

# **ELD2-CAN Series DC Servo Drive**

# **User Manual**





# **Foreword**

Thank you for purchasing Leadshine ELD2-CAN series DC Servo drives. This manual will provide information on the ELD2-CAN series servo products regarding product safety & specifications, installations & wiring, tuning & problem diagnostics.

Please contact us at tech@leadshine.com if you need further technical support.

Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- ♦ We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- ♦ We won't undertake any responsibility with any customer's modification of product and the warranty of product will be canceled at the same time.

#### Safety Precautions

Please read the safety instructions carefully before using the products and pay attention to the safety signs.

Danger	Might incur death or serious injury			
Caution	Might cause injury to operating personals or damage to equipment			
Warning	Might cause damage to equipment			
<u></u>	Hot surface. Do not touch			
	Protective Earth			

#### Safety instructions



- ✓ The design of the product is not to be used in mechanical system which may incur health hazard.
- ✓ Users should be aware of the product safety precautions during design and installations of the equipment to prevent any unwanted accident.

#### Upon receiving



- ✓ The use of damaged or faulty product(s) is prohibited.
- Please refer to item checklist. If the labels don't match, please do not install.



#### **Transportation**



- ✓ Please provide storage and transportation under protected conditions.
- ✓ Do not stack the products too high up to prevent toppling.
- ✓ The product should be packaged properly during transportation,
- ✓ Do not hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- ✓ The product should be protected from external forces and shock.

#### Installation



#### Servo drive and Motor:

- ✓ Do not install around combustibles to prevent fire hazard.
- ✓ Avoid vibration and impact.
- ✓ Do not install products that are damaged or incomplete.

#### Servo drive:

- ✓ Please install in electrical cabinet with sufficient protection from outside elements.
- ✓ Reserve sufficient gap as per the installation guide.
- ✓ Make sure to have good heat sinking.
- ✓ Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conductive object or fluid and combustibles.

#### Servo Motor:

- Make sure installation is tight to prevent it from loosening.
- ✓ Prevent fluid from leaking into motor and encoder.
- ✓ Protect motor from impact to avoid damaging encoder.
- ✓ Motor shaft should not bear the load beyond the limits as specified.

#### Wiring



- ✓ Participate installation personals should have sufficient training in product installation safety.
- ✓ Please power off and wait for 10 minutes to make sure a full discharge of electricity.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor must be connected to ground.
- ✓ Connect the cables only after servo drive motor installed correctly
- ✓ Make sure the wires are properly managed and insulation layer is not torn to prevent electrocution.



- ✓ Wiring must be correctly connected to prevent damage to product(s)
- ✓ Servo motor U, V, W terminal should be connected correctly and NOT connected directly to an AC power supply.
- ✓ Capacitor, inductor or filter shouldn't be installed between servo motor and servo drive.
- ✓ Connecting wires or any non-heat resistant components should be put near to heat sink of the servo drive or motor.
- ✓ The flyback diode which is connected in parallel to output signal DC relay must not be connected in reverse.



#### **Tuning and running**



- ✓ Make sure the wirings of servo drive and servo motor are installed and fixed properly before powering on.
- ✓ On the first time tuning of the product, it is recommended to run unloaded until all the parameter settings are confirmed to prevent any damage to the product or machine.

#### Usage



- ✓ Please install an emergency stop button on machine to stop operation immediately if there is an accident.
- ✓ Please make sure machine is stopped before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.
- ✓ Frequent restart of the servo system might incur damage to the product.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor will be hot to touch shortly after power off. Please be careful.
- ✓ Modification(s) to servo system is prohibited.

### **Error Handling**



- ✓ Please wait for 5 minutes after powering off for the electricity to be fully discharged before uninstalling the cables.
- ✓ Participate maintenance personals should have sufficient training in maintenance and operation of this product series.



- ✓ Please handle the error before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Keep away from machine after a restart upon alarm. Mechanical axis might suddenly move. Such hazard should be prevented during the utilization of the product.

#### **Model Selection**



- ✓ Rated torque of the servo motor should be higher than continuous designated torque when fully loaded.
- ✓ Load inertia ratio of the motor should be lower or equals to recommended value for specified models
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.



# **Warranty Information**

#### Available for

Leadshine overseas warranty only covers Leadshine DC servo products that are obtained through Leadshine certified sales channel outside of China.

#### Warranty claim

- All Leadshine DC servo products (Servo drives and motors) overseas enjoy **18-month** warranty period.
- Due to unforeseen circumstances in different sales regions around the globe, we recommend users to seek technical support from directed sales channel as any warranty claim or repair services may be required.
- Please be informed that any maintenance/repair work that is outside of the warranty claim conditions might incur some charges and to be confirmed before product(s) is being sent in.
- The duration required for maintenance work to be done is to be confirmed after initial check-up but we reserve the right to prolong the repair duration if needed.
- Discontinued products within warranty period will be replaced with a product of similar specifications.

#### Steps to warranty claim

- 1. Visit Leadshine global site www.leadshine.com to look for local certified sales channel.
- 2. Contact designated sales channel to check if any fee might incur. May include repair fee, spare part cost or shipping cost.

#### Circumstances where warranty claim is not available

- Damage/Loss due to occurrence of natural or man-made disaster such as fire, flood or earthquake.
- Installation or wiring error
- If there is any modification done to the product
- Warranty label on products is torn or not existing
- Not a product bought from Leadshine certified global network of retailers/distributors.

#### Before warranty claim

- Please backup device parameters before any repair work/warranty claim. Leadshine and Leadshine certified retailers/distributors will not be held responsibilities for any data loss.
- If available, please send product back in original packaging or make sure it is well packaged to prevent any damage to the product during shipping.

Leadshine Technology Co.,Ltd. and its certified sales channel reserved the final right of the interpretation of the warranty information.



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# **Chapter 1 Introduction**

### 1.1 Product Introduction

ELD2-CAN Series DC Servo Drive is our latest generation DC servo drive that is based on CANopen DSP402 protocol. It can be easily matched to any controller that supports this protocol. Using the latest signal processing chip from Texas Instrument, the drive is compact with small volume and good reliability.

In comparison to conventional pulse controlled servo drives, our ELD2-CAN provides advantages as listed below.

#### 1. Lengthen communication range and lower electromagnetic interference

Due to the reliance of pulse command, pulse controlled servo drives could be easily disrupted by electromagnetic interferences. CANopen communication protocol provides fault detections limitations and error handling that makes communication more reliable over long distances.

#### 2. Greater motion control

Trajectory generation can be done within the driver under non-cyclic synchronous mode. Controller only needs to deliver target position, velocity and acceleration commands to the driver. Drivers can then achieve greater control by applying feedforward to the commands.

#### 3. Simplify complex wiring work

Using CANopen communication protocols, the connections between master device and slave stations can be realized using only RS232 cables.

#### 4. Reduce cost by lowering the requirement for more ports

Multiple axes control can be realized without requirement for more ports or pulse module on the master device/controller. Only a network port is needed to chain the axis controller (drivers) together in series.



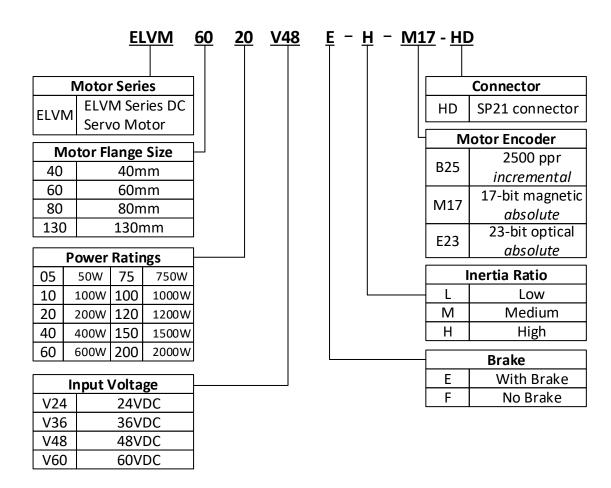
# 1.2 Model Number Structure

### 1.2.1 Servo Drive

ELD2	- CAN	<b>7030</b>	<u>B</u>	
1	2	3	4	

No.	Description					
1	Series No.	ELD2: DC Servo Drive Series				
2	Communication protocol	RS: Pulse train + Modbus RTU+Analogue CAN: CANopen				
3	Power Rating	7020: 24-70VDC, rated current 20A 7030: 24-70VDC, rated current 30A				
4	Туре	B: Holding brake output  Blank: Without holding brake output				

#### 1.2.2 Servo Motor





# 1.3 Servo Drive Technical Specification

ELD2-CAN series	CAN7005B CAN7010B		CAN7015B		CAN7020B	CAN7030B
Rated Current (Arms)	5	10	15		20	30
Peak Current (Arms)	21	42	45		80	90
Dimension(mm)	140*79.5*25.5			175*100.5*33		
ELD2-CAN series	CAN7040B			CAN7060B		
Rated Current (Arms)		60				
Peak Current (Arms)	120			180		
Dimension(mm)			194*103*41			
Logic Power Supply	24VDC					
Safe Torque Off (STO)		STO SIL3				

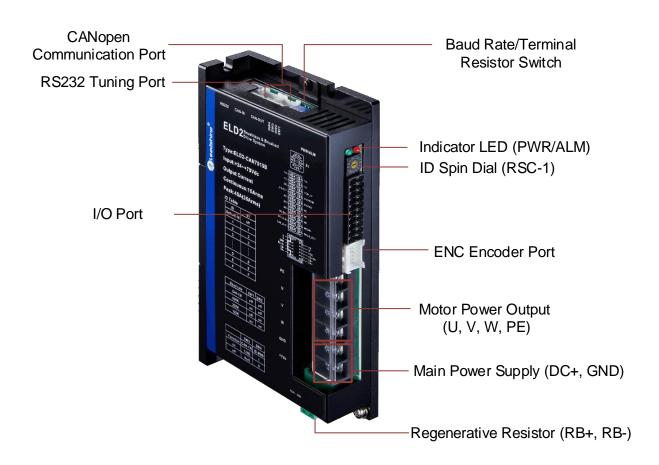
Main power supply	24~70VDC		
Direct Drive Holding Brake			
Drive mode	SVPWM sinusoidal wave drive		
Velocity regulation ratio	5000:1		
Electronic gear ratio	1 ~ 32767/1 ~ 32767		
Matching encoders	Hall signal UVW + ABZ or RS485 encoder(Tamagawa protocol)		
	4 configurable NPN/PNP 24V Digital Inputs: DI3-DI6		
	Servo enabled (SRV-ON)     Positive limit switch (POT)     Negative limit switch (NOT)     Clear Alarm ( A-CLR )		
Input	5. Gain switching (GAIN) 6. Deviation counter clearing (CL) 7. Command pulse prohibition(INH) 8. Crossover frequency input switching(DIV1)		
	9. Internal command velocity selection(INTSPD) 10. Zero speed clamp(ZEROSPD) 11. Velocity sign(VC-SIGN) 12. Torque sign(TC-SIGN) 13. Emergency Stop (E-STOP)		
Output	1 holding brake output;2 configurable single-ended NPN/PNP 24V, 8mA digital outputs  1. Alarm (ALARM) 2. Servo ready (SRDY) 3. External brake off (BRK-OFF) 4. Positioning completed (INP1) 5. Reached velocity(AT-SPEED) 6. Zero speed position (ZSP) 7. Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) 8. Position command (P-CMD) 9. Velocity command (V-CMD)		
Alarm	Current circuit error, DC bus overvoltage, DC bus undercurrent, overcurrent, overcurrent on IPM, motor overload, regenerative resistor overload, encoder disconnected, encoder initialization error, encoder data error, excessive position deviation, overspeed, I/O configuration error, EEPROM parameter saving CRC checksum error, positive/negative position limit valid, forced alarm input valid		
Indicator light	Red & Green LED		
Tuning Software	Motion Studio 2		



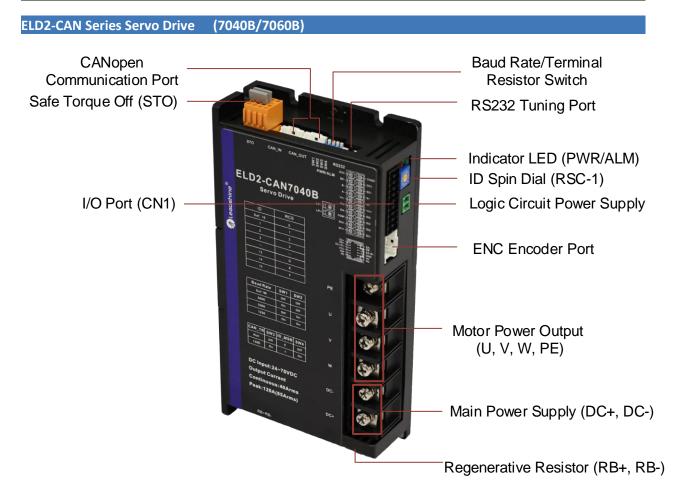
Motion Studio 2	Configure parameters for current, position and velocity loop. Parameter uploading using .lsr parameter files. Drive and motor data monitoring using oscilloscope.			
Communication Port	RS-232 , 1 : 1 ; CAN , 0 : N ( 0≤N≤127 ), CANopen			
Load-Inertia	Smaller than 20 times motor inertia			
	Storage devices, dust, oil, corrosive liquid/gas and places with strong vibration or high humidity. Prohibit combustible and conductive material waste.			
Environmental	<b>Temperature</b> -20°C ~ +45°C (Please allow air circulation if >45°C)			
requirements	Storage temperature	- 20°C ~ + 65°C		
	Humidity	40—90%RH ( Condensation free )		
	Installation Vertical and level to ground			

# 1.4 Servo Drive Ports and Connectors

ELD2-CAN Series Servo Drive (7005B/7010B/7015B/7020B/7030B)

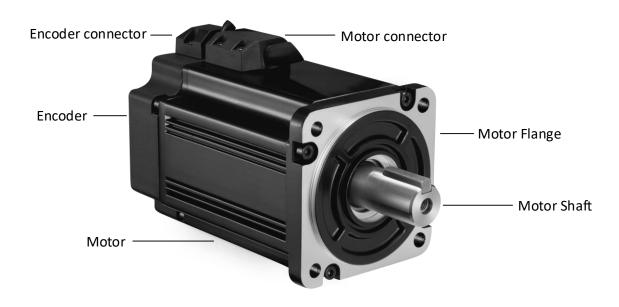






# 1.5 Motor Ports and Connectors

# **ELVM Series DC Servo Motor**





# **Chapter 2 Installation & Wiring**

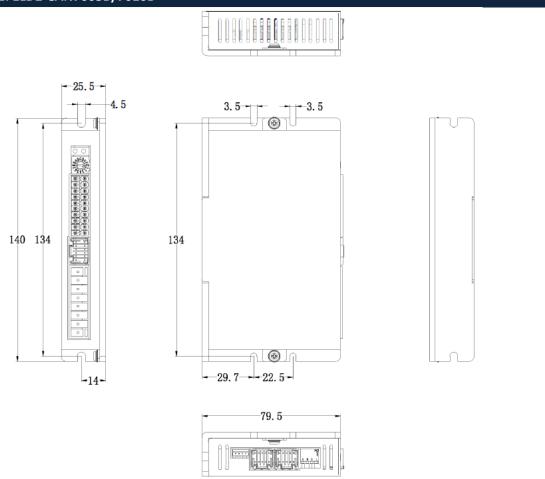
# 2.1 Servo Drive Installation

# 2.1.1 Servo drive installation environment

Temperature	Storage: -20~+65°C (Condensation free);			
Llumiditu	Installation: -20~+45°C (Please allow air circulation if >45°C)			
Humidity	Under 90%RH (Condensation free)			
Altitude	Up to 1000m above sea level			
Atmospheric	86 ~ 106kPa			
pressure	oo a rooki a			
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s2) 10-55Hz (non-continuous working)			
Atmospheric	No corrosive gas, combustibles, dirt or dust.			
IP ratings	IP20			

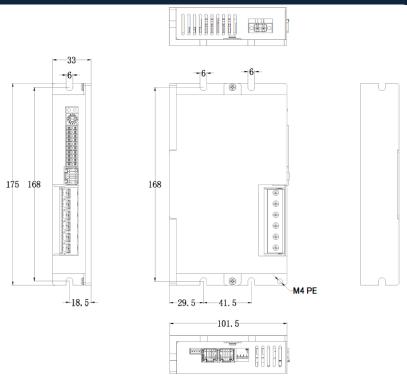
# 2.1.2 Servo drive dimension

Dimension 1: ELD2-CAN7005B/7010B

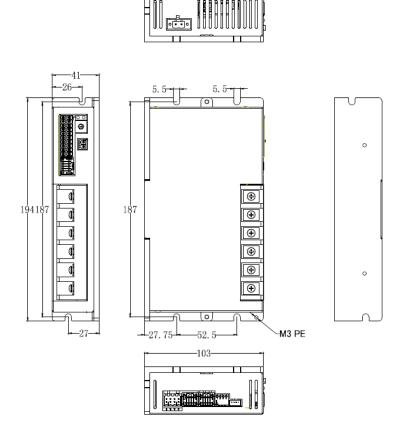




# Dimension 2: ELD2-CAN7015B/7020B/7030B



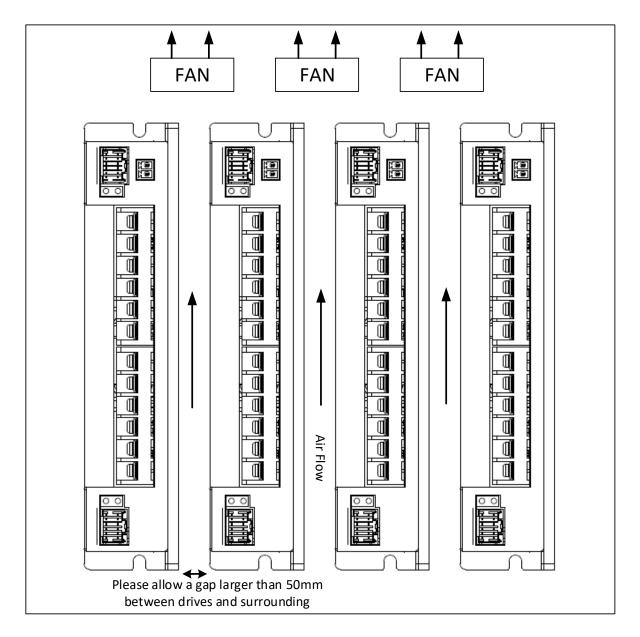
### Dimension 3: ELD2-CAN7040B/7060B





### Space requirement for installation

- 1. Please install the drive vertical to ground.
- 2. Please ensure optimal heat dissipation with enough room (>50mm) between each drives or to surrounding. It is recommended to install cooling fans for drives to achieve optimal performance.



Please refer to the diagram above for a visual guide on how to properly install the DC servo drives.



### 2.2 Servo Motor Installation

#### 2.2.1 Installation conditions

### Installation conditions may affect the lifespan of a motor

- Please keep away from corrosive fluid and combustibles.
- If dusty working environment is unavoidable, please use motors with oil seal.
- Please keep away from heat source.
- If motor is used in enclosed environment without heat dissipation, motor lifespan will be short.
- Please check and clean the installation spot before installation.

# 2.2.2 Precautions during installation

#### Installation method

#### Install horizontal to ground

Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.

#### Install vertical to ground

Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.

#### Oil- and waterproofing

- Do not submerge motor/cable under oil/water
- Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.
- > If there is an unavoidable fluid leakage near the motor, please use motor with better IP ratings.
- Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.
- Avoid the usage of motor in water/oil leaking prone environment.

#### Cable under stress

- Do not the bend the cable especially at each ends of the connectors.
- Make sure to not let the cables be too tight and under tremendous stress especially thinner cables such as signal cables.

#### Connectors

- Please to remove any conductive foreign objects from the connectors before installation
- The connectors are made of resin. May not withstand impact.
- Please hold the driver during transportation, not the cables.
- Leave enough "bend" on the connector cables to ensure less stress upon installation.

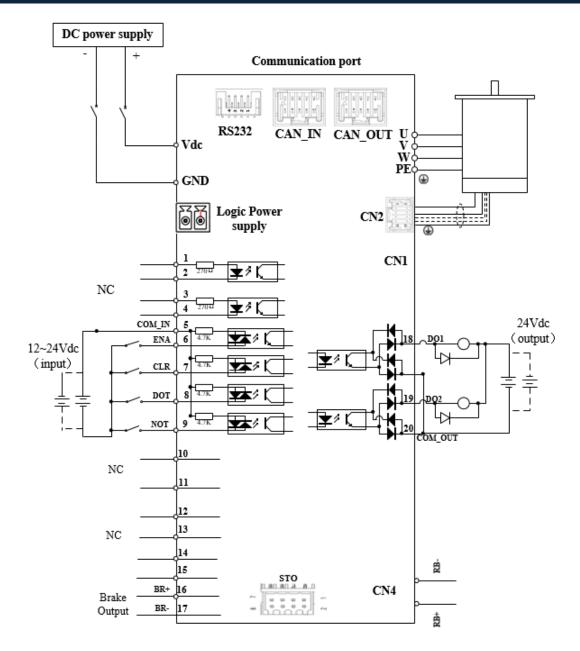
#### Encoder & coupling

- During installation or removal of coupling, please do not hit the motor shaft with a hammer as it would cause damage to internal encoder.
- Please make sure to centralize the motor shaft and coupling, it might cause damage to motor or encoder due to vibration.
- Please make sure axial and radial load is within the limits specified as it might affect the lifespan of the motor or cause damage to it.



# 2.3 ELD2-CAN Wiring Diagram

### **ELD2-CAN Wiring Diagram**

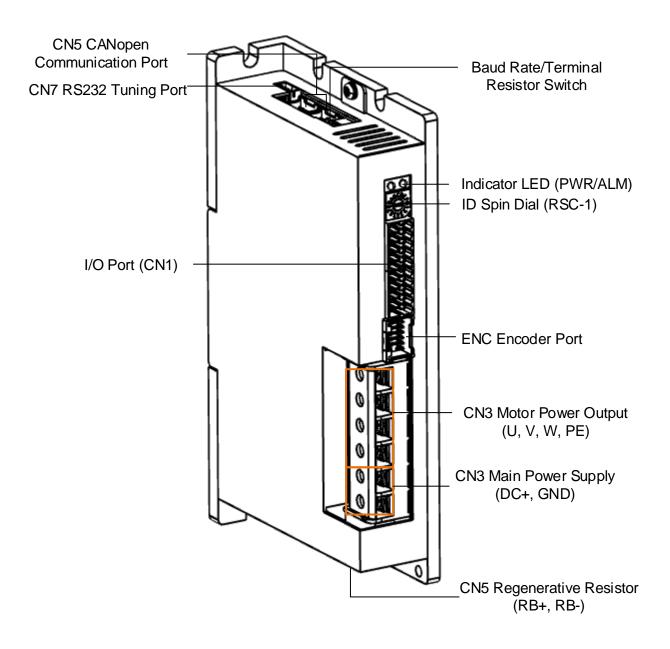


- Make sure data transferring cables are as short as possible. Keep CN1 cable under 3m and CN2 cable under 10m. Use shielded double winding cables to cut down on electromagnetic interference.
- > If the load for DO is an inductive load such as a relay, please install freewheeling diodes on both ends of the load in parallel. Please keep in mind that if the diode is connected in reverse, it might cause damage to the drive.
- Use non-fuse breaker (NFB) to cut off power supply to the drive in case of emergency.



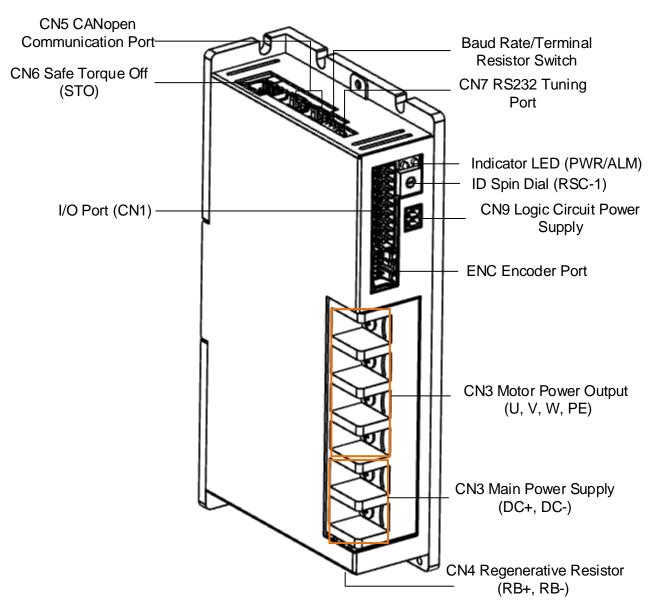
# 2.4 Servo Drive Ports

### ELD2-CAN 7005B/7010B/7015B/7020B/7030B





### ELD2-CAN 7040B/7060B



Connector	Label				
CN1	I/O signal port				
CN3	Motor power output (U, V, W, PE)				
CNS	Main Power Supply (DC+, DC-)				
CN4	Regenerative resistor port (RB+, RB-)				
CN5	CANopen Communication port				
CN6	Safe Torque Off (STO) port				
CN7	RS232 tuning port				
CN9	Logic circuit power supply port				
ENC	Motor encoder feedback				
SW	Baud rate/Terminal resistor switch				
RSC	ID spin dial				

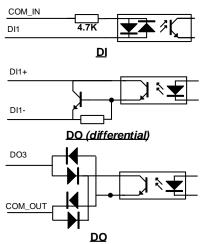


# 2.4.1 CN1 I/O Signal Port

Diagram	CN	Pin	Signal	Description				
		1	NC					
		2 NC NA	NA NA					
		3	NC					
1		4	NC					
		5	COM_IN	Common DI				
		6	DI3	Emergency stop				
		7	DI4	Homing switch				
		8	DI5	Positive limit				
		9	DI6	Negative limit				
		10	NC	NA .				
	CN1	11	NC	IVA				
						12	A+	Freeder signal A sustaut
						13	A-	Encoder signal A output
		14	B+	Encoder signal Destaut				
		15	B-	Encoder signal B output				
		16	BR+	Holding brake output positive and negative				
19 20		17	BR-	terminal, max current output: 1A				
		18	DO1	Alarm output, current output <100mA				
		19	DO2	Servo ready, current output <100mA				
		20	COM_OUT	Common output				

### I/O Signal Wiring Diagram

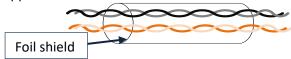
- 1. DI3-DI6 supports NPN and PNP configuration. Recommended to use an external control signal power supply of 12-24VDC.
- 2. DO1-DO2 are single ended outputs with 100mA current output that supports NPN and PNP configuration. Recommended to use an external power supply of 24VDC. If the load is an inductive load such as a relay, please install freewheeling diodes on both ends of the load in parallel. If the diode is connected in reverse, it might cause damage to the driver.





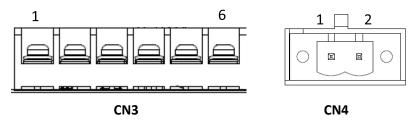
#### CN1 control signal cable selection

To ensure I/O signal to not be affected by electromagnetic interference, a **shielded cable** is recommended for this application.



Cables for different analogue signals should be using isolated shielded cable while cables for digital signals should be shielded twisted pair cable. Cables for CN1 connectors should be 24-28AWG in diameter.

# 2.4.2 CN3/CN4 Power supply & Regenerative Resistor Port



Port	Pin	Signal	Description
	1	DC+	DC Dower Supply positive and pogative terminals
	2	DC-	DC Power Supply positive and negative terminals
CN3	3	PE	
CIVS	4	U	LL V/ W/ DE tarminals for motor
	5	V	U, V, W, PE terminals for motor
	6	W	
CNA	1	DC+	DC Dawar Supply positive and posstive terminals
CN4	2	DC-	DC Power Supply positive and negative terminals

# 2.4.3 CN5 CANopen Communication Port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Label
		1	CANH	CANopen H terminal
		3	CANL	CANopen L terminal
CN5		5	GND	Power supply ground
	9 7 5 3 1	Others	NC 10 pins are not appl	10 pins are not applicable

#### Note:

- Molex 55959-1030 Connector Header (Driver side)
- Molex 51353-1000 10-pin rectangle connector 1pcs for each axis (Provided)
- Molex 56134-9000 female terminal reel 10pcs for each axis (Provided)



# 2.4.4 CN6 Safe Torque Off (STO) Port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
		1	5V	24v power supply	Connect to SF1 and SF2
		2	GND	Reference ground	when not in use. Do not use to supply power.
	1 2	1 3 4	STO1+	STO 1 positive input	
CN6			STO1-	STO 1 negative input	When SF1 = OFF or SF2 = OFF, STO is enabled.
		5	STO2+	STO 2 positive input	
	7 8 8 8	6	STO2-	STO 2 negative input	
		7	EDM+	External monitoring device (EDM) with differential double	When SF1 = OFF and SF2 = OFF,EDM = ON
		8			

#### Introduction to Safe Torque Off (STO)

Function: Cut off motor current supply physically (through mechanical means)

STO module (CN6 connector) consists of 2 input channels. It cuts off the motor current supply by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module. When the motor current is cut off, the motor will still move under inertia and stops gradually.

