity Mode

Bit (Label)	Value	Details
8	0	Quick stop invalid
(Quick stop)	1	Quick stop valid
10	0	Velocity not yet reached
(Velocity reached)	1	Velocity reached
10	0	It's not zero speed. It's moving.
12 (Zero speed)	1	Zero speed or it's going to slow down to zero speed *1)

<sup>\*1)</sup> Zero speed of bit 12 is generally effective when deceleration stop and hardware limit valid.

#### Application: Realization of profile velocity motion

Step 1: 6060h = 3, determine if 6061h = 3. Servo driver is now under PV mode. Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target velocity 60FFh, acceleration 6083h and deceleration 6084h.

# 5.7 Torque Mode (CST、PT)

# 5.7.1 Common Functions of Torque Mode

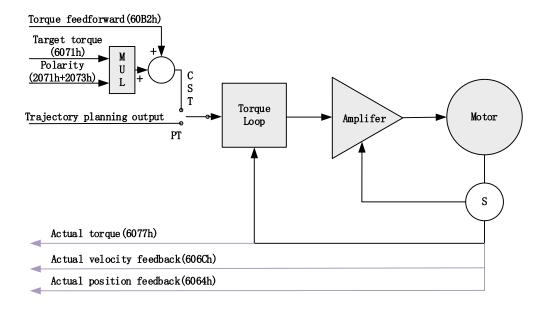
Index	Sub	Label	Access	PDO	Mode	
index	Index	Labet	Access	PDO	CST	PT
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
6071	0	Target torque	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor speed	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
6087	0	Torque change rate	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPD0	Yes	Yes



lm d ave	Sub	Label	A	DDO	Мо	ode
Index	Index	Label	Access	PD0	CST	PT
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6075	0	Rated current	R0	No	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	R0	No	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes
6079	0	Bus voltage	R0	TxPD0	Yes	Yes

# 5.7.2 Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode (CST)

# CST Block Diagram



# **Related Objects**

# Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
(DVDDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPD0)	6071-00h	Target torque	116	RW	Uint	Required



	6087-00h	Torque feed-forward	U32	RW	0.1%/S	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	ı	Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	R0	Uint	Optional
(TXPD0)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	R0	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Required

#### Extended object

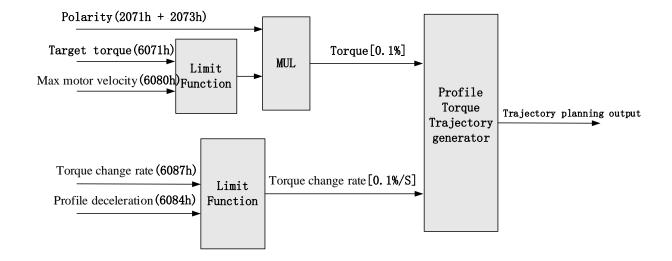
Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	-
6074-00h	Internal command torque	116	RO	0.1%
605A-00h	Quick stop option	116	RW	
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Uint /S
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Uint /S
2077-00h	Velocity limit	116	RW	RPM

# 5.7.3 Profile Torque Mode (PT)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands.EL7-EC servo drive will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion parameters sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes is asynchronous.



# PT Block Diagram



# **Related Objects**

# Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(RXPD0)	6071-00h	Target torque	116	RW	0.1%	Required
	6087-00h	Torque change rate	U32	RW	0.1%/S	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	_	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position value	132	RO	Uint	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual feedback speed value	132	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional

# Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6074-00h	Internal command torque	116	RO	0.1%
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Uint /S
605A-00h	Quick stop option	116	RW	_
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S



2077-00h	Velocity limit	116	RW	RPM
	•			

# Application: Realization of profile torque motion

Step 1: 6060h = 4, determine if 6061h = 4. Servo driver is now under PT mode.

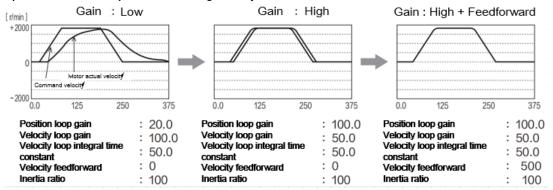
Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target torque 6071h, Torque change rate 6087h, and Max. velocity limit 6080h



# **Chapter 6 Application**

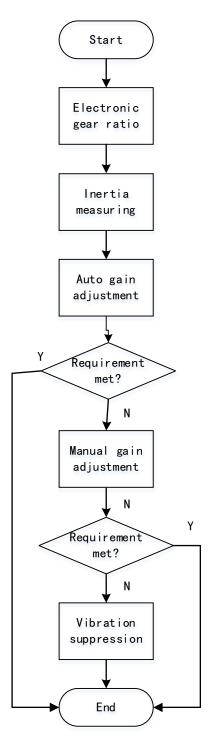
# 6.1 Gain Adjustment

In order for servo driver to execute commands from master device without delay and to optimize machine performance, gain adjustment has to be done.



Servo driver gain adjustment is done in combination with a few other parameters (Inertia ratio, Position loop gain, Velocity loop gain and Filters settings). These parameters will have an effect on each other so it always advisable to tune each parameter according in order to achieve optimal machine performance. Please refer to the steps below





Steps	Functions	Explanation
Inertia	Online	Motor moves with command from controller, servo driver will automatically calculate load-inertia ratio
measuring	Offline	Using servo driver inertia determining function, servo driver can automatically calculate load-inertia ratio
Auto gain adjustment	Auto gain adjustment	Real time determining of mechanical load, gain value is set accordingly.



Manual	Basic gain	On top of auto gain adjustment, manually adjust related parameters so that machine can have better responsiveness and following
Manual gain adjustment	Command pulse filter	Set filter for position, velocity and torque command pulse.
	Gain	Enable feedforward function to improve following behaviour
	feedforward	
Vibration	Mechanical	Using notch filtering function to suppress mechanical
suppression resonance		resonance.

# 6.2 Inertia measuring function

Inertia ratio = Total mechanical load rotational inertia / Electronic gear rotational inertia

Inertia ratio is an important parameter. Setting a suitable value can help with the precise tuning of the servo system. Inertia ratio can be set manually and also be determined automatically through servo driver

## 6.2.1 Online inertia determination

Enable motor using controller. Let motor run at above 400rpm, make sure there are acceleration, constant velocity and deceleration phase during the whole run. Cycle through 2-3 times to calculate load-inertia ratio. Result can be found on the front panel d16 or through Motion Studio system monitoring page. Enter the calculated value into Pr0.04 and save.

# 6.2.2 Offline inertia determination

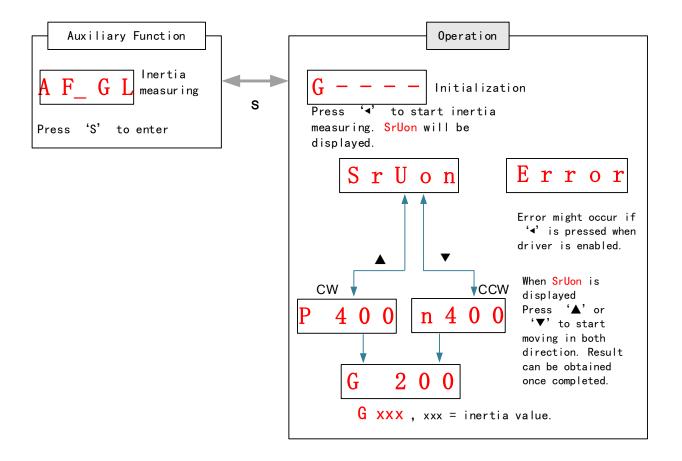
Can be achieved through driver front panel or on Motion Studio.

Please make sure:

- 1. Servo driver is disabled.
- 2. Axis is within safe and allowed range and limit switch is not triggered prevent axis from over travelling.



# 6.2.3 Auxiliary function to determine inertia on front panel



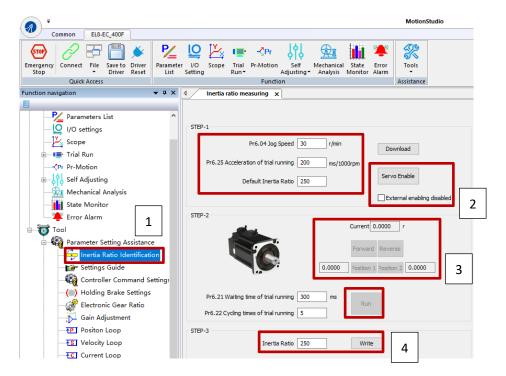
## Steps:

- 1. Set the trial run velocity **Pr6.04**. Value set shouldn't be too large, please keep it at around **400 r/min**.
- 2. Enter AF\_GL for auxiliary function Inertia ratio determination into front panel
- 3. Press S once to enter. "G---" will be displayed on the front panel.
- 4、 Press once to display "StUon"
- 5. Press ▲ or ▼ once to start to calculate the inertia.
- 6. After the calculation is done, G xxx will be displayed and xxx is the value of inertia calculated.
- 7. Write the corresponding value into Pr0.04. Please refer to for parameter saving on servo driver.



# 6.2.4 Inertia measuring using Motion Studio

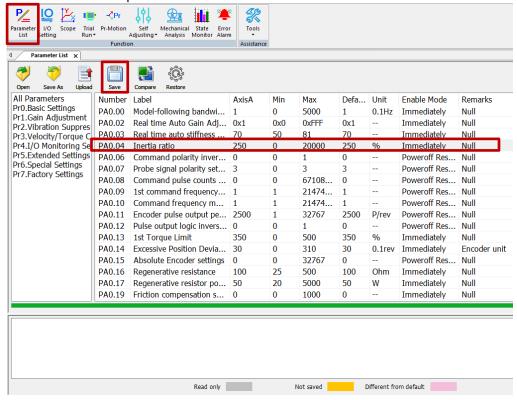
- 1. Start Motion Studio and maneuver to inertia ratio identification page under performance tuning. Set trial run velocity Pr6.04 and acc-/deceleration time Pr6.25, click on 'Upload' to upload parameters to servo driver.
- 2. Tick "Prohibit external enabling" and click on "servo on".
- 3. Click and hold "CCW" to start the motor. Current position will show motor cycles of revolution. Click on POS 1 to save current position as starting point. Click and hold "CW" to start the motor again. Click on POS 2 to save current position as ending point.
- 4. Set the waiting time between each cycle in Pr6.21 and no. of cycles in Pr6.22. Click on 'Run' and motor will run according to the parameters set.



5. After the calculation is done, inertia ratio will be calculated automatically and click on 'write' to enter the calculated value into Pr0.04.



6. Click on "Parameter List" to enter parameters management to check or modify Pr0.04. Then, click on "Save" to save parameters to driver.



#### Please take note:

- 1. Trial run velocity and distance should be optimal to prevent any axis from bumping into objects.
- 2. It is recommended to move only in 1 direction for vertically mounted axis. Take precaution before moving the axis.
- 3. For applications with higher frictional drag, please set a minimal travel distance.

	Name	Inertia ratio			Mode						F
Pr0.04	Range	Range 0~20000 Unit %		%	Default	250		Index		2004h	
	Activation	Immediate									

# Pr0.04=( load inertia/motor rotational inertia)×100%

#### Notice

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.



# 6.3 Auto gain adjustment

This function will measure real time mechanical properties and set gain values in accordance to mechanical stiffness. Can be used in any control mode

	Conditions to implement					
Control	Please refer to Pr0.02 for detailed explanations. Auto gain adjustment is					
mode	different for each control mode.					
	Servo driver needs to be enabled					
Other	• Set up input signals such as deviation counter clearing and command input; Torque limit and other motion control parameters to enable motor to move normally without obstacles.					

Under certain conditions, external factors might affect automatic gain adjustment functions. If the conditions as listed exist or unfavorable, please disable the automatic gain adjustment function.

Affecting conditions					
Load inertia	If inertia is less than 3 times or over 20 times of rotor inertia.				
Load mertia	Changes in load inertia				
· Very low mechanical stiffness					
Load	If gear backlash is a non-linear property				
	Velocity less than 100r/min or continuously in low velocity mode				
	• Acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s. 。				
Motion	<ul> <li>Acc-/deceleration torque lower than eccentric load, frictional torque.</li> </ul>				
	· Velocity < 100r/min, acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s but not				
	longer than 50ms				

To enable automatic gain adjustment:

- 1. Disable the servo driver.
- 2. Set Pr0.02 = 0x01/0x11 or 0x02/0x12. Then, set Pr0.03
- 3. Servo enabled. Run motion as normal to start measuring load properties.

Related parameters will be automatically set.

- 4. Increase motor responsiveness by increasing Pr0.03. Please check if there is any vibration before setting Pr0.03 to max. value.
  - 5. Save the parameters.

## Please take note:

- Please stop the motor before modifying any parameter. Pr0.02 only takes effect after saving modified parameter values into EEPROM and restarting the driver.
- After enabling the servo driver for the first time or when increasing Pr0.03,



mechanical noise or vibration might occur for the first run, it is normal. If it persists, please set Pr0.03 to lower value.

# Parameters that change in accordance to real time gain adjustment

No.	Parameters	Label	Remarks
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain	
2	Pr1.01	1st velocity loop gain	
3	Pr1.02	1st velocity integral time	
		constant	
4	Pr1.03	1st velocity detection filter	
5	Pr1.04	1st torque filter	When stiffness setting is valid,
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain	parameters will be updated to
7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain	match stiffness value
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time	
		constant	
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection	
		filter	
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter	

If auto gain adjustment is valid, the parameters listed above can't be manually modified. Only when Pr0.02 = 0x00 or 0x10, can the gain related parameters be modified manually.

# Gain related parameters that don't change with the real time gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label			
1	Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant			
2	Pr1.11	/elocity feedforward filter time constant			
3	Pr1.12	Torque feedforward gain			
4	Pr1.13	Torque feedforward filter time constant			
5	Pr1.15	Position control gain switching mode			
6	Pr1.17	Position control switching level			
7	Pr1.18	Position control switching hysteresis			
18	Pr1.19	Position gain switching time			

			•	·								
	Nan	ne	Real time A Adjusting	uto Gain	Valid Mode						F	
Pr0.02	Ran	ge	0x0~0xFF F	Unit	_	Default	0x00	01	Index		2002h	
	Acti	vation	Immediate									

Set up t	he mode	e of t	he real	time	auto	gain	adjusting.	

Data bits	Category	Settings	Application
0x00_	Motion setting mode	motion charactor recommended to special requires	tion setting mode, which can be selected according to the eristics or setting requirements. Generally, it is to select mode 1 with good generality when there is no ment, mode 2 when rapid positioning is needed If mode 1 anot meet the requirements, please choose mode 0.