The STO function is set up ready to be used by factory default. Please remove STO connector if it is not needed.

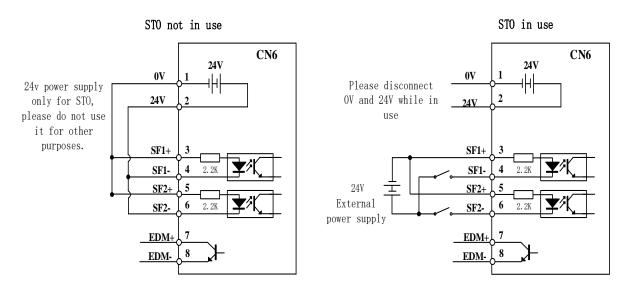
### STO functional principle

STO module cuts off the motor current supply and stops motor gradually by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module through 2 isolated circuits. When a STO error occurs, the actual status of STO can be determined by the EDM status feedback.

SF1 Input Status	SF2 Input Status	EDM Output Status	PWM control signal	Alarm code
ON	ON	OFF	Normal	-
ON	OFF	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c2
OFF	ON	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c1
OFF	OFF	ON	Blocked	Er 1c0



#### STO wiring diagram



- Please take precautions when enabling STO functions as servo drive will lose control over the motion of the motor. Motor might dropped under gravitational pull (vertically mounted load) or moved when external forces are applied to it. Alternatively, motor with holding brake can be chosen.
- > STO is not meant to cut off the power supply of the servo drivers and motors completely. Please power off and wait for a few minutes before starting maintenance work.
- It is recommended to use an isolated power supply for STO signal input as any current leakage might cause STO malfunction.

# 2.4.5 CN7 RS232 Tuning Port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal
	9	1	5V
	4 3	2	TX
CN7	2	3	GND
		4	RX

ELD2-CAN Series DC Servo Drive can be connected to Motion Studio 2 for parameters tuning and data monitoring using **CABLE-PC-1**.



# 2.4.6 CN9 Logic Circuit Power Supply Port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Description
CN10		1	24V	24V positive terminal
CN9	1 2	2	GND	24V negative terminal

ELD2-CAN7040B/7060B dual-axis DC servo drives include an optional logic circuit power supply port. When main power supply is cut, logic circuit power supply port can be connected to realize:

- 1. Partially functional DSP
- 2. Holding brake output to directly control the status of motor holding brake

# 2.4.7 ENC Encoder Feedback Port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Description
		1	Foil Shield	Encoder cable shielded layer
		2	HU	Motor Hall U signal
		3	HW	Motor Hall W signal
		4	HV	Motor Hall V signal
		5	VCC	5V power supply from driver. Only
	12	6	GND	for encoder
ENC		7	EZ+/D+	Encoder Z phase positive signal / encoder positive terminal
		8	EZ-/D-	Encoder Z phase negative signal / encoder negative terminal
		9	EB+	Encoder B phase positive signal
		10	EB-	Encoder B phase negative signal
		11	EA+	Encoder A phase positive signal
			EA-	Encoder B phase negative signal

**For motors with 17-bit magnetic encoder** (battery kit connected externally for absolute encoder):

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Description
		1	Frame	Protective earth
		5	VCC5V	Power Supply 5V
ENC		6	GND	Power Supply Ground
		7	SD+	SSI Data+
		8	SD-	SSI Data-



#### Note:

- Molex 55959-1230 Connector Header (Driver side)
- Molex 51353-1200 12-pin rectangle connector 1pcs for each axis (Provided)
- Molex 56134-9000 female terminal reel 12pcs for each axis (Provided)

# 2.4.8 ID spin dial RSC

	Diagram	Bit	CAN address	Bit	CAN address
		0	Pr0.23 Default : 16	8	8
		1	1	9	9
	23 4 5	2	2	Α	10
RCS	3 8	3	3	В	11
	* B C D	4	4	С	12
		5	5	D	13
		6	6	Е	14
		7	7	F	15

# 2.4.9 Baud rate/Terminal resistor switch SW

	Diagram	CAN_ID (High Bit)	SW1	SW2	Baud rate	SW3	SW4	SW5	Terminal resistor	SW6					
sw	6	0	OFF	OFF	Pr0.24 Default: 1MHz	OFF	OFF	_	Disconnect ed	OFF					
						500kHz	ON	OFF	Reser	(CAN)					
	1	1	ON	ON	250kHz	OFF	ON	ved	Connected	ON					
		l	ON ON	ON ON	ON ON	ON ON	ON ON	ON ON	ON ON	125kHz	ON	ON		(CAN)	ON

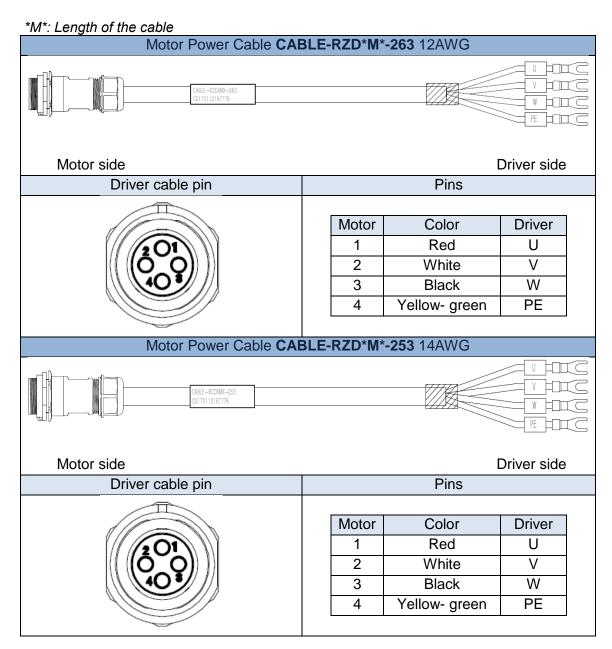


### 2.5 Cable Selection

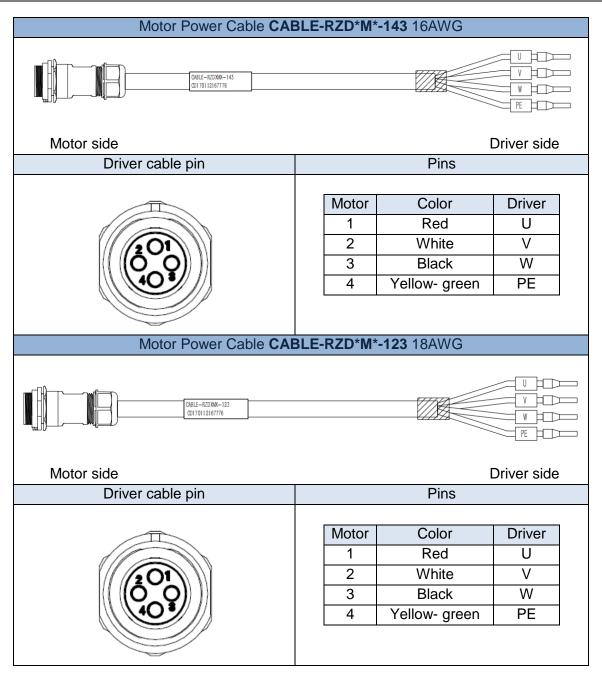
### 2.5.1 Motor Power Cable

#### Motor winding power cable

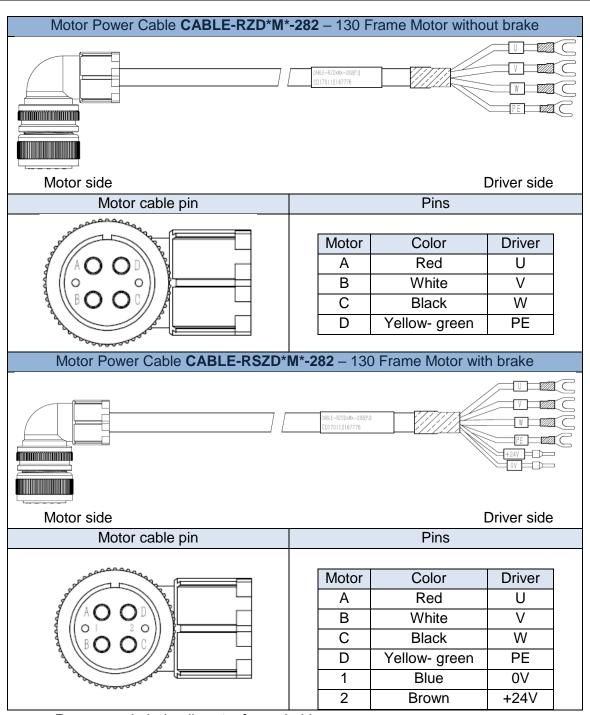
- Wire length available: 0.5m, 1.5m, 3m, 5m, 7m and 10m.
- Connectors type available: SP21 connector
- Please contact Leadshine sales team or any Leadshine certified local retailers for any customized needs.











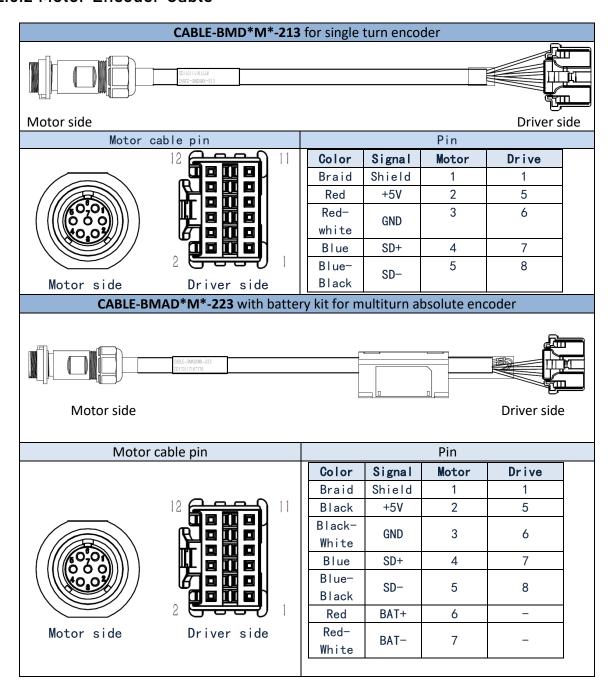
• Recommended wire diameter for each drive

Drive	Wiring diameter (mm²/AWG)						
Dilve	DC+, DC-	UVW	PE				
ELD2-CAN7005B	AWG18	AWG18	AWG18				
ELD2-CAN7010B	AWG16	AWG16	AWG16				
ELD2-CAN7015B	AWG14	AWG16	AWG16				
ELD2-CAN7020B	AWG12	AWG12	AWG12				
ELD2-CAN7030B	AWG10	AWG10	AWG10				
ELD2-CAN7040B	AWG8	AWG8	AWG8				
ELD2-CAN7060B	AWG6	AWG6	AWG6				



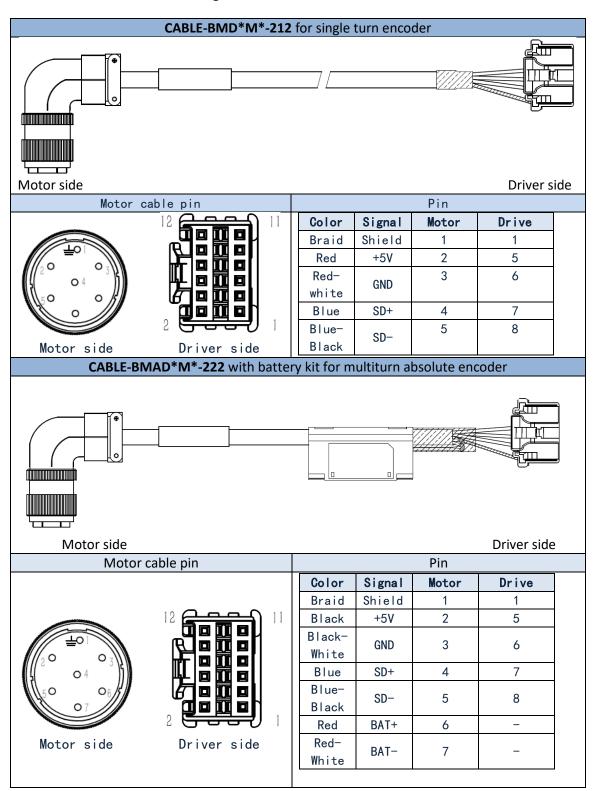
- **Grounding**: Grounding wire should be thicker. Ground PE terminal of servo drive and servo motor together with resistance  $<100 \Omega$ .
- Connect a line filter to power supply to reduce electromagnetic interference.
- Please install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.

#### 2.5.2 Motor Encoder Cable



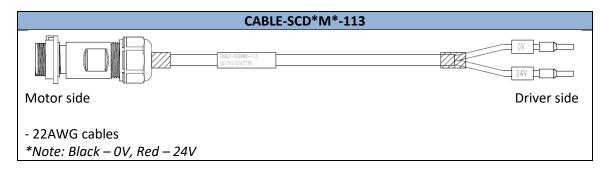


#### For ELVM series motors with 130 flange size

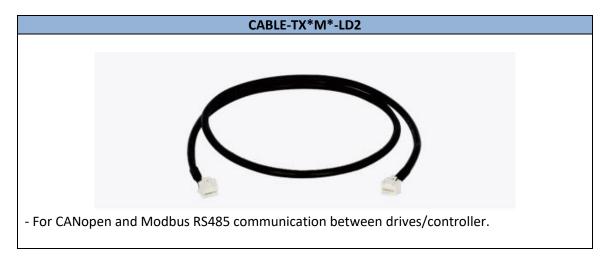




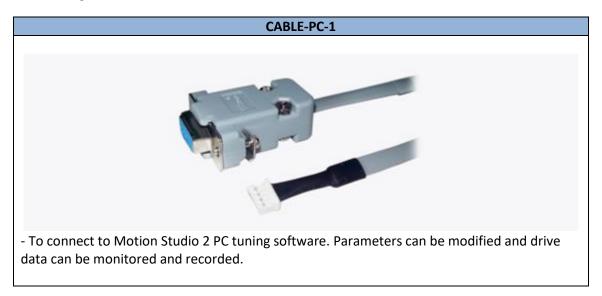
### 2.5.3 Motor Brake Cable



### 2.5.4 Drive Communication Cable



# 2.5.5 Tuning Cable





# 2.6 Regenerative Resistor Selection

### The use of regenerative resistor

When the motor opposes the direction of rotation as in deceleration or vertical axis escalation, part of the regenerative energy will be delivered back to the driver. This energy will first be stored in internal capacitors of the driver. When the energy stored in the capacitors reach the maximum capacity, a regenerative resistor is required the excessive energy to prevent over-voltage.

#### Calculation of regenerative resistance under normal operation

#### Steps:

- 1. Determine if driver comes with a regenerative resistor. If not, please prepare a regenerative resistor with resistance value higher than might be required.
- 2. Monitor the load rate of the regenerative resistor using front panel (d14). Set the driver on high velocity back and forth motions with high acceleration/deceleration.
- 3.Please make sure to obtain the value under following conditions: Driver temperature < 60°C, d14<80(Won't trigger alarm), Regenerative resistor is not fuming, No overvoltage alarm(Err120).

Pb(Regenerative power rating) = Resistor power rating x Regenerative load rate (%)

Please choose a regenerative resistor with power rating Pr about **2-4 times the value of Pb** in considered of harsh working conditions and some 'headroom'.

If the calculated Pr value is less than internal resistor power rating, external resistor is not required.

 $R(Max. required regenerative resistance) = (380^2 - 370^2)/Pr$ 

Problem diagnostics related to regenerative resistor:

- If driver temperature is high, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor.
- If regenerative resistor is fuming, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- ➤ If d14 is overly large or increasing too fast, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If driver overvoltage alarm (Er120) occurs, please use an external regenerative resistor with lower resistance or connect another resistor in parallel.

Please take following precautions before installing an external regenerative resistor.

- 1. Please set the correct resistance value in Pr0.16 and resistor power rating Pr0.17 for the external regenerative resistor.
- 2. Please ensure the resistance value is higher or equals to the recommended values in table 2-3. Regenerative resistors are generally connected in series but they can also be connected in parallel to lower the total resistance.
- 3. Please provided enough cooling for the regenerative resistor as it can reach above 100°C under continuous working conditions.
- 4. The min. resistance of the regenerative resistor is dependent on the IGBT of the regenerative resistor circuit. Please refer to the table above.



#### Theoretical selection of regenerative resistor

Without external loading torque, the need for an external regenerative resistor can be determined as the flow chart below

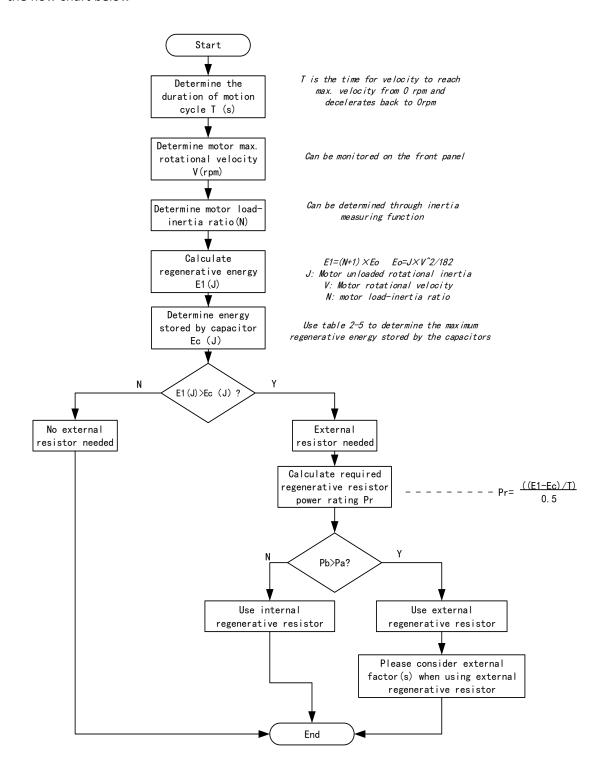
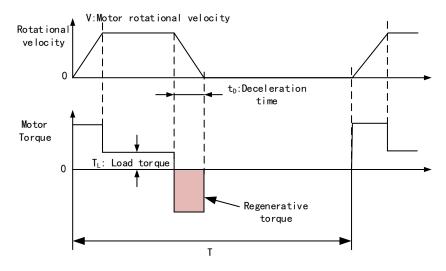




Diagram below shows the acceleration and deceleration cycle periods and the regenerative torque that occurs during the process.



### Steps to calculate capacity of regenerative resistor

Steps	Calculation	Symbol	Formula
1	Servo system regenerative energy	E1	E1=(N+1)×J×V <sup>2</sup> /182
2	Depleted energy from loss of load system during acceleration	E <sub>L</sub>	$E_L = (\pi/60) \text{ V} \times T_L \times \text{tD}$ If loss is not determined, please assume $E_L = 0$ .
3	Depleted energy due to motor coil resistance.	E <sub>M</sub>	$E_M = (U^2/R) \times tD$ $R = coil\ resistance,\ U = operating$ voltage If R is not determined, please assume $E_M = 0$ .
4	Energy stored by internal DC capacitors	Ec	Please refer to table 2-5
5	Depleted energy due to regenerative resistance	E <sub>K</sub>	$E_K$ =E1-(EL+EM+EC), If loss is ignored, EK=E1-EC
6	Required power rating of regenerative resistor	Pr	Pr=E <sub>K</sub> /(0.5×T)

#### Note:

- > 0.5 in the calculation for **Pr** represent 50% load rate of regenerative resistor.
- E1-EK: Energy(Joule) TL: Load torque(Nm)
   V: Motor velocity(rpm/min)
   Pr: Regenerative resistor power rating
   J: Rotor inertia (kgm²) T: Motor cycle time(s)
   N: Ratio of load inertia and rotor inertia



#### Internal capacitor capacity and rotor inertia

ELD2 Drives	Servo motor	Rotor Inertia (× 10 <sup>-4</sup> kg.m <sup>2</sup> )	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor Ec(J)
750W (7020B)	ELVM8075V48FH-M17	1.5	2.26
1000W (7030B)	ELVM80100V48FH-M17	1.79	2.26

There are motors with low, medium and high inertia. Different motor models have different rotor inertia. Please refer to product catalogue for more information on rotor inertia. Please cut down 30%-40% of load rate if the product is used in harsh environment with less than ideal heat dissipation measures.

#### Recommended regenerative resistor specification for each drives

Drives	Resistance ( $\Omega$ )	Power rating(W)	Min. Resistance( $\Omega$ )
ELD2-CAN7005B	10	30	5
ELD2-CAN7010B	10	50	5
ELD2-CAN7015B	10	50	5
ELD2-CAN7020B	10	100	5
ELD2-CAN7030B	10	100/150	5
ELD2-CAN7040B	10	150/200	5
ELD2-CAN7060B	10	150/200	5

#### Note:

- 1. Use 10  $\Omega$ /100W resistor for test operation and make sure: Drive temperature d33<60  $^{\circ}$ C, dynamic brake is not in alarm mode (Braking rate d14<80), brake resistor is not overheated, drive has no overcurrent alarm.
- 2. If drive temperature is too high, increase power rating of regenerative resistor or reduce drive power.
- 3. If brake resistor is overheated, reduce drive power or use regenerative resistor with higher resistance.
- 4. If d14 is too high, reduce drive power or use regenerative resistor with higher resistance and power ratings.
- 5. External torque might cause regenerative energy to flow back into drive. During normal operation, torque output in the same direction as rotational direction but if external torque exists, directions might oppose and in this case, regenerative resistor with higher resistance may be required.



# **Chapter 3 Parameter**

### 3.1 Parameter List

• Panel Display as follows:



 Parameter Valid mode Description HM: Valid in homing mode
 PP: Valid in profile position mode
 PV: Valid in profile velocity mode
 PT: Valid in profile torque mode
 F: Valid in all modes

### 3.1.1 Servo drive parameter

Class	Labe I	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation		Val	id Mo	de	
	Model-following bandwidth	2000h	PR_000	Immediate					F
	Control Mode Settings	2001h	PR_001	After restart					F
	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	2002h	PR_002	Immediate					F
	Real time auto stiffness adjusting	2003h	PR_003	Immediate					F
	Inertia ratio	2004h	PR_004	Immediate					F
	Rotational direction	2006h	PR_006	After restart					F
ngs	Command pulse counts per revolution	2008h	PR_008	After restart	PP	PV		НМ	
etti.	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Limit	2013h	PR_013	Immediate					F
Basic settings	Excessive Position Deviation Settings	2014h	PR_014	Immediate	PP			НМ	
0] Ba	Absolute Encoder settings	2015h	PR_015	After restart					F
SS	Regenerative resistance	2016h	PR_016	Immediate					F
[Class 0]	Regenerative resistor power rating	2017h	PR_017	Immediate					F
	Vibration suppression								
	Friction compensation setting	2019h	PR_019	Immediate					F
	CAN node	2023h	PR_023	After restart					F
	CAN Baud rate	2024h	PR_024	After restart					F
	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain 2		PR_100	Immediate	PP			HM	
	1st velocity loop gain	2101h	PR_101	Immediate					F
	1st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2102h	PR_102	Immediate					F



Class	Label	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation		Val	id Mod	de	
	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter	2103h	PR_103	Immediate					F
	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant	2104h	PR_104	Immediate					F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Position Loop Gain	2105h	PR_105	Immediate	PP			НМ	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain	2106h	PR_106	Immediate					F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2107h	PR_107	Immediate					F
ıts	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter	2108h	PR_108	Immediate					F
tmer	2 <sup>nd</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant	2109h	PR_109	Immediate					F
[Class 1] Gain adjustments	Velocity feed forward gain	2110h	PR_110	Immediate	PP			НМ	
ain a	Velocity feed forward filter time constant	2111h	PR_111	Immediate	PP			НМ	
<u>-</u>	Torque feed forward gain	2112h	PR_112	Immediate	PP	PV		HM	
ass 1	Torque feed forward filter time constant	2113h	PR_113	Immediate	PP	PV		НМ	
<u>5</u>	Position control gain switching mode	2115h	PR_115	Immediate					F
	Position control gain switching level	2117h	PR_117	Immediate					F
	Hysteresis at position control switching	2118h	PR_118	Immediate					F
	Position gain switching time	2119h	PR_119	Immediate					F
	Speed regulator - kr	2123h	PR_123	Immediate					F
	Speed regulator - km	2124h	PR_124	Immediate					F
	Speed regulator - kd	2125h	PR_125	Immediate					F
	Speed regulator – kd filter	2126h	PR_126	Immediate					F
	1st position loop integral time	2128h	PR_128	Immediate					F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop integral time	2130h	PR_130	Immediate					F
	Special function register	2137h	PR_137	Immediate					F
	Adaptive filtering mode settings	2200h	PR_200	Immediate					F
ssion	1st notch frequency	2201h	PR_201	Immediate					F
uppre	1 <sup>st</sup> notch bandwidth selection	2202h	PR_202	Immediate					F
J St	1 <sup>st</sup> notch depth selection	2203h	PR_203	Immediate					F
tio	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch frequency	2204h	PR_204	Immediate					F
[Class 2] Vibration Suppression	notch bandwidth selection	2205h	PR_205	Immediate					F
2]	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch depth selection	2206h	PR_206	Immediate					F
ass	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch frequency	2207h	PR_207	Immediate					F
[Ci	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch bandwidth selection	2208h	PR_208	Immediate					F



Class	Label	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation		Val	lid Mo	ode	
	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch depth selection	2209h	PR_209	Immediate					F
	1 <sup>st</sup> damping frequency	2214h	PR_214	Immediate					F
	1st filter	2215h	PR_215	Immediate					F
	Position command	00001	DD 000	14					_
	smoothing filter	2222h	PR_222	Keep stop					F
	Position command FIR	00001	DD 222	Disable	DD			1.04	
	filter	2223h	PR_223	Disable	PP			HM	
	Internal/External settings of velocity settings	2300h	PR_300	Immediate					F
	Velocity command input inversion	2303h	PR_303	Immediate		PV			
	1 <sup>st</sup> speed of velocity setting	2304h	PR_304	Immediate		PV			
[Class 3] Velocity/ Torque control	2 <sup>nd</sup> speed of velocity setting	2305h	PR_305	Immediate		PV			
ne co	3 <sup>rd</sup> speed of velocity setting	2306h	PR_306	Immediate					F
Torq	4 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2307h	PR_307	Immediate					F
:ity/	5 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2308h	PR_308	Immediate					F
/eloc	6 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2309h	PR_309	Immediate					F
s 3] \	7 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2310h	PR_310	Immediate					F
Clas	8 <sup>th</sup> speed of velocity setting	2311h	PR_311	Immediate					F
_	Acceleration time settings	2312h	PR_312	Immediate		PV			
	Deceleration time settings	2313h	PR_313	Immediate		PV			
	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleratio n settings	2314h	PR_314	Disable		PV			
	Zero speed clamp level	2316h	PR_316	Immediate					F
	Internal/External settings of torque	2317h	PR_317	Immediate		PV			
	Torque command direction selection	2320h	PR_320	Immediate		PV			
	Velocity limit value in torque mode	2321h	PR_321	Immediate					F
	Torque limit value in torque mode	2322h	PR_322	Immediate					F
	Maximum motor rotational velocity	2324h	PR_324	Immediate					F
	Input selection DI1	2400h	PR_400	Immediate					F
	Input selection DI2	2401h	PR_401	Immediate					F
	Input selection DI3	2402h	PR_402	Immediate				Ì	F



Class	Label	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation		Val	id Mod	le	
	Input selection DI4	2403h	PR_403	Immediate					F
	Output selection D01	2410h	PR_410	Immediate					F
	Output selection DO2	2411h	PR_411	Immediate					F
	Output selection DO3	2412h	PR_412	Immediate					F
	Positioning complete range	2431h	PR_431	Immediate					F
[Class 4] I/O interface	Positioning complete output setting	2432h	PR_432	Immediate	PP			НМ	
inte	INP positioning delay time	2433h	PR_433	Immediate					F
9	Zero speed	2434h	PR_434	Immediate					F
7 7	Velocity coincidence range	2435h	PR_435	Immediate					F
386	Arrival velocity	2436h	PR_436	Immediate					F
<u>15</u>	Motor power-off delay time	2437h	PR_437	Immediate					F
	Delay time for holding brake release	2438h	PR_438	Immediate					F
	Holding brake activation speed	2439h	PR_439	Immediate					F
	Emergency stop function	2443h	PR_443	Immediate	PP			НМ	
	Driver prohibition input settings	2504h	PR_504	Immediate					F
	Servo-off mode	2506h	PR_506	After restart					F
	Main power-off detection time	2508h	PR_508	Immediate					F
	Servo-off due to alarm mode	2510h	PR_510	After restart					F
	Servo braking torque setting	2511h	PR_511	Immediate					F
	Overload level setting	2512h	PR_512	Immediate					F
ë	Overspeed level settings	2513h	PR_513	Immediate					F
net	I/O digital filter	2515h	PR_515	Immediate					F
ran	Position unit settings	2520h	PR_520	Disable					F
pa	Torque limit selection	2521h	PR_521	Immediate					F
eq	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque limit	2522h	PR_522	Immediate					F
ctend	Positive torque warning threshold	2523h	PR_523	Immediate	PP			НМ	
[Class 5] Extended parameters	Negative torque warning threshold	2524h	PR_524	Immediate					F
[Clas	Torque warning threshold alarm delay time	2537h	PR_537	After restart					F
	JOG trial run velocity command	2604h	PR_604	Immediate					F
	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain valid time	2605h	PR_605	Immediate	PP			НМ	
	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain scale factor	2606h	PR_606	Immediate	PP			НМ	
	Torque command	2607h	PR_607	Immediate					F



Class	Labe I	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation	Valid Mode
	additional value				
	Positive direction torque compensation value	2608h	PR_608	Immediate	F
	Negative direction torque compensation value	2609h	PR_609	Immediate	F
દ	Current response settings	2611h	PR_611	Immediate	F
[Class 6] Special Parameters	Encoder zero position torque offset limit	2612h	PR_612	Immediate	F
l Para	Max. time to stop after disabling	2614h	PR_614	Immediate	F
cia	Trial run distance	2620h	PR_620	Immediate	F
be	Trial run waiting time	2621h	PR_621	Immediate	F
S [:	No. of trial run cycles	2622h	PR_622	Immediate	F
ss 6	Trial run acceleration	2625h	PR_625	Immediate	F
Clas	Trial run mode	2626h	PR_626	Immediate	F
<u> </u>	Special function registry 2	2638h	PR_638	Immediate	F
	Blocked rotor alarm delay time	2657h	PR_657	Immediate	F
	Homing position (16-bit high)	2658h	PR_658	Immediate	F
	Homing position (16-bit Low)	2659h	PR_659	Immediate	
	Z signal holding time	2661h	PR_661	Immediate	F
	Overload threshold	2662h	PR_662	Immediate	
	Absolute multiturn data upper limit	2663h	PR_663	After restart	F

Class	Label	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation	Valid Mode
	Current loop gain	2700h	PR_700	Immediate	F
	Current loop integral time	2701h	PR_701	Immediate	F
tings	Motor rotor initial angle compensation	2702h	PR_702	Immediate	F
Factory settings	Current differential coefficient	2703h	PR_703	Immediate	F
	Death zone compensation coefficient	2704h	PR_704	Immediate	F
5 7]	Motor pole pairs	2705h	PR_705	Immediate	F
Class	Motor phase resistance	2706h	PR_706	Immediate	F
<u> </u>	Motor D/Q inductance	2707h	PR_707	Immediate	F
	Motor back EMF coefficient	2708h	PR_708	Immediate	F
	Motor torque coefficient	2709h	PR_709	Immediate	F



Class	Label	CANopen Address	Parameter	Activation	Valid Mode
	Motor rated rotational speed	2710h	PR_710	Immediate	F
	Motor maximum speed	2711h	PR_711	Immediate	F
	Motor rated current	2712h	PR_712	Immediate	F
	Motor rotor inertia	2713h	PR_713	Immediate	F
	Motor power rating	2714h	PR_714	Immediate	F
	Motor model	2715h	PR_715	Immediate	F
	Encoder model	2716h	PR_716	Immediate	F
	Motor max. current	2717h	PR_717	Immediate	F
	Encoder precision	2723h	PR_723	Immediate	F
	Internal regenerative energy gain	2728h	PR_728	Immediate	F
	DC bus voltage measuring filter	2729h	PR_729	Immediate	F
	Undervoltage threshold value	2730h	PR_730	Immediate	F
	Regenerative energy control mode settings	2731h	PR_731	Immediate	F
	Regenerative energy on threshold value settings	2732h	PR_732	Immediate	F
	Regenerative energy hysteresis control	2733h	PR_733	Immediate	F
	Overvoltage threshold value	2734h	PR_734	Immediate	F
	Power-on enabling delay time	2748h	PR_748	Immediate	F



# 3.1.2 Manufacturer parameters in the object dictionary with index range 5000 and above

Index	Sub- index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max	Notes
	01	RPDO mapped length	-	8	0	64	
	02	TPDO mapped length	-	17	0	64	
	03	RPD0 count	ı	1	0	4	
	04	TPD0 count	ı	1	0	2	
	05	Watchdog Timeout Counter	ı	0	0	65535	
	06	Disconnection Detection Watchdog Timeout Setting	ı		0	65535	Setting to 0 disables
	07	Sync0 Cycle Time Calculation	ı	4	0	65535	
	08	Sync0 Drift Watchdog Counter		0	0	65535	
5004	09	Sync0 Drift Watchdog Threshold	1	4	0	65535	
	0A	SM2 Watchdog Counter	-	0	0	65535	
	0B	SM2 Watchdog Threshold	ı	4	0	65535	
	0C	Application Layer SM2/Sync0 Watchdog Counter	-	0	-	-	
	0D	Application Layer SM2/Sync0 Watchdog Threshold	-	4	-	-	
	0E	Reserved	-	_	0	500	
	0F	SM2 to Sync0 Time Interval	ns	0	0	1000000 000	
5006	00	Synchronization Alarm Settings	_	0xFFFF	0	0xFFFF	Bit0:818h Alarm Enable Switch Bit1: 819h Bit2: 81Ah Bit3: 824h Bit4: 825h Bit5: Reserved Bit6: Reserved Bit7: 82Ch Bit8: 82Dh Bit9: 832h Bit10~15:Reserved All Bits 1 = ENABLE



5010	00	PDO Watchdog Timeout Period	ms	0	0	60000	60000 0: Invalid; > 0: valid; unit ms; RPDO Timeout Alarm 8: TPDO Timeout Alarm 8:		
			Bit0: 0: Abnormal signal protection OFF; 1: ON (Original manual contains an origin protection table) Bit1: Overshoot pullback at final stop; 1: ON Bit2/Bit3:						
						Bit Positiv 3 limit position		Negativ e limit position	Post-home feedback
5010	0,			_	0	0 607D- 607C	02 +	607D-01 + 607C	6064 = 6070
5012	04		-	5	0	1 607D- 607C	02 -	607D-01 - 607C	6064 = -607
					1	- 607D-	02	607D-01	6064 = 0
					stage 1 a 0: Treat 1: Proce (Note: T	and stage 2 as homing o ed normally his function	speed error ( y with n prima	set 6041h b	it13); s scenarios
F ( 0 0	01	Mini Synchronization Cycle Setting	us	250	125	1000			
5400	02	Maximum Synchronization Cycle Setting	us	10000	4000	20000			
	01	Multi-turn Absolute Encoder	turn	-	-	-	-		
	02	Single-turn Encoder Position	Pulse	-	-	-	-		
	03	Lower 32 Bits of Encoder Feedback Position	Pulse	-	-	-	-		
5500	04	Upper 32 Bits of Encoder Feedback Position	Pulse	-			-		
	05	Lower 32 Bits of Mechanical Actual Position	Unit	-	-	-	-		
	06	Upper 32 Bits of Mechanical Actual Position	Unit	-	-	-	-		
	07	Encoder Communication Error Count	Count	-	-	-	-		



	01	Motor Speed	r/min	_	-	<u> </u>	-
	02	Position Command Speed	r/min	_	_	-	-
	03	Speed Command	r/min	-	-	-	-
	04	Actual Torque	0.1%	_	-	-	-
	05	Torque Command	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	06	Position Relative Error	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	07	Internal Position Command	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	08	Overload Ratio	0.1%	-	-	-	-
5501	09	Braking Resistor Duty Cycle	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0A	Inertia Ratio	%	-	-	-	-
	0B	Currently Active Forward Torque Limit	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0C	Currently Active Negative Torque Limit	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0D	U-Phase Current Detected Value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0E	W-phase current detection value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	01	SI physical signal	-	-	-	-	-
	02	SO physical signal	-	-	-	-	-
	03	Reserve		-	-	-	-
5502	04	Reserve	-	-	_	-	-
	05	Bus voltage	V	-	-	-	-
	06	Temperature	$^{\circ}$	-	-	-	-
	07	Power-up time	S	-	-	-	-

# 3.1.3 Motion parameter starting with object dictionary 6000

Index	Sub-index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max	Mode
603F	0	Error code	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
6040	0	Control word	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
6041	0	Status word	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
605A	0	Quick stop option code	-	2	0	7	F
605B	0	Shutdown option code	-	0	0	1	F
605C	0	Disable operation option code	-	0	0	1	F



605D	0	Halt option code	-	1	1	3	F
6060	0	Mode of Operation	-	8	1	11	F
6061	0	Mode of Operation display	-	0	0	10	F
6062	0	Position Demand Value	Command unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP/HM
6063	0	Position Actual Internal Value	Encoder unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	F
6064	0	Position Actual Value	Command unit	ı	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	F
606B	0	Velocity Demand Value	Command unit/s	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PV
606C	0	Velocity Actual Value	Command unit/s	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP/HM
6071	0	Target Torque	0.001	0	-32768	32767	PT
6072	0	Max Torque	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
6073	0	Max Current	0.001	3000	-	65535	F
6074	0	Torque Demand	0.001	0	-32768	32767	F
6075	0	Motor Rated Current	mA	3000	0	2147483 647	F
6076	0	Motor Rated Torque	mN.m	3000	0	2147483 647	F
6077	0	Torque Actual Value	0.1%	0	-5000	5000	F
6078	0	Current Actual value	0.1%		-5000	5000	
6079	0	DC bus voltage	mV	0	0	2147483 647	F
607A	0	Target position	Command unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP
607C	0	Homing position offset	Command unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	НМ
	0	Number of Entries	-	2	0	2	PP
607D	1	Min. software limit	Command unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP
	2	Max. software limit	Command unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP
607E	0	Polarity		0x0	0x0	0xFF	F
607F	0	Max Profile Velocity	Command unit /s	214748 3647	0	2147483 647	PP/HM /PV
6080	0	Max Motor Speed	r/min	6000	0	2147483 647	F
6081	0	Profile Velocity	Command unit /s	10000	0	2147483 647	PP
6083	0	Profile Acceleration	Command unit /s²	10000	1	2147483 647	PP/PV/



6084	0	Profile Deceleration	Command unit /s²	10000	1	2147483 647	PP/PV
6085	0	Quick Stop Deceleration	Command unit /s²	100000	1	2147483 647	PP/PV/ HM
6087	0	Torque Slope	0.001/s	5000	1	2147483 647	PT
	0	Number of Entries	-	2	0	2	F
608F	1	Encoder Increments	Encoder unit	10000	1	2147483 647	F
	2	Motor Revolutions	r	1	1	2147483 647	F
	0	Number of Entries	-	2	0	2	F
6091	1	Motor Revolutions	r	1	1	2147483 647	F
	2	Shaft Revolutions	r	1	1	2147483 647	F
	0	Number of Entries	-	2	0	2	F
6092	1	Feed	Command unit/r	10000	1	2147483 647	F
	2	Shaft Revolutions	r	1	1	2147483 647	F
6098	0	Homing method	_	19	-6	37	НМ
	0	Number of Entries	-	2	0	2	F
6099	1	Speed During Search For Switch	Command unit /s	10000	0	2147483 647	НМ
	2	Speed During Search For Zero	Command unit /s	5000	0	2147483 647	НМ
609A	0	Homing acceleration /deceleration	Command unit /s²	50000 0	1	2147483 647	НМ
60C5	0	Max Acceleration	Command unit /s²	100000 000	1	2147483 647	F
60C6	0	Max Deceleration	Command unit /s²	100000 000	1	2147483 647	F
60E0	0	Positive Torque Limit	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
60E1	0	Negative Torque Limit	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
60F4	0	Following Error Actual Value	Command unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP/HM
60FA	0	Control Effort	Command unit /s	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP/HM
60FC	0	Position Demand Internal Value	Encoder unit	0	- 2147483 648	2147483 647	PP/HM
60FD	0	Digital Inputs	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F
	0	Number of Entries	_	2	0	2	F
60FE	1	Physical Outputs	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F
	2	Bit Mask	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F
60FF	0	Target velocity	Command	0	-	2147483	PV



			unit /s		2147483 648	647	
6502	0	Supported drive modes	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFFF FFF	F

### 3.2 Parameter Function

• Panel Display as follows:

classify and code PR0.00 number

Parameter valid under following modes

HM: Homing mode

PP: Profile position mode

PV: Profile velocity mode

PT: Profile torque mode

F: All modes

# 3.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Settings

	Label	Model-follow	Total Similar Political Similar Simila											
Pr0.00	Range	0~2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	0	Index	2000h						
	Activation	Immediate												
	Model-followi	Model-following bandwidth, also known as model-following control (MFC), is used to control the position loop to improve the responsiveness to commands, speed up positioning time and reduce following error. The effect is obvious especially in low and medium mechanical stiffness.												
	position loop	to improve the	respon	siveness	to commands,	speed u	p positioning t	ime and						
	reduce follow	ing error. The e	ffect is	obvious	especially in lo	w and m	nedium mechai	nical stiffness.						
	Model-following bandwidth, also known as model-following control (MFC), is used to control the position loop to improve the responsiveness to commands, speed up positioning time and reduce following error. The effect is obvious especially in low and medium mechanical stiffness.    Value   Explanation													
	0	Disable the fu	nction.											
	1	Enable the fun	ction to	set ban	dwidth automat	ically,								
	ı ı	recommended	for mo	st applic	ations. Pr0.00=1	Pr1.01								
	2-9 Invalid													
	*Recomn	nended settings	for be	lt applica	ation: 30 <pr0.00< th=""><td><i>&lt;100.</i></td><td></td><th></th></pr0.00<>	<i>&lt;100.</i>								

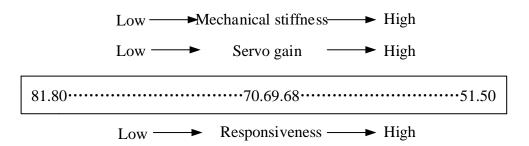
	Label	Control Mo	de Settin	gs	Valid Mode			F
Pr0.01	Range	0~8	Unit	_	Default	8	Index	2001h
	Activation	After resta	ırt					
	Set value	to use following	control m	odes:				
	Value	Content						
	0	Position	Only for internal position					
	1	Velocity	Only for	internal	velocity			
	2~7	Reserved	-					
	8	CANopen	PP/PV/F	PT/HM				



D=0.02	Label	Real time A	Auto Gain		Valid Mode							F
Pr0.02	Range	0-2	Unit	_	Default	0		Index			2002	h
	Activation	Immediate										
	Set up the	mode of the rea	l time auto	gain a	djusting.							
	Value	Content			Details							
	0	Invalid	Auto adj									
	1	Standard	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be									
	2	Positioning	achieved mode is position	d by cha suitable ing. Not to groui	nging Pr0.03 st e for application recommended nd, or please co	iffness ns requi for load	valu iring d mo	guick ounted				

Pr0.03 Label	adjusting			Mode					F	
Pru.u3	Range	50 ~ 81	Unit	-	Default	70	Index		2003h	
	Activation	Immediate								

Valid when Pr0.03 = 1,2



Lower values ensure better system responsiveness and mechanical stiffness but machine vibration might occur, please set accordingly.

	Label	Inertia rat	io		Mode					F
Pr0.04	Range	0~20000 Unit %		Default	250	Inc	lex	2004h	)	
	Activation	Immediate	mmediate							

#### Pr0.04=( load inertia/motor rotational inertia)×100%

#### Notice:

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.

Pr0.06	Label	Rotational direction			Mode				F
P10.06	Range	0 ~ 1	Unit	ı	Default	0	Index		2006h



After restart

Activation

Used to chang	ge the rotational direction of the motor.
Set value	Details
0	Polarity of the command is not inversed. The direction of rotation is consistent with the polarity of command.
1	Polarity of command is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposite to the polarity of command.

Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, Pr0.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when Pr0.06 = 0.

D-0.00	Label	Command pul	lse coun	ts per	Mode							F
Pr0.08	Range	0~8388608	Unit	P-	Default	0		Index			2008h	
	Activation	After restart										
	Pulses per revo	olution can be s	et using	object dic	tionary 608	3F, 60	91, 60	)92. Ho	weve	r, Pr(	0.08 ha	ıs
	higher priority.											

	Label	1st Torque	Limit		Mode				F				
Pr0.13	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	Index	1	2013h				
	Activation	Immedia	te										
	1st torque limit is set according to ratio percentage of motor rated current. Do not exceed max												
	1 <sup>st</sup> torque limit is set according to ratio percentage of motor rated current. Do not exceed max driver output current.												
	driver output current. Actual torque limit is the smaller value of Pr0.13 and object dictionary 6072												

Pr0.14	Label	Excessive Deviation			Mode	PP		НМ					
Pru.14	Range	0~500	Unit	0.1rev	Default	30	Inde	X		2014h			
	Activation	Immediat	Immediate										

Please set threshold value for position deviation accordingly. Default factory setting = 30, Er180 will be triggered if positive deviation is in excess of 3 revolutions.

	Label	Absolute	Absolute Encoder settings			PP		НМ		
Pr0.15	Range	0~32767	0~32767 Unit - D		Default	0	Inde	x	2015h	
	Activation	Immediat	е							

#### 0: Incremental mode:

Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance.

#### 1: Multiturn linear mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

#### 2: Multiturn rotary mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(Pr6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

#### 3: Single turn absolute mode:



Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.

- **5:** Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.
- 9: Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.

	Label	Regenera	tive resis	stance	Mode			F		
Pr0.16	Range	40~500	Unit	0hm	Default	100	Index	2016h		
	Activation	Immediat	е							
	To set resistance value of regenerative resistor									

D=0.17	Label	Regenera power rat		tor	Mode					F
Pr0.17	Range	20~5000	Unit	W	Default	50	Index	:	2017h	
	Activation	Immediate	е	•			•			

To set power rating of regenerative resistor.

Pr0.16 and Pr0.17 determines the threshold value of Er 120. Please set accordingly or it might trigger false alarm or damage to servo driver.

Note: If external regenerative resistor is used, please set according to its labeled power rating.

Drft 19	Label	Friction co	mpensati	ion	Mode			F					
Pru.19	Range	0~1000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2019h					
	Activation	Immediat	е										
	Friction compen	pensation setting = 0, default = 1;											
	Friction compen	sation settin	on setting = x, indicating x+1/10000 of friction compensation runway;										

	Label		CANopen	node		Mod	е				F
Pr0.23	Range		0~127	Unit	I	Defa	ult	16	Inde	X	2023h
	Activation		After rest	art							
	Set ID numl	oer o	f the node	under CA	Nopen	mode					
	Label		CAN Bau	d rate		Mode					F
Pr0.24	Range	9-		0~10 <b>Unit</b> —		Defa	ult	1	Inde	X	2024h
	Activation		After rest	ter restart							
	CANopen de	evice	Baud rate	settings							
	Pr0.24	CA	N Baud ra	te(kHz)	Pr	0.24	CAN B	aud rate	e(kHz)		
	0	10	00		4		125				
	1				5		100				
	2	2 500		6		50		·			
	3 250		0	·	7		20		·		



### 3.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjustments

	Label	1st position loop gain			Mode	PP	HM	
Pr1.00	Range	0~3000 0	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320	Index	2100h
	Activation	Immediat	е					

Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time.

Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel. As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.

Recommended range: 1.2≤Pr1.00/Pr1.01≤1.8

	Label	1st velocity	/ loop gai	n	Mode			F
Pr1.01	Range	1~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180	Index	2101h
	Activation	Immediat	е					

To determine the responsiveness of the velocity loop. If inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is uniform with actual inertia ratio, velocity loop responsiveness = Pr1.01.

To increase position loop gain and improve responsiveness of the whole system, velocity loop gain must be set at higher value. Please notice that if the velocity loop gain is too high, it might cause vibration.

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Integra of Velocity		nstant	Mode					F
Pr1.02	Range	1~10000	1~10000 <b>Unit</b> 0.1ms D		Default	310	Index		2102h	
	Activation	Immediate	e							

If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, Pr1.02 is activated.

The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur.

Set 10000 to deactivate Pr1.02.

Recommended range: 50000≤Pr1.01xPr1.02≤150000

For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of

velocity loop should be  $100(0.1\text{ms}) \leq \text{Pr}1.02 \leq 300(0.1\text{ms})$ 

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity	/ detectio	n filter	Mode				F	
Pr1.03	Range	0~10000	Unit	_	Default	15	Index		2103h	
	Activation	Immediate	е							
	This filter is a low pass filter. It blocks high frequencies which cause system instability from									

This filter is a low pass filter. It blocks high frequencies which cause system instability from velocity feedback data. The higher the set value, lower frequencies will be blocked and velocity responsiveness will also be lowered. Pr1.03 needs to match velocity loop gain. Please refer to the following table.

Set	Velocity Detection	Set	Velocity Detection Filter
Value	Filter Cut-off	Value	Cut-off Frequency(Hz)
	Frequency(Hz)		



0	2500	16	750	
1	2250	17	700	
2	2100	18	650	
3	2000	19	600	
4	1800	20	550	
5	1600	21	500	
6	1500	22	450	
7	1400	23	400	
8	1300	24	350	
9	1200	25	300	
10	1100	26	250	
11	1000	27	200	
12	950	28	175	
13	900	29	150	
14	850	30	125	
15	800	31	100	

D=104	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Torqu Constant	ie Filtei	<sup>-</sup> Time	Mode						F
Pr1.04	Range	0~2500	2500 Unit 0.01ms Default 126 Index							2104h	
	Activation	Immediate	<b>.</b>								

To set torque command low-pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command.

Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. Pr1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Recommended range: 1,000,000/( $2\pi \times Pr1.04$ )  $\geq Pr1.01 \times 4$ 

For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be Pr1.01 $\leq$ 221(0.01ms)

If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting Pr1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop.

With higher Pr1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce Pr1.04 value;

With lower Pr1.01 value settings, increase Pr1.04 value to lower motor noise.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Positio	n Loop	Gain	Mode	PP		НМ		
Pr1.05	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	380	Index		2105h	
	Activation	Immediate	mmediate			·			•	
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocit	y loop (	gain	Mode					F
Pr1.06	Range	1~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180	Index		2106h	
	Activation	Immediate	е							
Pr1.07	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity		Mode					F	



		Loop						
	Range	1~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	10000	Index	2107h
	Activation	Immedia	te				•	·
		Ond I				1 1	1 1	
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> velo	ocity d	etection	Mode			F
Pr1.08	Range	0~31	Unit	_	Default	15	Index	2108h
	Activation	Immediate						·
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Torqu Constant		Time	Mode			F
Pr1.09	Range	0~2500	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index	2109h
	Activation	Immedia	te			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	Position loop,	velocity loop,	velocity	detectio	n filter, torqu	ie command	d filter each h	nave 2 pairs of

gain or time constant (1st and 2nd).	

Pr1.10	Label	Velocity gain	feed	forward	Mode	PP	PP H					
	Range	0~1000	0~1000								2110h	
	Activation	Immediate										

Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.

	Label	Velocity filter time		forward ant	Mode	PP		НМ					
Pr1.11	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50	Index	K		2111h			
	Activation	Immediate											

Set velocity feed forward low pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain.

Please to refer to the equation below.

Set  $velocity[\frac{Uint}{s}]$ Position deviation[Uint] =  $\frac{Set\ velocity[\frac{Uint}{s}]}{Position\ loop\ gain[Hz]}\ x\ \frac{100-Velocity\ feed\ foward\ gain[\%]}{100}$ 

	Label	Torque gain	feed	forward	Mode	PP	PV	НМ			
Pr1.12	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1%	Default	0		Index	21	l2h	
	Activation	Immedia	te								



Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.

	Label	Torque filter tim		forward ant	Mode	PP	PV	НМ					
Pr1.13	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0		Index		211	3h		
	Activation Immediate												
Low pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision. Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.													

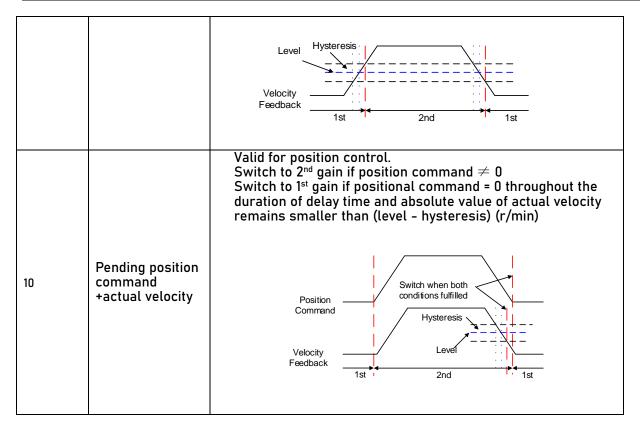


	Label			on control ning mode	gain	Mode				F
Pr1.15	Range		0~11	Unit	_	Default	0	Index	2115h	1
	Activat	ion	Imme	diate			•	•		
Se Va	et alue	Condition		Gain swit	ching co	ndition				
0		1st gain fixe				gain(Pr1.00-P				
1		2 <sup>nd</sup> gain fixe	ed	Fixed on	using 2 <sup>nd</sup>	gain (Pr1.05-	Pr1.09)			-
2		Reserved								
3	3 High set torque  4 Reserved		rque	larger Switch	than (lev n to 1st ga		is)[%] orque con esis)[%]			
4		Reserved		Reserved						-
5		High set ve	locity	Set Velocit Valid fo Switch larger Switch	or position to 2 <sup>nd</sup> go than (level	on and velocitain when set vel + hysteres in when set vevel-hysteres	relocity co is)[r/min] elocity co	ommand a		



		Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[pulse]  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[pulse]
6	Large position deviation	Set Velocity Level Hysteresis  Position Deviation  1st 2nd 1st
7	Pending position command	Valid for position control. Switch to $2^{nd}$ gain if position command $\neq 0$ Switch to $1^{st}$ gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the duration of delay time.
8	Not yet in position	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain if position command is not completed.  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains uncompleted throughout the duration of delay time.
9	High actual velocity	Valid for position control.  Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min]  Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]





For position control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,6,9,10; For velocity control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,9;

\*\* Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to Pr1.17 Position control gain switching level and Pr1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.

	Label	Position con switching le	•		Mode			F
Pr1.17	Range	0~20000	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	50	Index	2117h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Set threshold Unit is mode d	value for gain sv lependent.	vitching t	o occur.				
	Switching condition	Unit						
	Position	Encoder puls	se					
	Velocity	RPM						
			%					



	Label	Hysteresis control sw		ion	Mode						F		
Pr1.18	Range	0~20000 Unit Mode dependent				33	Index			2118h			
	Activation	Immediate	9										
	To eliminate the unit.	ate the instability of gain switching. Used in combination with Pr1.17 using the same											
	If level< hysteres	sis, drive wi	rive will set internally hysteresis = level.										

	Label	Position q	gain swi	tching	Mode							F
Pr1.19	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	33		Index		:	2119h	
	Activation	Immediat	e									
	During position of loop gain, set sui For example: 1st 2nd (F 1st (P Resultswitch	rtable Pr1.19 (pr1.00) <	value	r1.05)	esition gain vitching time (ms)		1st	<b>—</b>	nange	s in p	ositic	on

# 3.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression

	Label	Adaptive settings	e filterin	g mode	Mode					F
Pr2.00	Range	0~4	0~4 Unit - D		Default	0	Index		2200h	
	Activation	Immedia	ate							

Set value		Explanation
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> notch filter remain unchanged
1	Adaptive filter: 1 filter valid for once.	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters updated accordingly. Pr2.00 switches automatically to 0 once updated.
2	Adaptive filter: 1 filter remains valid	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters will keep updating accordingly.
3-4	Reserved	-



	Label	1st notch fre	equency	•	Mode						F
Pr2.01	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	)	Index		2201h	
	Activation	Immediate									
	Set center freque Set Pr2.01 to 4000	•	•		notch filter.						

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> no selection		ndwidth	Mode					F
Pr2.02	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index		2202h	
	Activation	Immedi	ate							

Set notch bandwidth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.03, Pr2.02 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	1st notch	depth sel	ection	Mode						F
Pr2.03	Range	0~99	0~99		Default	0		Index		2203h	
	Activation	Immediat	~99 Unit - De								

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.02, Pr2.03 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch	frequenc	:у	Mode			F
Pr2.04	Range	50~4000	0~4000 <b>Unit</b> Hz I		Default	4000	Index	2204h
	Activation	Immediate	9					
	C	C Ond	•					

Set center frequency of 2<sup>nd</sup> torque command notch filter.