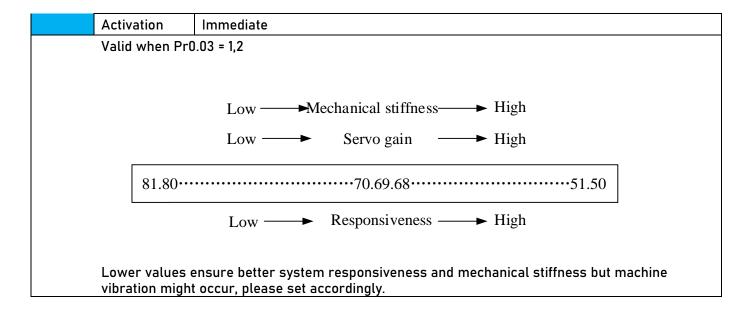
		0:Manual	Pr0.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.
		1:Standard	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.
		2:Positioning	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitable for applications requiring quick positioning. Not recommended for load mounted vertical to ground, or please compensate for the load using Pr6.07
		Used to select t mechanical stru	the load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and ucture.
0x0_0	Load type	0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.
	setting	1:High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.
		2: Flexible structure	This mode prioritizes system stability. Use this mode when there is low rigidity structure with high load inertia. Typical applications included belts and chains.
0x_00	reserved		

The setting type combination is a hexadecimal standard, as follows:

<u> </u>	
Setting type	Application type
combination	
0X000	Rigid structure Manual
0X001	Rigid structure +Standard
0X002	Rigid structure +Positioning
0X010	High inertia + Manual
0X011	High inertia + Standard
0X012	High inertia + Positioning
0X020	Flexible structure + Manual
0X021	Flexible structure
	+Standard
0X022	Flexible structure
	+Positioning

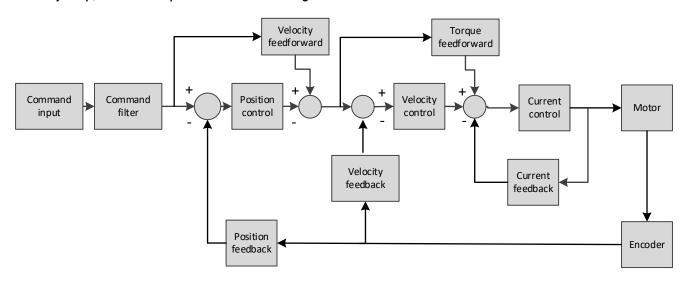
Pr0.03	Name	Real time a adjusting	uto stiffn	ess	Mode					F
	Range	50 ~ 81	Unit	1	Default	70	Index		2003h	





# 6.4 Manual gain adjustment

Due to limitation of load conditions, automatic gain adjustment might not achieve expected performance. Control can be improved through manual gain adjustment The servo system is made up of 3 control loops. From outer to inner: position loop, velocity loop, current loop as shown in the diagram below.



Inner control loop demands higher responsiveness. In order to avoid system instability, please tune in accordance to this principle. Current loop gain usually satisfies the responsiveness demand without tuning. When gain adjustment is done under position control mode, in order to keep the system stabile, position and velocity loop gain have to be increased at the same time to make sure the responsiveness of the position loop is lower than velocity loop.



## Steps to tuning (Position and velocity control)

For servo gain, if any one of the parameters is changed, please modify other gain related parameters accordingly. Make sure to the change at around 5% and follow the rules as below.

- 1) Increase responsiveness
  - a) Reduce torque command filter time
  - b) Increase velocity loop gain
  - c) Decrease velocity loop integral time
  - d) Increase position loop gain
- 2) Decrease responsiveness, prevent vibration and over shoot
  - a) Reduce position loop gain
  - b) Increase velocity loop integral time
  - c) Reduce velocity loop gain
  - d) Increase torque filter time

	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> positio	n loop ga	in	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr1.00	Range	0~3000 0	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320	Inde	x		2100h	
	Activation	Immediat	е								

Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time.

Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel. As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.

Recommended range:  $1.2 \le Pr1.00/Pr1.01 \le 1.8$ 

	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> Integra of Velocity		nstant	Mode						F
Pr1.02	Range	1~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	310	Index			2102h	
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate								

If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, Pr1.02 is activated.

The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur.

Set 10000 to deactivate Pr1.02.

Recommended range: 50000≤PA1.01xPA1.02≤150000

For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of velocity loop should be  $100(0.1ms) \le Pr1.02 \le 300(0.1ms)$ 

Pr1.04	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> Torq Constan	jue Filte t	r Time	Mode					F
P11.04	Range	0~250 0	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index		2104h	



Activation	Immediate

To set torque command low-pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command.

Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. Pr1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Recommended range: 1,000,000/( $2\pi \times Pr1.04$ )  $\geq Pr1.01 \times 4$ 

For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be  $Pr1.01 \le 221(0.01ms)$ 

If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting Pr1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop.

With higher Pr1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce Pr1.04 value;

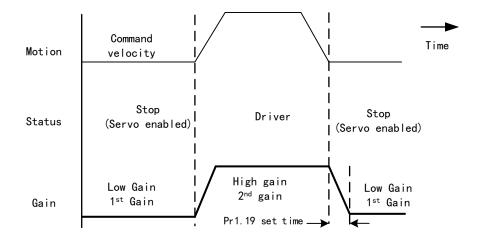
With lower Pr1.01 value settings, increase Pr1.04 value to lower motor noise.

# 6.5 Gain switching

Gain switching function can be triggered internally in servo driver. Only valid under position or velocity control mode. Following effects can be realized by gain switching:

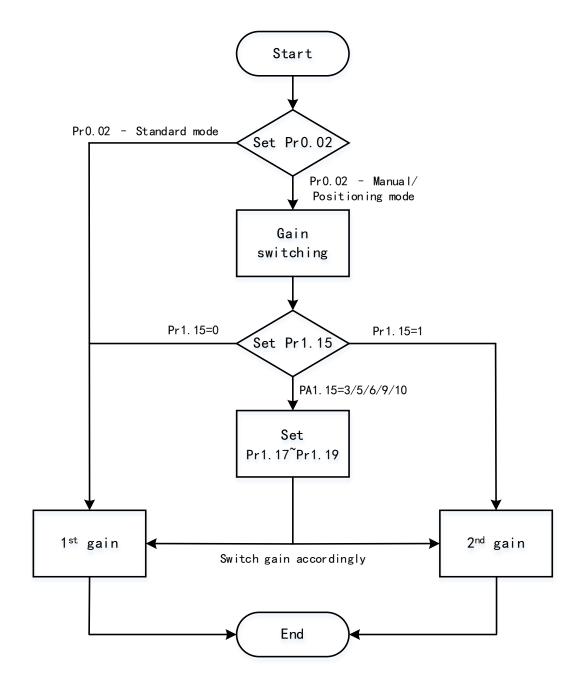
- 1. Switch to lower gain when motor stops to suppress vibration
- 2. Switch to higher gain when motor is moving at a low velocity to shorten positioning time
- 3. Switch to higher gain when motor is moving at a high velocity to improve command following behavior.

## Diagram below shows gain switching when motor stops.





1<sup>st</sup> gain (Pr1.00-Pr1.04) and 2<sup>nd</sup> gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09) switching can be realized through manual and positioning mode. Switching condition is set through Pr1.15. Gain switching is invalid under standard mode.



## Related parameters on gain switching

No.	Parameter	Label	Remarks
		Donition control main	In position control, set PA1.15=3 、 5 、 6 、
1	Pr1.15	Position control gain	9、10。
		switching mode	In velocity control, set PA1.15=3 、5 、9
2	Pr1.17	Position control level	Please set PA1.17≥PA1.18
		switching	
3	Pr1.18	Position control	If PA1.17 <pa1.18, driver="" pa1.17<="" set="" td="" will=""></pa1.18,>



		hysteresis	switch	ning	=PA1.18
4	Pr1.19	Position	gain	time	
		switching			

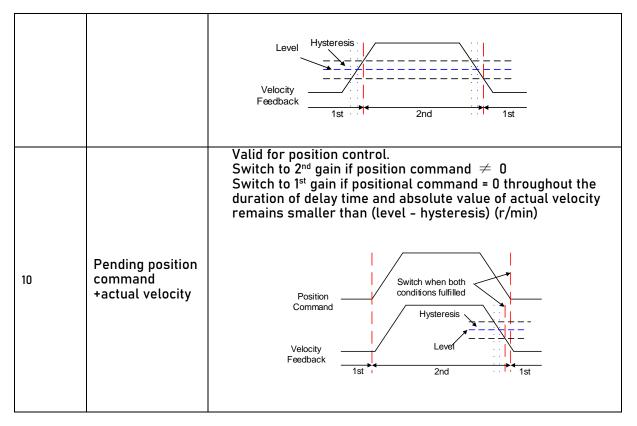
	Label		n control ing mode	•	Mode						F
Pr1.15	Range	0~11 Unit — D		Default	0	Ind	ex		2115h	ı	
	Activation	Immed	iate								

Activation Immediate			
Set Value	Condition	Gain switching condition	
0	1st gain fixed	Fixed on using 1st gain(Pr1.00-Pr1.04)	
1	2 <sup>nd</sup> gain fixed	Fixed on using 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09)	
2	Reserved		
3	High set torq	Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[%] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value smaller than (level + hysteresis)[%]  Hysteresis  Acceleration Constant Speed  Level  Acceleration Speed  Torque  1st 2nd 1st	
4	Reserved	Reserved	
5	High set velo	Valid for position and velocity control. Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]	



6	Large position deviation	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[pulse]  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[pulse]
7	Pending position command	Valid for position control. Switch to $2^{nd}$ gain if position command $\neq 0$ Switch to $1^{st}$ gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the duration of delay time.
8	Not yet in position	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain if position command is not completed.  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains uncompleted throughout the duration of delay time.
9	High actual velocity	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min]  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]





For position control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,6,9,10; For velocity control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,9;

\*\* Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to Pr1.17 Position control gain switching level and Pr1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.

	Label	Position of switching		Mode					F	
Pr1.17	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	50	Index		2117h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							

Set threshold value for gain switching to occur.

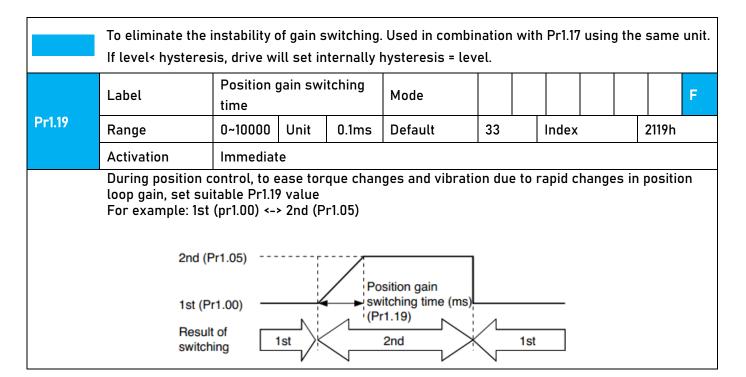
Unit is mode dependent.

Switching condition	Unit
Position	Encoder pulse count
Velocity	RPM
Torque	%

Please set level ≥ hysteresis

	Titude del tevel > hydieredd									
	Label	Hysteres control s	•		Mode					ш
Pr1.18	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	33	Inde	x	2118h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							





# 6.6 Feedforward gain

In position control, velocity feedforward is calculated by comparing the velocity control command calculated internally and velocity command calculated from position feedback. Comparing to control only using feedbacks, this will reduce position deviation and increase responsiveness. Besides, by comparing the torque needed during motion from velocity control command in comparison with velocity feedback, torque feedback can be calculated to improve system responsiveness.

# 6.6.1 Velocity feedforward

Velocity feedforward can be used in position control mode. When the function is enabled, it can increase velocity responsiveness, reduce position deviation during constant velocity.

	Label	Velocity gain	feed	forward	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr1.10	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.10%	Default	300	Index	<b>(</b>		2110h	
	Activation	Immedia	te								
	Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.						iuse				
Pr1.11	Label	Velocity filter tim		forward ant	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		



Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50	Index	2111h
Activation	Immediat	е					

Set velocity feed forward low pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain.

Please to refer to the equation below.

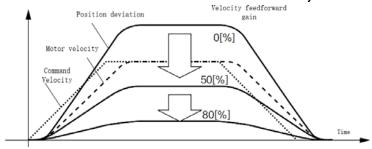
Set velocity 
$$\left[\frac{Uint}{s}\right]$$

Position deviation[Uint]=

#### 100

# 6.6.2 Velocity feedforward application

Set Pr1.11 to around 50 (0.5ms), then tune Pr1.10 from 0 to bigger values until the velocity feedforward achieves better performance. Under constant velocity, the position deviation in a motion will decrease as the velocity feedforward gain increase.



## Steps to tuning:

- 1. Increase Pr1.10 to increase responsiveness but velocity overshoot might occur during acc-/deceleration.
- 2. By reducing Pr1.11, velocity feedforward would be more effective and vice versa. Pr1.10 and Pr1.11 need to be tuned to a balance.
- If mechanical noise exists under normal working conditions, please increase Pr1.11 or use position command filter (1 time delay/ FIR smoothing filter)

# 6.6.3 Torque feedforward

Position control mode:

Torque feedforward can increase the responsiveness of torque command, decrease position deviation during constant acc-/deceleration.

Velocity control mode:

Torque feedforward can increase the responsiveness of torque command, decrease velocity deviation during constant velocity.

		1									
Dr1 12	Label	Torque	feed	forward	Mode	DD	DV	нм	CS	CS	
Pri.iz	Laner	gain			Mode	FF	ΓV	FIIM	Р	V	



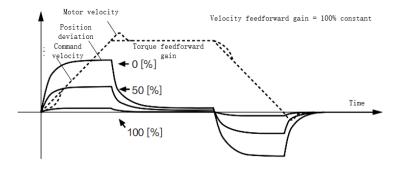
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1%	Default	0		Index		21	112h	
	Activation	Immedia	te									
	Before using torq forward gain, pos to 0. Under ideal c can be reduced to deviation can neve	ition devia condition a close to (	tion on and trap	constant ezoidal s	acceleration/dopeed profile, po	eceler sition	atior devi	n can b iation o	e reduce f the wh	ed t role	o clos motic	
	Label	Torque filter tim		forward ant	Mode	PP	PV	НМ		CS V		
Pr1.13	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0		Index		2	113h	
	Activation	Immedia	te									
	Low pass filter to			_	-	n torq	ue fe	ed forv	vard co	mm	and.	

Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision.

Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.

# 6.6.4 Torque feedforward application

Set Pr1.13 to around 50 (0.5ms), then tune Pr1.10 from 0 to bigger values until torque feedforward achieves better performance. Under constant acc-/deceleration, the position deviation in a motion will decrease as the velocity feedforward gain increase.