Set Pr2.04 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> no selection		ndwidth	Mode			F
Pr2.05	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index	2205h
	Activation	Immedia	te					

Set notch bandwidth for 2<sup>nd</sup> resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.06, Pr2.05 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.



	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch	depth se	election	Mode			F
Pr2.06	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2206h
	Activation	Immedia	te					

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

When Pr2.06 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.05, Pr2.06 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch f	frequenc	су	Mode			F
Pr2.07	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index	2207h
	Activation	Immediate	е					

Set center frequency of  $3^{\text{rd}}$  torque command notch filter.

Set Pr2.07 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> note selection	ch ba	ndwidth	Mode					F
Pr2.08	Range	0~20	~20 Unit - De		Default	4	Index		2287h	
	Activation	Immediate	е					•		

Set notch bandwidth for 3<sup>rd</sup> resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings.

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch	depth se	lection	Mode				F
Pr2.09	Range	0~99 <b>Unit</b> - D		Default	0	Index		2206h	
	Activation	Immedia	te					<u> </u>	

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

When Pr2.09 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces.

	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> dampi	ng freque	ncy	Mode			F
Pr2.14	Range	0~2000	0~2000 <b>Unit</b> 0.1Hz D		Default	0	Index	2214h
	Activation	Immedia	te					

0: Deactivate

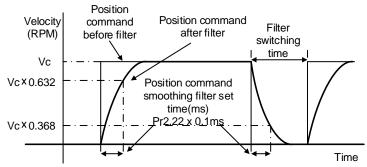
To suppress wobble at load end. Often used when wobble of flexible structure due to high deceleration upon stopping. Especially effective for wobble with frequencies under 100Hz. Set Pr2.15 to wobble frequency (wobble frequency can be determined using tracing function of Motion Studio)



	Label	Position command smoothing filter			Mode	PP	НМ	
Pr2.22	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index	2222h
	Activation	Stop axis						

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity Vc square wave command as show below.

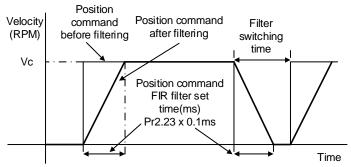


Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

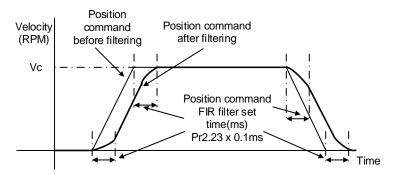


	Label	Position filter	comman	d FIR	Mode	PP	НМ	
Pr2.23	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index	2223h
	Activation	Disable axis						

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify Pr2.23. Filter switching time = (Pr2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)



# 3.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control

	Label	Internal/External settings of velocity settings			Mode							F
Pr3.00	Range 0~3 Unit - Default 1							Index	ndex		2300h	
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate									
	Internal velocity settings can be achieved by connecting to driver's input inter											
	Set value			Velocity	/ settings							
	0	Analog velo	city comr	mand (SPR	2)							
	[1]	Internal velo	Internal velocity command: 1st to 4th speed (Pr3.04 to Pr3.07)									
	2	Internal velo	Internal velocity command 1st to 3rd speed (Pr3.04 to Pr3.06),									
		Analog velo	Analog velocity command (SPR)									
	3	Internal velo	Internal velocity command 1st to 8th speed (Pr3.00 to Pr3.11)									

	Label	Velocity command input inversion			Mode							F
Pr3.03	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	ault 0 Index			2303h	I		
	Activation	Immediate										

Specify the polarity of the voltage applied to the analog velocity command (SPR).

Set value	М	Motor rotational direction								
0	Non- reversal	"+Voltage" → "Positive direction" "-Voltage" → "Negative direction"								
1	Reversal	"+Voltage" → "Negative direction" "-Voltage" → "Positive direction"								

While servo driver is set on simulated velocity control and in combination with external positioning device, motor might undergo abnormal behavior when velocity command signal polarity from external positioning device doesn't match the polarity set in Pr3.03

	Label	1st speed of velo	city sett	ing	Mode			F					
Pr3.04	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2304h					
	Activation	Immediate											
	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> speed of vel	ocity set	ting	Mode			F					
Pr3.05	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2305h					
	Activation	Immediate											
	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> speed of velo	city set	ting	Mode			F					
Pr3.06	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2306h					
	Activation	Immediate											
	Label	4 <sup>th</sup> speed of velo	city set	ting	Mode			F					
Pr3.07	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2307h					
	Activation	Immediate											

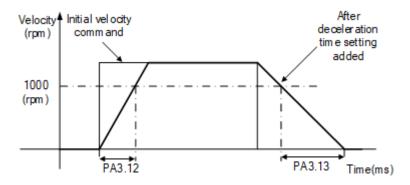


	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> speed of ve	locity set	tting	Mode			F						
Pr3.08	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2308h						
	Activation	Immediate	•	•		•								
	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> speed of ve	locity set	tting	Mode			F						
Pr3.09	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2309h						
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate											
	Label	7 <sup>th</sup> speed of ve	locity set	tting	Mode			F						
Pr3.10	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0	Index	2310h						
	Activation	Immediate						·						
	Label	8 <sup>th</sup> speed of ve	locity se	tting	Mode			F						
Pr3.11	Range	-10000~10000	0000~10000   <b>Unit</b>   r/min		Default	0	Index	2311h						
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate											
	Set internal ve	locity commands,	1 <sup>st</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup> s	speed										
	Label	Acceleration	ime sett	ings	Mode		PV							
Pr3.12	Range	0~10000 <b>U</b>		ms/ ORPM)	efault	0	Index	2312h						
	Activation	Immediate		•										
	Label	Deceleration	ime sett	tings	Mode		PV							
	Range	0~10000 U	OIT I	ms/ ORPM)	Default	0	Index	2313h						
	Activation	Immediate												

Set max acceleration/deceleration for velocity command.

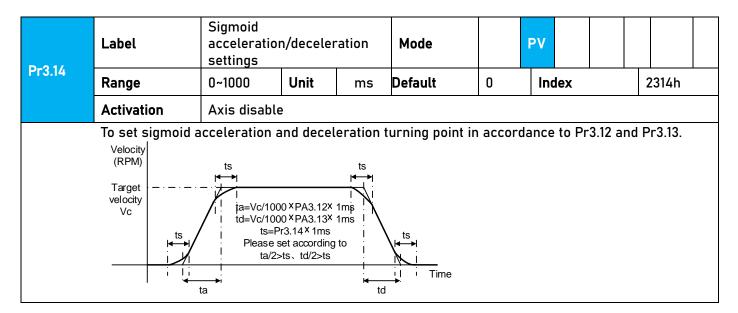
If target velocity = x [rpm], max acceleration = a [unit: rpm/ms], acceleration time = t [ms] Pr3.12 =  $\frac{1000}{a}$  Pr3.13 =  $\frac{1000}{a}$   $a = \frac{x}{t}$ 

For example: If motor is to achieve 1500rpm in 30s, a=1500/30=50rpm/ms Pr3.12 = 1000/a=20. Hence when Pr3.12 = 20, motor can achieve 1500rpm in 30s.



Usually used when there is rapid acceleration or trapezoidal wave velocity command due to many different internal speed segments under velocity control mode which causes instable while motor in motion.





	Label	Zero speed clamp level			Mode	P	V			
Pr3.16	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index		2316h	
	Activation	Immediate								
	Velocity commar	nd is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than Pr3.16 and after static time								
	set in Pr3.23									

	Label	Maximum r	notor ro	tational	Mode			F	
Pr3.24	Range	0~10000 <b>Unit</b> r/min			Default	0	Index	2324h	
	Activation	Immediate							
Maximum motor rotational as accordance to technical specification if set to 0									

# 3.2.5 【Class 4】 I/O Interface Setting

	Label	Input select	ion DI1		Mode			F					
Pr4.00	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x0	Index	2400h					
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate										
	Label	Input select	ion DI2	_	Mode			F					
Pr4.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x1	Index	2401h					
	Activation	Immediate											
	Label	Input select	ion DI3		Mode			F					
Pr4.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x2	Index	2402h					
	Activation	Immediate											



	Label	Input selection DI4			Mode				F
Pr4.03	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default 0x16 Index		2403	h	
	Activation	Immediate							

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

		Set v	/alue	
Input	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close	0x60FD(bit)
Invalid	_	0h	•	×
Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0
Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	1	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	×
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

- · Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.
- · Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- · Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.00 Pr4.03 corresponds to DI1 DI4. External sensors can be connected if the parameters are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 7 to get DI1 DI4 actual status.

	Label	Output sele	ction D0	)1	Mode			F
Pr4.10	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x1	Index	2410h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Label	Output sele	ction D0	2	Mode			F
Pr4.11	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x3	Index	2411h
Pr4.11	Activation	Immediate						
	Label	Output sele	ction D0	3	Mode			F
Pr4.12	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	_	Default	0x4	Index	2412h
	Activation	Immediate			·	·	·	

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

Output	Symbol	Set	value
		Normally open	Normally close
Master device control	_	00h	-
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h
External brake released	BRK-0FF	03h	83h
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h



Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h

- · Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.
- Normally open: Active lowNormally close: Active high
- · Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.10 Pr4.12 corresponds to DO1 DO3. If all parameters are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to DO1-DO3.

range o 10000 ome unit perate 20 maex 240m		Label	Positionin range	g	complete	Mode	PP			НМ			
	Pr4.31	Range	0~10000									2431h	
Activation Immediate		Activation	Immediate										

To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.

	Label	Positioning output settin		mplete	Mode	PP			НМ		
Pr4.32	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	1	ı	ndex		2432h	
	Activation	Immediate									

Output conditions of INP1 positioning completed output signal

Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Signal valid when the position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
1	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
2	Signal valid when there is no position command, zero-speed clamp detection (ZSP) signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
3	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in Pr4.33 otherwise OFF.
4	When there is no command, position detection starts after the delay time set in Pr4.33. Signal valid when there is no position command and positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31.



	Label	INP posi time	tioning	delay	Mode	PP	F	IM			
Pr4.33	Range	0~15000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		243	33h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set delay time when Pr 4.32 = 3

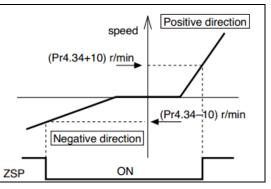
Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command
1-15000	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position command.

	Label	Zero spe	ed		Mode				F
Pr4.34	Range	1~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50	Index		2434h
11-4.0-4	Activation	Immedia							

To set threshold value for zero speed clamp detection.

Zero speed clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid when motor speed goes under the value set in Pr4.34

- Disregard the direction of rotation, valid for both directions.
- Hysteresis of 10RPM. Please refer to diagram on the right side.



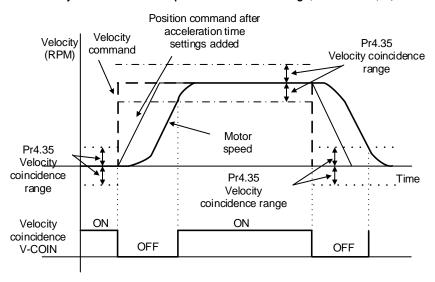


	Label	Velocity range	coind	idence	Mode		PV				
Pr4.35	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50		Index		2435h	
	Activation	Immediate									

If the difference between velocity command and motor actual speed is below Pr4.35, Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) output signal valid.

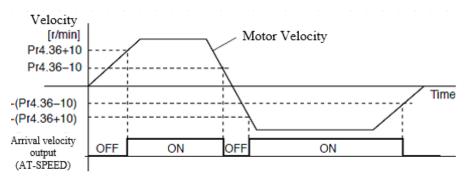
#### Due to 10RPM hysteresis:

Velocity coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min Velocity coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min



	Label	Reached velocity			Mode	PV						
Pr4.36	Range	10~2000	10~2000 <b>Unit</b> RPM			1000 Index			2436h			
	Activation	Immediate				•		•				

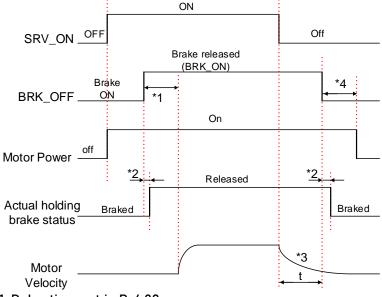
When motor velocity > Pr4.36, AT-speed output signal is valid. Detection using 10RPM hysteresis.





	Label	Motor power	off dela	y time	Mode				F
Pr4.37	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	100	Index	2437h	
	Activation	Immediate			·		·		
	To set del from slidi	ay time for hol	lding bra	ke to be ac	tivated afte	r motor	power off to	prevent axis	
	Label	Delay time for release	or holding	j brake	Mode				F
Pr4.38	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index	2438h	
	Activation	Immediate	•		•	•	•	•	

To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.



- \*1: Delay time set in Pr4.38
- \*2: Delay time from the moment BRK\_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK\_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.
- \*3: Deceleration time is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first. BRK\_OFF given after deceleration time.
- \*4: Pr4.37 set time value.

Delay time from the moment SRV\_ON is given until BRK\_OFF switch to BRK\_ON, is less than 500ms.



	Label	Holding brak	ke activa	tion speed	Mode			F
Pr4.39	Range	30~3000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index	2439h
	Activation	Immediate						

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When SRV-OFF signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below Pr4.39 and Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_OFF is given.

BRK\_OFF signal is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

#### Application:

- 1. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.
- 2. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.

Pr4.43	Label	Emergency stop function			Mode			F	
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2443h	
	Activation	Immediate							
	0. Emergency cten is valid, carry driver will be forced to CTOD and slarm accura								

- 0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs.
- 1: Emergency stop is invalid, servo driver will not be forced to STOP.

## 3.2.6 【Class 5】 Extension settings

	Label	Driver prohibition input settings			Mode						F
Pr5.04	Range	0~2	0~2 <b>Unit</b> —		Default	0	Index			2504h	
	Activation	Immediate									

To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.

Set value	POT → Positive direction drive prohibited								
0									
	NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited								
1	1 POT and NOT invalid								
2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260								

In homing mode, POT/NOT invalid, please set object dictionary 5012-04 bit0=1

		Label	Servo-off mode			Mode			F
Pr	Pr5.06	Range	0~5	Unit	_	Default	0	Index	2506h
		Activation	After resta						



To set servo driver disable mode and status.

Set value	Exp	<u>Explanation</u>						
Set value	Mode	Status						
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking						
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking						
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking						
3	Servo braking	Free-run						
4	Free stopping	Free-run						
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run						

	Label	Main power-	off detecti	on time	Mode					F
Pr5.09	Range	50~2000	Unit	ms	Default	50	Ir	ndex		2509h
	Activation	Immediate					·			
	To set duration	n time for dete	ction of ma	ain power-c	ff or low voltag	je supp	oly.			

	Label	Servo-o		to	Mode						F
Pr5.10	Range	0~2	Unit	-	Default	0	In	dex		251	0h
	Activation	After re	start								

To set servo driver disable mode and status if alarm is triggered. Alarm type 2:

Set value	Expla	nation
Set value	Mode	Status
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run

Alarm type 1:

Set value	Expl	anation
Set value	Mode	Status
0		
1	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
2		
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run

	Label	Servo b	raking tor	que setting	Mode					F
Pr5.11	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0	Index		251	11h
	Activation	Immedi	ate							



To set torque limit for servo braking mode.

If Pr5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	Overloa setting		level	Mode						F
Pr5.12	Range	0~115	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	(		2512h	
	Activation	Immed	iate								

If Pr5.12 = 0, overload level = 115%

Use only when overload level degradation is needed.

	Label	Overspeed	l level se	ttings	Mode						F
Pr5.13	Range	0~10000	Unit	RPM	Default	0	Inde	(		2513h	
	Activation	Immediate	!								

If motor speed exceeds Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur.

When Pr5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2

	Label	I/O digital f	ilter		Mode						F
Pr5.15	Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Default	10	Index	<		2515h	
	Activation	Immediate									

Digital filtering of I/O input. Overly large value set will cause control delay.

	Label	Position unit	settings		Mode	PP		НМ			
Pr5.20	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Default	2		Index		2520h	
	Activation	Disable					-		•		

Set value	Unit
0	Encoder unit
1	Command unit
2	0.0001rev

Command unit: Pulse from host Encoder unit: Pulse from encoder

Pr5.20 only changes the unit use on host tracing function, has no relation with any position

related parameters.



	Label	Torque limit	selectio	n	Mode	PP	НМ	
Pr5.21	Range	0~2	Unit	_	Default	2	Index	2521h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Set value	Positive limi	it	Negat	ive limit value			
	Set value		it	Negat Pr0.13				
		value	it					

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.21, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque lim	it		Mode			F
Pr5.22	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	Index	2522h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Limited by mot	or max. torque.						
	Between max.	torque 6072 and	d Pr5.22,	actual	torque limit w	ill take sm	naller value.	

	Label	Positive torqu	Positive torque warning threshold						F
Pr5.23	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2523h	
	Activation	Immediate			·				
	If Pr5.23 = 0, th	reshold value :	= 95%						
	If torque large	r than rated tor	que, then	output =	Torque comr	mand lim	nit		

	Label	Negative torque warning threshold			Mode				F
Pr5.24	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2524h	I
	Activation	Immediate			·		·		
	If Pr5.24 = 0, th	reshold value	= 95%						
	If torque small	er than rated t	orque, the	en output	= Torque con	nmand	limit		

	Label	Torque warn delay time	ing thres	shold alarm	Mode					F
Pr5.37	Range	0~5000	Unit	ms	Default	500	Index		2537h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set time threshold for output torque to reach limit under torque initialization mode. Only applicable for torque initialization method -6 to -1 Under torque initialization mode, motor torque reached Pr5.39 and the duration reaches Pr5.37 before moving into next step.

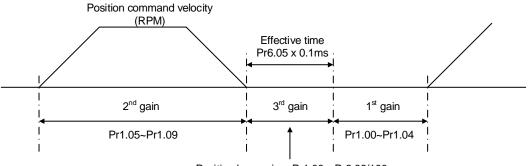


# 3.2.7 【Class 6】 Other settings

	Label	JOG trial command	run v	velocity	Mode				F
Pr6.04	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	400	Index	2604h	
	Activation	Immediate							
	To set velocity	for JOG trial r	un comi	mand.					

	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> g	ain valio	d time	Mode	PP	HM					
Pr6.05	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index		2605h			
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set time for When not in us	•		=100								
	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> factor	gain	scale	Mode	PP	НМ					
Pr6.06	Range	0~1000	Unit	100%	Default	100	Index		2606h			
	Activation	Immediate	nmediate									

# Set up the 3<sup>rd</sup> gain by multiplying factor of the 1<sup>st</sup> gain



Position loop gain = Pr1.00 x Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop gain = Pr1.01 x Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1<sup>st</sup> gain

3<sup>rd</sup> gain= 1<sup>st</sup> gain \* Pr6.06/100

Only effective under position control mode, set  $Pr6.05 \neq 0$ ,  $3^{rd}$  gain function activated, set  $3^{rd}$  gain value in Pr6.06. When  $2^{nd}$  gain switches to  $1^{st}$  gain, will go through  $3^{rd}$ , switching time value set in Pr1.19.

Above diagram is illustrated using Pr1.15 = 7.



	Label	Torque com value	mand addi	itional	Mode			
Pr6.07	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2607h
	Activation	Immediate		I			l .	
	Applicable for Application: V		l axis, con along ver	npensat tical ax	e constant to is, pick any po	rque.		ion and stop the
		articular point v value as torque						jue value from
		Positive dire	e comman	d additio				ue value from
Pr6.08	d04, use that	value as torque	e comman	d additio	onal value (co			
Pr6.08	d04, use that	Positive dire	e comman ection torq on value	d additio	Mode	ompensatio	on value)	
Pr6.08	Label Range	Positive dire	ection torque Unit	d addition	Mode	ompensatio	on value)	
Pr6.08 Pr6.09	Label Range Activation	Positive dire compensation -100~100 Immediate Negative dire	ection torque Unit	d addition	Mode Default	ompensatio	on value)	2608h

To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.

## Applications:

1. When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.

Torque value in positive direction = T1;

Torque value in negative direction = T2

Pr6.08/Pr6.09 = 
$$T_f = \frac{|T1 - T2|}{2}$$

	Label	Current resp	onse se	ttings	Mode			F
Pr6.11	Range	50~100	Unit	%	Default	100	Index	2611h
	Activation	Immediate						
	To set driver cu	rrent loop rela	ited effe	ctive va	lue ratio			

	Label	Max. time disabling	to stop	after	Mode				F
Pr6.14	Range	0~3000	Unit	ms	Default	500	Index	2614h	
	Activation	Immediate							

To set the max. time allowed for the axis to stop on emergency stop or normal axis disabling. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.



BRK\_ON given time is determined by Pr6.14 or when motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

## Applications:

- 1. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.
- 2. After disabling axis, if motor speed is already lower than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.

	Label	Trial run di	stance	_	Mode				F
Pr6.20	Range	0~1200	Unit	0.1rev	Default	10	Index		2620h
	Activation	Immediate							
	JOG (Position c	ontrol) : Dist	ance tra	avel of ea	ch motion				

	Label	Trial run wa	iting tim	e	Mode					F
Pr6.21	Range	0~30000	Unit	ms	Default	300	Index	:	2621h	
	Activation	Immediate								
	JOG (Position c	ontrol) : Waiti	ng time	after ea	ch motion					

	Label	No. of trial r	un cycle	es	Mode			F
Pr6.22	Range	0~32767	Unit	PCS	Default	5	Index	2622h
	Activation	Immediate						
	JOG (Position c	ontrol) : No. o	f cycles	i				

	Label	Trial run	accele	ration	Mode				F			
Pr6.25	Range	0~10000	Unit	ms/(1000rpm)	Default	200	Index		2625h			
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set the acceleration/deceleration time for JOG command between 0 rpm to 1000 rpm											

	Label	Trial run	mode		Mode					F		
Pr6.26	Range	0~1	Unit	0	Default	1	Index			2626h		
	Activation	Immediate										
	To set trial run	mode										

	Label	Blocked roto	or alarm	Mode						F	
Pr6.57	Range	0~1000			Default	400	Inde	X	1	2657h	
	Activation	Immediate	mmediate								



	To set delay time for blocked rotor alarm to trigger												
Label Homing position (16-bit high) Mode													
Pr6.58	Range	-2147483647~ 2147483647	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2658h					
	Activation	Immediate											
	Homing position 16-bit high												

	Label	Homing position low)	•					F
Pr6.59	Range	-2147483647~ 2147483647	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2659h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Homing positi	on 16-bit low						

	Label	Z signal hol	ding tim	е	Mode				F
Pr6.61	Range	0~100	Unit	ms	Default	10 Index		2661h	
110.01	Activation	Immediate							

To set the holding time for Z signal to maintain active high Application:

- 1. Z signal for 60FDH;
- 2. Z signal for homing process
- 3. Z-phase frequency output pulse width. Unit = 0.1ms;

Please set Pr6.61≥0.2ms if used for 3 applications as above

	Label	Overload th	reshold		Mode				F				
Pr6.62	Range	0~99	Unit	Index		2662h							
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate										
	To set overload	alarm thresh	rm threshold										

	Label Absolute multiturn data upper limit				Mode						F
Pr6.63	Range	0~32766	Unit	rev	Default	0	ı	ndex	2	2663h	
	Activation	After restar	·t								

To set upper limit of multiturn data with absolute encoder set as rotational mode. When Pr0.15 = 2, feedback position =  $0 \sim (Pr6.63+1) * Encoder resolution$ 



# 3.3 402 Parameters Function

• Panel Display as follows:



 Parameter Valid mode Description HM: Valid in homing mode
 PP: Valid in profile position mode
 PV: Valid in profile velocity mode
 PT: Valid in profile torque mode

F: Valid in all modes

Indox	Label	Error	code	Unit	ı	Structure	VAR	Туре	Uint 16	
Index 603Fh	Access	RO	Mapping TPD0		Mode	F	Range	0x0~0 xFFFF	Default	0X0
	Please refer to Chapter 9 for more details on error codes.									

	Label	Contro	ol word	Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Type	Uint 16	
Index								0x0-		
6040h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	0xFFF	Default	0X0
								F		

Bit	Label	Description
0	Start	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
2	Quick stop	0 – valid,1 – invalid
3	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4-6	Running mode related	Related to each servo running mode
7	Fault reset	Reset resettable fault alarm. Rising edge of Bit7 is valid, bit7 remains at 1, and all other instructions are invalid
8	Pause	For more information on how to pause in each mode, refer to Object Dictionary 605Dh
9	No definition	Undefined
10	Reserved	Undefined
11-15	Reserved	Undefined



	Label	Status	word	Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	Uint 16	
Index 6041h	Access	RO	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	ALL	Range	0x0~ 0xFF FF	Default	0x0

Bit	Label	Description
0	Servo ready	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Start	1 – valid, 0 – invalid
2	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
3	Fault	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
5	Quick stop	0- valid, 1 - invalid
6	Servo cannot run	1 – valid, 0 – invalid
7	Warning	1 – valid, 0 – invalid
8	Reserved	Reserved
9	Remote control	1 – valid, 0 – invalid
10	Arrived at position	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
11	Internal limit valid	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
12-13	Mode related	Related to each servo operation mode
14	Reserved	Reserved
15	Origin found	1 - valid, 0 - invalid

Index	Label	Quick	stop option (	code	Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT 16
605Ah	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	ALL	Range	0~7	Default	2

Motor stops when quick stop command is given.

## PP, PV

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Quick stop
- 6: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop

### НМ

- 0: To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.
- 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Quick stop
- 6: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quick stop
- 7: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quick stop



Index	Label	Shutdown option	Mode						F		
605Bh	Range	RW	Unit	-	Range	0~1	ı	Defau	lt	0	

## PP, PV

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084

#### НМ

- 0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A

Index	Label	Disable operation	on optio	n code	Mode					F
605Ch	Range	RW	Unit	-	Range	0~1	Defau	lt	C	)

## PP, PV

- 0: To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084

#### НМ

- 0: To stop motor through Pr5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 609A

Index	Label	Halt o	ption code		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Type	INT 16
605Dh	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	F	Range	1~3	Default	1

When control word – pause sets decelerating, stopping mode. Also suitable for deceleration mode settings during mode switching

### PP, PV

- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.

## НМ

- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.



Index	Adex Label Mode of Operation					-	Structure	VAR	Type	Int 8
6060h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	-2~6	Default	1

No.	Mode	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	НМ

Index	Label	Mode display		peration	Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 8
6061h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	-2~6	Default	0

No.	Mode	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	НМ

	Label	Pos Valu	ition Demai Je	nd	Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 6062h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP/ HM	Range	- 214748364 8~2147483 647	Default	0

Reflects position command when servo driver is enabled.

	Label		ition Actual rnal Value		Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 6063h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	- 214748364 8~2147483 647	Default	0

Reflects motor absolute position (Encoder unit)



	Label	Pos Valı	ition Actua ue		Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 6064h	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	- 214748364 8~2147483 647	Default	0
	Deflecter		oal timo ah			_	1	1 0	I.	I.

Reflects user's real time absolute position 6064h\*Gear ratio = 6063h

	Label	Velo Valu	ocity Demai ue	nd	Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 606Bh	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	ALL	Range	- 214748364 8~2147483 647	Default	0

To set the time between arrival to the output of INP (In position) signal.

	Label	Velo Valu	ocity Actual ue		Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 606Ch	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP	Range	- 214748364 8~2147483 647	Default	0

Reflects user's internal command velocity feedback value

	Label	Target	torque		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
Index 6071h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PT	Range	- 32768~3 2767	Default	0
	To set targ	et torqu	e for protoco	ol and cy	clic tord	que mode.				

Index	Label	Max To	orque		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6072h	Access	RW				F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000
	To set max.	torque	for servo dr	iver. Lin	nited by	motor max	k. torque.			

Index	Label	Max cı	urrent		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16
6073h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000
	To set max.	curren	t for servo d	river.						



	Label	Torque	e Demand		Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 16
Index 6074h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	- 32768~3 2767	Default	0
	Internal co	ommand torque								

Index	Label	Motor	Rated Curre	ent	Unit	mA	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
6075h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	F	Range	0~21474 83647	Default	3000
	Shows mo	otor rate	d current.							
In day.	Label	Motor	Rated Torqu	ıe	Unit	mN.m	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 6076h	Label Access	Motor R0	Rated Torqu Mapping	TPD0	Unit Mode	mN.m F	Structure Range	VAR 0~21474 83647	Type Default	Int 32 3000

	Label	Torque	Actual Valu	ıe	Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 16
Index 6077h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	- 5000~50 00	Default	0
	Shows ser	vo drive	r actual torq	ue feed	back					

	Label	Curre	nt Actual val	ue	Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 16
Index 6078h	Access	R0	R0 <b>Mapping</b> TPD0			F	Range	- 5000~50 00	Default	0
	Shows ser	ows servo driver actual current feed		dback						

Index	Label	DC bus	s voltage		Unit	mV	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
6079h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~21474 83647	Default	0
	Shows DC I	ous volt	age across I	P, N terr	ninals					

	Label	Tar	get positio	n	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 607Ah	Access	R W	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	PP	Range	- 2147483647 ~214748364 7	Default	0
	To set the t	arget	position u	ınder p	rofile po	sition mode.				