# Steps to tuning:

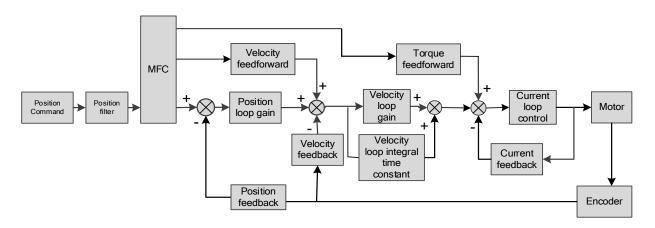
- Increase Pr1.12 to increase responsiveness but velocity overshoot might occur during acc-/deceleration.
- By reducing Pr1.13, torque feedforward would be more effective and vice versa. Pr1.12 and Pr1.13 need to be tuned to a balance and reduce noise.



# 6.7 Model following control

Model following control is a type of closed loop control system. First, an ideal model is constructed and acts as a reference for actual model in a closed loop control. Model following control can be treated as a control mode with 2 flexibilities: Reference model can be used to improve command responsiveness and closed loop control used to increase responsiveness of the system towards interference. They don't affect each other.

Model following control can be used in position loop control to increase responsiveness to commands, reduce positioning time and following error. This function is only available in position control mode.



## To adjust model following control

1. Automatic adjustment

Set model following bandwidth Pr0.00 = 1 for automatic adjustment. Now, Pr0.00 = Pr1.01, model following bandwidth is adjusted automatically according to different velocity loop gain.

2. Manual adjustment

Please used manual adjustment if

- Automatic adjustment is not satisfactory.
- Responsiveness needs further improvement in comparison with automatic adjustment.
- There is a need to set servo gain or model following control parameters manually.

## Steps to manually adjust

Step	Content				
1	et up vibration suppression.				
2	Set up the right inertia ratio.				

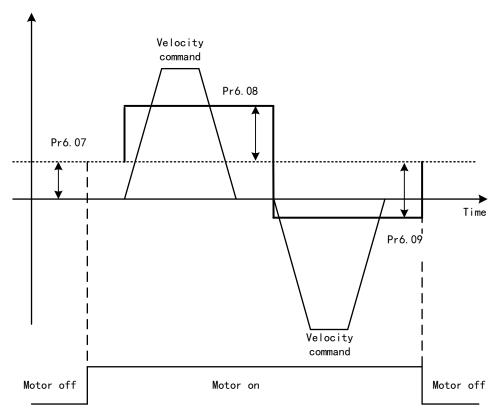


3	Manually adjust gain.
4	Increase Pr0.00 provided that there is no overshoot and vibration. Usually
	$Pr0.00 \geqslant Pr1.01$ is recommended.

Model following bandwidth determines the responsiveness of the servo system. Increase the value set will increase responsiveness and reduce positioning time. Overshoot can be prevented if it is set at a lower value but responsiveness will be lowered. Model following bandwidth shouldn't be too large for mechanical structure with lower stiffness, excessive position deviation alarm might occur under high velocity.

# 6.8 Friction compensation function

This function is to compensation for changes in load to reduce the effect of friction in motion. The compensation value is directional.



Vertically loaded axis: A constant eccentric load torque is applied on the motor. By adjusting Pr6.07, positioning deviation due to different motional direction can be reduced. Belt-driven axis: Due to large radial load with dynamic frictional torque. Positioning time delay and deviation can be reduced by adjusting Pr6.08 and Pr6.09.

	Label	·	Torque command I								F
		additional va	lue								
Pr6.07	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	In	ndex	2	2607h	
	Activation	Immediate									



	To set torque f	forward feed a	dditiona	l value	of vertical ax	is.			
	Applicable for	loaded vertica	ıl axis, c	ompens	sate constant	torque.			
	Application: W	oplication: When load move along vertical axis, pick any point from the whole motion and stop							
	the load at tha	e load at that particular point with motor enabled but not rotating. Record output torque value							
	from d04, use	om d04, use that value as torque command additional value (compensation value)							
	Label	Positive dire	ction tor	que	Mode			F	
		compensatio	n value						
Pr6.08	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2608h	
	Activation	Immediate							
	Label	Negative dire	ection to	rque	Mode			F	
		compensatio	n value						
Pr6.09	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2609h	
	Activation	Immediate				•			
	To reduce the e	ffect of mecha	nical fri	ction in	the moveme	nt(s) of th	e axis. Compe	nsation values	
	can be set acco	rding to needs	for both	n rotatio	onal direction	s.			
	Applications:								
	1. When motor i		•		deliver torque	e values.			
	Forque value in positive direction = T1;								
	Torque value in	orque value in negative direction = T2							
	Pr6.08/Pr6.09 =	$T_{\text{f}} = \frac{\left T1 - T2\right }{2}$							

# 6.9 Parameters adjustment under different control modes

Under different control mode, parameters adjustment has to be adjusted in this order: "Inertia measuring" -> "Auto gain adjustment"->" Manual gain adjustments"

# 6.9.1 Position control mode

Set load-inertia ratio Pr0.04 after inertia determination.

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain
2	Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain
3	Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time constant
4	Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter
5	Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter time constant
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain



7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time constant
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter time constant
11	Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
12	Pr1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant
13	Pr1.12	Torque feedforward gain
14	Pr1.13	Torque feedforward filter time constant
15	Pr1.15	Position control gain switching mode
16	Pr1.17	Position control switching level
17	Pr1.18	Position control switching hysteresis
18	Pr1.19	Position gain switching time

## 1st and 2nd gain initial values are obtained by automatic gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.00	1st position loop gain
2	Pr1.01	1st velocity loop gain
3	Pr1.02	1st velocity integral time constant
4	Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter
5	Pr1.04	1st torque filter time constant
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain
7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time constant
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter time constant

# Manually adjusted gain parameters

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.00	1st position loop gain
2	Pr1.01	1st velocity loop gain
3	Pr1.02	1st velocity integral time constant
4	Pr1.04	1st torque filter time constant
5	Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
6	Pr1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant

# 6.9.2 Velocity control mode

Velocity control mode parameters adjustment is pretty similar to position control mode. Except for position loop gain Pr1.00 and Pr1.05, velocity feedforward gain (Pr1.10)



# 6.9.3 Torque control mode

Parameters adjustment for torque control mode has to be differentiate into 2 conditions:

- When actual velocity reaches velocity limit, adjustment will be as per velocity control mode. Motor will switch from torque control to velocity limit as velocity control.
- 2. When actual velocity doesn't reach velocity limit yet, Except for position loop gain, velocity loop gain and feedforward gain, parameter adjustments as per velocity control mode.

If there is no velocity limit and control is through torque command, please deactivate torque and notch filter, set velocity limit to max. value and increase velocity loop gain to as high as possible.

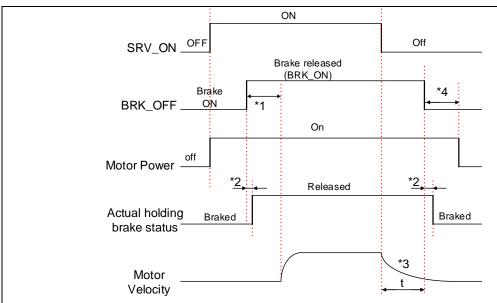
# 6.10 Safety Functions

## External brake deactivation output signal BRK-OFF

Please refer to Pr4.11 to set up the I/O output function parameters. When enabled and timing conditions are fulfilled, the set I/O output will deliver ON signal.

	Name	Motor power	-off dela	y time	Mode							F
Pr4.37	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	100		Index			2437h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set delay time for holding brake to be activated after motor power off to prevent axis											
from sliding.												
	Name	Delay time for release	or holding	g brake	Mode							F
Pr4.38	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		Index			2438h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	remain at cu	time for holdi irrent positior	and inp	ut comman	d is masked	•						





- \*1: Delay time set in Pr4.38
- \*2: Delay time from the moment BRK\_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK\_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.
- \*3: Deceleration time is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first. BRK\_OFF given after deceleration time.

Delay time from the moment SRV\_ON is given until BRK\_OFF switch to BRK\_ON, is less than 500ms.

	Name	Mode					F			
Pr4.39	Range	30~3000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index		2439h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When SRV-OFF signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below Pr4.39 and Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_OFF is given.

BRK\_OFF signal is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

#### Application:

- 1. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.
- 2. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.

<sup>\*4:</sup> Pr4.37 set time value.



# 6.10.1 Emergency stop function

Emergency stop is used when an alarm occurs or a servo prohibition signal is received when servo driver is enabled.

Method 1: Set up Pr4.43 to enable the function

	Name	Emerger	ncy stop	func	ction	Mode							F
Pr4.43	Range	0~1	Ur	nit	1	Default		0		Index	(		2443h
	Activation	Immedia	te										
	0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs. 1: Emergency stop is invalid, servo driver will not be forced to STOP.												
	Name	Driver setting	prohibit s	ion ii	nput	Mode					F		
Pr5.04	Range	0~2	Unit	_		Defaul t	0	Ind	ex			2504h	
	Activation	Immediate											
	To set driver p	rohibition	input (F	1\T0	NOT): If :	set to 1, no	effe	ct on	hom	ing m	ode.		
	Set value				Exp	olanation							
	0	POT → Po	sitive d	lirect	ion driv	e prohibite	d						
		$NOT \rightarrow N$	egative	dired	tion dri	ve prohibited							
	1	POT and NOT invalid											
	2 Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260												
	In homing mod	de, POT/NO	OT invali	id, pl	ease se	t object dic	tiona	ary 5	012-0	4 bit0	=1	_	

Method 2: Using 605Ah object dictionary through master device to activate this function.

	Name	Servo b	raking toı	que setting	Mode							F
Pr5.11	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Defaul t	0	Ir	Index			2511h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set torque l	imit for s	ervo brak	ing mode.								
If Pr5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.												
	Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.											

# 6.11 Vibration Suppression

# 6.11.1 Mechanical resonance suppression

Mechanical system has certain resonance frequencies. When servo gain is increased, resonance might occur at around mechanical resonant frequencies, preventing gain value from increasing. In such situation, notch filter can be used to suppress resonance to set higher gains or lower vibration.

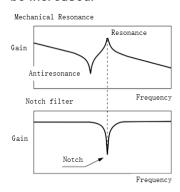


To suppress mechanical resonance:

1. Torque command filter time constant Set filter time constant to reduce gain at around resonant frequencies Torque command filter blocked frequencies (Hz) fc=1/  $[2\pi \times PA1.04(0.01ms) \times 0.00001)]$ 

#### 2. Notch filter

Notch filter suppress mechanical resonance by reducing gain at certain frequencies. When notch filter is correctly set, resonance can be suppressed and servo gain can be increased.

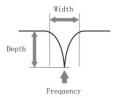


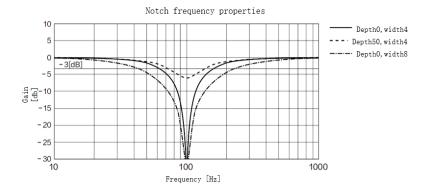
# Notch filter bandwidth Center frequency of the notch filter, frequency bandwidth with reduction of -3dB.

## Notch filter depth

The ratio between input and output of center frequency.

When depth = 0, center frequency output is totally off and when depth = 100, Hence when notch filter depth is set at lower value, the depth is higher and better at suppressing mechanical resonance but it might cause system instability.





If the amplitude-frequency curve from mechanical properties analysis tool doesn't show any obvious peak but vibration did occur, it might not be due to mechanical resonance, it



may be that servo gain has reached its limit. This kind of vibration can't be suppressed by using notch filter, only by reducing gain and torque command filter time.

## To use notch filter

#### Automatic notch filter

- 1. Set Pr2.00 = 1 for auto notch filter adjustment
- 2. If Pr0.03 stiffness increases, 3<sup>rd</sup> group of notch filter (Pr2.07/Pr2.08/Pr2.09) updates automatically when driver is enabled. Pr2.00 = 0, auto adjustments stop. If resonance is suppressed, it means self-adjusting notch filter is working. If resonance occurs when mechanical stiffness increases, please use manual notch filter, set filter frequency to actual resonant frequency.

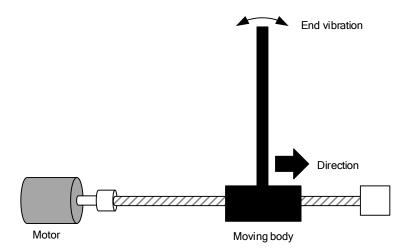
## Manual notch filter

There are 2 ways to use manual notch filter.

- 1. After enabling self-adjusting notch filter, set the values from  $3^{rd}$  group of filters to  $1^{st}$  group of notch filter (Pr2.01/Pr2.02/Pr2.03), see if resonance is suppressed. If there is other resonance, set Pr2.00 = 1, then set the values from  $3^{rd}$  group of filters to  $2^{nd}$  group of notch filter (Pr2.04/Pr2.05/Pr2.06)
- 2. Get resonant frequency, notch filter bandwidth and depth and set it into the corresponding parameters through Motion Studio.



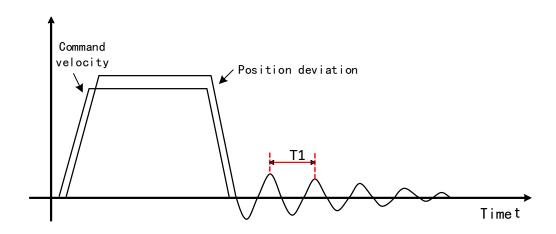
# 6.11.2 End vibration suppression



If the mechanical structure has an end that is long and heavy, it might cause end vibration at emergency stop and affect the positioning. Usually happens on long armed axis with loose end. The frequency is usually within 100Hz which is lower than mechanical resonant frequencies. It is called low-frequency resonance which can be prevented by applying low frequency suppression function.

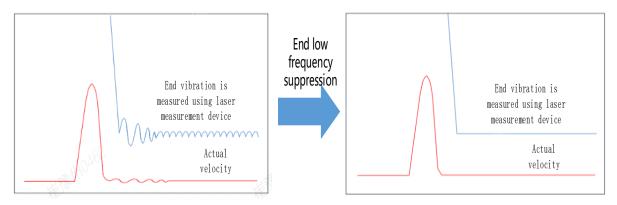
## To apply low frequency suppression

- 1. Trace current/ position deviation waveform when motion stops.
- 2. Measure the vibration cycle T1 of current waveform.
- 3. Convert T1 into low frequency resonance by F1 = 1/T1
- 4. Write F1 into Pr2.14
- If some other low frequency resonance occurs, please repeat step 1-3 and write F2 into Pr2.16.



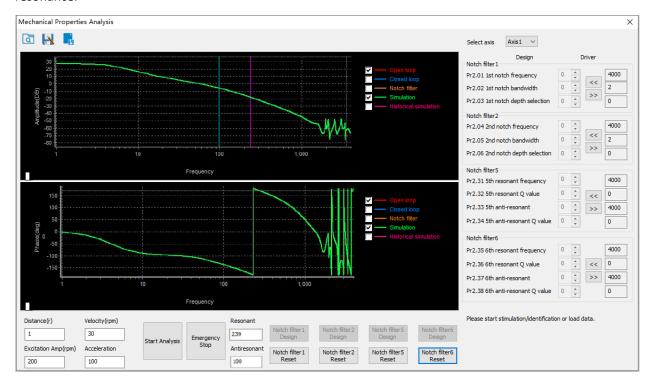


## The result of suppressing low frequency resonance



# 6.11.3 Mechanical properties analysis

To determine mechanical and set up notch filter parameters to suppress vibration caused by resonance.



To avoid strong vibration, please first set lower excitation amplitude. However, if the set value is too low, data waveform will include some degree of distortion.

If vibration occurs during tests which can't be reduce through lowering electrical current excitation, it might be due to excessive gain. Please lower velocity gain and set notch filter as accordance from the mechanical properties analysis. Or might be due to inertia settings (Pr0.04) is too large, please use optimal inertia ratio value.



# 6.12 Multiturn absolute encoder

Multiturn absolute encoder records the position and the revolution counts of the motor. When driver is powered-off, multiturn absolute encoder will backed up the data using battery and after powering on, the data will be used to calculated absolute mechanical position and there is no need for a mechanical homing process. Use widely in robotic arms and CNC machines.

If it is the first time using the encoder, please home the mechanical axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero. Set up a homing point and only home when there is an alarm. Please stop the axis before reading any position data to prevent inaccuracy.

# 6.12.1 Parameters setting

D=0.15	Name	Absolute	Encoder	settings	Mode	PP			НМ	CS P		
Pr0.15	Range	0~32767	Unit	-	Default	0	In	ndex 2015h				
	Activation	Immediat	е									

#### 0: Incremental mode:

Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance.

#### 1: Multiturn linear mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

## 2: Multiturn rotary mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(Pr6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

#### 3: Single turn absolute mode:

Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.

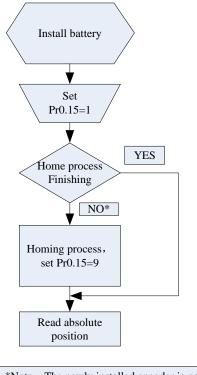
- 5: Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.
- 9: Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.

# 6.12.2 Read absolute position

#### 1. Steps:

- 1) First, select a motor with multiturn absolute encoder, install battery and confirm whether the driver version supports the specific motor;
- 2) Set Pr0.15 = 1. If it is the first time of installation, Err153 will occur because battery is newly installed and position data is invalid. Please home the axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero.
- 3) When absolute homing point is set and there is no fault with the battery, the alarm will be cleared
- 4) Finally, the user can read the absolute position. Position won't be lost even if the driver is powered off.



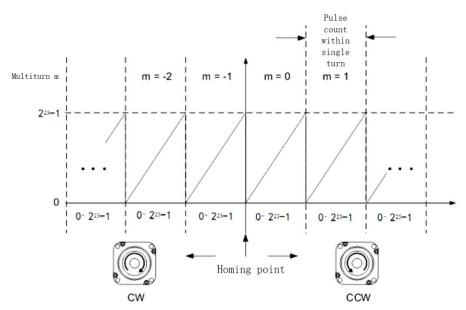


\*Note: The newly installed encoder is not initialized and will alarm

## 2. Read absolute position

When the rotor turns in clockwise direction, the revolution count will be negative; turns in counter clockwise direction, the count will be positive. No. of revolutions will be from -32767 to +32767. If the count number reaches +32767 in counter clockwise direction, the count will revert back to -32768, -32767 and vice versa for clockwise direction.

As for position data, it depends on the precision of the encoder. For 17 bit = 0-131071, 23 bit = 0-8388607



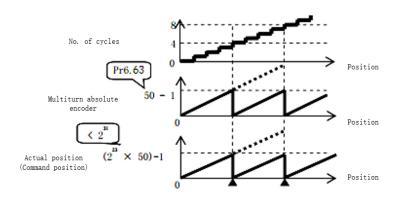


Read data from 6064h object dictionary

Please read data only when the motor is fully stopped or it might cause calculation errors. Please repeat this step for at least twice to make sure the result is uniform.

## Multiturn rotational mode

For absolute encoder, multiturn rotational mode (Pr0.15 = 2, Pr6.63 set to multiturn upper limit) is added on top of incremental mode and multiturn linear mode. Actual feedback multiturn data is always between 0 - [Pr6.63 + 1], regardless of the direction of rotation. There is no limit to no. of rotation and no data overflow.



# Single turn absolute mode

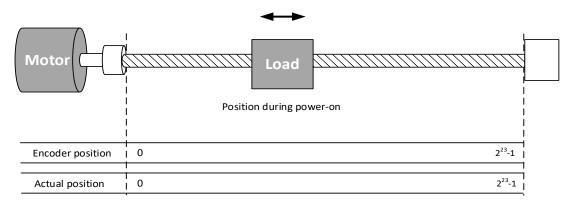
Use this mode when the travel distance of the axis is within a single turn of the rotor.

1. Target position input range - EtherCAT

When using 23-bit absolute encoder, under single turn absolute mode, electronic gear ratio =1:1

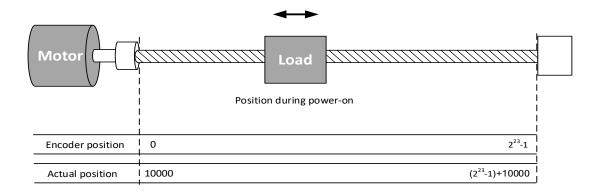
Homing point offset 607Ch = 0, target position range =  $0 - [2^{23}-1]$ Axis is homed, target position range = 607Ch -  $[2^{23}-1+607$ Ch]

When electronic gear ratio = 1:1, 607Ch = 0:



When electronic gear ratio = 1:1, 607Ch = 10000:





## 3. Clear multiturn position

Before clearing multiturn position, axis needs to be homed. After clearing multiturn position, revolution count = 0 but absolute position remains unchanged and Err153 alarm will be cleared.

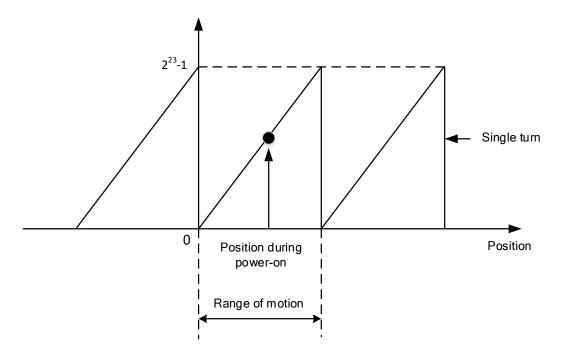
Please make sure the homing point is within the range of 1 revolution of the rotor. Installation and setup of the homing point can be set with the use of auxiliary function D21 on the front panel.

By setting Pr0.15 to 9, multiturn position will be cleared.

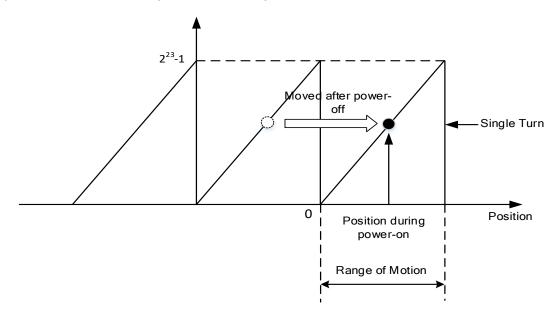
Please take notice of motor position during power on. Range of motion of a motor depends on the position of the motor during power on (23-bit absolute encoder as example).



If the motor position is as shown below during power on. The range of motion of the motor is within the range of a single turn of the motor from motor position during power on.



If power is turned off at position as shown below and power on when motor reaches the position below. Motor range of motion changes as shown below.





## 6.12.3 Absolute Encoder Related Alarm

The alarm can determine if absolute value encoder is valid. If battery power is low, not a motor with absolute encoder, encoder error etc. occurs, user can find out about the error from alarm output or on the front panel. Controller will stop any operation until alarm is cleared.

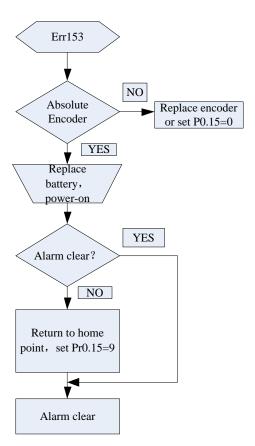
## Alarm output:

Err153 will be shown on front panel or by I/O ALM signal and from controller.

# Err153 might occur,

- (1) If absolute encoder is used for the first time and due to installation of new batteries Axis needs to be homed and multiturn data needs to be cleared.
  - (2) If battery voltage is lower than 3.2v. Replace battery and restart the motor.
- (3) If battery voltage is lower than 2.5v or battery power was cut off. Replacing the battery won't clear the alarm. Axis needs to be homed and multiturn data needs to be cleared.

# 4. Alarm processing flow chart





# 6.13 Probe

Motor feedback position latching function can be realized through input signal with probe function. L7EC supports up to 2 inputs with probe function and can be used simultaneously, to record the position information corresponding to probe signal rising and falling edge. Probe 1 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 1 and 5 differential signal. Probe 2 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 2-6 differential signal.

Pr0.07	Name	Probe signal polarity settings/Command pulse input mode settings		Mode					F	
	Range	0 ~ 3	Unit	_	Default	3	Index		2007h	
	Activation	After restar	·t							

Probe signal polarity settings take effect when Pr0.01 = 9

Set value	Details
0	Probe 1 & 2 polarity inversion
1	Probe 2 polarity inversion
2	Probe 1 polarity inversion
3	No polarity inversion for probe 1 & 2

If  $Pr0.01 \neq 9$ , Pr0.07 = Command pulse input mode settings.

## Command pulse input

Command Polarity inversion (Pr0.06)	Command pulse input mode settings (Pr0.07)	Command Pulse Mode	Positive signal	Negative signal			
	0 <i>or</i> 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse ( Phase A+ Phase B)	A	t1 t1			
[0]	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence	13 t2 t2	12 12			
	[3]	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol	t4 t5				
1	0 <i>or</i> 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse	A				



		(Phase A+Phase	
		<b>B</b> )	
		CW pulse sequence	
	1	+	t2 t2
	1	CCW pulse	12 12
		sequence	12 12
		Pulse sequence	
	3	+	14 t5 14 t5 14 TT
		Directional symbol	t6 t6 t6 t6

#### Command pulse input signal max. frequency and min. duration needed

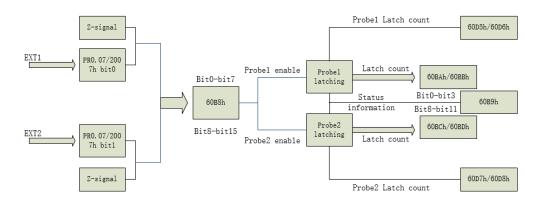
Camana and mul	:	Max.	Min. duration needed (μs)								
Command put	Command pulse input interface			t2	t3	t4	t5	t6			
Pulse	Differential drive	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1			
sequence interface	Open collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5			

Please set >0.1µs for the duration between rising and falling edge of command pulse input signal.

1 revolution with 2500 pulses 2-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=0 or 2, Pr0.08 = 10000;

1 revolution with 10000 pulses 1-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=1 or 3, Pr0.08 = 10000

#### 6.13.1 Probe function



When using EXT1 or EXT2 as probe, please set as following:

- a) Set polarity of EXT 1 or EXT 2 as probe. Set the level polarity of the probes using 0x2007 / Pr0.07. Bit 0 for EXT1 signal, bit 1 for EXT2 signal
- b) Probe function is set through 0x60B8 (Bit 0-7 is for probe 1, bit8-15 is for probe 2). Functions including activation trigger signal selection, triggering mode and triggering signal edge.

#### Please take note:

(i) Triggering mode: Single trigger, rising signal edge = valid; triggering mode:



Continuous trigger, rising and falling edge = valid

- (ii) After activation, trigger signal selection, triggering signal edge settings, counter will be reset and 0x60B9 status will change as well.
- (iii) Probe signal level is shown in 60FD: EXT1 -> bit 26, EXT2 -> bit 27.

**Related Objects** 

	eu obj						
Index	Sub Index	Label	Access	Data Type	Units	Range	Default
2007h	00h	Probe 1 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
2007h	01h	Probe 2 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
60B8h	00h	Probe control word	RW	Uint16		0~65535	0
60B9h	00h	Probe status word	R0	Uint16		0~65535	0
60BAh	00h	Probe 1or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60BBh	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60BCh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60BDh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648~ 2147483647	0
60D5h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0
60D6h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0
60D7h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising		RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0
60D8h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0

## 6.13.2 Signal Input of EXT1 and EXT2

EXT1: Pin1 and Pin5 of CN1 terminal EXT2: Pin2 and Pin6 of CN1 terminal

#### 6.13.3 Probe Control Word 60B8h

Bit	Definition	Details				
0	Probe 1 enable	0Disable				
		1Enable				
1	Probe 1 mode	0Single trigger mode				
	Probe i mode	1Continuous trigger mode				
2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—EXT1 signal				
		1Z signal				
3	Reserved	-				
4	Probe 1 rising edge trigger	0Disable				
		1Enable				



5	Probe 1 falling adap trigger	0Disable				
	Probe 1 falling edge trigger	1Enable				
6-7	Reserved	1				
8	Probe 2 enable	0Disable				
		1Enable				
9	Probe 2 mode	0Single trigger mode				
	Probe 2 mode	1Continuous trigger mode				
10	Probe 2 trigger signal	0—EXT2 signal				
	selection	1Z signal				
11	Reserved	-				
12	Probe 2 rising edge trigger	0Disable				
		1Enable				
13	Drobe 2 falling adap trigger	0Disable				
	Probe 2 falling edge trigger	1Enable				
14-15	Reserved	-				

## 6.13.4 Probe Status Word 60B9h

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0Disable 1Enable
1	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0 not executed 1 executed
2	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0 not executed 1 executed
3-5	Reserved	-
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0Disable 1Enable
9	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0 not executed 1 executed
10	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0 not executed 1 executed
11-13	Reserved	-
14-15	Reserved	-

## 6.13.6 Latch Position Register

Index	Details					
60BAh	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge latch position					
60BBh	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latch position					
60BCh	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latch position					
60BDh	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latch position					



## 6.13.7 Latch Counter Register

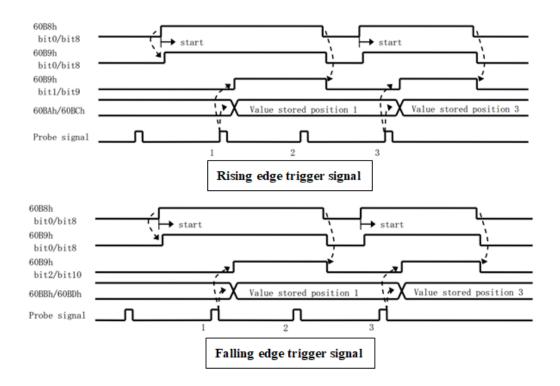
Index	Details
60D5h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D6h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter
60D7h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D8h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter

#### 6.13.8 Probe mode

Set bit1/bit9 of 60B8h (Probe mode), 0 = Single trigger mode, <math>1 = Continuous trigger mode.