	Label	Hor offs		sition	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 607Ch	Access	R W	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	- 214748364 7~2147483 647	Default	0

To set position offset to compensate for the deviation of mechanical origin from motor origin under homing

	Label	Min.	software lii	mit	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 607Dh-01	Access	RW	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	- 2147483647 ~214748364 7	Default	0

To set lower limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.

	Label	Max.	software l	imit	Unit	Command unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 607Dh-02	Access	RW	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	- 2147483647 ~214748364 7	Default	0

To set upper limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.

Index	Label	Polar	ity		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 8
607Eh	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	0x0 – 0xFF	Default	0x0

Mode		Value
Position mode	PP HM	O: Rotate in the same direction as the position command  128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
Velocity mode	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
ALL mode		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command

Sets the input polarity of the command.



Indov	Label	Max	Profile Ve	locity	Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 607Fh	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP/HM/P V	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	21474836 47
	To set maxi	mum	allowable	velocity.	Limited	by 6080.				

	Label	Max	Motor Sp	Max Motor Speed			Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 6080h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	6000
	To set the r	naxin	num allowa	able moto	or veloci	ty.				

Indov	Label	Pro	file Velocit	у	Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 6081h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	10000
	To set targe	et vel	ocity. Limit	ed by 60'	7Fh.	·	·	·	·	

Indov	Label	Pro	file accelei	ation	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
Index 6083h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP/PV	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	10000
	To set moto	or acc	eleration							

Indov	Label	Pro	file decele	ration	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 6084h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP/PV/H M	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	10000000
	To set moto	or de	celeration							

Indov	Label		ck Stop eleration		Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32	
Index 6085h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PP/PV	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	10000	
	To set the deceleration during an emergency stop										

	Label	Tor	Torque slope			%1/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 6087h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PT	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	5000
	To set value	es foi	tendency	torque co	ommand					



	Label	End	coder Incre	ments	Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 608Fh-01	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	0
	To set end	oder	resolution	า						

	Label	Motor R	evolutions		Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Туре	Dint 32
Index 6091h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1- 2147483 647	Default	1
	To set ele	ctronic ge	ear ratio nur	merator						
	Label	Shaft Re	evolutions		Unit	r	Structure	VAR	Type	Dint 32
Index 6091h-02	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1- 2147483 647	Default	1
	To set ele	ctronic ge	ear ratio der	ominato	or					
Index	Label	Shaft Re	evolutions		Unit	Comma nd unit/r	Structu re	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
6092h-01	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~21474 83647	Default	10000

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then:

Electronic gear ratio = Encoder resolution / 6092h-01

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01

Index	Label	Homin	g method		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 8
6098h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	-6- 37	Default	19

The table below describes the velocity, direction and stopping conditions of each homing methods.

Ref no.	Description	n									
	Velocity	Direction	Stop								
-6	Low	Negative	When torqu	e reached							
-5	Low	Positive	When torqu	e reached							
-4	High	Negative	Inversed w	hen torque reached, at	fter torque is gone						
-3	High	Positive	Inversed w	hen torque reached, af	fter torque is gone						
-2	High	Negative	Inversed wi	9							
-1	High	Positive	Inversed wi	Inversed when torque reached, received 1st Z-signal after torque is							
	Direction	Decelerat	ion point	Home	Before Z-signal						
1	Negative	Negative I	imit switch	Motor Z-signal	Negative limit switch falling edge						
2	Positive	Positive li	mit switch	Motor Z-signal	Positive limit switch falling edge						
3	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch						
4	Positive	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch						
5	Negative	Homing s	witch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of						



				homing switch
6	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
7	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
8	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
9	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
10	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
11	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Failling edge on same side of homing switch
12	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
13	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch	Rising edge on other side of homing switch
14	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch	Falling edge on other side of homing switch
15		•		
16				
17-32	Similar wit	th 1-14, but deceleration	on point = homing point	
33	Home in no	egative direction, Hom	ning point = motor Z-sign	al
34	Home in po	ositive direction, Hom	ing point = motor Z-signa	al
35-37	Set curren	t position as homing p	point	

Index	Label		ed During rch For Sv		Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
Index 6099h-01	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	10000
	To set the s	peed	used in ho	oming						

Indov	Label		ed During rch For Ze		Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32
Index 6099h-02	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	5000
	To set the s	peed	used in ho	oming						

Index	Label	Homing acceleration /deceleration			Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
609Ah	Access	R 0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	НМ	Range	1~2147 48364 7	Default	500000
	To set acceleration and deceleration					oming				



Index	Label	Max	Acceleration	1	Unit	Comman d unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
60C5h	Access	RW Mapping RPD0		Mode	F	Range	1~21474836 47	Default	1000000 00	
	To set up	per lin	nit of acceler	ation.						

Index	Label	Max	k Decelera	tion	Unit	Command unit/s²	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 32				
60C6h	Access	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	1~21474836 47	Default	1000000 00				
	To set lower limit of acceleration.													
	Label Positive Torque Limit Unit 0.1% Structure VAR Type UInt 16													
Index	Label	Posi	ive Torque	Limit	U	Init 0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16				
Index 60E0h	Label Access	Posit RW	tive Torque Mapping			Init 0.1% ode F	Structure Range	VAR 0~65535	Type Default	UInt 16 3000				

Index	Label	Nega	ative Torque	Limit	Unit	0.1%	Structure	VAR	Туре	UInt 16		
60E1h	Acces s	R W	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F	Range	0~65535	Default	3000		
	To set t	he ma	maximum torque of servo driver in negative direction									
	Label	Follo Valu	owing Error e	Actual	Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32		
Index 60F4h	Acces s	R0	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	РР/НМ	Range	- 214748364 7~2147483 647	Default	0		
	Shows	ows position following error										

	Label	Cont	rol Effort		Unit	Comman d unit/s	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60FAh	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	РР/НМ	Range	- 214748364 7~2147483 647	Default	0
	Shows in	nterna	l command	velocity (	Position	loop output)	)			

	Label		tion Demand nal Value		Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60FCh	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	CSP/PP/ HM	Range	- 214748364 7~2147483 647	Default	0
	Shows in	nterna	l command <sub>l</sub>	position (	of servo	driver.				



	Label	Digit	al Inputs		Unit	-		Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT 32
Index 60FDh	Access	R0	Mappin	g TPDO	Mode	CS M	SP/PP/H	Range	- 214748364 8~2147483 647	Default	0
The bits of 60FDh object are functionally defined as follow:											
	Bit31	Bit	30	Bit29	Bit28		Bit27	Bit26	Bit25	Bit24	
	Z signal	Re	served	Reserved	Reserv	ed	Probe 2	Probe 1	BRAKE	INP/V-	
										COIN	
										/TLC	
	Bit23	Bit	22	Bit21	Bit20		Bit19	Bit18	Bit17	Bit16	
	E-STOP	Re	served	Reserved	Reserv	ed	Reserved	Reserved	DI14	DI13	
	Bit15	Bit	14	Bit13	Bit12		Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8	
	DI12	DI1	1	DI10	DI9		DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5	
	Bit7	Bit	6	Bit5	Bit4		Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	
	DI4	DI3	}	DI2	DI1		Reserved	HOME	POT	NOT	

Index	Label	Physical	Outputs	utputs Unit - Structure				VAR	Type	UInt 32
60FEh-01	Access	RW N	1apping	RPDO N	/lode	F	Range	0x0~0x7FF FFFFF	Default	0x0
	The bits of 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:									
	Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20		19	18	17	16	15~0
	01h	Reserve d	D06 valid	D05 vali	d DO4	4 valid	D03 valid	DO2 valid	D01 valid	Reserved

Index	Label	Bit Ma	ask		Unit	- S	truct	ture	VAR	Туре	UInt 32
60FEh-02	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	F Range		<b>.</b>	0x0~0x7FFF FFFF		
	The bits of a 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:										
	Bit Sub-inde	!X	31~21	21	20	19		18	17	16	15~0
	02h	R	eserved	DO6 enabled	DO5 enabled	D0 enab	-	DO3 enabled	DO2 d enabled	D01 enabled	Reserve d

Indov	Label	Targ	et velocity		Unit	Comman d unit	Structure	VAR	Туре	Int 32
Index 60FFh	Access	RW	Mapping	RPD0	Mode	PV	Range	- 2147483647~ 2147483647	Default	0
	Shows set target velocity. Limited by 6080h									

Index	Label	Supported drive modes		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Туре	Ulnt 32	
6502h	Access	R0	Mapping	TPD0	Mode	F	Range	0x0~0x7F FFFFFF	Default	0x0
Shows the control modes supported by the servo drive.										



# **Chapter 4 Control Mode**

## 4.1 Profile Position Mode

## 4.1.1 Pulse Equivalence

Pulse uses 6091H or 6092H parameters in object dictionary. Electronic gear ratio has a range of  $1/1000 \sim 8000$ , if not Er A00 will appear. Error disappear after the parameter is set to be within the range but 402 state machine error status might still exist, please write 0x80 into control word (6040h) to deactivate the error status.

#### Method 1:

- Electronic gear changes the distance travelled by an axis through object dictionary 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), 6091h(Gear ratio), 6092h(Feed constant) from a controller. Only valid under Pre-operation mode.
- 608Fh(Position Encoder Resolution) is encoder resolution, it is only readable.
- 6092h-01 is pulse counts per motor revolution, reset after disabling; 6091h-01/6091h-02 is updated on real time
- Electronic gear can be modified by changes 6092h-01:
  - If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then Electronic Gear Ratio = Encoder Resolution/6092h-01
  - If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then Electronic Gear Ratio = 6091h-01/6091h-02
- Electronic gear ratio range: 0.001 ~ 8000

### Method 2:

Electronic gear can also be set using Pr0.08 Pulse counts per motor revolution. Pr0.08 is valid when it is not equal to 0; if Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092h-01 becomes valid.

Note: 6091h-01, 6091h-02 and 6092h-01 will be updated to default (1, 1, 1000) if the set value exceeds the range of the object dictionary.

# 4.1.2 Motion settings

- Set 6060h = 1 for Profile Position mode.
- Set target position to 607Ah (Unit: pulse)
- Set max. velocity to 6081h (Unit: pulse/s)
- Set profile acceleration and deceleration to 6083h and 6084h (Unit: pulse/s²)
- Set pulse count per revolution to 6092h
- Set 6040h to corresponding value to machine status and start motion.

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Set Value	Unit
1	6060h	Operation mode	1	-
2	6040h	Control word	As per need	-



3	607Ah	Target position	pulse
4	6081h	Profile velocity	pulse/s
5	6083h	Profile acceleration	pulse/s <sup>2</sup>
6	6084h	Profile deceleration	pulse/s <sup>2</sup>
7	6092h	Pulse count per rev	-

# 4.1.3 Monitoring settings

- To monitor 6041h for motion status
- To monitor 6064h for real time update of position during operation
- To monitor 606Ch for real time velocity feedback

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Object Dictionary Label	
1	6041h	Status word	ı
2	6064h	Position feedback	Pulse
3	606Ch	Velocity feedback	Pulse/s

# 4.1.4 Applications example

No.	Command	Description
1	81 00 00 00 00 00 00	Reset all nodes. Only to reset specific node, please modify the
	81 00 00 00 00 00 00	2 digits after 81 to node number (hexademical)
2		Activate remote control for all nodes. Only to activate specific
	01 <mark>00</mark> 00 00 00 00 00 00	node, please modify the 2 digits after 01 to node number
		(hexademical)
3	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 06 00 00 00	Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	25 40 00 00 00 00 00	Switch On Disabled->Ready to Switch On
4		Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 07 00 00 00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
		Drive internal relay closes
5		Write Control word = 0fh, machine status changes
	2b 40 60 00 0f 00 00 00	Switched On -> Operation Enable
		Motor enables
6	2f 60 60 00 01 00 00 00	Write Operation Mode = 1h, position control mode
7	23 <mark>81 60</mark> 00 90 D0 03 00	Write Profile Velocity = 3D090h (1500rpm, default 10000ppr)
8	23 <mark>83 60</mark> 00 90 D0 03 00	Write Profile Acceleration = 3D090h (accelerates to 1500rpm
	23 83 00 00 30 00 03 00	in 1s, default 10000ppr)
9	23 <mark>7a 60</mark> 00 20 4E 00 00	Write Target Position = 4E20h (2 revs, default 10000ppr)
10	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 4f 00 00 00	Write Control Word = 4Fh, relative motion mode
11	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 5f 00 00 00	Write Control Word = 5Fh, motor starts motion
12		Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 07 00 00 00	Operation Enable -> Switched On
		Motor disables
13		Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 06 00 00 00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
		Drive internal relay closes

Note: Step 1 and step 2 frame ID = 0x0000, the rest = SDO address (0x0600+node no.)



# 4.2 Profile Velocity Mode

# 4.2.1 Motion Settings

- Set 6060h = 3 for Profile Velocity mode.
- Set target velocity to 60FFh (Unit: pulse/s)
- Set profile acceleration and deceleration to 6083h and 6084h (Unit: pulse/s²)
- Set 6040h to corresponding value to machine status and start motion.

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Set Value	Unit
1	6060h	Operation mode	3	-
2	6040h	Control word		-
3	60FFh	Profile velocity	As par pand	pulse/s
4	6083h	Profile acceleration	As per need	pulse/s <sup>2</sup>
5	6084h	Profile deceleration		pulse/s <sup>2</sup>

# 4.2.2 Monitoring settings

- To monitor 6041h for motion status
- To monitor 606Ch for real time velocity feedback

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Object Dictionary Label	
1	6041h	Status word	-
2	606Ch	Velocity feedback	Pulse/s

## **Applications example**

No.	Command	Description
1	81 00 00 00 00 00 00	Reset all nodes. Only to reset specific node, please modify the
	81 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	2 digits after 81 to node number (hexademical)
2		Activate remote control for all nodes. Only to activate specific
	01 <mark>00</mark> 00 00 00 00 00 00	node, please modify the 2 digits after 01 to node number
		(hexademical)
3	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 06 00 00 00	Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	20 40 00 00 00 00 00 00	Switch On Disabled->Ready to Switch On
4		Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 07 00 00 00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
		Drive internal relay closes
5		Write Control word = 0fh, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 0f 00 00 00	Switched On -> Operation Enable
		Motor enables
6	2f <mark>60 60</mark> 00 03 00 00 00	Write Operation Mode = 3h, position control mode
7	23 <mark>83 60</mark> 00 90 D0 03 00	Write Profile Acceleration = 3D090h (accelerates to 1500rpm
	23 83 00 00 90 00 03 00	in 1s, default 10000ppr)
8	23 <b>ff</b> 60 00 90 D0 03 00	Write Profile Velocity = 3D090h (1500rpm, default 10000ppr)
9		Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 07 00 00 00	Operation Enable -> Switched On
		Motor disables
10		Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 06 00 00 00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
		Drive internal relay closes

Note: Step 1 and step 2 frame ID = 0x0000, the rest = SDO address (0x0600+node no.)



# 4.3 Profile Torque Mode

# 4.3.1 Motion Settings

- Set 6060h = 4 for Profile Torque mode.
- Set torque limit to 6071h (Unit: 0.1%)
- Set profile torque change rate to 6087h (Unit: 0.1%/s)
- Set velocity limit to 6080h (Unit: rpm)
- Set 6040h to corresponding value to machine status and start motion.

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Set Value	Unit
1	6060h	Operation mode	4	-
2	6040h	Control word		-
3	6071h	Torque limit		0.1% of rated torque
4	6087h	Torque change rate	As per need	0.1% of rated torque/s
5	6080h	Max velocity		rpm

# 4.3.2 Monitoring settings

■ To monitor 6041h for motion status

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Unit
1	6041h	Status word	-
2	606Ch	Velocity feedback	Pulse/s

## **Applications example**

No.	Command	Description
1	81 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Reset all nodes. Only to reset specific node, please modify the 2 digits after 81 to node number (hexademical)
2	01 00 00 00 00 00 00	Activate remote control for all nodes. Only to activate specific node, please modify the 2 digits after 01 to node number (hexademical)
3	2b 40 60 00 06 00 00 00	Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes Switch On Disabled->Ready to Switch On
4	2b 40 60 00 07 00 00 00	Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes Ready to Switch On-> Switched On Drive internal relay closes
5	2b 40 60 00 0f 00 00 00	Write Control word = 0fh, machine status changes Switched On -> Operation Enable Motor enables
6	2f <mark>60 60</mark> 00 04 00 00 00	Write Operation Mode = 4h, torque control mode
7	23 87 60 00 14 00 00 00	Write torque change rate = 14h (torque increase to rated torque 20Nm*0.1% =2Nm in 1s)
8	23 <mark>80 60</mark> 00 e8 03 00 00	Write Max Velocity = 3E8h (1000rpm)
9	2B <b>71 60</b> 00 64 00 00 00	Write torque value = 64h (100*0.1% = 10% of rated torque)
10	2b 40 60 00 07 00 00 00	Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes Operation Enable -> Switched On Motor disables



11		Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 06 00 00 00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
		Drive internal relay closes

Note: Step 1 and step 2 frame ID = 0x0000, the rest = SDO address (0x0600+node no.)

# 4.4 Homing mode

# 4.4.1 Motion Settings

- Set 6060h = 6 for Homing mode.
- Set required homing mode code to 6098h. Please refer to 6.4.4 for descriptions on each homing mode.
- Set homing high velocity and homing low velocity to 6099h(0x1) and 6099h(0x2) respectively (Unit: pulse/s)
- Set profile acceleration/deceleration 609Ah as homing acceleration/deceleration (Unit: pulse/s²)
- Set 6040h to corresponding value to machine status and start motion.

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Set Value	Unit
1	6060h	Operation mode	6	-
2	6040h	Control word		-
3	6098h	Homing mode		-
4	6099h	Homing velocity	As per need	pulse/s
5	609Ah	Homing acceleration/		pulse/s <sup>2</sup>
	OUJAII	deceleration		puise/s

# 4.4.2 Monitoring settings

■ To monitor 6041h for motion status

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Unit
1	6041h	Status word	-
2	606Ch	Velocity feedback	Pulse/s

### **Application example**

No.	Command	Description
1	81 00 00 00 00 00 00	Reset all nodes. Only to reset specific node, please modify the 2
	81 % 60 60 60 60 60 60	digits after 81 to node number (hexademical)
2		Activate remote control for all nodes. Only to activate specific
	01 <mark>00</mark> 00 00 00 00 00 00	node, please modify the 2 digits after 01 to node number
		(hexademical)
3	2b <b>40 60</b> 00 06 00 00 00	Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	20 40 00 00 00 00 00	Switch On Disabled->Ready to Switch On
4		Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 07 00 00 00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
		Drive internal relay closes
5		Write Control word = 0fh, machine status changes
	2b <mark>40 60</mark> 00 0f 00 00 00	Switched On -> Operation Enable
		Motor enables



6	2f	60	60	00	06	00	00	00	Write Operation Mode = 6h, homing mode
7	23	99	60	01	30	75	00	00	Write homing high velocity = 7530h (180rpm, default 10000ppr)
8	23	99	60	02	20	4e	00	00	Write homing low velocity = 4e20h (120rpm, default 10000ppr)
9	22	02	60	00	20	75	00	00	Write homing acceleration = 7530h (Accelerates to 180rpm in
	23	9a	שס	99	שכ	/ 5	00 00	99	1s, default 10000ppr)
10	2f	98	60	00	16	00	00	00	Write homing mode = 16h (Homing mode 22)
11	<b>2</b> h	40	<b>CO</b>	00	1.	00	00	00	Write Control Word = 1f, set 4 <sup>th</sup> digit of 6040h to 1, enable
	26	40	60	99	ΙT	00	99	00	homing
12	2b	10	60	00	٥٤	00	00	00	Write Control Word = 0f, set 4 <sup>th</sup> digit of 6040h to 0, enable
		40	99		וט	שש			homing on rising edge.
13	13 2b 40 60 00 1f 00 00 00 V	Write Control Word = 1f, set 4 <sup>th</sup> digit of 6040h to 1, starts							
	20 40 60 00 17 00 00 00		99	homing					
14									Write Control word = 07h, machine status changes
	2b	40	60	00	07	00	00	00	Operation Enable -> Switched On
									Motor disables
15									Write Control word = 06h, machine status changes
	2b	40	60	00	06	00	00	00	Ready to Switch On-> Switched On
									Drive internal relay closes

Note: Step 1 and step 2 frame ID = 0x0000, the rest = SDO address (0x0600+node no.)

# 4.4.3 Homing mode

## Torque limiting mode

**Mode-6:** Search for homing point in **negative direction** at **low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39 and homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

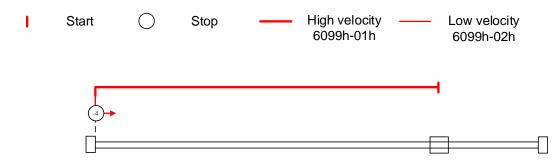


**Mode -5:** Search for homing point in **positive direction** at **low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39 and homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

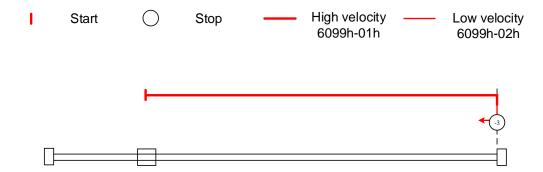




Mode -4: Search for homing point in negative direction at high velocity. Move in positive direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

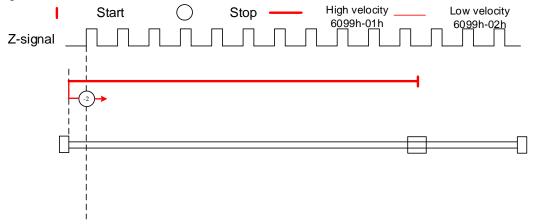


Mode -3: Search for homing point in positive direction at high velocity. Move in negative direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

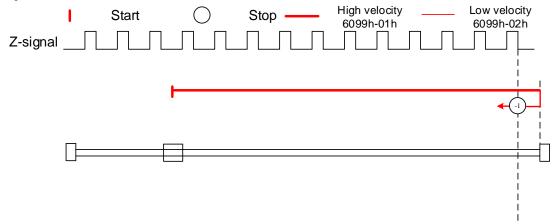




Mode -2: Search for homing point in negative direction at low velocity. Move in positive direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the first Z-signal.



Mode -1: Search for homing point in positive direction at low velocity. Move in negative direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the first Z-signal.





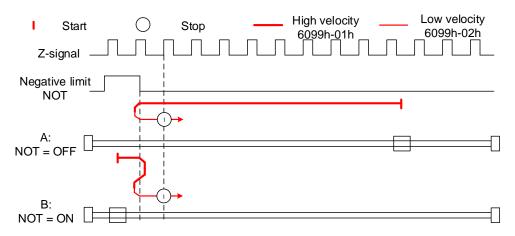
#### Mode 1:

Diagram A: Negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after negative limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Negative limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at **negative limit switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch invalid.**
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after negative limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





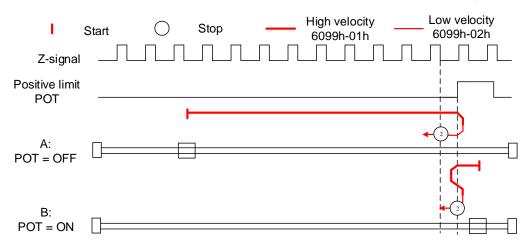
### Mode 2:

Diagram A: *Positive limit switch = OFF* 

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: *Positive limit switch = ON* 

- 1. Start to move at **positive limit switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch invalid**.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





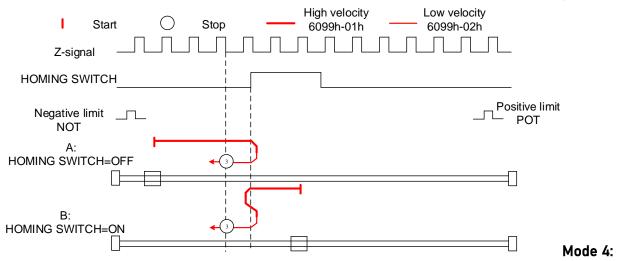
### Mode 3:

Diagram A: *Homing switch = OFF* 

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON* 

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





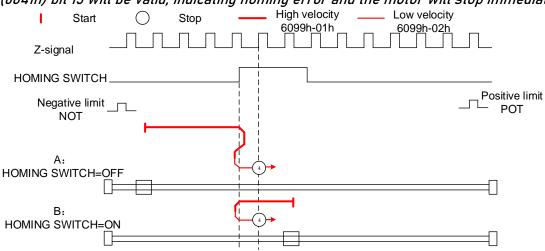
### Mode 4:

Diagram A: *Homing switch = OFF* 

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





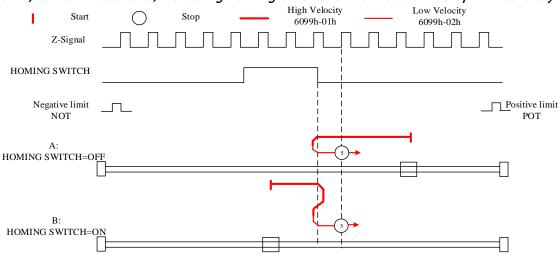
### Mode 5:

Diagram A: *Homing switch = OFF* 

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON* 

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





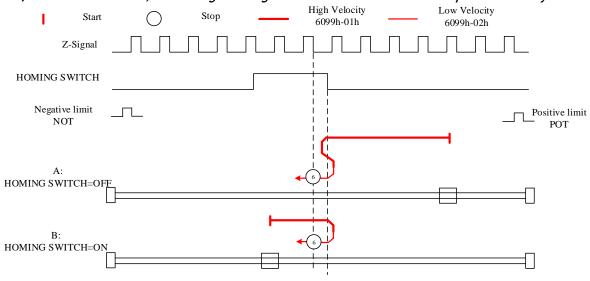
### Mode 6:

Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**





### Mode 7

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

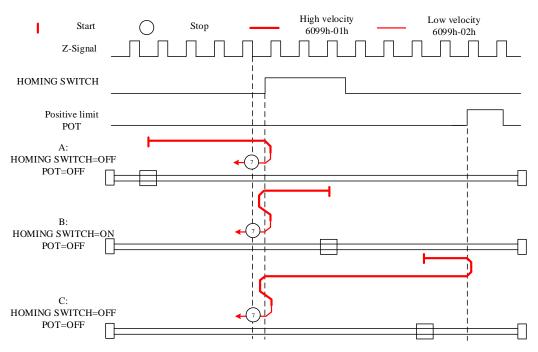
- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**





### Mode 8

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

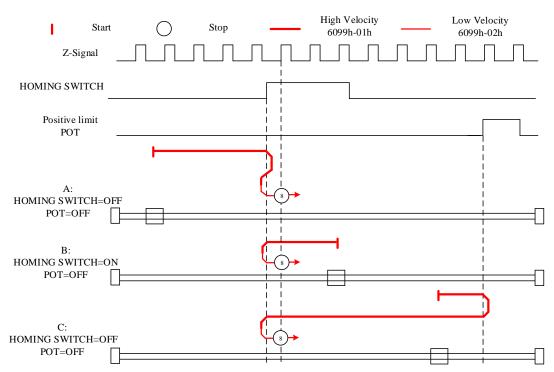
- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.