#### (1) Single trigger mode

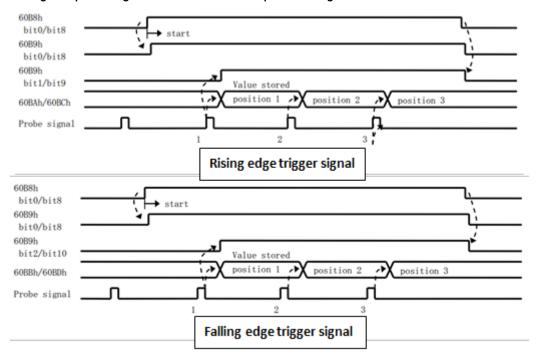
Triggers only when the trigger signal is valid for the first time. In order to latch the position, users need to set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 0, then set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 1. The sequence diagram is as shown below:





#### (2) Continuous trigger mode

The data saved from signal triggering will be saved until the next trigger signal. Enabling the probe again is not needed. Sequence diagram as shown below:



#### 6.14 Other Functions

#### 6.14.1 Functions under Position mode

### Electronic gear function

If command frequency from controller is not enough which cause the motor to not reach target rotational velocity, frequency can be increased using this function.

	Name	Command p		ounts	Mode							F
Pr0.08	Range	0~838860 Uni 8 t		Default	0		Index			2008h		
	Activation	After restart										
Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, Pr0.08 higher priority.											0.08 h	as

Index	Name	Enc	oder resol	ution	Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
608Fh-01	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~2147 48364	Default	0



							7				
To set encoder resolution											
Index	Name	Electror numera	nic gear ratio	)	Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Туре	Dint 32	
6091h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Defaul t	1	
To set electronic gear ratio numerator											
Index	Name	Electronic gear ratio			Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Туре	Dint 32	
6091h-02	Access	RW	RW <b>Mapping</b> RPD0			F	Range	1-21474 83647	Defaul t	1	
	To set ele	ctronic ge	ear ratio der	nominat	or						
Index	Name		Number of pulses per rotation			Comma nd unit/r	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32	
6092h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1~21474 83647	Defaul t	10000	
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then:										ļ	

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder resolution / 6092h-01

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01

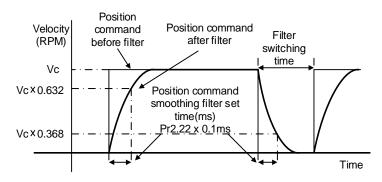
#### Position command filter function

To smoothen the position command after frequency divider/multiplier

		Name	Position command smoothing filter			Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
	Pr2.22	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index			2222h	
		Activation	Stop axis									

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity Vc square wave command as show below.



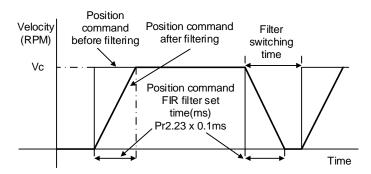
Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration.



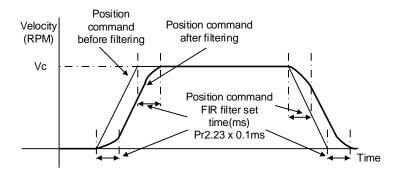
If Pr2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

D-0.00	Name	Position filter	comman	d FIR	Mode	PP		НМ	CS P		
Pr2.23	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index			2223h	
	Activation	Disable axis									

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify Pr2.23. Filter switching time = (Pr2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)



#### In Position

Positioning completed status can be determined by output of INP signal. Under position control mode, the absolute value of position deviation counter will be ON if positioning is under the range set in Pr4.31.

•	tion control mo tioning is under	,		•	sition deviatio	n cou	inter	will b	e UN	IŤ		
	Name	Positionin range	g	complete	Mode	PP			НМ	CS	P	
Pr4.31	Range	0~10000	Unit	Command unit	Default	20		Index 24			2431h	
	Activation	Immediate	е		·							
	To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.											
	Name	Positioning complete output setting Mode PP HM CSP								P		
Pr4.32	Range	0~4	Un	it -	Default	1		Index			2432h	l
	Activation	Immediate	9	·								
	Output conditio	ns of INP1 բ	ositio	ning comple	ted output sign	al						
	Set value	Positioning	comp	leted signal								
	0	Signal valid	d wher	the positio	n deviation is s	malle	r thar	ո Pr4.:	31			
	1	Signal valid			position comm	and a	nd po	sition	devia	ation	1	
	2	detection ( Pr4.31	gnal valid when there is no position command, zero-speed clamp etection (ZSP) signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than -4.31									
	3		inal valid when there is no position command and position deviation smaller than Pr4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in Pr4.33									

Pr4.33	Name	INP posit	tioning	delay	Mode	PP		НМ	CSP		
	Range	0~15000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		2	433h	
	Activation	Immediate									

When there is no command, position detection starts after the delay

Signal valid when there is no position command and positional deviation

#### To set delay time when Pr4.32 = 3

otherwise OFF.

time set in Pr4.33.

is smaller than Pr4.31.

4

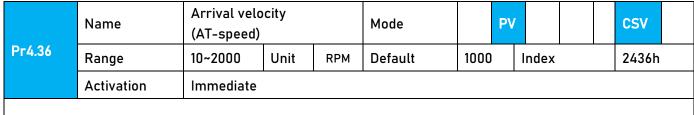
Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command
1-15000	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position command.



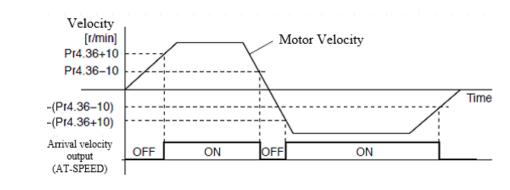
## 6.14.2 Functions under velocity mode

#### Velocity reached output signal (AT-SPEED)

AT-SPEED signal delivers after motor velocity reached arrival velocity.



When motor velocity > Pr4.36, AT-speed output signal is valid. Detection using 10RPM hysteresis.

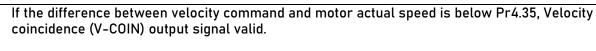


#### Velocity coincidence output

Velocity command (before acc-/deceleration) coincides with motor velocity. If the difference between velocity command and motor velocity is within the range set in Pr4.35, it is treated as the velocity coincides.

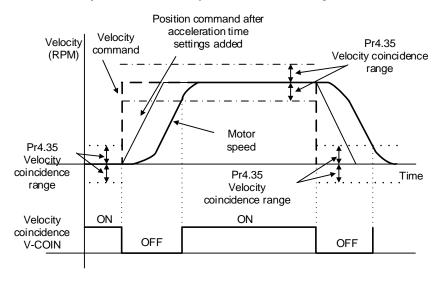
D. / 05	Name	Velocity range	coincidence		Mode		PV			CSV	
Pr4.35	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50		Index		2435h	
	Activation	Immediate									





Due to 10RPM hysteresis:

Velocity coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min Velocity coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min



#### Zero speed position output

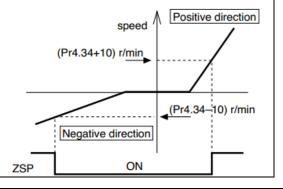
If the absolute value of the velocity feedback satisfies set conditions, corresponding output will be set to ON.

	Name	Zero speed			Mode						F
Pr4.34	Range	1~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50		Index		2434h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set threshold value for zero speed clamp detection.

Zero speed clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid when motor speed goes under the value set in Pr4.34

- Disregard the direction of rotation, valid for both directions.
- Hysteresis of 10RPM. Please refer to diagram on the right side.





## 6.14.3 Functions under torque mode

Velocity limit is required under torque mode to make sure motor rotational velocity stays within the limit.

#### Velocity limit function

During torque control, velocity control should be within the range of velocity limit. When motor reaches velocity limit, command control will switch from torque control to command control with velocity limit.

Due to gravitational or other external factors, torque command from controller might differ from the direction of rotation of the motor, velocity limit will be invalid. Please error occurs in such situation, please set Pr5.13 as stopping velocity. If velocity is over the value set in Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur and motor will stop.

	Name	Overspeed	l level se	Mode						F	
Pr5.13	Range	0~10000	Unit	RPM	Defaul t	0	Index	(		2513h	
	Activation	Immediate	1								

If motor speed exceeds Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur.

When Pr5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2



## **Chapter 7 EtherCAT communication**

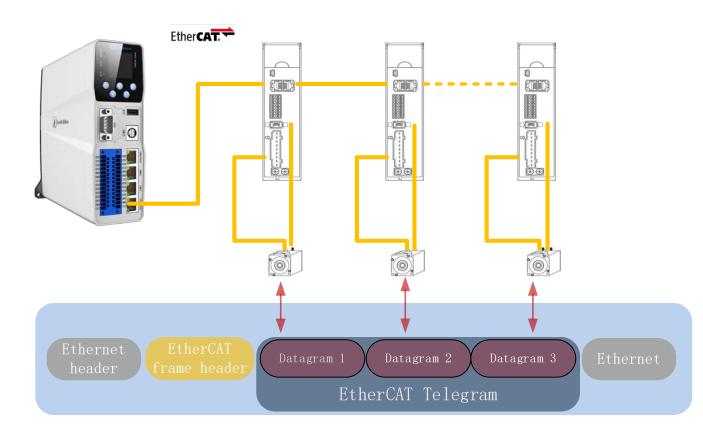
## 7.1 EtherCAT principle function

In comparison to Ethernet protocol which requires huge bandwidth for packets to be moved between master and clients, EtherCAT communication protocol breaks through this systemic limitation of Ethernet which requires every client to receive the whole data package from the master.

The EtherCAT master sends a telegram that passes through each node. Each EtherCAT slave device reads the data addressed to it "on the fly", and inserts its data in the frame as the frame is moving downstream. The frame is delayed only by hardware propagation delay times. The last node in a segment (or drop line) detects an open port and sends the message back to the master using Ethernet technology's full duplex feature.

The telegram's maximum effective data rate increases to over 90 %, and due to the utilization of the full duplex feature, the theoretical effective data rate is even higher than 100 Mbit/s (> 90 % of two times 100 Mbit/s).

The EtherCAT master is the only node within a segment allowed to actively send an EtherCAT frame; all other nodes merely forward frames downstream. This concept prevents unpredictable delays and guarantees real-time capabilities.



EtherCAT in standard Ethernet frame



#### ID number setting of EtherCAT slave station

To set up EtherCAT slave station ID number, please set Pr0.24 = 1 and set required ID number to Pr0.23.

	Name	EtherCAT	slave ID		Mode			F	
Pr0.23	Range	0~32767	Unit	1	Default	2	Index	2023h	
	Activation	After res	tart						
Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode									
	Name	Source of	f slave ID		Mode			F	
Pr0.24	Range	0~1	Unit	1	Default	1	Index	2024h	
	Activation	After res	tart						
	0: Master device	: Master device automatically assigns a slave address.							
	1: The slave ID =	: The slave ID = Pr0.23							

## 7.2 Synchronous Mode

### 7.2.1 Free Running Mode

In free moving mode, EL7-EC processes the process data sent by the master asynchronously. It only applies to asynchronous motion mode such as homing mode, protocol position mode, etc

## 7.2.2 Distributed clock synchronization mode

EL7-EC adopts the synchronous mode of distributed clock as shown in figure 6.2. When the master station sends process data to the slave station, the slave station immediately reads the process data, and then waits for the synchronization signal to trigger the process data to act on the driver.

The process data must arrive at the EL7-EC drive before the time of Sync0 signal T1. The drive has completed the analysis of the process data and relevant control calculation before the arrival of Sync0 event. After receiving Sync0 event, EL7-EC immediately implements the control action which has a high synchronization performance.

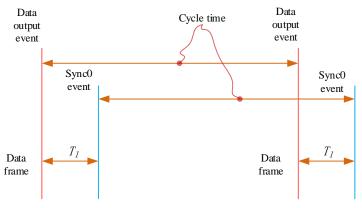


Figure 7.2 High performance synchronization mode



#### 7.3 EtherCAT state machine

EtherCAT state machine, commonly known as "communication state machine", is mainly used to manage communication between master and slave stations. The communication function mainly includes mailbox and process data communication. The EtherCAT state machine transition relationship is shown in figure 6.3

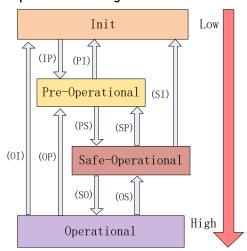


Figure 7.3 EtherCAT state machine transitions

EtherCAT state machine transitions have the following characteristics:

- ① From initialization to operational, the conversion must be carried out strictly in the order of initializing > pre-operational > safe operational > operational, from low to high, and no grade skipping is allowed
- ② When converting from high to low, grade skipping is allowed.
- ③ If state transition request to master station fails, slave station will send an error message to the master station.

EtherCAT 402 State Machin	ne Communication function
---------------------------	---------------------------

State and transition	Communication function
Init	No mailbox or process data communication is possible.
Pre-Operational	Mailbox communication is effective, no process data communication, SDO function is valid
Safe-Operational	Mailbox communication and sending process data object is valid, SDO and TXPDO are valid
Operational	Mailbox communication, receive and send process data object valid, SDO RXPDO and TXPDO valid



## 7.4 CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)

#### 7.4.1 Network structure of EL7-EC

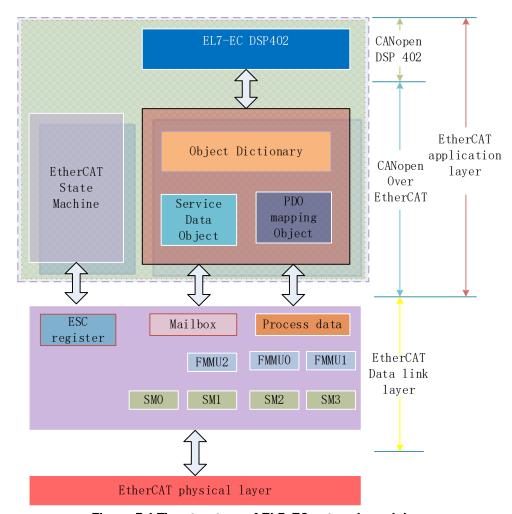


Figure 7.4 The structure of EL7-EC network module

The data link layer is mainly implemented by EtherCAT slave station controller (ESC). EL7-EC EtherCAT application layer protocol mainly includes application part (CANopen DSP402), object dictionary and communication function (red frame part), among which object dictionary and communication function can be jointly called CoE part.

**Object dictionary**—Bridge of communication function and application part. **Communication function**—Implementation of communication rules (SDO, PDO, etc.)