### Mode 9

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

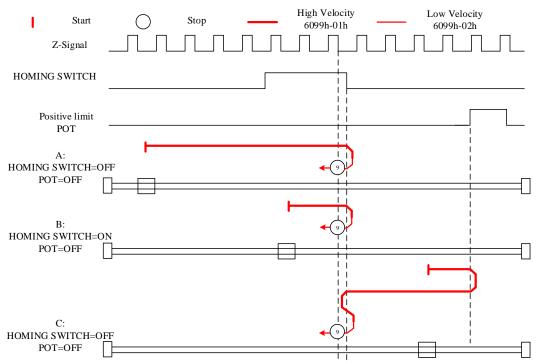




Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

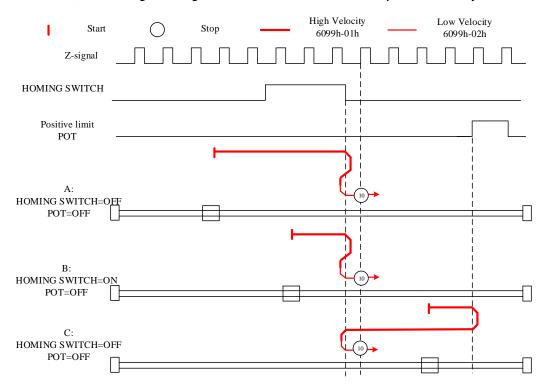




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until the negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

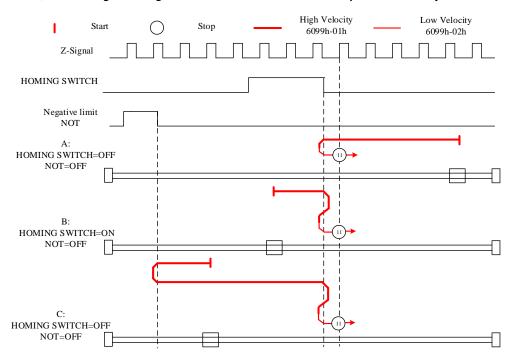




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

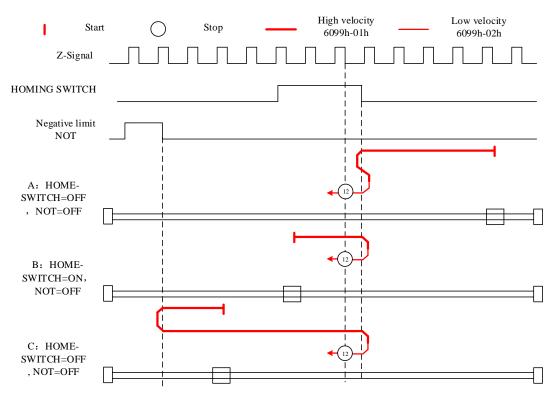




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

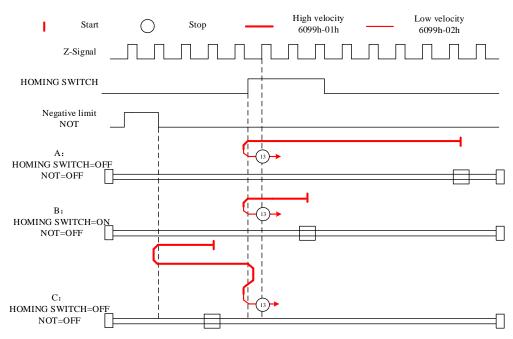




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

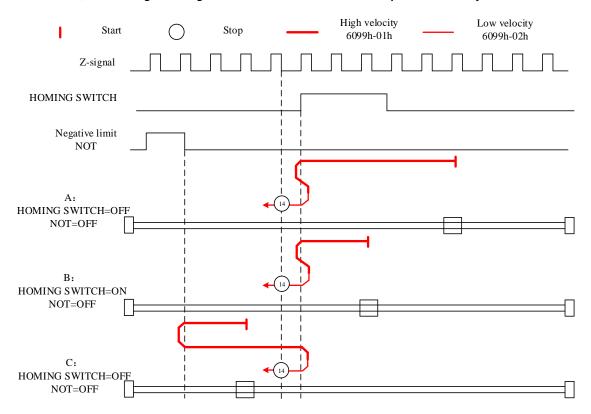
- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 2. Move in positive direction until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid.**

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

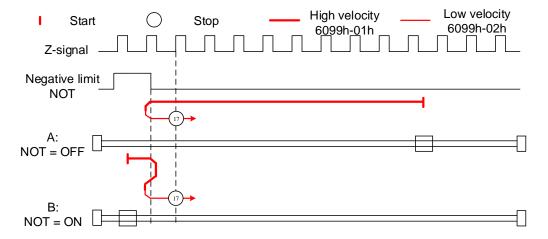
- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid.**





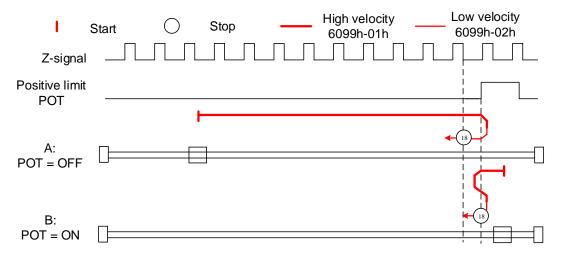
### Mode 17:

This mode is similar to mode 1. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of negative limit switch signal



## **Mode 18:**

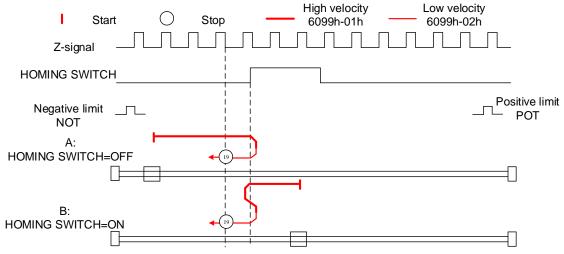
This mode is similar to mode 2. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through switching of positive limit switch signal





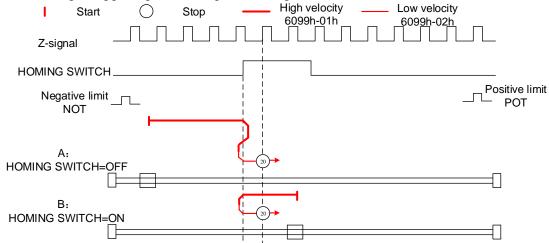
### **Mode 19:**

This mode is similar to mode 3. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



### Mode 20:

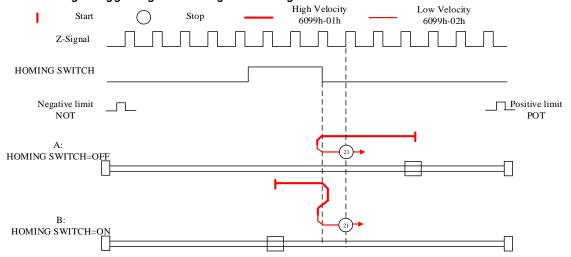
This mode is similar to mode 4. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





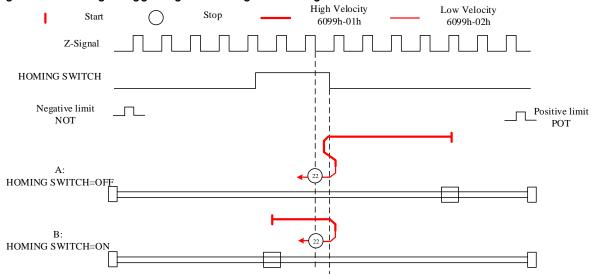
### **Mode 21:**

This mode is similar to mode 5. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



### Mode 22:

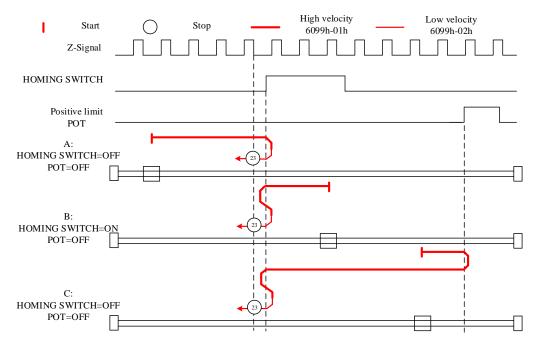
This mode is similar to mode 6. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.





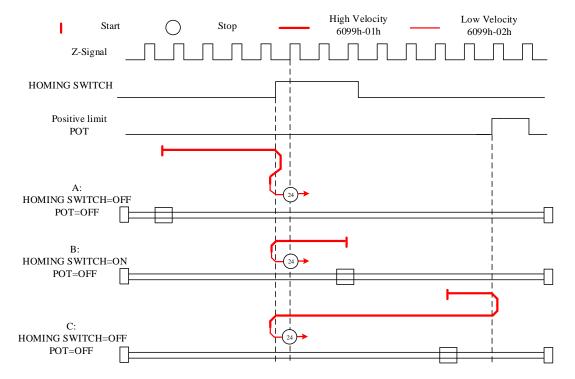
### Mode 23:

This mode is similar to mode 7. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



## Mode 24:

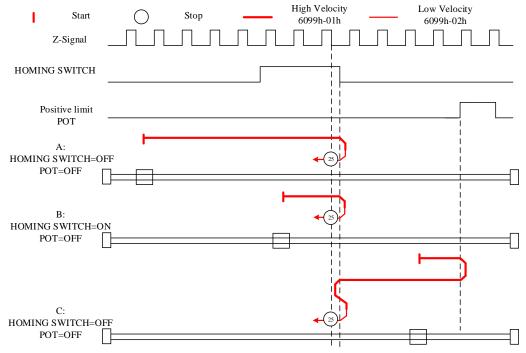
This mode is similar to mode 8. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.





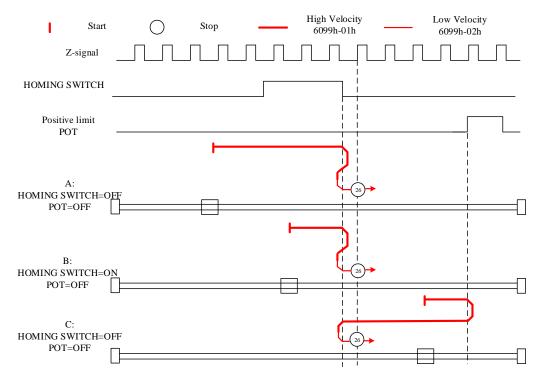
## Mode 25:

This mode is similar to mode 9. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Mode 26:

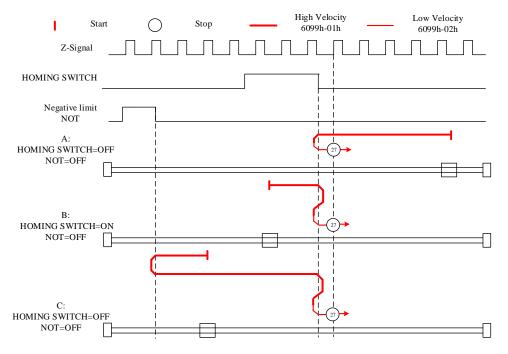
This mode is similar to mode 10. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





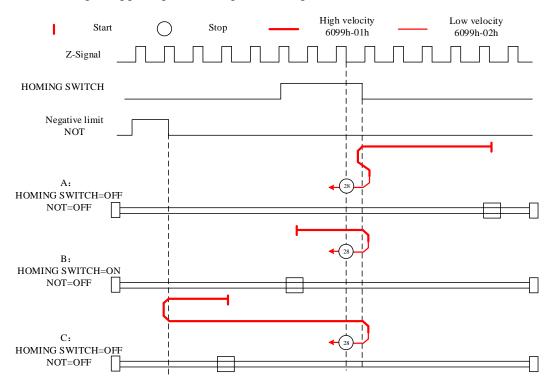
### Mode 27:

This mode is similar to mode 11. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



## Mode 28:

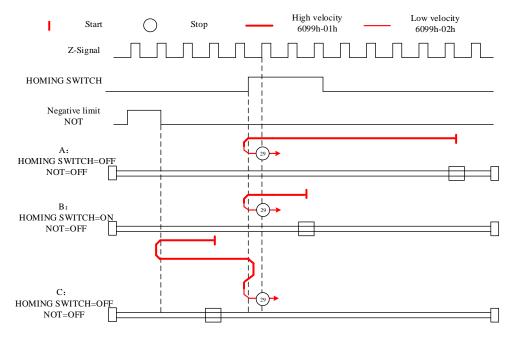
This mode is similar to mode 12. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





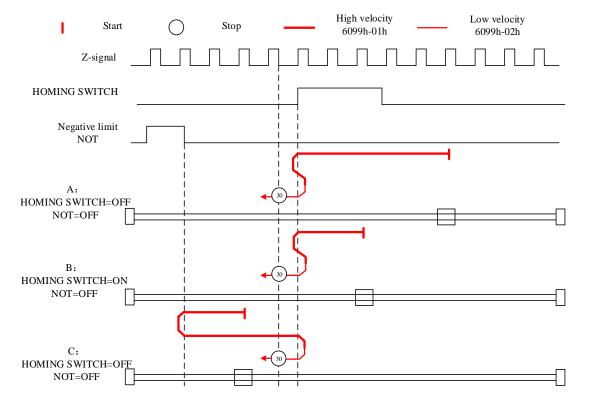
## Mode 29:

This mode is similar to mode 13. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



## Mode 30:

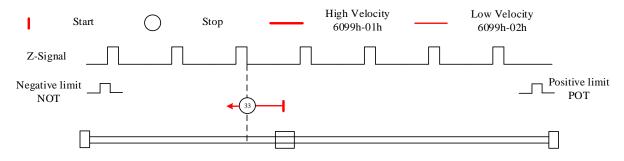
This mode is similar to mode 14. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





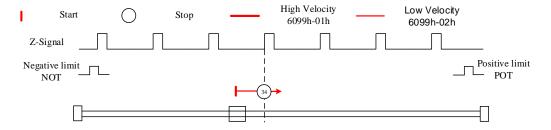
### Mode 33:

The motor starts to move in **negative direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**. If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



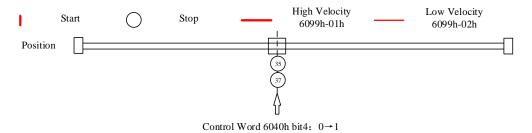
## Mode 34:

The motor starts to move in **positive direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**. If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



## Mode 35/37:

Set the current position as homing point. Using this mode, motor doesn't have to be enabled. Set control word 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1.





# 4.5 Emergency Stop

# 4.5.1 Motion Settings

- Set 6060h = 3 for Profile Velocity mode.
- Set 6040h to corresponding value to machine status and start motion.

No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Set Value	Unit
1	6085h	Emergency stop deceleration	-	pulse/s <sup>2</sup>
2	6040h	Control word	As per need	-

# 4.5.2 Monitoring settings

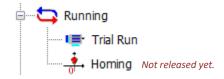
■ To monitor 6041h for motion status

	No.	<b>Object Dictionary</b>	Label	Unit
Ī	1	6041h	Status word	-



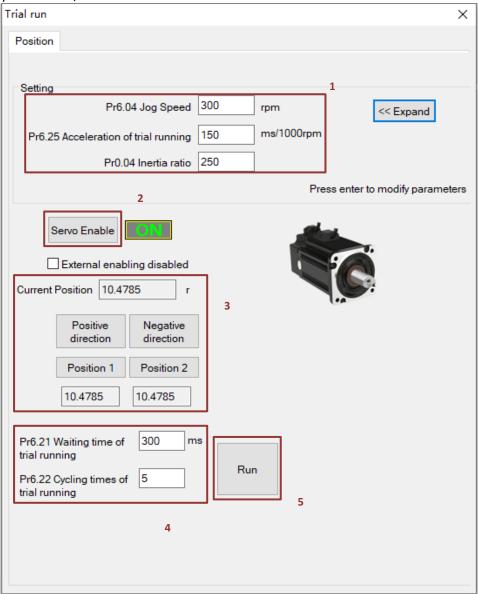
# **Chapter 5 Applications**

# 5.1 Trial Run



### **Trial Run**

To test run servo products after successfully connected to Motion Studio and initial setup is done. Main power supply and motor/encoder cable need to be connected to use this function.

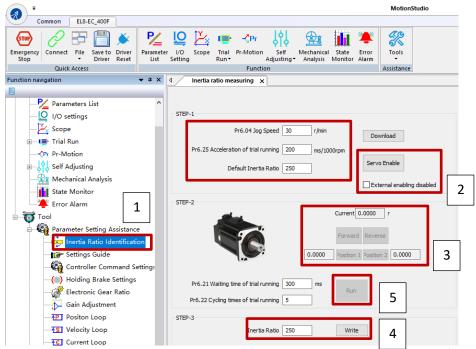




# 5.2 Inertia Ratio measuring

## Inertia measuring using Motion Studio

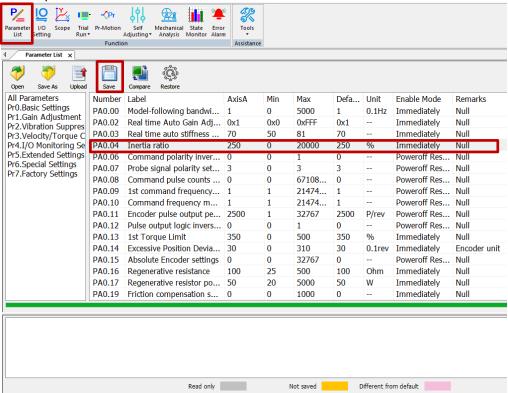
- 1. Start Motion Studio and maneuver to inertia ratio identification page under performance tuning. Set trial run velocity Pr6.04 and acc-/deceleration time Pr6.25, click on 'Upload' to upload parameters to servo driver.
- 2. Tick "Prohibit external enabling" and click on "servo on".
- 3. Click and hold "CCW" to start the motor. Current position will show motor cycles of revolution. Click on POS 1 to save current position as starting point. Click and hold "CW" to start the motor again. Click on POS 2 to save current position as ending point.
- 4. Set the waiting time between each cycle in Pr6.21 and no. of cycles in Pr6.22. Click on 'Run' and motor will run according to the parameters set.



5. After the calculation is done, inertia ratio will be calculated automatically and click on 'write' to enter the calculated value into Pr0.04.



6. Click on "Parameter List" to enter parameters management to check or modify Pr0.04. Then, click on "Save" to save parameters to driver.



### Please take note:

- 1. Trial run velocity and distance should be optimal to prevent any axis from bumping into objects.
- 2.It is recommended to move only in 1 direction for vertically mounted axis. Take precaution before moving the axis.
- 3. For applications with higher frictional drag, please set a minimal travel distance.

	Label	Inertia rat	io		Mode			F
Pr0.04	Range	0~20000 Unit %		Default	250	Index	2004h	
	Activation Immediate							

### Pr0.04=( load inertia/motor rotational inertia)×100%

#### Notice:

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.

#### **Common issues**

Error	Cause	Solution
	Loose load connection	Check for mechanical failure
Inertia measuring	Measuring distance is too short	Increase measuring distance
failure		Please pre-set an inertia ratio when
laliule	Belt load	using a belt to prevent jolt due to low
		inertia.



# 5.3 Notch Filter (Vibration Suppression)

## To use notch filter

### **Automatic notch filter**

- 1. Set Pr2.00 = 1 for auto notch filter adjustment
- 2. If Pr0.03 stiffness increases, 3<sup>rd</sup> group of notch filter (Pr2.07/Pr2.08/Pr2.09) updates automatically when driver is enabled. Pr2.00 = 0, auto adjustments stop. If resonance is suppressed, it means self-adjusting notch filter is working. If resonance occurs when mechanical stiffness increases, please use manual notch filter, set filter frequency to actual resonant frequency.

### Manual notch filter

There are 2 ways to use manual notch filter.

1. After enabling self-adjusting notch filter, set the values from  $3^{rd}$  group of filters to  $1^{st}$  group of notch filter (Pr2.01/Pr2.02/Pr2.03), see if resonance is suppressed. If there is other resonance, set Pr2.00 = 1, then set the values from  $3^{rd}$  group of filters to  $2^{nd}$  group of notch filter (Pr2.04/Pr2.05/Pr2.06)

Get resonant frequency, notch filter bandwidth and depth and set it into the corresponding parameters through Motion Studio

	Label	Adaptiv settings	e filtering	g mode	Mode					F
Pr2.00	Range	0~4	0~4 <b>Unit</b> -		Default	0	Index	(	2200h	ı
	Activation	Immedi	ate							

Set value		Explanation
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> notch filter remain unchanged
1	Adaptive filter: 1 filter valid for once.	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters updated accordingly. Pr2.00 switches automatically to 0 once updated.
2	Adaptive filter: 1 filter remains valid	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters will keep updating accordingly.
3-4	Reserved	-

Pr2.01	Label	1st notch fr	equenc	у	Mode						F		
	Range	50~4000 <b>Unit</b> H			Default	400	0	Index	ndex		201h		
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate										
		Jency of 1 <sup>st</sup> torque command notch filter. NO to deactivate notch filter											



	Label	1st notch bandwidth selection			Mode				F
Pr2.02	Range	0~20 <b>Unit</b> -			Default	4	Index	2202h	l
	Activation	Immed	iate						

Set notch bandwidth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.03, Pr2.02 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	1st notch depth selection			Mode			F			
Pr2.03	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2203h			
	Activation	Immediate									
	Set notch depth for 1 <sup>st</sup> resonant notch filter.										

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.02, Pr2.03 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch	frequen	су	Mode			F
Pr2.04	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index	2204h
	Activation	Immediat	e			·	·	
	C	f On	d .					

Set center frequency of 2<sup>nd</sup> torque command notch filter. Set Pr2.04 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch selection		dth	Mode				F
Pr2.05	Range	0~20 <b>Unit</b> -			Default	4	Index	2205h	l
	Activation	Immedia	ite						

Set notch bandwidth for 2<sup>nd</sup> resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.06, Pr2.05 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label 2 <sup>nd</sup> notch depth selection		Mode					F		
Pr2.06	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	:	2206h	
	Activation	Immedia	Immediate							

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

When Pr2.06 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.05, Pr2.06 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.



	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch	frequen	су	Mode							F
Pr2.07	Range	50~400 0	Unit	Hz	Default	400	0	Index			220 <b>7</b> h	
	Activation	Immediate										
	Set center freq	uency of 3 <sup>r</sup>	d torque	comma	nd notch filter.							

Set Pr2.07 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch b selection	andwidtl	h	Mode			F	
Pr2.08	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index	2287h	
	Activation	Immediat	е						

Set notch bandwidth for 3<sup>rd</sup> resonant notch filter. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings.

	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch selection	•		Mode					F
Pr2.09	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2206h	)
	Activation	Immedia	ite							

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

When Pr2.09 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces.

# 5.4 Auto gain adjustment

This function will measure real time mechanical properties and set gain values in accordance to mechanical stiffness. Can be used in any control mode

	Conditions to implement
Control mode	Please refer to Pr0.02 for detailed explanations. Auto gain adjustment is different for each control mode.
Other	Servo driver needs to be enabled     Set up input signals such as deviation counter clearing and command input; Torque limit and other motion control parameters to enable motor to move normally without obstacles.

Under certain conditions, external factors might affect automatic gain adjustment functions. If the conditions as listed exist or unfavorable, please disable the automatic gain adjustment function.

	Affecting conditions
Load inertia	<ul> <li>If inertia is less than 3 times or over 20 times of rotor inertia.</li> </ul>
Load mertia	Changes in load inertia
Load	Very low mechanical stiffness
Load	If gear backlash is a non-linear property
Motion	Velocity less than 100r/min or continuously in low velocity mode



- Acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s.
- Acc-/deceleration torque lower than eccentric load, frictional torque.
- $\cdot$  Velocity < 100r/min, acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s but not longer than 50ms

## To enable automatic gain adjustment:

- 1. Disable the servo driver.
- 2. Set Pr0.02 = 0x01/0x11 or 0x02/0x12. Then, set Pr0.03
- 3. Servo enabled. Run motion as normal to start measuring load properties. Related parameters will be automatically set.
- 4. Increase motor responsiveness by increasing Pr0.03. Please check if there is any vibration before setting Pr0.03 to max. value.
  - 5. Save the parameters.

### Please take note:

- Please stop the motor before modifying any parameter. Pr0.02 only takes effect after saving modified parameter values into EEPROM and restarting the driver.
- After enabling the servo driver for the first time or when increasing Pr0.03, mechanical noise or vibration might occur for the first run, it is normal. If it persists, please set Pr0.03 to lower value.

## Parameters that change in accordance to real time gain adjustment

There are 2 types of auto gain adjustment methods:

• **Standard mode** (Pr0.02 = 1): Basic mode, prioritizing on stability, gain switching is disabled. Actual gain auto adjustment as accordance to Pr0.03.

Gain related parameters that change as shown below.

Parameter	Label	Remarks
Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain	
Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain	When stiffness setting is valid
Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time	When stiffness setting is valid, parameters will be updated to
	constant	match stiffness value
Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter	inaccii stiiiiless value
Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter	

Gain related that doesn't change

Parameter	Label	Reference value	Remarks
Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward	300 (0.1%)	Doesn't change
	gain constant		according to changes in
			stiffness

Positioning mode (Pr0.02 = 2): Prioritizing positioning. Usually applies on horizontal axis without variable load, ball screws with lower friction, gain switching enabled.
 Stiffness level of 2<sup>nd</sup> position loop gain is 1 level higher than 1<sup>st</sup> position.

No.	Parameters	Label	Remarks
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain	NA/hon stiffeess sotting is valid
2	Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain	When stiffness setting is valid, parameters will be updated to match
3	Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time constant	stiffness value



4	Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter	
5	Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter	
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain	
7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain	
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time	
		constant	
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter	
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter	

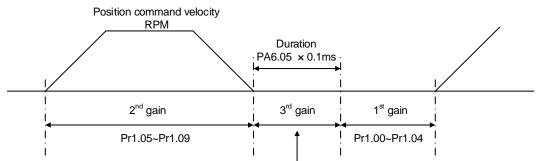
If auto gain adjustment is valid, the parameters listed above can't be manually modified. Only when Pr0.02 = 0, can the gain related parameters be modified manually.

# 5.5 3<sup>rd</sup> gain switching

Besides switching between 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> gain, a 3<sup>rd</sup> gain switching is added to set gain at the moment of stopping to reduce positioning time.

Only available under position mode and Pr6.05  $\neq$  0, set Pr6.06 for 3<sup>rd</sup> gain value. When 2<sup>nd</sup> gain switches to 1<sup>st</sup> gain, it has to go through 3<sup>rd</sup> gain, switching time is set in Pr1.19.

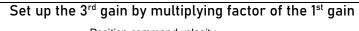
Diagram below shows when Pr1.15 = 7.

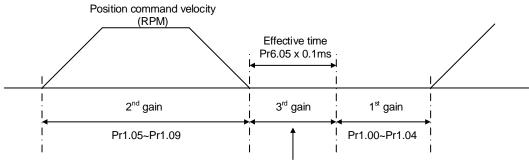


Position loop gain = Pr1.00 × Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop gain = Pr1.01 × Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop integral time constant, velocity detection filter, torque filter time constant will still be applied in 1<sup>st</sup> gain

	Label	Position 3rd	gain val	id time	Mode	PP		НМ						
Pr6.05	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Inde	Index		2605h				
	Activation	Immediate	mmediate											
	To set time for 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain to be valid When not in use, set Pr6.05=0, Pr6.06=100													
	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> (factor	gain sca	ile	Mode	PP		НМ						
Pr6.06	Range	0~1000	Unit	100%	Default	100	Inde	x		2606h				
	Activation	Immediate	Immediate											







Position loop gain = Pr1.00 x Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop gain = Pr1.01 x Pr6.06/100
Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1<sup>st</sup> gain

3rd gain= 1st gain \* Pr6.06/100

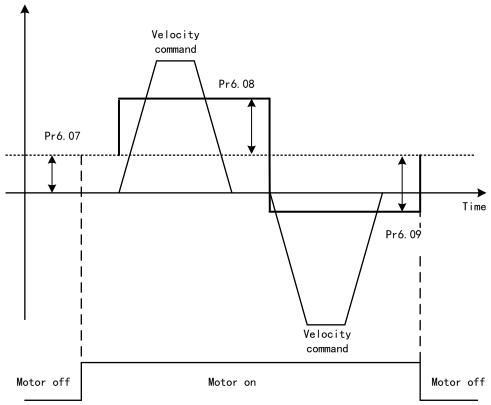
Only effective under position control mode, set Pr6.05 $\neq$ 0, 3<sup>rd</sup> gain function activated, set 3<sup>rd</sup> gain value in Pr6.06. When 2<sup>nd</sup> gain switches to 1<sup>st</sup> gain, will go through 3<sup>rd</sup>, switching time value set in Pr1.19.

Above diagram is illustrated using Pr1.15 = 7.



# 5.6 Friction compensation function

This function is to compensation for changes in load to reduce the effect of friction in motion. The compensation value is directional.



Vertically loaded axis: A constant eccentric load torque is applied on the motor. By adjusting Pr6.07, positioning deviation due to different motional direction can be reduced.

Belt-driven axis: Due to large radial load with dynamic frictional torque. Positioning time delay and deviation can be reduced by adjusting Pr6.08 and Pr6.09.

	Label	Torque comi value	mand addi	tional	Mode			F				
Pr6.07	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2607h				
	Activation	Activation Immediate										
	•	forward feed a r loaded vertica				ralle						
	Application: V		along ver vith motor	tical ax enable	is, pick any po ed but not rota	oint from the string. Reco	ord output torq	on and stop the ue value from				
	Application: V	Vhen load move articular point v	along ver vith motor comman	tical ax enable d additio	is, pick any po ed but not rota	oint from the string. Reco	ord output torq					
Pr6.08	Application: V load at that p d04, use that	Vhen load move articular point v value as torque  Positive dire	along ver vith motor comman	tical ax enable d additio	is, pick any po ed but not rota onal value (co	oint from the string. Reco	ord output torq	ue value from				



	Label	Negative direction		que	Mode			F
Pr6.09	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index	2609h
	Activation	Immediate						·

To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.

## Applications:

1. When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.

Torque value in positive direction = T1;

Torque value in negative direction = T2

Pr6.08/Pr6.09 = 
$$T_f = \frac{|T1 - T2|}{2}$$

# 5.7 Regenerative resistor settings

When motor torque is acting the opposite direction of the rotational direction (i.e. Deceleration, vertical drop axis), energy will flow back into the drive. This will caused the capacitors inside the drive to increase in voltage which might cause over capacity. Regenerative resistor is required here to prevent over capacity of the capacitors.

Regenerative energy can be reduced by reducing rotational inertia, increasing deceleration time, decrease load torque or reduce max. rotational velocity.

	Label	Regenera	tive resis	stance	Mode			F
Pr0.16	Range	40~500 <b>Unit</b> Ohm			Default	100	Index	2016h
	Activation	Immediate	е					
	To set resistan	ce value of	regener	ative res	istor			

	Label	_	Regenerative resistor power rating		Mode				F
Pr0.17	Range	20~500 0	Unit	W	Default	50	Index	2017h	
	Activation	Immediat	te						

To set power rating of regenerative resistor.

Pr0.16 and Pr0.17 determines the threshold value of Er 120. Please set accordingly or it might trigger false alarm or damage to servo driver.

Note: If external regenerative resistor is used, please set according to its labeled power rating.



# 5.8 Safety Functions

# 5.8.1 Max. motor rotational speed limitation

	Label	Maximum m velocity	otor rota	itional	Mode			F
Pr3.24	Range				Default	0	Index	2324h
	Activation	Immediate						
	Maximum moto	r rotational a	as accor	dance t	o technical s	specificati	on if set to 0	

# 5.8.2 Max. duration for motor to stop after disabling

Set max time duration for motor to stop after disabling. If the time taken for motor to stop exceeds the duration set in Pr6.14 and motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39, holding brake will be activated. If motor doesn't have holding brake, dynamic braking will be activated to force stop the motor.

	Label	Max. time to disabling	Max. time to stop after lisabling						F
Pr6.14	Range	0~3000	Unit	ms	Default	500	Index	2614h	
	Activation	Immediate							

To set the max. time allowed for the axis to stop on emergency stop or normal axis disabling.

After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.

BRK\_ON given time is determined by Pr6.14 or when motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

### Applications:

- 1. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.
- 2. After disabling axis, if motor speed is already lower than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_ON given and holding brake activated.

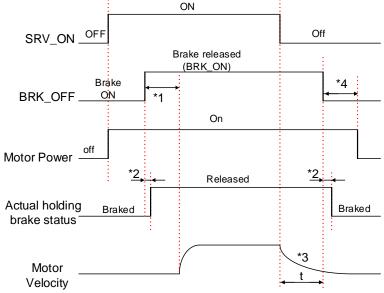


# 5.8.3 External brake deactivation output signal BRK-OFF

Please refer to Pr4.11 to set up the I/O output function parameters. When enabled and timing conditions are fulfilled, the set I/O output will deliver ON signal.

	Label	Motor power	off dela	y time	Mode				F
Pr4.37	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	100	Index		2437h
	Activation	Immediate							
	To set dela from slidir	ay time for hol ng.	ding bra	ke to be act	vated after	moto	r power off	to preve	ent axis
	Label	Delay time for	r holding	j brake	Mode				F
Pr4.38	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		2438h
	Activation	Immediate							

To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.



<sup>\*1:</sup> Delay time set in Pr4.38

Delay time from the moment SRV\_ON is given until BRK\_OFF switch to BRK\_ON, is less than 500ms.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Delay time from the moment BRK\_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK\_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.

<sup>\*3:</sup> Deceleration time is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first. BRK\_OFF given after deceleration time.

<sup>\*4:</sup> Pr4.37 set time value.



	Label	Holding bra	ke activ	ation	Mode					F
Pr4.39	Range	30~3000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index	2	2439h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When SRV-OFF signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below Pr4.39 and Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK\_OFF is given.

BRK\_OFF signal is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

## Application:

- 1. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.
- 2. After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below Pr4.39, BRK\_OFF signal given.

# 5.8.4 Servo stopping mode

	Label	Servo-off mode			Mode					F	
Pr5.06	Range	0~5	Unit	_	Default	0	Index	Ž.	2	506h	
	Activation	After resta	rt								
	To set servo d	To set servo driver disable mode and status.									
	Set value			Expla	nation						
	0	Driver disabl	es after	velocit	y reaching v	alue set	in				
	1	Driver disabl	es imm	ediately	, axis in free	stopping	g mode				

D. E 10	Label	Dynami mode	c braking	)	Mode						F
Pr5.10	Range	0~2			Default	0	In	dex		251	0h
	Activation	After re	estart								

Set value	Explanation
0	Holding brake valid under normal and abnormal circumstances
1	Holding brake valid only under normal circumstance. To prevent damage to holding brake due to high velocity, large inertia under abnormal circumstances)
2	Holding brake invalid under normal and abnormal circumstances.



# 5.8.5 Emergency stop function

Emergency stop is used when an alarm occurs or a servo prohibition signal is received when servo driver is enabled.

**Method 1**: Set up Pr4.43 to enable the function

	Label	Emergen	cy stop f	unction	М	1ode							F
Pr4.43	Range	0~1	Unit	-	D	efault		0		Inde	X		2443h
	Activation	Immediat	te										
	0: Emergency 1: Emergency 9	•								m occ	urs.		
	Label	Driver p	rohibitic s	n input		Mode							F
Pr5.04	Range	0~2	0~2 Unit —				0	In	dex			2504l	า
	Activation	Immedia	ate										
	To set driver	prohibition	input (P	OT/NOT):	lf s	et to 1, no	e f	fec	t on h	omin	g mo	de.	
	Set value			Ex	pla	nation							
	0	POT → Po	sitive di	ection dr	ive	prohibite	d						
		NOT → Ne	egative d	irection d	rive	e prohibit	ed						
	1	POT and N	IOT inval	id									
	2	Any single	sided in	put from	PO	T or NOT	mi	ght	caus	e Er2	60		
	In homing mo	de, POT/NO	OT invali	d, please	set	object di	ctio	na	ry 50°	12-04	bit0	=1	

**Method 2**: Using 605Ah object dictionary through master device to activate this function.

	Label	Servo b	raking to	rque setting	Mode			F
Pr5.11	Range	0~500 <b>Unit</b> %		Default	0	Index	2511h	
	Activation	Immedi	ate					
	To set torque If Pr5.11 = 0, us Between max.	se torque	limit as	under normal		t will	take smaller va	lue.



# 5.9 Multiturn Absolute encoder

Multiturn absolute encoder records the position and the revolution counts of the motor. When driver is powered-off, multiturn absolute encoder will backed up the data using battery and after powering on, the data will be used to calculated absolute mechanical position and there is no need for a mechanical homing process. Use widely in robotic arms and CNC machines.

If it is the first time using the encoder, please home the mechanical axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero. Set up a homing point and only home when there is an alarm. Please stop the axis before reading any position data to prevent inaccuracy.

# 5.9.1 Parameter settings

	Label	Absolute settings	settings		Mode	PP			НМ		
Pr0.15	Range	0~3276 7	Unit	-	Default	0	I	Inde	x	2015h	
	Activation	Immedia	mmediate				·				

### 0: Incremental mode:

Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance.

### 1: Multiturn linear mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

## 2: Multiturn rotary mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(Pr6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

## 3: Single turn absolute mode:

Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.

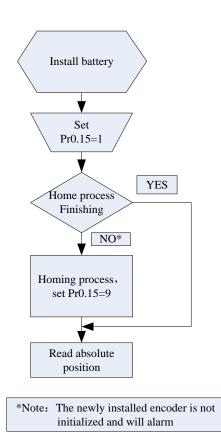
- 5: Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.
- 9: Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.



# 5.9.2 Read absolute position

# 1、Steps:

- 1) First, select a motor with multiturn absolute encoder, install battery and confirm whether the driver version supports the specific motor;
- 2) Set Pr0.15 = 1. If it is the first time of installation, Err153 will occur because battery is newly installed and position data is invalid. Please home the axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero.
- 3) When absolute homing point is set and there is no fault with the battery, the alarm will be cleared
- 4) Finally, the user can read the absolute position. Position won't be lost even if the driver is powered off.

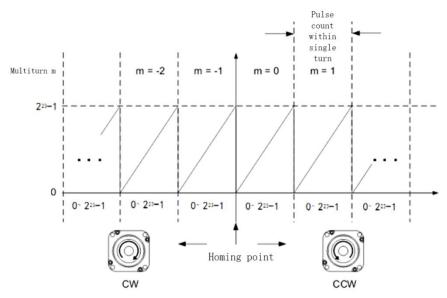




### 2. Read absolute position

When the rotor turns in clockwise direction, the revolution count will be negative; turns in counter clockwise direction, the count will be positive. No. of revolutions will be from -32767 to +32767. If the count number reaches +32767 in counter clockwise direction, the count will revert back to -32768, -32767 and vice versa for clockwise direction.

As for position data, it depends on the precision of the encoder. For 17 bit = 0-131071, 23 bit = 0-8388607



Read data from 6064h object dictionary

Please read data only when the motor is fully stopped or it might cause calculation errors. Please repeat this step for at least twice to make sure the result is uniform.

## 3. Clear multiturn position

Before clearing multiturn position, axis needs to be homed. After clearing multiturn position, revolution count = 0 but absolute position remains unchanged and Err153 alarm will be cleared.

Please make sure the homing point is within the range of 1 revolution of the rotor. Installation and setup of the homing point can be set with the use of auxiliary function D21 on the front panel.

By setting Pr0.15 to 9, multiturn position will be cleared.

Please take notice of motor position during power on. Range of motion of a motor depends on the position of the motor during power on (23-bit absolute encoder as example).



## 5.9.3 Absolute Encoder Related Alarm

The alarm can determine if absolute value encoder is valid. If battery power is low, not a motor with absolute encoder, encoder error etc. occurs, user can find out about the error from alarm output or on the front panel. Controller will stop any operation until alarm is cleared.

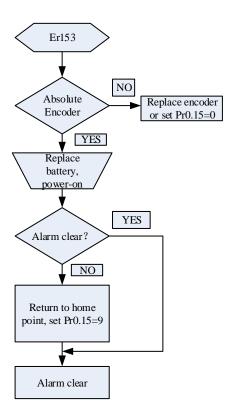
### Alarm output:

Err153 will be shown on front panel or by I/O ALM signal and from controller.

### Err153 might occur,

- (1) If absolute encoder is used for the first time and due to installation of new batteries Axis needs to be homed and multiturn data needs to be cleared.
  - (2) If battery voltage is lower than 3.2v. Replace battery and restart the motor.
- (3) If battery voltage is lower than 2.5v or battery power was cut off. Replacing the battery won't clear the alarm. Axis needs to be homed and multiturn data needs to be cleared.

### 4. Alarm processing flow chart





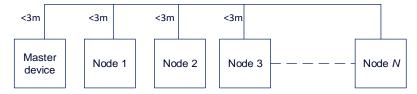
# **Chapter 6 CANopen Communication**

# 6.1 Communication connection

- RS232 tuning port Connect to PC tuning software (CN7)
- RS485 communication Connect to other drives or master device (CN5)

# RS485 network of multiple servo drives

If there is a need to connect multiple 2ELD2 series servo drives together, it is recommended to connect the drivers in series and no longer than 3 meters of CABLE-TX\*M\*-LD2 between each nodes (drivers) as shown below.



- Keep the connection cable between each node as short as possible. Not longer than 3m.
- Please use shielded twisted pair connection cables.
- Connect to reference ground of the driver.
- Connect shielded foil of the cables to Protective Earth PE terminal.
- Please separate them from power cable or any cable with strong interference.

# 6.2 CANopen communication parameters and ports

# **Communication parameters**

1. Switch SW to modify Baud rate and terminal resistor. Please refer to the table below.

		Diagram	CAN_ID (High Bit)	SW1	SW2	Baud rate	SW3	SW4	SW5	Terminal resistor	SW6
sw		6	0	OFF	OFF	Pr0.24 Default: 1MHz	OFF	OFF	77	Disconnect ed (CAN)	OFF
						500kHz	ON	OFF	Reserv		
		1	1	ON	ON	250kHz	OFF	ON	ved	Connected	ON
		1	1	ON	ON	125kHz	ON	ON		(CAN)	ON



2. ID spin dial

	Diagram	Bit	CAN address	Bit	CAN address
		0	Pr0.23 Default : 16	8	8
		1	1	9	9
	3 4 5 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2	2	А	10
RCS		3	3	В	11
		4	4	С	12
		5	5	D	13
		6	6	E	14
		7	7	F	15

# **Communication Port**

To be connected to other drives or master device (controller) – CN5

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Label
		1	CANH	CANopen H terminal
	9 7 5 3 1	3	CANL	CANopen L terminal
CN5		5	GND	Power supply ground
		Others	NC	10 pins are not applicable

## Note:

- Molex 55959-1030 Connector Header (Driver side)
- Molex 51353-1000 10-pin rectangle connector 1pcs for each axis (Provided)
- Molex 56134-9000 female terminal reel 10pcs for each axis (Provided)



# 6.3 CANopen communication protocol

### CANopen communication protocol standards for 2ELD2-CAN

- CAN 2.0A standard
- CANopen standard protocol DS301 V4.02
- CANopen standard protocol DSP402 V2.01

## CANopen services supported on 2ELD2-CAN series

- NMTslave
- Device monitoring services: Heartbeart, node guarding
- PDO: every slave station can be configured with max. of 4 TxPDO and 4 RxPDO
- PDO delivery: Event trigger, time trigger, synchronous cycle, synchronous non-cycle
- SDO
- Emergency Protocol

# **6.4 Predefined Connections**

To reduce networking on CANopen drives, CANopen defines regulatory CAN-ID allocation table. CAN-ID is applicable under Per-Op mode, can modify through dynamic allocation. Corresponding CAN-ID has to be provided by the master device (controller).

CAN-ID allocation table is based on 11 bit CAN-ID, including 4 function bits and 7 Node-ID as shown below.

Function bit				Node-ID						
10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Node-ID ranges from 1-127 (0 is not applicable)

Predefined connection includes 4 receiving PDO (RxPDO), 4 transmitting PDO (TxPDO), 1 SDO (2 CAN-ID), 1 urgent object and 1 Node error control ID. Unverified NMT module control service is also supported, SYNC and Time Stamp object broadcast is as table below.

and Time Stamp object broadcast is as table below.										
CANopen	CANopen predefined slave/master connection broadcast object									
Object	Function code	COB-ID	Object dictionary index							
NMT module control	0000	0x000								
SYNC	0001	0x080	1005H,1006H,1007H							
Time Stamp 0010 0x100 1012H,1013H										
C	CANopen slave/master connection equal object									
Object	Function code	COB-ID	Object dictionary index							
Urgent	0001	0x080+Node-ID	1024H,1015H							
TXPDO1(Transmit)	0011	0x180+Node-ID	1800H							
RXPDO1(Receive) 0100 0x200+Node-ID 1400H										
TXPDO2(Transmit)	0101	0x280+Node-ID	1801H							
RXPDO2(Receive) 0110 0x300+Node-ID 140										



TXPDO3(Transmit)	0111	0x380+Node-ID	1802H
RXPDO3(Receive)	1000	0x400+Node-ID	1402H
TXPDO4(Transmit)	1001	0x480+Node-ID	1803H
RXPDO4(Receive)	1010	0x500+Node-ID	1403H
SDO(Server	1011	0x580+Node-ID	1200H
Transmission)	1011	0x360+N0ue-ID	1200H
SDO(Client	1100	0x600+Node-ID	1200H
Transmission)	1100	UXUUU+NUUE-ID	1200H
NMT error control	1110	0x700+Node-ID	1016H~1017H

#### Note:

- 1. PDO/SDO Transmit/Receive is from the perspective of CAN slave node
- 2. NMT error control includes Node Guarding, Heartbeat and Boot-up protocol.

ID address allocation corresponds to predefined master/slave connections because every equal ID different, hence only 1 master device can be connected to max. of 127 slave stations. 2 slave nodes connected together have no communications.

Example: Slave node no. 4 COB-ID of TxPDO2: 280h+4 = 284h

# 6.5 Object Dictionary

Object dictionary is a sequenced object set; every object uses a 16-bit index to search for address. To be able to request for any bit in the data, 8-bit sub-index is defined. Please refer to the table below.

Index	Object
0000H	Non-applicable
0001H——001FH	Standard data type, such Bool, Integer16 etc.
0020H——003FH	Complex data type, such as PDO communication parameters
002011 003111	(PDOCOmmpar)
0040H——005FH	Manufacturer data type
0060H——007FH	Device profile standard data type
0080H——009FH	Device profile complex data type
00A0H——0FFFH	Reserved
1000H——1FFFH	Communication profile, such as device type, no. of PDO, etc.
2000H——5FFFH	Manufacturer specific profile
6000H——9FFFH	Standard device profile, such as DSP 402 object dictionary
A000H——FFFFH	Reserved

Every node in the CANopen network has an object dictionary that includes device descriptions and its parameters.

Object dictionary of node is described in Electronic Data Sheet EDS which can be regulated as accordingly. Node needs only to be able to provide the object required in object dictionary in optional and configurable function object.

CANopen includes many other profiles:

**Communication profile** – describes main form of object dictionary and communication profile objects. Also describes CANopen communication objects. Applicable for all CANopen devices



**Device profile** - describes functions, label, index/sub-index and data type of an object in object dictionary. The objects have to be write only, read only or read/write. Device profile determines if the object is selectable. If required object is more than is provided in device profile, enough room is left for manufacturer to define specific function object. Communication parameter in device profile is the same for all CANopen devices. Device related in object dictionary is different for different devices.

### 6.5.2 Object dictionary structure

Basic structure of object dictionary is defined in DS 301 as below

Index	Object	Label	Type	Attribute	Selectable
			/ I		

### 6.5.3 Object type

"Object" in the table in 8.5.2 for ELD2-CAN is as below:

Object	Object code	Description
NULL	0	No data
DOMAIN	2	Mass data, such as operable programs
VAR	7	Variable such as BOOL, INT8
ARRAY	8	Array (Same type of data)
RECORD	9	Record (Different type of data)

### 6.5.4 Access attribute

Attribute	Description
RW	Read/Write
WO	Write only
RO	Read only
CONST	Constant, Read only



# 6.6 Network Management (NMT)

NMT provides network managing services which realized through master/slave communication mode.

#### 6.6.1 NMT module control

Only NMT master node can transmit NMT control module telegram, all slave nodes must support NMT module control service, NMT module control doesn't have to answer.

NMT master node >NMT slave node

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1
0x000	Command word	Node-ID

When Node-ID = 0, all NMT slave nodes will be searched for address. Command word value and NMT relations is as below.

Command word	NMT Services
1(01H)	Activate remote nodes
2(02H)	Deactivate remote nodes
128(80H)	Pre-op
129(81H)	Reset nodes
130(82H)	Reset communication

### 6.6.2 NMT node guarding

NMT master node can monitor the status of each node through this service. Remote frame transmitted by the master node is as below.

COB-ID	
0x700+Node-ID	

#### Reply from NMT slave node

NMT slave node NMT master node

COB-ID	Byte 0
0x700+Node-ID	Bit 6:0 Status

Data including trigger bit (bit 7) must switch between "1" and "0" during each node guarding. Set as "0" on the first trigger of node guarding. Bit 0 to 6 represents node status.

Bit	Status
0(00H)	Initialize
1(01H)	Not connected
2(02H)	Connected
3(03H)	Ready
4(04H)	Stop
5(05H)	Operation
127(7FH)	Pre-operation



Heartbeart is defined as a node that can be configured as operational duty cycle.

127

Heartbeat producer		
COB-ID	Byte 0	
0x700+Node-ID	Status	
Status code	Status	
0	Boot-up	
4	Stop	
5	Operation	

Pre-Op

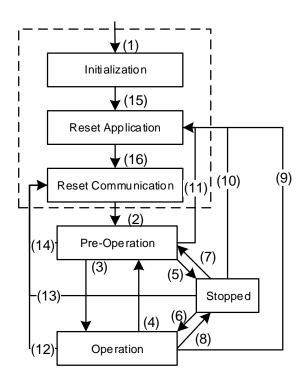
6.6.3 NMT Boot-up

NMT sends Boot-up telegram from node to NMT master to inform that it has switched from initialization status to Pre-Op status.

NMT slave node NMT master node

COB-ID	Byte 0
0x700+Node-ID	0

### 6.6.4 NMT communication status machine



- (1) Power on, automatically enter initialization mode.
- (2) Enter Pre-Operation mode
- (3)(6) Activate remote node



- (4)(7) Enter Pre-Operation mode
- (5)(8) Deactivate remote node
- (9)(10)(11) Reset node
- (12)(13)(14) Reset communication
- (15) Automatically enter reset application mode
- (16) Automatically enter reset communication mode

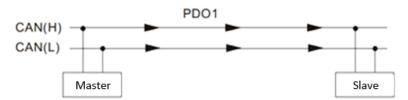
Enter Pre-Operation after device initialization (Initialization, reset application and reset communication) is done. In this mode, device parameter and ID can be configured using this SDO. Then, node enters directly into operation mode.

# 6.7 Process Data Object (PDO)

PDO uses producer/consumer mode, PDO data transmission is usually 1-to-1 or 1-to-N. Every PDO message includes transmit PDO (TxPDO) and receive PDO (RxPDO), transmission method is defined using PDO communication parameter index (1<sup>st</sup> set receive PDO is set in index 1400h, 1<sup>st</sup> set transmit PDO is set in index 1800h).

All PDO transmission data has to be reflected on corresponding index through object dictionary. Using 1600h and 1A00h object in DSP 402 as example:

Master device sends data to slave station PDO

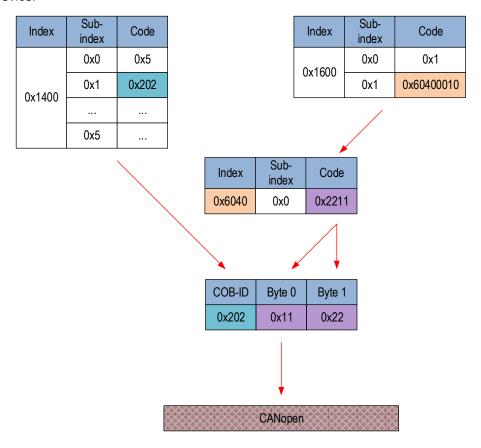


PDO1 data value Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, Data 3, Data 4, Data 5, Data 6, Data 7, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88,

	Index	Sub	Definition	Value	R/W	Size
	0x1600	0	0. Number	1	R/W	U8
'	0x1600	1	1. Mapped Object	0x604000 <u>10</u>	R/W	U32
PDO1 Map	0x1600	2	2. Mapped Object	0	R/W	U32
	0x1600	3	3 Mapped Object	\ 0	R/W	U32
	0x1600	4	4. Mapped Object	\ 0	R/W\	U32
				\		
0x60400010	0x6040	0	0. Control word	0x2211	R/W	<b>∢</b> U16 (2 Byte)



Diagram shows in a more detailed description of the relationship between PDO parameters (1400h) and PDO image (1600h), PDO data transmission (Node 2 as example). Arrow represents data flow direction from master device.





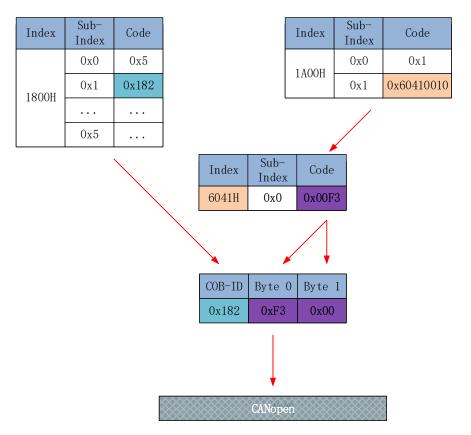
#### Master device receives data from slave station



PDO1 data value Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, Data 3, Data 4, Data 5, Data 6, Data 7, 0xF3, 0x00,

	Index	Sub	Definition	Value	R/W	Size
	0x1A00	d	0. Number	1	R/W	U8
,	0x1A00	1	1. Mapped Object	0x604100 <u>10</u>	R/W	U32
PDO1 Map	0x1A00	2	2. Mapped Object	0	R/W	U32
1	0x1A00	3	<ol><li>Mapped Object</li></ol>	0	R/W	U32
	0x1A00	4	4. Mapped Object	0	R/W	\ U32
	0x6041	0	Stalusword	0xF3	R/W	<b>U</b> 16

Diagram shows in a more detailed description of the relationship between PDO parameters (1800h) and PDO image (1A00h), PDO data transmission (Node 2 as example). Arrow represents data flow direction from slave station.





### 6.8 Service Data Object

SDO is used to access object dictionary of a device. Access side is referred to as client, CANopen device which provides required services with accessed object dictionary is referred to as server. Clients' CAN telegram and servers' replies CAN telegram includes 8-byte data. Every request from client is met with reply from the server.

Basic structure is as shown below:

Client ──> Server ──> Client

Byte 0	Byte 1:2	Byte 3	Byte 4:7
SDO command word	Object index	Object sub-index	Data

For example, write value 0x20F0 into index 1801h, sub-index 3 with ID no.2 using SDO

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	
602	2B	01	18	03	F0	20	00	00	
Server ⊏	Server <del>□</del> Client								
582	60	01	18	03	00	00	00	00	

Using SDO, read object dictionary of index 1801h and sub-index 3 object data.

Client Server

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
602	40	01	18	03	00	00	00	00
Server □	Server <del>□</del> Client							
582	4B	01	18	03	F0	20	00	00

SDO client or server will stop SDO transmission using the telegram format as below

Client Server Client

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	1	0	0	-	-	-	-	-

In SDO transmission stop telegram, data byte 0 and 1 represent object index, byte 2 represents subindex, byte 4-7 include 32-bit stop code, which describes the reason for stopping transmission



# 6.9 Emergency Object

Emergency object is triggered when there is an occurrence of severe error from device internal. This will be sent to other devices with highest priority. Applicable for alarms which interrupt and stop operation.

An emergency telegram is made up of 8 bytes with format as below:

Transmitting end ☐ Receiving end

		<u> </u>	
COB-ID	Byte 0:1	Byte 2	Byte 3:7
0x080+Node-	Emergency error	Error registry	Manufacturer's
ID	code	(1001h)	specific

Recently appeared error will be stored in object dictionary (index 1003h); user can read these information using; 2ELD2 series servo drive will not store these error messages once powered off. Current error type will be stored in object dictionary error registry (index 1001h).

Device can reflect internal error in status word and check for current error type.