**Application part**—Define the specific function of the device, such as the drive, IO module.



#### 7.4.2 Object dictionary

EtherCAT master controls the EL7-EC drive by writing and reading device state /information. To do this, the drive defines read-write parameters and read-only state values. Object dictionary is the collection of these parameters and states. The EL7-EC object dictionary contains all DSP402 and CoE related data objects in a standardized manner. It is a collection of EL7-EC parameter data structures. The EL7-EC object dictionary is the interface with which the controller communicates. EtherCAT master implements EL7-EC motion control through the interface of object dictionary.

### 7.4.3 Service Data Object (SDO)

The EL7-EC series supports SD0 services. EtherCAT master can configure, monitor and control EL7-EC servos by using SD0 to read and write EL7-EC object dictionaries. In conventional CANopen DS301 mode, SD0 protocol CAN only transfer 8 bytes at a time to match the data length of CAN message. In COE enhancement mode, only the payload data is expanded without changing the protocol head; In this way, the SD0 protocol uses mailboxes with larger data lengths, thus improving the transmission efficiency of big data.

### 7.4.4 Process Data Object (PDO)

#### **PDO Introduction**

PDO is generally used for real-time data updates. It is divided into receiving PDO (RXPDO) and sending PDO (TXPDO). The data stream direction of receiving PDO is from master station to slave station, while sending PDO is from slave station to master station The PDO function of EL7-EC supports both synchronous cycle mode and non-periodic update mode. When distributed clock synchronization mode is selected on master station, PDO will update according to the synchronization cycle. If free moving mode is selected, PDO data updates aperiodic.

#### PD0 mapping

Through PDO mapping, the real-time transmission of mapped objects can be realized. EL7-EC supports simultaneous transmission of 2 sets of RXPDO and 2 sets of TXPDO. Each PDO object can map up to 8 object dictionary (maximum length 32 bytes). The format of PDO mapping content is shown in table 6.2

Table 7.2 Format of PDO mapping

Bit	31~16	15~8	7~0
Description	Index of mapped	Subindex of mapped	Bit length
	object	object	(Hex)
Example	6040h	00h	10h(16bit)



## Default PDO mapping (consistent with the XML file) is shown in table $7.3\,$

## Table 7.3 Default PDO mapping

PDO Map	PDO Map	Mapping		Mapped Obje	ct	
object index	object Sub-index	content	Index	Sub-index	Bit length	Description
	01h	60400010h		00h	10h(16 bit)	01h
RXPD01	02h	607A0020h		00h	10h(16 bit)	02h
(1600h)	03h	60B80020h		00h		03h
RXPD02	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word
	02h	60FF0020h	60FFh	00h	20h(32 bit)	Target velocity
(1601h)	03h	60B20010h	60B2h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Torque feedforward
5)/5566	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word
RXPD03	02h	60710010h	6071h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Target torque
(1602h)	03h	60870020h	6084h	00h	20h(32 bit)	Profile deceleration
	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word
	02h	60980008h	6098h	00h	08h(8 bit)	Homing method
	03h	60990120h	6099h	01h	20h(32 bit)	High homing velocity
RXPD04	04h	60990220h	6099h	02h	20h(32 bit)	Low homing velocity
(1603h)	05h	609A0020h	609Ah	00h	20h(32 bit)	Homing acceleration
	06h	607C0020h	607Ch	00h	20h(32 bit)	Homing position offset
	07h	60600008h	6060h	00h	08h(8 bit)	Operation mode
	01h	603F0000h				
	02h	60410000h				
TXPD01	03h	60610000h				
(1A00h)	04h	60640000h				
(IAUUII)	05h	60B90020h				
	06h	60BA0020h				
	07h	60FD0020h				
TXPD02 (1A01h)			No de	fault mapping	9	



#### PDO dynamic mapping

Different from CIA DS301, CoE uses PDO specified objects (1C12h/1C13h) to configure PDO mapped objects (1600h~1603h/1A00h~1A01h) to PDO SyncManager (SyncManager 2/3). PDO specified objects are defined in table 6.4

Table 6.4 PDO specifies object definitions								
Index	Sub-index	Range	Data type	Access				
	00h	0~4	U8*1)	RO *2)				
DVDDO	01h		U16	RW				
RXPD0	02h	1600h~1603h	U16	RW				
(1C12h)	03h		U16	RW				
	04h		U16	RW				
TXPD0 (1C13h)	00h	0~2	U8	RO				
	01h	1400b 1401b	U16	RW				
	02h	1A00h~1A01h	U16	RW				

Table 6.4 PDO specifies object definitions

#### PDO dynamic mapping setup procedure

- A. Switch EtherCAT state machine to pre-operational, then PDO map can be configured using SDO.
- B. Clear the PDO mapping object of the PDO specified object by setting 1C12-00h / 1C13-00h to 0.
- C. Invalidate the PDO mapping object by assigning 0 to the subindex 0 of 1600h~1603h /1A00h~1A01h.
- D. Reconfigure PDO mapping content and write the mapping object into the objects in the range of 1600-01h~1600-08h, 1601-01h~1601-08h, 1602-01h~1602-08h, 03-01h~1603-08h (RXPDO mapping content as from 1600h-01), 00-01h ~ 1A00-08h or 1A01-01h~1A01-08h (TXPDO mapping content as from 1A00h-01) according to Table 6.3
- E. Set the total number of PDO mapping objects by writing the number of mapping objects into 1600-00h, 1601-00h, 1602-00h, 1603-00h, 1A00-00h or 1A01-00h. The total number of PDO mapping objects without mapping content will be set to 0.
- Write valid PDO mapping object index to PDO specified object by writing valid RXPDO mapping object index 1600h~1603h into 1C12-01h ~ 1C12-04h and writing valid TXPDO mapping object index 1A00h, 1A01h into 1C13-01h, 1C13-02h.
- G. Set the total number PDO specified objects by writing the number of mapped objects to 1C12-00h and 1C13-00h.
- H Switch EtherCAT state to Safe-Operational or above, the configured PDO mapping will be valid.

<sup>\*\* 1)</sup> U represents unsigned type, such as U8 for unsigned 8 bits and U16 for unsigned 16 bits

<sup>2)</sup> Access: RO = Read Only, RW = Read and Write, WO = Write Only

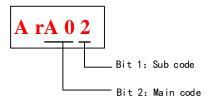


## **Chapter 8 Warning and Alarm**

## 8.1 Servo drive warning

When warning occurs, driver will set protective function but **motor won't stop moving**. Error code will be displayed on the front panel.

Example of warning code:



Warnir	ng Code	Content		
Main	Code	Content		
	1	Overload warning		
	r	Regeneration energy overload warning (85% of the regeneration		
Α0	2	threshold)		
AU	3	Absolute encoder <b>battery voltage low (&lt;3.1V)</b> . Valid when Pr0.15 is set to 1.		
	4	Change the parameter to a non-real time valid warning		
	5	Pr0.01 is not 9 under current control mode, please correct this parameter		

## 8.2 Servo drive alarm

When alarm occurs, driver will set protective function and **motor stops moving**. Error code will be displayed on the front panel. Alarm history record can also be viewed in data monitoring mode, with the alarm log sub-menu displaying "d12Er".



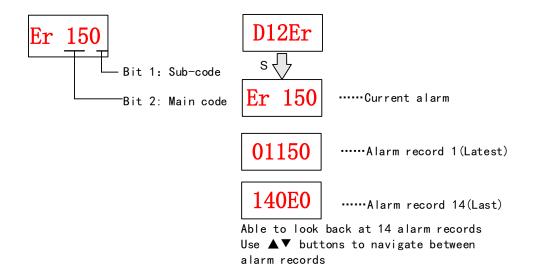


Table 9.1 Error Code List

Error code		0		Attribu	te
Main	Sub	Content	Save	Туре	Clearable
0.4	0~1	Circuit current detection error	•	2	
0A	3	Motor power cable not connected	•	1	•
Ob	0	Control circuit power supply voltage too low		2	
UD	1	Control circuit power supply voltage too high		2	•
0c	0	DC bus overvoltage	•	1	•
	0	DC bus undervoltage	•	1	•
0d	1	Single phasing of main power supply	•	2	
	2	No main power supply detected		2	
	0	Overcurrent	•	1	
0E	1	Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent	•	1	
UE	2	Power output to motor shorted to ground	•	1	
	4	Phase overcurrent	•	1	
0F	0	Driver overheated	•	2	
	0	Motor overloaded	•	1	•
10	1	Driver overloaded	•	1	•
	2	Motor rotor blocked	•	1	•
	0	Regenerative resistor overvoltage	•	2	
12	1	Holding brake error	•	1	
2		Regenerative resistor value too low	•	2	
	0	Encoder disconnected	•	1	
	1	Encoder communication error	•	1	
15	2	Encoder initial position error	•	1	
	3	Multiturn encoder error	•	2	
	4	Encoder parameter settings error	•	2	



	5	Encoder data overflow	•	2	•
	6	Encoder overheated	•	2	•
	7	Encoder counter error	•	2	•
40	0	Encoder data error	•	1	
17	1	Encoder parameter initialization error	•	1	
18	0	Excessive position deviation	•	2	•
	1	Excessive velocity deviation			
19	0	Motor vibration too strong	•	2	•
1.4	0	Overspeed	•	2	•
1A	1	Velocity out of control	•	1	•
11.	0	Bus input signal dithering	•	2	•
1b	1	Incorrect electronic gear ratio		2	
	0	Both STO failed	•	1	•
1c	1	1st STO failed	•	1	
	2	2nd STO failed	•	1	
	0	I/O input interface assignment error	•	2	
	1	I/O input interface function assignment	_	2	
21	1	error	•		
	2	I/O output interface function assignment	_	2	
	2	error	•		
	0	EEPROM parameters initialization error		2	
	1	EEPROM hardware error		2	
	2	Error saving alarm history record		2	
24	3	Error occurred when saving vendor		2	
24		parameters			
	4	Error occurred when saving communication		2	
		parameters			
	5	Error occurred when saving parameter 402		2	
	6	Data saving error during power-off			
26	0	Positive/Negative position limit triggered		2	
20	· ·	under non-homing mode			
27	0	Analog 1 input overrun limit	•	2	•
27	1	Analog 2 input overrun limit	•	2	•
28	0	Output pulse frequency too high	•	2	•
57	0	Forced alarm input valid	•	2	•
5F	0	Motor model no. detection error		2	
31	1	Driver power module detection error		2	
60	0	Main loop interrupted timeout		2	
00	1	Velocity loop interrupted timeout		2	
70	0	Encryption error		2	



servo driver to clear alarm.

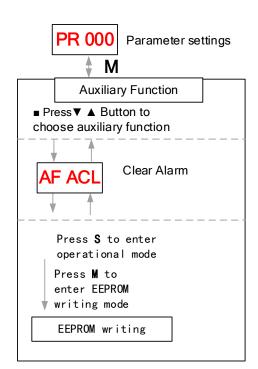
#### [Note:]

Save: Save error messages to alarm history.

Type: The type 1 and type 2 fault stop mode can be set via Pr5.10 [Sequence at alarm].

Clearable: Clearable alarm by operating the front panel and use auxiliary function

AFACL as below. Besides clearable alarms, please first solve the error and restart the



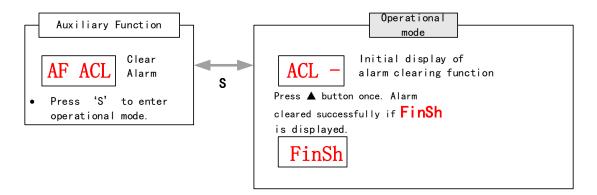




Table 8.2 Alarm and 603F correspondence

Error Code			ETG	Alarra Description
Display	1001h	603Fh	Code	Alarm Description
Er 0A0	0x04	0x3150		Phase A circuit current detection error
Er 0A1	0x04	0x3151		Phase B circuit current detection error
Er 0A3	0x04	0x3153		Motor power cable not connected
Er 0b0				Control circuit power supply voltage too low
Er 0b1	0x04	0x3206		Control power supply voltage too high
Er 0C0	0x04	0x3211		DC bus overvoltage
Er 0d0	0x04	0x3221		DC bus undervoltage
Er 0d1	0x04	0x3130		Single phasing of main power supply
Er 0d2	0x04	0x3222		No main power supply detected
Er 0E0	0x02	0x2211		Overcurrent
Er 0E1	0x02	0x2212		Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent
Er 0E2	0x02	0x2218		Power output to motor shorted to ground
Er 0E4	0x02	0x2230		Phase overcurrent
Er 0f0	0x08	0x4210		Driver overheated
Er 100	0x02	0x8311		Motor overloaded
Er 101	0x02	0x8310		Driver overloaded
Er 102	0x02	0x8301		Motor rotor blocked
Er 120	0x80	0x7701		Regenerative resistor overvoltage
Er 121	0x80	0x7702		Holding brake error
Er 122	0x80	0x7703		Regenerative resistor value too low
Er 150	0x80	0x7321		Encoder disconnected
Er 151	0x80	0x7322		Encoder communication error
Er 152	0x80	0x7323		Encoder initial position error
Er 153/Er 154	0x80	0x7325		Multiturn encoder error / Encoder parameter settings error
Er 155	0x80	0x7326		Encoder data overflow
Er 156	0x80	0x7327		Encoder overheated
Er 157	0x80	0x7328		Encoder count error
Er 170	0x80	0x7324		Encoder data error
Er 171	0x80	0x7325		Encoder parameter initialization error
Er 180	0x20	0x 8611		Excessive position deviation
Er 181				Excessive velocity deviation
Er 190	0x20	0x 8401		Motor vibration too strong
Er 1A0	0x20	0x 8402		Overspeed
Er 1A1	0x20	0x 8403		Velocity out of control
Er 1b0	0x20	0x 8612		Bus input signal dithering



Er 1b1	0x20	0x 8503		Incorrect electronic gear ratio
Er 1c0	0x02	8313		Both STO failed
Er 1c1	0x02	8313		1st STO failed
Er 1c2	0x02	8313		2nd STO failed
Er 210	0x80	0x6321		I/O input interface assignment error
				I/O input interface function assignment
Er 211	0x80	0x6322		error
F 010	0.00	0 (000		I/O output interface function assignment
Er 212	0x80	0x6323		error
Er 240	0x80	0x5530		EEPROM parameters initialization error
Er 241	0x80	0x5531		EEPROM hardware error
Er 242	0x80	0x5532		Error saving alarm history record
F= 2/2	000	0		Error occurred when saving vendor
Er 243	0x80	0x5533		parameters
F= 2//	000	05527		Error occurred when saving
Er 244	0x80	0x5534		communication parameters
Er 245	0x80	0x5535		Error occurred when saving parameter 402
Er 246	0x80	0x5536		Data saving error during power-off
F= 2/0	0.400	0.7220		Positive/Negative position limit triggered
Er 260	0x80	0x7329		under non-homing mode
Er 270				Analog 1 input overrun limit
Er 271				Analog 2 input overrun limit
Er 280	0x80	0x7201		Output pulse frequency too high
Er 570	0x80	0x5441		Forced alarm input valid
Er 5f0	0x80	0x7122		Motor model no. detection error
Er 5f1	0x80	0x1100		Driver power module detection error
Er 600	0x80	0x6204		Main loop interrupted timeout
Er 601	0x80	0x6204		Velocity loop interrupted timeout
Er 700	0x80	0x7001		Encryption error
Er 73A	0x10	0x873 A		SyncManager2 lost
Er 73b	0x10	0x873 B		SYNC0 lost
Er 73c	0x10	0x873 C		Excessive Distributed Clock error
Er 801	0x10	0x8201	0x0001	Unknown communication error
Er 802	0x80	0x5510	0x000 2	Memory overflow
Er 803	0x80	0x5511		RAM out of bound
Er 805	0x80	0x6202		FOE firmware upgrade failed
Er 806	0x80	0x6201		Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware



Er 811	0x10	0xA001	0x0011	Invalid EtherCAT transition request
F 010	0.40	0xA00	0 0010	Unknown EtherCAT state machine
Er 812	0x10	2	0x0012	transition request
Er 813	0x10	0x8213	0x0013	Protection request from boot state
Er 814	0x80	0x6203		Invalid firmware
F., 01F	010	00215	00015	Invalid mailbox configuration under boot
Er 815	0x10	0x8215	0x0015	state
Er 816	0x10	0x8216	0x0016	Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox
EI 010	UXIU	UXOZIO	UXUUIO	configuration
Er 817	0x10	0x8217		Invalid SyncManager configuration
Er 818	0x10	0x8211		No valid input data
Er 819	0x10	0x8212		No valid output data
Er 81A	0x10	0xFF02	0x871A	Synchronization error
Er 81b	0x10	0x821B	0x001B	SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Er 81C	0x10	0x821C	0x001C	Invalid SyncManager type
Er 81d	0x10	0x821D	0x001D	Invalid output configuration
Er 81E	0x10	0x821E	0x001E	Invalid input configuration
Er 81f	0x10	0x821F		Watchdog configuration invalid
Er 821	0x10	0xA00	0x0021	Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init
E1 021	UXIU	3	UXUUZI	state
Er 822	0x10	0xA00	0x002	Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine
L1 022	0.710	4	2	Pre-Op state
Er 823	0x10	0xA00	0x002	Waiting for master device for Safe-Op
L1 023	0.10	5	3	request
Er 824	0x10	0x8224	0x002	Invalid process data input mapping
		0.000	4	
Er 825	0x10	0x8225	0x002	RPDO mapping invalid (length, parameter
			5	not present, no this property)
Er 827	0x10	0x8227		Free running mode is not supported
Er 828	0x10	0x8228		Sync mode not supported
Er 82b	0x10	0x8210	0x002	Invalid inputs and outputs
			В	,
Er 82C	0x10	0x872	0x002	Fatal synchronization error
		С	С	
Er 82d	0x10	0x872	0x002	No synchronization error
		D	D	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Er 82E	0x10	0x872E	0x002	Synchronization cycle time is too short
-			E	·
Er 830	0x10	0x8730	0x003	Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization
			0	settings
Er 832	0x10	0x8732	0x003	Distribution Clock phase-locked loop
			2	failure
Er 833	0x10	0x8733		DC sync IO error



Er 834	0x10	0x8734		DC sync timeout
Er 835	0x10	0x8735		Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Er 836	0x10	0x8736	0x003	Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization
EI 030	UXIU	UX6/36	6	cycle time
C* 0E0	0.400	0.,5550	0x005	EEDDOM is increasible
Er 850	0x80	0x5550	0	EEPROM is inaccessible
Er 851	0x80	0x5551	0x0051	EEPROM error
F= 0F2	0.400	0.,5550	0x005	Handware is not ready
Er 852	0x80	0x5552	2	Hardware is not ready
F= 0/0	000	0		EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds
Er 860	0x80	0xFF01		limit
Er 870	0.400	0.45201		Driver can't be enabled under current
EF 8/U	0x80	0x5201		control mode



# 8.3 Alarm Handling

\*\*When error occurs, please solve accordingly. Then, restart.

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A0""Er 0A1"			Display: "Er 0A0""Er 0A1"		
code	0A	0~1	Content: Circuit current detection error					
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution				
Motor power cable wiring error			Verify motor power cable wiring  Make sure U,V,W terminal wired properly					
Main power supply undervoltage			Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage				
Driver fa	ault		/	Replace driver				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A3"				Display: "Er 0A3"		
code	0A	3	Content: Motor power cable n	ot connected					
Cause			Diagnosis Solution						
Motor po	Motor power cable not		Verify motor power cable	Measure <b>resistance values between</b>					
connect	ed		wiring	U, V, W terminals, make sure the					
				values are almost equal. If not, might					
				be due to damaged motor or motor					
				winding open circuit.					
Motor fault			/	Replace motor					
Driver fa	ault		/	Replace driver					

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0b1"  Content: Control circuit power supply abnormal		
code	0b	1			
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
USB pov	wer sup	ply too	Verify if USB cable is	Replace USB mini cable	
low	low		properly connected		
			and not damaged.		
Driver f	ault		/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0c0"				
code	0c	0	Content: DC bus overvoltage				
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution			
Main po	Main power supply		Varify [1] 2   2 tarminal valtage	Decrease main power supply			
overvoltage			Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	voltage			
Inner brake circuit			/	Replace driver			
damaged							
Driver fault			/	Replace driver			



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er OdO"		
code	0d	0	Content: DC bus undervoltage		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Main po	wer supp	ly	Varify [1] 2   2 tarrainal valtara	Increase main power supply	
undervo	ltage		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	voltage	
L1C, L20	connect	ed	Control circuit power on before	Please disconnect the USB cable	
when U	when USB cable is		driver initialization. Alarm might	n. Alarm might   before powering on control	
connected			occur.	circuit.	
Driver f	ault	·	/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er Od1"  Content: Single phasing of main power supply		
code	0d	1			
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Main po undervo	wer supp Itage	ly	Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage	
Main power supply wiring error		ly	Loose connection of L1, L2, L3	Secure connections	
Driver f	ault		/ Replace driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d2"  Content: No main power supply detected		
code	0d	2			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
				1. Increase main power supply	
No mair	power s	upply	Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	voltage	
				2. Secure connections	
Driver fault			/	Replace driver	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E0"	
code	0E	0	Content: Overcurrent	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit			Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	Make sure there is no circuit.     Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor w	iring erro	or	Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT mo	dule sho	rt	Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
Excessi	ve motor	load	Verify if motor torque output is too high	1. Reduce load 2. Add a gearbox
	Excessive acceleration and deceleration		Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time are too low  Increase acceleration and deceleration duration time	
Motor wiring short circuit			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor

Error				
code			Content: Intelligent Power Module	(IPM) overcurrent
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit			Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	Make sure there is no circuit.     Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor w	Motor wiring error		Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT mo	IGBT module short circuit		Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
	IGBT module undervoltage		/	Replace driver
Excessi	Excessive motor load		Verify if motor torque output is too high	1. Reduce load 2. Add a gearbox
	Excessive acceleration and deceleration		Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time are too low	Increase acceleration and deceleration duration time
Motor w	riring sho	rt	Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E2"		
code	0E	2	Content: Power output to motor sh	norted to ground	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground			Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE  1. Reconnect wiring. 2. Change motor power cable.		
Motor shorted to ground			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is in the range of MegaOhm (MΩ)	Replace motor	
Driver fa	ault		/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E4"  Content: Phase overcurrent		
code	0E	2			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground			Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE	Reconnect wiring.     Change motor power cable.	
Motor shorted to ground			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor	
Driver fault			/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0F0"		
code	0F	0	Content: Driver overheated		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Temperat	Temperature of power		Measure the temperature	1. Improve cooling condition. Please	
module e	module exceeded upper of driver radiator.		of driver radiator.	check installation guide;	
limit				2. Replace driver and motor with	
				higher power rating;	
				3. Increase duration time for	
				acceleration and deceleration;	
				4. Decrease load	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 100"	Display: "Er 100"		
code	10	0	Content: Motor overloaded			
Cause		Diagno	osis	Solution		
Load too h	neavy		f actual load exceeds um value allowed	Decrease load     Adjust limit values		
Strong mechanica vibration	mechanical Look		or mechanical vibration from ne system	Adjust gain value of control loop     Increase duration time for     acceleration and deceleration		
Motor or e		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Reconnect wiring     Replace motor and encoder cable		
Holding bi engaged	rake	Verify	holding brake terminal voltage	·		



From Main Sub Display: "Er 102"				
code 10 2 Content: Motor rotor blocked				
Cause		Diagnosis		Solution
Motor rotor blocked		Look fo	for mechanical blockages Check the machinery	
Motor rotor		Verify	value of Pr6.57	Adjust value of Pr6.57

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 120"			
code	12	0	Content: Regenerative resistor overvoltage			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Regenerative energy exceeded capacity of regenerative resistor		of	Verify if velocity is too     high     Verify if load is too large	Decrease motor rotational velocity;     Decrease load inertia;     Add an external regenerative resistor;		
Power sup too high	Power supply voltage		Verify if power supply voltage is within the rated range.     Interval regenerative resistor value is too low	Decrease power supply voltage     Increase regeneration resistance     value(add external regenerative resistor)		
Unstable power supply voltage		upply	Verify if power supply voltage is stable	Add a surge suppressor to main power supply.		
Regeneral discharge damaged		rgy	/	Add an external regenerative resistor;     Replace driver		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 121"		
code	12	1	Content: Holding brake error		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Holding brake circuit		circuit	Regenerative resistor disconnected	Replace regenerative resistor	
damaged			Holding brake IGBT damaged	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 122"	
code	12	2	Content: Regenerative resistor value too low	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
resistor value than the n	External regenerative resistor value is less than the minimum value allowed by the drive		/	Replace the regenerative resistor with the right resistance value which meets the specification of the driver



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 150"			
code	15	0	Content: Encoder disconnected			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
	Encoder cable disconnected		Verify encoder cable connection	Make sure encoder cable properly connected		
Encoder c	Encoder cable wiring error		Verify if encoder wiring is correct Reconnect encoder wiring			
Encoder damaged		naged /		Replace motor		
Encoder measuring circuit damaged			/ Replace driver			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 151"		
code	15	1	Content: Encoder communication error		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Encoder v layer is m		lding	Verify if encoder cable has shielding layer	Replace with standard encoder cable	
Encoder cable wiring error		ing	Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring	
Encoder d	amaged		/ Replace motor		

Error		Sub	Display: "Er 152"		
code	15	2	Content: Encoder initial position er	ror	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Cause  Communication data abnormal			Verify if encoder power supply oltage is DC5V ± 5%; Verify if encoder cable and shielded ayer is not damaged; Verify if encoder cable is close to aigh-powered power supply cable  1. Make sure encoder power supply cable and shielded along the sure encoder cable is damaged. 3. Make sure encoder cable is layer is grounded to frame 4. Make sure encoder cable is from high-powered power supply cable		
Encoder damaged		b	/	Replace motor	
	Encoder damaged Encoder measuring circuit damaged		1	Replace driver	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 153"			
code	15	3	Content: Multiturn encoder error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Initial use			Origin calibration not performed  Perform origin positioning and multitue position initialization, calibrate the originate system.			
	without n absolut	te	Verify if encoder has multiturn absolute function	<ol> <li>Replace the motor with a multiturn absolute encoder.</li> <li>Set Pr0.15 = 0 to deactivate multiturn absolute function.</li> </ol>		
Low bat	Low battery power		Replace battery and restart driver to clear alarm	Replace battery		
•	has no po een dism		Alarm not cleared after replacing battery and restart	Absolute position lost. Return to origin and perform multiturn initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 154"		
code	15	4	Content: Encoder parameter settings error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Absolute encoder mode is incorrectly set.			Verify if encoder has multi-turn absolute value function.	Modify absolute encoder mode settings	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 155"		
code	15	5	Content: Encoder data overflow		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Encoder	Encoder data overflow		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data	
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 156"		
code	15	6	Content: Encoder overheated		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
The encoder			Verify if motor temperature is	Dadusa anadan taman anatuma	
temperature is too high.		oo high.	too high	Reduce encoder temperature.	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 157"		
code	15	7	Content: Encoder counter error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Encoder data overflow		erflow	Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data	
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode	

Error			Display: "Er 170"		
code	17	0	Content: Encoder data error		
Cause		Diag	nosis	Solution	
Communication data abnormal		volta 2. Ve layer 3. Ve	rify if encoder power supply ge is DC5V ± 5%; rify if encoder cable and shielded is not damaged; rify if encoder cable is close to powered power supply cable	1. Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable 2. Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. 3. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame 4. Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable	
Encoder damaged			/	Replace motor	
Encoder circuit da	measurir amaged	ng	/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 171"		
code 17		1	Content: Encoder parameter initialization error		
Cause	Cause Diag		osis Solution		
Driver and motor not matched		Verif	y driver and motor models.	Replace with matching driver and motor	
Error while getting parameters from		g 2. Ve insul	rify if encoder cable is standard. rify if encoder has no peeled ator, broken connection or oper contact.	Use standard encoder cable, verify the connection of both sides of driver and motor, change encoder cable if necessary	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 180"	
code 18 0		0	Content: Excessive position deviation	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Improper position deviation settings			Verify if value of Pr_014 is too low	Increase value of Pr_014
Position ga low	in settir	ng too	Verify if values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05 are too low	Increase values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05
Torque limi	t too lov	W	Verify if values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22 are too low	Increase values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22
Excessive external load			Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time is too low.     Verify if rotational velocity is too high     Verify if load is too large	1. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration 2. Decrease rotational velocity 3. Decrease load

Error code	Main	Sub	Dis	Display: "Er 181"			
	18	1	Со	Content: Excessive velocity deviation			
Cause				Diagnosis	Solution		
Deviation between set velocity and actual velocity is too great			is	Verify if value of Pr6.02 is too low	<ol> <li>Increase value of Pr6.02;</li> <li>Set Pr6.02 to 0, position error detection off.</li> </ol>		
Acceleration and deceleration duration time for set velocity is too low				Verify if value of Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 are too low	Increase value of Pr3.12, Pr3.13;     Adjust velocity gain to reduce velocity lag error		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 190"		
code	19	0	Content: Motor vibration too stro	ong	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Motor velocity fluctuates			Verify if Pr0.03 is too large Decrease value of Pr0.03		
too much					

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1A0"			
code	1A	0	Content: Overspeed			
Cause		Diagno	osis Solution			
Motor velocity exceeded first speed limit (Pr3.21)		2. Veri voltage 3. Veri 4. Veri freque	y if velocity command is too high; fy if simulated velocity command e is too high; fy if parameter value of Pr3.21 is too low; fy if input frequency and division ncy coefficient of pulse train is proper; fy if encoder is wired correctly	1. Adjust velocity input command; 2. Increase Pr3.21 value; 3. Adjust pulse train input frequency and division frequency coefficient; 4. Verify encoder wiring;		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1A1"			
code	1A	1	Content: Velocity out of control			
Cause	Cause Dia		osis Solution			
out of con Excessive	Motor velocity Ver		encoder phase sequence; Verify if UVW s connected to the right terminal	Reconnect UVW if wrongly connected. If still remains unsolved, please contact technical support.		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b0"		
code	1b	0	Content: Bus input signal dithering		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Controller synchronization dithering			/	Increase alarm threshold value	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b1"		
code 1b 1 Content: Incorrect electronic gear ratio		c gear ratio			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Values out of range			Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution	