Error Registry	Error type
0	General error
1	Current
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Communication
5	Device profile error
6	Reserved
7	Manufacturer's specific error



# **Chapter 7 Warning and Alarm**

### 7.1 Servo drive alarm overview

Green LED: Power ON/Motor enable

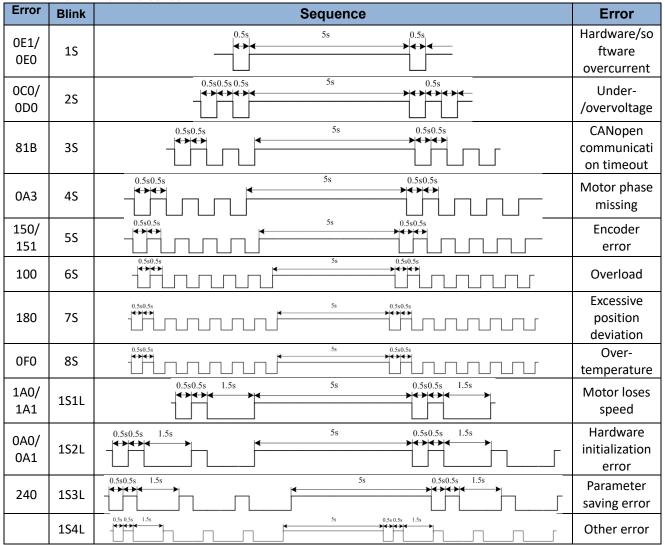
ON for once: Power ON Always ON: Motor Enable Blinking: Motor Disable

OFF: Power OFF

Red LED: Alarm indicator (Motor stops when alarm indicator is ON)

Blink for 5s/cycle (Please refer to the table below)

OFF: Alarm cleared



S: Short, L: Long. 1S4L represents 1 short blink and 4 long blinks



5202	80	871	Mode not supported under synchronous mode
5441	80	570	IO emergency stop
5510	80	802	RAM full
5511	80	803	RAM over boundary
5530	80	240	EEPROM parameters saving error
5531	80	241	EEPROM hardware error
5532	80	242	Error saving alarm history record
5533	80	243	Error occurred when saving vendor parameters
5534	80	244	Error occurred when saving communication parameters
5535	80	245	Error occurred when saving parameter 402
5536	80	246	Data saving error during power-off
5550	80	850	ESC EEPROM is inaccessible
5551	80	851	ESI file saving error
5552	80	852	Linking failed
FF01	80	860	CANopen frame lost per unit time exceeds limit
6201	80	806	Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware
6202	80	805	FOE firmware update failed
6203	80	814	Firmware invalid
6321	80	210	I/O input configuration repeated
6322	80	211	I/O input parameter out of range
6323	80	212	I/O output parameter out of range
6329	80	090	FPGA parameter writing error
7122	80	5F0	Motor model error
7321	80	150	Encoder disconnected
7322	80	151	Encoder communication error
		•	•



7323	80	152	Encoder initial position error
7324	80	170	Multiturn encoder error / Encoder parameter settings error
7325	80	153/154	Encoder data overflow
7326	80	155	Encoder overheated
7327	80	156	Encoder count error
7328	80	157	Encoder disconnected
7329	80	260	Position limit alarm, position limit valid during alarm
7701	80	120	Regenerative energy overload
7702	80	121	Regenerative resistor error
8110	10	901	CANopen overload alarm
8120	10	902	Passive error
8130	10	903	Heartbeat/Node guarding timeout
8140	10	904	Disconnection recovered
8141	10	905	Disconnected
8150	10	906	ID clash
8201	10	801	Unknown communication error
8207	10	807	PDO mapping object not exist
8208	10	808	PDO mapping object error
8210	10	82B	Due to length error, PDO not processed /processing timeout
8211	10	818	Due to length error, TPDO not processed /processing timeout
8212	10	819	Due to length error, RPDO not processed /processing timeout
8213	10	813	BOOT not supported
8215	10	815	Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
8216	10	816	Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
8217	10	817	Invalid SyncManager configuration
821B	10	81B	SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			



821C	10	81C	Invalid SyncManager type
821D	10	81D	Invalid output configuration
821E	10	81E	Invalid input configuration
821F	10	81F	Watchdog configuration invalid
8220	10	820	PDO length over limit
8224	10	824	TPDO mapping invalid
8225	10	825	RPDO mapping invalid
8226	10	826	Configuration non-consistent
8310	2	101	Motor overloaded
8311	2	100	Driver overloaded
8305	2	105	Torque over limit
8401	20	190	Motor vibration too strong
8402	20	1A0	Overspeed
8403	20	1A1	Velocity out of control
8503	20	1B1	Incorrect electronic gear ratio
8611	20	180	Excessive Position Deviation
8610	20	181	Position following error
8612	20	1B0	Excessive position increment
871A	10	81A	Synchronization error
8727	10	827	Free running mode is not supported
8728	10	828	Sync mode not supported
872C	10	82C	Invalid inputs and outputs
872D	10	82D	Fatal synchronization error
872E	10	82E	No synchronization error
8730	10	830	Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
8732	10	832	Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure
8733	10	833	DC sync IO error



8734	10	834	DC sync timeout
8735	10	835	Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
8736	10	836	SYNC0 cycle time invalid
8737	10	837	SYNC1 cycle time invalid
873A	10	73A	SyncManager2 lost
873B	10	73B	SYNC0 lost
873C	10	73C	Excessive Distributed Clock error

When error occurs, drive will take protection measures and stops the motor. Error code will be shown on tuning software or master device (controller) can read corresponding error code from object dictionary. Please refer to the table below.

603F (HEX)	1001 (HEX)	Alarm code(HEX)	Alarm
2211	2	0E0	Software overcurrent
2212	2	0E1	Hardware overcurrent
3130	4	0D1	Phase missing
3150	4	0A0	Phase A circuit current detection error
3151	4	0A1	Phase B circuit current detection error
3152	4	0A2	Analog input 1 circuit error
3153	4	0A3	Motor power cable not connected
3154	4	0A4	Analog input 2 circuit error
3160	4	270	Excessive analog input 1
3161	4	271	Excessive analog input 2
3162	4	272	Excessive analog input 3
3201	4	0A5	DC bus base voltage error
3205	4	0B0	Control circuit voltage too low
3206	4	0B1	Control circuit voltage too high
3211	4	000	DC bus voltage too high
3221	4	0D0	DC bus voltage too low



3222	4	OD2	Main power supply disconnected
4201	8	0A6	Temperature base sampling error
4210	8	0F0	Drive over-temperature
5201	80	870	Servo unable to enable under current mode

# 7.2 Alarm Handling

\*\*When error occurs, please solve accordingly. Then, restart.

	When error beed 3, picase solve accordingly. Then, restart.			
Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 090"	
code	09	0~F	Content: FPGA communication error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver fa	Driver fault		/ Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A0""Er 0A1"  Content: Circuit current detection error		
code	0A	0~1			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis Solution		
Motor p	Motor power cable wiring error		Verify motor power cable wiring	Make sure U,V,W terminal wired properly	
Main power supply undervoltage		ly	Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage	
Driver fa	ault		/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A2", "Er 0A4"		
code	0A	2/4	Content: Analog input circuit error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Analog input wiring		ng	Verify analog input wiring Make analog input wiring is corre		
Driver fa	Driver fault		/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A3"  Content: Motor power cable not connected		Display: "Er 0A3"	
code	0A	3				
Cause			Diagnosis Solution			
Motor power cable not connected		le not	Verify motor power cable wiring	Measure resistance values between U, V, W terminals, make sure the values are almost equal. If not, might be due to damaged motor or motor winding open circuit.		
Motor fault			/	Replace motor		
Driver fa	ault		/	Replace driver		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A5"	
code	0A	5	Content: DC bus circuit error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver fault			/	Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A6"	
code	0A	5	Content: Temperature detection circuit error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver fa	ault		/ Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0b0"  Content: Control circuit power supply low	
code	0b	0		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution	
	Control circuit power supply too low		Check if wiring is correct; Check the voltage on power supply input	Fix wiring error
Power supply capacity low		apacity	/	Replace power supply or use independent power supply for control circuit

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0c0"  Content: DC bus overvoltage		
code	0c	0			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis Solution		
Main power supply overvoltage		ply	Verify L+,L- terminal voltage	Decrease main power supply voltage	
Driver f	ault		/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d0"		
code	0d	0	Content: DC bus undervoltage		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
	Main power supply undervoltage		Verify L-,L+ terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage	
Driver fa	Driver fault		/	Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d2"  Content: No main power supply detected		
code	0d	2			
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
			V 7 1410101	1. Increase main power supply	
No main power supply			Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	voltage 2. Secure connections	
Driver fault			/	Replace driver	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E0"		
code	0E	0	Content: Overcurrent		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver power output short circuit			Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	Make sure there is no circuit.     Make sure motor is not damaged	
Motor w	riring erro	or	Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring	
IGBT mo	IGBT module short circuit		Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver	
Excessi	ve motor	load	Verify if motor torque output is too high	1. Reduce load 2. Add a gearbox	
Excessive acceleration and deceleration			Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time are too low	Increase acceleration and deceleration duration time	
Motor w	riring sho	rt	Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E1"		
code	0E 1		Content: Intelligent Power Module	(IPM) overcurrent	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver p	ower out rcuit	put	Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	Make sure there is no circuit.     Make sure motor is not damaged	
Motor w	riring erro	or	Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring	
IGBT mo	dule sho	rt	Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver	
	IGBT module undervoltage		/	Replace driver	
Excessi	Excessive motor load		Verify if motor torque output is too high	1. Reduce load 2. Add a gearbox	
	Excessive acceleration and deceleration		Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time are too low	Increase acceleration and deceleration duration time	
Motor w	riring sho	rt	Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0F0"  Content: Driver overheated		
code	0F	0			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
	Temperature of power module exceeded upper		Measure the temperature of driver radiator.	1. Improve cooling condition. Please check installation guide; 2. Replace driver and motor with higher power rating; 3. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration; 4. Decrease load	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 100"			
code	10	0	Content: Motor overloaded			
Cause		Diagno	osis	Solution		
Load too h	i nan inn neavv		if actual load exceeds um value allowed  1. Decrease load 2. Adjust limit values			
Strong mechanica vibration	mechanical		or mechanical vibration from ne system	Adjust gain value of control loop     Increase duration time for     acceleration and deceleration		
Motor or encoder cable wiring error		Verify motor and encoder wiring		Reconnect wiring     Replace motor and encoder cable		
Holding br	Holding brake		holding brake terminal voltage	Cut off holding brake		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 101"		
code	10	1	Content: Drive overload		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Motor pov			Verify UVW wiring	Make UVW wiring is correct	
Motor mismatched			lotor rated current is higher Change motor with lower current rate or drive with higher current output		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 102"		
code	10	2	Content: Motor rotor blocked		
Cause		Diagno	osis	Solution	
Motor rot blocked	Motor rotor blocked		or mechanical blockages	Check the machinery	
Motor rotor blocking time threshold value too low		Verify	value of Pr6.57	Adjust value of Pr6.57	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 120"		
code	12	0	Content: Regenerative resistor overvoltage		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Regenerative energy exceeded capacity of regenerative resistor		of	Verify if velocity is too high     Verify if load is too large	Decrease motor rotational velocity;     Decrease load inertia;     Add an external regenerative resistor;	
Power sup too high	oply volt	age	Verify if power supply voltage is within the rated range.     Interval regenerative resistor value is too low	Decrease power supply voltage     Increase regeneration resistance     value(add external regenerative resistor)	
Unstable   voltage	Unstable power supply voltage		Verify if power supply voltage is stable	Add a surge suppressor to main power supply.	
Regenerative energy discharge circuit damaged		rgy	/	Add an external regenerative resistor;     Replace driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 121"	
code	12	1	Content: Holding brake error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Holding	Holding brake circuit		Regenerative resistor disconnected	Replace regenerative resistor
damaged			Holding brake IGBT damaged	Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 122"		
code	12	2	Content: Regenerative resistor value too low		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
resistor value than the n	External regenerative resistor value is less than the minimum value allowed by the drive		/	Replace the regenerative resistor with the right resistance value which meets the specification of the driver	

Error Main Sub Display: "Er 150"		Display: "Er 150"				
code	15	0	Content: Encoder disconnected			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Encoder c			Verify encoder cable connection	Make sure encoder cable properly connected		
Encoder cable wiring error		ing	Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring		
Encoder damaged			/	Replace motor		
Encoder measuring circuit damaged			/	Replace driver		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 151"  Content: Encoder communication error		
code	15	1			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Encoder v		lding	Verify if encoder cable has	Replace with standard encoder	
layer is m	layer is missing		shielding layer	cable	
Encoder c	Encoder cable wiring		Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring	
error			verify if effective withing is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring	
Encoder d	lamaged		/	Replace motor	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 152"	
code	15	2	Content: Encoder initial position of	error
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Communication data abnormal			Verify if encoder power supply oltage is DC5V ± 5%; . Verify if encoder cable and shielded ayer is not damaged; . Verify if encoder cable is close to igh-powered power supply cable  1. Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable 2. Make sure encoder cable is n damaged. 3. Make sure encoder cable shielayer is grounded to frame 4. Make sure encoder power supply cable	
Encoder	incoder damaged		/	Replace motor
Encoder circuit d		ng	1	Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 153"		
code	15	3	Content: Multiturn enco	der error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Initial use			Origin calibration not performed	Perform origin positioning and multiturn position initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system.	
multitur	Encoder without multiturn absolute function used		Verify if encoder has multiturn absolute function	<ol> <li>Replace the motor with a multiturn absolute encoder.</li> <li>Set Pr0.15 = 0 to deactivate multiturn absolute function.</li> </ol>	
Low battery power		er	Replace battery and restart driver to clear alarm	Replace battery	
Battery has no power or has been dismantled		tery has no power  Alarm not cleared  after replacing battery		Absolute position lost. Return to origin and perform multiturn initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 154"			
code	15	4	Content: Encoder parameter settings error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Absolute encoder mode is incorrectly set.			Verify if encoder has multi-turn absolute value function.	Modify absolute encoder mode settings		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 155"			
code	15	5	Content: Encoder data overflow			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution		
Encode	Encoder data overflow		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data		
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 156"		
code	15	6	Content: Encoder overheated		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
The encoder temperature is too high.		oo high.	Verify if motor temperature is too high Reduce encoder temperature		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 157"		
code	15	7	Content: Encoder counter error		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis Solution		
Encode	Encoder data overflow		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data	
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode	

Error	Main	Sub	)	Display: "Er 170"		
code	17	0	)	Content: Encoder data error		
Cause			Diagr	nosis	Solution	
Communication data abnormal		v 2 1	1. Verify if encoder power supply voltage is DC5V±5%; 2. Verify if encoder cable and shielded layer is not damaged; 3. Verify if encoder cable is close to high-powered power supply cable		1. Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable 2. Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. 3. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame 4. Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable	
Encoder damaged			/	Replace motor		
Encoder circuit da	measurir amaged	ng		1	Replace driver	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 171"		
code	17	1	Content: Encoder parameter initialization error		
Cause	Cause Diag		nosis Solution		
	Driver and motor not matched Ver		y driver and motor models.	Replace with matching driver and motor	
Error while getting		g 2. Ve insul	rify if encoder cable is standard. rify if encoder has no peeled ator, broken connection or oper contact.	Use standard encoder cable, verify the connection of both sides of driver and motor, change encoder cable if necessary	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 180"			
code	18	0	Content: Excessive position deviation			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Improper position deviation settings			Verify if value of Pr_014 is too low	Increase value of Pr_014		
Position gain setting too low			Verify if values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05 are too low	Increase values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05		
Torque limit too low			Verify if values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22 are too low	Increase values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22		
Excessive external load			1. Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time is too low. 2. Verify if rotational velocity is too high 3. Verify if load is too large	1. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration 2. Decrease rotational velocity 3. Decrease load		

Error	Main	Sub	Di	Display: "Er 181"  Content: Excessive velocity deviation		
code	18	1	C			
Cause				Diagnosis	Solution	
	Deviation between set velocity and actual velocity is too great			Verify if value of Pr6.02 is too low	<ol> <li>Increase value of Pr6.02;</li> <li>Set Pr6.02 to 0, position error detection off.</li> </ol>	
Acceleration and deceleration duration time for set velocity is too low		Verify if value of Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 are too low	Increase value of Pr3.12, Pr3.13;     Adjust velocity gain to reduce velocity lag error			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 190"		
code	19	0	Content: Motor vibration too strong		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Motor velocity fluctuates		ıctuates	Verify if Pr0.03 is too large Decrease value of Pr0.03		
too much					



Error Main 1A		Sub	Display: "Er 1A0"		
		0	Content: Overspeed		
Cause		Diagno	iagnosis Solution		
Motor veld exceeded speed limi (Pr3.21)	first	2. Verif voltage 3. Verif 4. Verif freque	y if velocity command is too high; by if simulated velocity command be is too high; by if parameter value of Pr3.21 is too low; by if input frequency and division by if encoder is wired correctly	1. Adjust velocity input command; 2. Increase Pr3.21 value; 3. Adjust pulse train input frequency and division frequency coefficient; 4. Verify encoder wiring;	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1A1"			
code	1A	1	Content: Velocity out of control			
Cause		Diagno	osis	Solution		
Motor velocity Verify			encoder phase sequence; Verify if UVW s connected to the right terminal	Reconnect UVW if wrongly connected. If still remains unsolved, please contact technical support.		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b0"  Content: Bus input signal dithering		
code	1b	0			
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Controlle synchron dithering			/ Increase alarm threshold value		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b1"		
code	1b	1	Content: Incorrect electronic gear ratio		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Values out of range		ige	Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1c0"		
code	1c	0	Content: Both STO failed		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Both STO	input si	ignals	Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection	
valid	Both STO input signals valid		Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1c1"		
code	1c	1	Content: 1st STO failed		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
1st STO in	put sigr	nal	Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection	
valid			Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1c2"		
code	1c	2	Content: 2 <sup>nd</sup> STO failed		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
2 <sup>nd</sup> STO in	2 <sup>nd</sup> STO input signal		Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection	
valid	. •		Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 210"			
code	21	0	Content: I/O input interface assignment error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Input signal assigned with			Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09,	Set proper values for Pr4.00-		
two or more functions.			Pr4.44-4.47	Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 211"			
code	21	1	Content: I/O input interface function assignment error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Input signal assignment		signment	Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09,	Set proper values for Pr4.00-		
error	error		Pr4.44-4.47	Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 212"  Content: I/O output interface function assignment error		
code	21	2			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
	Input signal assigned with		Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10-Pr4.15	
two or more functions.					
Input sign	al not as	ssigned	Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10-Pr4.15	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 240"			
code	24	0	Content: EEPROM parameters initialization error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Error during initial		ıl	Restart after changing any	If parameter not saved after several		
reading of EEPROM			parameter. Verify if the	restarts, please change driver		
paramete	parameters		parameter is saved.			



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 241"			
code	24	1	Content: EEPROM hardware error			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
EEPROM damaged			Verify if multiple storages are the same	Replace driver/Upgrade software		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 242"	
code	24	2	Content: Error saving alarm hist	ory record
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Power-off	Power-off during saving		Verify alarm during power-off	Power lost after alarm appears
Several different alarms in a row		alarms	Verify alarm code	Figure out other alarm causes
EEPROM damaged			Verify if it is the same over several times	Replace driver/Upgrade software

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 243"		
code	24	3	Content: Error occurred when saving vendor parameters		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off	Power-off before data			Wait until data saved successfully	
saved				before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		ł	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 244"		
code	24	4	Error description: Error occurred when saving communication		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off before data saved		data		Wait until data saved successfully before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		d	Restart driver for a few times	Restart driver for a few times	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 245"  Error description: Error occurred when saving parameter 402		
code	24	5			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Power-off before data saved		data		Wait until data saved successfully before powering off	
EEPROM damaged		d	Restart driver for a few times Restart driver for a few times		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 246"	
code	24	6	Error description: Data saving error during power-off	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Power off too fast			Upgrade software	
EEPROM damaged		d	Restart driver for a few times Restart driver for a few times	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 260"		
code	26	0	Error description: Positive/Negative non-homing mode	position limit triggered under	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Positive/negative position limit triggered			Verify position limit signal	/	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 280"		
code	28	0	Error description: Output pulse frequency too high		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Frequence output ex			Verify if motor rotational speed and the number of frequency	Reduce the number of frequency divided pulse output	
			divided pulse output are too high	or reduce rotational speed	

Error	Mai	Sub	Display: "Er 570"	
code	57	0	Error description: Forced alarm input valid	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Forced alarm input		out	Verify forced alarm input	
signal occurred			signal	is correct

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F0"			
code	5F	0	Content: Motor model no. detection error			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution		
Automatically detected motor doesn't match set motor			/	Please contact our technical support		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F1"  Error description: Driver power module detection error		
code	5F	1			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver power rating not within range.		•	Restart driver	Please contact our technical support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 600"		
code	60	0	Error description: Main loop interrupted timeout		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
The motor control loop calculation time			Check for interference from devices releasing electromagnetic field	Ground driver and motor to reduce interference	
overitow	overflow		Restart driver	Replace driver	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 601"  Error description: Velocity loop interrupted timeout	
code	60	1		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor control loop calculation time overflow			Verify if encoder connection is and that the encoder cable is too not long (more than 20 meters)	Replace encoder cable if necessary
			Restart driver	Replace the drive with a new one

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 700"  Error description: Encryption error		
code	70	0			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Encryption error during initialization upon power-on.		on	Restart driver	Please contact our technical support	

### 7.3 CANopen Communication Alarm

CANopen communication related alarms are erasable and will not be recorded in alarm history. Clearing CANopen communication alarm is similar to clearing servo driver alarm. Please clear the alarm before switching to 402 machine state.

CANopen communication alarm however, relies on register clearance from the main station. Can be solved according to following steps:

- 1、Set bit 4 of ESC control register 0x120 (error responder) to 1.
- 2. The communication alarm can be cleared until the feedback of the ESC status code register 0x134~0x135 is 0.
- 3. By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion, No fault(Switch on disabled).

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73A"			
code	code 73 A Error description: SyncManager2 lost					
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Poor master performance			Increase the alarm threshold			
Single-unit drive has problem		has	Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Switch drive		
interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace the network cable		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73b"		
code	73	В	Error description: SYNC0 lost		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Poor mas performa				Increase threshold value limit	
Single-unit drive has			Is it a single unit or multiple units together	Switch drive	
problem			in the network		
Interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace the network cable	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73c"		
code	73	С	Error description: Excessive Distributed Clock error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Poor mas performa		ice	Increase threshold value limit		
Single-unit drive has problem			Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Replace driver	
Interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace network cable	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 801"		
code	80	1	Error description: Unknown communication error		
Cause			CANopen state machine transition failed		
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status		
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state		
Solution			Verify network connection and master device CANonen state machine		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 802"	
code	80	2	Error description: Memory overflow	
Cause	Cause		CPU failed to request memory	
	The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution			Verify if ELD2-CAN hardware is faulty	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 803"	
code	80	3	Error description: RAM out of bound	
Cause	Cause		CANopen state machine memory address access request from master	
			device is out of bound	
The status of the		e	All communication status	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		ıs	NO NO	
Solution				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 805"	
code	80	5	Error description: FOE firmware upgrade failed	
Cause	Cause		Firmware burn error	
The status of the		е	BOOT	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		IS	Remain in the detection state	
Solution			Replace firmware/driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 806"	
code	80	6	Error description: Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware	
Cause	Cause		ESI file does not match driver firmware	
The status of the		е	INIT	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		ıs	Remain in the detection state	
Solution	Solution		Burn matching firmware to driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 811"		
code	81	1	Error description: Invalid CANopen transition request		
Cause			Driver received unconvertible request from CANopen state machine		
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM Status		
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state		
Solution			Verify if the transition information from master device is correct		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 812"		
code	81	2	Error description: Unknown CANopen state machine transition request		
Cause			Driver receives a transition request other than states of the CANopen		
			state machine		
The stat	The status of the		All ESM Status		
error ca	error can be detected				
The result status		10	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the		
The result status		15	operation state is switched to the safe operation state		
Solution			Verify transition information from master device		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 813"	
code	81	3	Error description: Protection request from boot state	
Cause	Cause		Driver receives a transition request to boot state	
The status of the error can be detected			Initialize the conversion to a boot	
The result status		ıs	initialization	
Solution		tion Verify if driver software version supports this state transition		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 814"	
code	81	4	Error description: Invalid firmware	
Cause	Cause		Firmware not matched with driver	
The status of the		е	B00T/INIT	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		S	Keeping in the detection status	
Solution				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 815"	
code	81	5	Error description: Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state	
Cause	Cause		Boot state action not supported under current configuration	
The stat	The status of the		Initialize the conversion to a boot	
error can be detected		tected		
The result status		IS	Initialization	
Solution		•	Verify if ELD2-CAN software version supports action under this state.	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 816"
code	81	6	Error description: Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Cause			The synchronization manager configuration under Pre-Op is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			pre-operation
The res	ult statu	IS	initialization
Solution			Verify if ESI file version is consistent with software version     CANopen slave controller error, please contact technical support

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 817"
code	81	7	Error description: Invalid SyncManager configuration
Cause			Synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The stat	us of th	е	Pre-op above
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		ıs	Pre-op
Solution			Verify master device configuration/ESI file version



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 818"
code	81	8	Error description: No valid input data
Cause			The input data is not updated for more than 1 second
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if TxPD0 is valid     Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 819"
code	81	9	Error description: No valid output data
Cause			Output data is not updated for more than 1 second
The stat	us of th	е	All ESM status
error ca	error can be detected		
The result status		ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Calutian			1. Verify if RxPDO is valid
Solution	Solution		2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81A"
code	81	Α	Error description: Synchronization error
Cause			RxPDO and DC update order failed or one of them is not updated in sync
The stat	us of th	е	All ESM status
error ca	error can be detected		
The res	ult statu	ıs	The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the
			operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution	Solution		1. Verify if PXPDO is valid
Solution			2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81b"
	81	b	Error description:SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Cause			The RxPDO update timeout in operational state
The status of the			operation
error can be detected		tected	
The result status			Safe operation
Solution	1. Verify if ELD2-CAN network is connected 2. Verify RxPD0 update time		



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81c"	
code	81	С	Error description: Invalid SyncManager type	
Cause			Synchronization Manager configuration types other than the following:	
			1. Email output	
			2. Email input	
			3. Process data output	
			4. Process data input	
The stat	The status of the		Pre-operation	
error can be detected				
The result status		ıs	Initialize	
Solution			Verify if ESI file version is consistent with software version	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81d"	
code	81	d	Error description: Invalid output configuration	
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-operation	
The res	ult statu	ıs	Initialize	
Solution			Solution  1. Verify ELD2-CAN synchronization manager configuration 2. Verify if ESI file version is consistent with software version	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81E"
code	81	Е	Error description: Invalid input configuration
Cause			Process data input synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-operation
The resi	ult statu	IS	Initialize
Solution			Verify ELD2-CAN synchronization manager configuration     Verify if ESI file version is consistent with software version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 821"
code	82	1	Error description: Waiting for CANopen state machine Init state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Init request
The status of the			All ESM status
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		IS	Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 822"
code	82	2	Error description: Waiting for the CANopen state machine Pre-Op state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Pre-Op request
The stat	us of th	е	Safe operation, operation
error can be detected		tected	
The result status		ıs	Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 823"
code	82	3	Error description: Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Operation
The result status		ıs	Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 824"
code	82	4	Error description: Invalid process data input mapping
Cause			TxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the TxPDO mapping object

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 825"
code	82	5	Error description: Invalid process data output mapping
Cause			RxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects
The stat	us of th	е	Safe operation
error can be detected		tected	
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the RxPDO mapping object

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 828"
code	82	8	Error description: Sync mode not supported
Cause			Sync mode is not supported in the current configuration
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Pre-operation
Caladian			1. Verify ELD2-CAN software version
Solution			2. Verify ESI version



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82b"
code	82	b	Error description: Invalid inputs and outputs
Cause			No RxPDO and TxPDO updates for more than 1 second
The stat	us of th	е	All ESM status
error ca	n be de	tected	
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
C 1 1:			1. Verify if current RxPDO and TxPDO are invalid
Solution			2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82c"
code	82	С	Error description: Fatal synchronization error
Cause			DC watchdog timer timeout
The status of the			Safe operation, operation
error can be detected			
The res	The result status		Safe operation
Calutian			1. Verify if ELD2-CAN hardware is faulty
Solution		2. Verify DC setting and delay	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82d"	
code	82	d	Error description: No synchronization error	
Cause			Synchronization is invalid	
The stat	us of th	е	operation	
error can be detected				
The resi	ult statu	IS	Safe operation	
Calutian			1. Verify if "fatal synchronization error" has occurred.	
Solution			2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82E"	
code	82	Ε	Error description: Synchronization cycle time is too short	
Cause			Master device synchronization cycle time is set to less than 125	
			microseconds	
The stat	us of th	е	operation	
error ca	n be de	tected		
The result status			Pre-operation	
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 830"
code	83	0	Error description: Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
Cause			Synchronization settings in sync mode are not valid
The stat	us of th	е	Safe operation
error ca	n be de	tected	
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Verify master device synchronization settings



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 832"		
code	83	2	Error description: Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure		
Cause			Distribution Clock phase-locked loop setting is invalid		
The status of the			Safe operation, operation		
error can be detected					
The resi	ult statu	IS	Safe operation		
Calutian			Verify master device Distribution Clock settings and network		
Solution			transmission delay		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 835"
code	83	5	Error description: Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Cause			Set synchronization cycle time is not proportional to drive position loop
The status of the			Safe operation
error can be detected			
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Refer to user manual to set a reasonable synchronization cycle time.

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 836"	
code	83	6	Error description: Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle time	
Cause			The synchronization cycle time setting is not as the following	
			1 : 125us 2 : 250us 3 : 500us	
			4 : 750us 5 : 1000us 6 : 2000us	
			7 : 4000us	
The stat	us of th	е	Safe operation	
error can be detected				
The result status		ıs	Pre-operation	
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 850"	
code	85	0	Error description: EEPROM is inaccessible	
Cause			CANopen slave controller failed to access EEPROM	
The status of the			All ESM status	
error ca	n be de	tected		
The res	ult statu	ıs	Keeping the current state	
Caladian			1. Verify if ELD2-CAN hardware is faulty	
Solution		olution 2. Verify if EED2-OAN national value is ladity  2. Verify if master device released access		



Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 851"
	85	1	Error description: EEPROM error
Cause			EEPROM operation of CANopen slave controller failed
The status of the			All ESM status
error can be detected			
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify if master device released access

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 852"	
code	85	2	Error description: Hardware is not ready	
Cause			Data communication lost	
The status of the			All ESM status	
error can be detected				
The result status			Keeping the current state	
Solution			Verify if ELD2-CAN hardware is faulty	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 860"
	86	0	Error description: CANopen frame lost per unit time exceeds limit
Cause			CANopen frame lost per unit time exceeds the setting in 2635-00h
The status of the			All states
error can be detected			
The result status			Keeping the detection state
Solution			Change to network cable with higher bandwidth / Replace driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 870"
code	87	0	Error description: Driver can't be enabled under current control mode
Cause			Enable driver under unsupported mode
The status of the			All status
error can be detected			
The result status			Maintain status
Solution			Switch to the correct control mode



# 7.4 Alarm clearing

# 7.4.1 Servo Drive Alarm Clearing

### Clearable Alarm

Please clear alarm using Motion Studio after solving the error by clicking on the "Clear" button.



### Non-clearable Alarm

Please restart drive to clear alarm



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