Error Main Sul		Sub	Display: "Er 1c0"		
code	1c	0	Content: Both STO failed		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
			Verify if STO power supply	Verify 24V STO power supply and power	
Both STO	input si	ignals	is normal	cable connection	
valid			Disconnect switch	Close switch	
			connected to STO		

Error code Main Sub Display: "Er 1c1"  1c 1 Content: 1st STO failed		Sub	Display: "Er 1c1"		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
1st STO input signal			Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection	
valid			Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1c2"		
code	1c	2	Content: 2nd STO failed		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
2nd STO input signal			Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection	
valid			Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 210"		
code	21	0	Content: I/O input interface assignment error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Input signal assigned with			Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09,	Set proper values for	
two or more functions.			Pr4.44-4.47	Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 211"  Content: I/O input interface function assignment error		
code	21	1			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Input signal assignment		signment	Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09,	Set proper values for	
error			Pr4.44-4.47	Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 212"  Content: I/O output interface function assignment error		
code	21	2			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
	Input signal assigned with two or more functions.		Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10-Pr4.15	
Input sign	al not as	ssigned	Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10-Pr4.15	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 240"  Content: EEPROM parameters initialization error		
code	24	0			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Error during initial reading of EEPROM parameters			Restart after changing any parameter. Verify if the parameter is saved.	•	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 241"		
code	24	1	Content: EEPROM hardware error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
EEPROM damaged			Verify if multiple storages are the same	Replace driver/Upgrade software	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 242"	
code 24 Content: Error saving alarm history record		ory record		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Power-of	Power-off during saving		Verify alarm during power-off	Power lost after alarm appears
Several different alarms in a row		alarms	Verify alarm code	Figure out other alarm causes
EEPROM damaged			Verify if it is the same over several times	Replace driver/Upgrade software



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 243"  Content: Error occurred when saving vendor parameters		
code	24	3			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off	Power-off before data			Wait until data saved successfully	
saved				before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		d	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 244"		
code	24	4	Error description: Error occurred when saving communication		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off	Power-off before data			Wait until data saved successfully	
saved				before powering off	
EEPROM (	EEPROM damaged		Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 245"  Error description: Error occurred when saving parameter 402		
code	24	5			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off before data saved		data		Wait until data saved successfully before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		d	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 246"		
code	24	6	Error description: Data saving error during power-off		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power off too fast			Upgrade software		
EEPROM damaged		d	Restart driver for a few times Restart driver for a few times		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 260"	Display: "Er 260"	
code	26	0	Error description: Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing mode		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Positive/negative position limit triggered			Verify position limit signal	1	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 280"		
code 28 0 Error description:		Error description: Output pulse frequ	or description: Output pulse frequency too high		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Frequenc	y divide	d pulse	Verify if motor rotational speed	Reduce the number of	
output exceeds 1MHz			and the number of frequency	frequency divided pulse output	
			divided pulse output are too high	or reduce rotational speed	



Error	Mai	Sub	Display: " Er 570"	
code	57	0	Error description: Forced alarm input valid	
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Forced alarm input		out	Verify forced alarm input	
signal occurred			signal	is correct

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F0"		
code	5F	0	Content: Motor model no. detection error		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Automatio	Automatically detected			Please contact our technical	
motor doesn't match		atch	/	support	
set motor	set motor				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F1"		
code	5F	1	Error description: Driver power module detection error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver power rating not		ing not	Restart driver	Please contact our technical	
within range.				support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 600"  Error description: Main loop interrupted timeout	
code	60	0		
Cause	Cause Diagnosis Solution		Solution	
The moto calculation		ol loop	Check for interference from devices releasing electromagnetic field	Ground driver and motor to reduce interference
overnow			Restart driver	Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 601"  Error description: Velocity loop interrupted timeout	
code	60	1		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Motor control loop calculation time		pp	Verify if encoder connection is and that the encoder cable is too not long (more than 20	Replace encoder cable if necessary
overflow			meters)	
			Restart driver	Replace the drive with a new one



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 700"		
code	70	0	Error description: Encryption error		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis Solution		
Encryptio	Encryption error		Restart driver	Please contact our technical	
during initialization		on		support	
upon power-on.					

# 8.4 Alarm clearing

### 8.4.1 Servo Drive Alarm

For alarm can be cleared , There are 3 method.

#### Method 1:

1. By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion , No fault(Switch on disabled).

### Method 2:

Use auxiliary function "AF\_ACL"

 Press M to select auxiliary function , Press SET to enter into "AF\_ACL" , Press and hold to clear the alarm

### Method 3:

Set IO input function as Alarm clear input " (A-CLR)", refer to switch input interface connection to clear the alarm.



# 8.5 EtherCAT Communication Alarm

EtherCAT communication related alarms are erasable and will not be recorded in alarm history.

Clearing EtherCAT communication alarm is similar to clearing servo driver alarm. Please clear the alarm before switching to 402 machine state.

EtherCAT communication alarm however, relies on register clearance from the main station. Can be solved according to following steps:

- 1、Set bit 4 of ESC control register 0x120 (error responder) to 1.
- 2. The communication alarm can be cleared until the feedback of the ESC status code register 0x134-0x135 is 0.
- 3. By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion , No fault(Switch on disabled).

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73A"					
code	73	Α	Error description: SyncManager2 lost					
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution				
Poor mas	Poor master			Increase the alarm				
performa	performance		threshold					
Single-ur	Single-unit drive has		Is it a single unit or multiple units together Switch drive					
problem	problem		in the network					
Interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring Replace the network					
Interfere			quality	cable				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73b"			
code	73	В	Error description: SYNC0 lost			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Poor master				Increase threshold value		
performance			limit			
Single-unit drive has		has	Is it a single unit or multiple units together   Switch drive			
problem			in the network			
interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring	Replace the network		
interfere			quality	cable		



Error Main Sub		Sub	Display: "Er 73c"		
code	73	С	Error description: Excessive Distributed Clock error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Poor mas	Poor master device			Increase threshold value limit	
performa	performance				
Single-unit drive has problem		has	Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Replace driver	
interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace network cable	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 801"	
code	80	1	Error description: Unknown communication error	
Cause			EtherCAT state machine transition failed	
The stat	The status of the		All ESM status	
error ca	error can be detected			
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution			Verify network connection and master device EtherCAT state machine transition order	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 802"	
code	80	2	Error description: Memory overflow	
Cause			CPU failed to request memory	
The stat	The status of the		All ESM status	
error ca	error can be detected			
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution	l		Verify if EL7EC hardware is faulty	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 803"		
code 80 3		3	Error description: RAM out of bound		
Cause			EtherCAT state machine memory address access request from master		
			device is out of bound		
The stat	The status of the		All communication status		
error can be detected		tected			
The result status		IS	NO		
Solution			Verify master device configuration or replace master device		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 805"
code	80	5	Error description: FOE firmware upgrade failed
Cause			Firmware burn error
The status of the			BOOT
error can be detected			
The result status			Remain in the detection state
Solution			Replace firmware/driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 806"
code	80	6	Error description: Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware
Cause			ESI file does not match driver firmware
The stat	us of th	е	INIT
error can be detected			
The result status			Remain in the detection state
Solution			Burn matching firmware to driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 811"
code	81	1	Error description: Invalid EtherCAT transition request
Cause			Driver received unconvertible request from EtherCAT state machine
The status of the			All ESM Status
error ca	n be de	tected	
			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the
The result status		IS	operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if the transition information from master device is correct

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 812"
code	81	2	Error description: Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request
Cause			Driver receives a transition request other than states of the EtherCAT
			state machine
The status of the			All ESM Status
error can be detected			
The manufacture			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the
The result status		15	operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify transition information from master device



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 813"
code	81	3	Error description: Protection request from boot state
Cause			Driver receives a transition request to boot state
The status of the			Initialize the conversion to a boot
error can be detected			
The result status			initialization
Solution			Verify if driver software version supports this state transition

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 814"
code	81	4	Error description: Invalid firmware
Cause			Firmware not matched with driver
The status of the			B00T/INIT
error can be detected			
The result status			Keeping in the detection status
Solution			Return driver to supplier to update firmware

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 815"
code	81	5	Error description: Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
Cause			Boot state action not supported under current configuration
The status of the			Initialize the conversion to a boot
error can be detected			
The result status			Initialization
Solution			Verify if EL7EC software version supports action under this state.

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 816"
code	81	6	Error description: Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Cause			The synchronization manager configuration under Pre-Op is invalid
The status of the			pre-operation
error can be detected			
The resu	ult statu	IS	initialization
Caladian			1. Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version
Solution			2. EtherCAT slave controller error, please contact technical support



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 817"
code	81	7	Error description: Invalid SyncManager configuration
Cause			Synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the			Pre-op above
error can be detected			
The result status			Pre-op
Solution			Verify master device configuration/ESI file version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 818"
code	81	8	Error description: No valid input data
Cause			The input data is not updated for more than 1 second
The stat	us of th	е	All ESM status
error ca	n be de	tected	
Th	المحاجم المار		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the
ine resi	The result status		operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			1. Verify if TxPDO is valid
			2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 819"
code	81	9	Error description: No valid output data
Cause			Output data is not updated for more than 1 second
The stat	us of th	е	All ESM status
error ca	n be de	tected	
The man	<b>-</b> 1 1		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the
ine resi	The result status		operation state is switched to the safe operation state
C 1 1:			1. Verify if RxPDO is valid
Solution	Solution		2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81A"
code	81	Α	Error description: Synchronization error
Cause			RxPDO and DC update order failed or one of them is not updated in sync
The status of the			All ESM status
error ca	n be de	tected	
T			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the
The result status			operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution		1. Verify if PXPDO is valid	
		olution 2. Verify master device synchronization settings	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81b"
code	81	b	Error description:SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Cause			The RxPDO update timeout in operational state
The status of the			operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Safe operation
Calatian			1. Verify if EL7EC network is connected
Solution			2. Verify RxPDO update time

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81c"	
code	81	С	Error description: Invalid SyncManager type	
Cause			Synchronization Manager configuration types other than the following:	
			1. Email output	
			2. Email input	
			3. Process data output	
			4. Process data input	
The stat	The status of the		Pre-operation	
error can be detected				
The result status		IS	Initialize	
Solution	)		Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81d"
code	81	d	Error description: Invalid output configuration
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the			Pre-operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Initialize
Solution			1. Verify EL7EC synchronization manager configuration
			2. Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81E"
code	81	Е	Error description: Invalid input configuration
Cause			Process data input synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the			Pre-operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Initialize
Caladian			1. Verify EL7EC synchronization manager configuration
Solution		olution  2. Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 821"
code	82	1	Error description: Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Init request
The status of the			All ESM status
error can be detected			
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 822"
code	82	2	Error description: Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre-Op state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Pre-Op request
The stat	us of th	е	Safe operation, operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 823"
code	82	3	Error description: Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the			Operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 824"
code	82	4	Error description: Invalid process data input mapping
Cause			TxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the TxPDO mapping object



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 825"
code	82	5	Error description: Invalid process data output mapping
Cause			RxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the RxPDO mapping object

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 828"
code	82	8	Error description: Sync mode not supported
Cause			Sync mode is not supported in the current configuration
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected			
The res	ult statu	IS	Pre-operation
Calutian			1. Verify L7EC software version
Solution		Solution 2. Verify XML version	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82b"
code	82	b	Error description: Invalid inputs and outputs
Cause			No RxPDO and TxPDO updates for more than 1 second
The stat	us of th	е	All ESM status
error ca	n be de	tected	
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if current RxPD0 and TxPD0 are invalid     Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82c"
code	82	С	Error description: Fatal synchronization error
Cause			DC watchdog timer timeout
The status of the			Safe operation, operation
error can be detected			
The resu	ult statu	IS	Safe operation
Calutian			1. Verify if EL7EC hardware is faulty
Solution			2. Verify DC setting and delay



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82d"
code	82	d	Error description: No synchronization error
Cause			Synchronization is invalid
The status of the		е	operation
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		IS	Safe operation
Solution		1. Verify if "fatal synchronization error" has occurred. 2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82E"
code	82	Е	Error description: Synchronization cycle time is too short
Cause	Cause		Master device synchronization cycle time is set to less than 125
			microseconds
The stat	us of th	e	operation
error ca	error can be detected		
The result status		IS	Pre-operation
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 830"
code	83	0	Error description: Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
Cause			Synchronization settings in sync mode are not valid
The status of the		е	Safe operation
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		IS	Pre-operation
Solution		olution Verify master device synchronization settings	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 832"	
code	83	2	Error description: Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure	
Cause			Distribution Clock phase-locked loop setting is invalid	
The status of the		е	Safe operation, operation	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		IS	Safe operation	
Solution		Verify master device Distribution Clock settings and network transmission delay		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 835"
code	83	5	Error description: Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Cause			Set synchronization cycle time is not proportional to drive position loop
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		ıs	Pre-operation
Solution		Refer to user manual to set a reasonable synchronization cycle time.	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 836"
code	83	6	Error description: Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle time
Cause			The synchronization cycle time setting is not as the following
			1 : 125us 2 : 250us 3 : 500us
			4 : 750us 5 : 1000us 6 : 2000us
			7 : 4000us
The stat	us of th	е	Safe operation
error ca	n be de	tected	
The result status		ıs	Pre-operation
Solution	1		Verify master device synchronization cycle time

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 850"
code	85	0	Error description: EEPROM is inaccessible
Cause			EtherCAT slave controller failed to access EEPROM
The status of the		е	All ESM status
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		IS	Keeping the current state
Calutian			1. Verify if EL7EC hardware is faulty
Solution	Solution		2. Verify if master device released access

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 851"	
code	85	1	Error description: EEPROM error	
Cause			EEPROM operation of EtherCAT slave controller failed	
The status of the		e	All ESM status	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		IS	Keeping the current state	
Solution		olution Verify if master device released access		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 852"	
code	85	2	Error description: Hardware is not ready	
Cause			Data communication lost	
The status of the		е	All ESM status	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		IS	Keeping the current state	
Solution			Verify if EL7-EC hardware is faulty	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 860"
code	86	0	Error description: EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds limit
Cause			EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds the setting in 2635-00h
The status of the			All status
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		IS	Keeping the detection state
Solution			Change to network cable with higher bandwidth / Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 870"
code	87	0	Error description: Driver can't be enabled under current control mode
Cause	Cause		Enable driver under unsupported mode
The status of the		е	All status
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		IS	Maintain status
Solution			Switch to the correct control mode



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